

Comment on Passing Events.

By Frederic Heath

The Democrats in the Oklahoma legislature recently killed a bill in favor of the recall.

Practically every magazine in the United States has sent representatives to Milwaukee to write up the great political overturn.

Milwaukee has been fat picking for various trusts during recent administrations, the asphalt trust, for instance. But there's a new man on the job.

The Christian Socialist Fellowship, composed of clergy and laymen of various denominations, will hold its fifth general conference in Pittsburg next week.

Socialism is making good progress in beautiful Porto Rico. The Socialist group of San Juan has begun the publication of a semi-monthly Socialist periodical entitled El Centinela.

The Socialists in Basel, Switzerland, jolted the old parties by electing a printer judge of the court of appeals and a physician judge of a city court. In Rorschach they elected still another judge.

The cartoon on this page is good as a joke. This can be said, that the applications for jobs thus far in Milwaukee have come from men outside the party organization. What old party could show such a record!

Mr. Milwaukee Workingman, the trusts have ceased to love you. You were a fine fellow as long as you stood their extortions without kicking and then followed it up by voting old party tickets. But just look what you did a week ago Tuesday!

Pittsburg represents American city government come to flower under the patronage of the trusts and big capitalists, who belong exclusively to the old parties. Yet Taft, with the usual old party cheek, would as readily ride through Pittsburg's streets, tipping his hat right and left as through the streets of

any other big city. Such big politicians have no sense of shame.

In Sulz, Alsace, Germany, the Socialists won five out of six seats in city council, composed of 24 members. In Lanzaiclaeu the "Reds" doubled their vote and captured all the seats. In Flensburg two Socialists were winners for the first time.

The new Milwaukee common council will hold its first session next Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, to listen to the inaugural address of Mayor Seidel. The county board of supervisors will hold their first meeting a week later.

In the recent aldermanic campaign in Chicago the Federation of Labor issued a circular calling attention to the fact that seventeen candidates on the Socialist party ticket carried union cards, and but one each on the Republican, Democratic and Prohibition ticket.

Sensational evidence, charging that a mammoth trust is exploiting prison labor throughout the land, and that this combination corrupts officials, degrades convicts, destroys free industry and denies a living to thousands of workmen and women, has been laid before the house committee on labor by manufacturers, reformers and representatives of organized labor.

At Valencia, Spain, March 25, contrary to custom, the municipal government authorized the movement of carriages in the streets on Good Friday and as a result collisions between Catholics and anti-Clericals occurred. The police charged quarreling crowds in several instances, injuring many persons and making a large number of arrests.

Dr. H. W. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry, Washington, has declared that there is no excuse for detaining any article in cold storage over nine months. Even canned goods, he said should



Chicago Daily News. Imaginary Result of the Election in Milwaukee

not be carried longer than from one season to another. To hold over the product of one season to interfere with the output of the next, he said, exceeded the limits of reasonable economy and practical hygiene, and the storage of strictly seasonable products should be prohibited by law. Hear, Hear!

The latest is a national anti-Socialist convention, called by a New York labor-hating preacher named

John Wesley Hill. Hill says the organization will not be "formally" connected with August Belmont's Civic Federation, but it will probably help itself to some of the federation money. But what an effort for Christians to be engaged in. If Christ came to earth it would be just the Wesley Hills that would slam their doors in His face.

When we said a Social-Democratic victory in Milwaukee would electrify the nation we stated it mildly. We got the victory and now every city in the nation is talking about what happened in Milwaukee. Wall street is trembling and feels as if a drench of ice water had gone down its spine. It is wondering where it will stop and whether it will dare to turn the cost-of-living screws down on the people still tighter. If the people know what's good for them, they will see to it that the Milwaukee election is only the beginning.

The British Anti-Socialist league is composed of leading politicians, capitalists and their hangers-on. After studying the returns the league issued a call for a fund of \$250,000 with which to batter against the "Fred spectre," of which amount about one-quarter has already been paid in. The league is organizing an auxiliary of aristocratic ladies who are to use their influence to beat back the workers' movement. The "literary" efforts of the league thus far have consisted in putting out some abominable lies about Socialism and Socialists. To the league's literary garbage the voters of England answered at the recent election by returning the Socialists to parliament hands down.

Just Listen to This, Now! Says the British manager of the American Meat Trust in London: "It is true that American meats are sold cheaper in England than in the United States, and why? Because here in England we are in competition with the meat supply from the four quarters of the globe." Such a confession!

Some Congratulations From Nevada. The comrades of Reno, Nev., send congratulations to all comrades of Milwaukee upon their glorious victory. May this be a forerunner of a complete victory for your whole state and also the nation at large.—R. W. Bracken, Secretary S. P. Local, Reno, From Oklahoma. We rejoice in your great victory. May this be but the beginning of greater triumphs for Socialism throughout the nation.—Thomas Powers and H. C. Carpenter. From New York. We congratulate you in your success and we hope that you will give an example to the world.—Employees Hangers-On, Cloth hat and Cap Makers. From New York. Dear Comrades: In the name of 15,000 organized Hebrew working men we congratulate you and the international proletariat with the Socialist victory in Milwaukee. We greet you heartily and wish you a long lasting success.—Executive and Central Committee of the Workingmen's Circle. From Denver. It is our happiest moment to congratulate your victory you have made for Social-Democrats.—The Jewish Branch, Socialist Party. From Brooklyn. Accept congratulations on splendid victory you have won.—Sixth A. D. Branch No. 2, S. P. Kings Co., Harry Slavin, Organizer. From Washington. Your election, Provisional Milwaukee, under your leadership, will be brought nearer the Kingdom of Heaven.—William F. Brookes. From Boston. The Independent Workmen's Circle of America expresses its joy and gratification with the latest events in Milwaukee. Now for a Socialist congressman.—Executive Committee. From New Jersey. Workmen's Circle, Branch 106, of Paterson, N. J., congratulate you on your success as the first city mayor of the Socialist party of a great city in this country.—Charles Silberstein, Secretary. From District of Columbia. Greeting: We extend our heartfelt greetings to you, comrades on your victory for Socialists. Availing several workmen representatives in congress from your state. Yours

We Are Short on Phrases

By Victor L. Berger.

Set at rest all wild claims and dire predictions for the present and the future, from our friends the impossibilists on one hand, and our enemies the capitalists on the other, we hereby again declare that the Milwaukee Social-Democratic movement which won out a week ago last Tuesday is revolutionary, class-conscious, uncompromising, clear-cut and Marxian in the best sense of the word.

However, as the Chicago Daily Socialist very pertinently said, we "are strong on facts and short on phrases in Milwaukee." And as we understand Marxism and the "revolution," it means a revolution of men's minds, an endless series of continually changing important details which some call evolution—and which I would call "a revolution in permanence."

Again I say that we will not try to establish the Co-operative Commonwealth in Milwaukee next Tuesday. But we will surely drive out the grafters and break up the contractors' ring by finding out the "cost-unit" of all the public business and public work in Milwaukee.

We will not nail the red flag on the masthead of the City Hall. But we will try to readjust taxes so that their burden will fall in a less degree upon the poor and so that the rich shall pay their just share.

We will not try to lynch John I. Beggs. But as far as it lies within our power, we will compel the street railway and other public utility corporations to give satisfactory service.

We will not confiscate the public service corporations, which in fact we cannot do under the law, but we will ask the legislature for power to buy them. And we will build and operate the municipal electric light and power plant which has been promised the people of Milwaukee for twelve years by the capitalist parties.

We will try to give employment to as many of our citizens as possible, and as far as practicable we will so shift the work as to give them employment in winter.

And we will pay a fair day's wage for a fair day's work.

We will fill positions requiring technical or scientific skill with experts, without any regard for politics, race, color or any other previous condition of servitude, even if we have to go outside of Milwaukee to get these experts.

For positions where questions of policy are determined, we will take Social-Democrats and Social-Democrats only, no matter how much of a reputation or a halo the incumbent may have gathered as a servant of the capitalists.

In minor places, as of clerks and city laborers, etc., we will disturb nobody who has done his duty and who does not show any "pernicious activity" for the capitalist parties.

To a greater degree than anybody now imagines, we will make good our platform, which during the campaign both the Republican and Democratic orators in innumerable speeches pronounced both visionary and impossible, and full of nothing but false promises.

We will never forget that the carrying of the city of Milwaukee at municipal elections is not the final aim of the Social-Democratic party. And that our victory on April 5, 1910—important as was this victory—was only a little skirmish in the age-long battle for the emancipation of the working class.

And with all this in view and before us, I hereby accept for the Social-Democratic party of Milwaukee the challenge of the capitalist world of America that we cannot make good. We will make good.

We will make good by applying the principles of International Socialism to the local situation in Milwaukee.

And we also repeat that these principles will lose nothing of their revolutionary energy by being thus applied.

We will give Milwaukee the best administration it has ever had, or that any American city has ever had.

Victor L. Berger

for Socialism.—Jewish Branch, S. P. Local. From Michigan. Local Holland, Socialist party, in regular meeting assembled, congratulates you on your magnificent victory. We trust your only aim shall be to legislate in the interest of the working class, and that in governing

A Study Course in Socialism

Prepared Under Auspices of the National Party

Lesson XXII.—The Socialist Program: 4.—Social Reforms—Continued

HOUSING.—In all large and most middle-sized cities is the problem of the housing of the working people is a grave one. Its magnitude may be judged from the rapid growth of the urban population of the United States. In 1880 about eleven per cent of the people lived in nineteen cities having a population of over 100,000 each; in 1890 there were twenty-seven such cities, containing 14 per cent of the people; in 1900 the number of cities of 100,000 or more had grown to thirty-eight, and they contained 19 per cent of the population. The census of 1910 will probably show that one-fourth of the people of the United States live in cities of 100,000 or over, and that at least half of these live in cities of over half a million. If we consider only working people, the concentration is still more striking. In 1900 the cities of 25,000 or over contained 26 per cent of the total population, but they contained 57 per cent of all the wage workers of the nation. About one-sixth of all the men, women and children in these cities were actual wage workers.

Not only are most wage workers city dwellers, but within each city most of them are crowded into special quarters, so congested that privacy, comfort, health and safety are virtually impossible. The tenements are often veritable fire-traps; they are usually hotbeds of disease; genuine home life under such conditions is impossible, and intemperance, vice and crime inevitable result. A statistical comparison between "tenement districts" and "residence districts" in any large city shows in the former an appalling excess in the general death rate, and especially the infant death rate, in the prevalence of tuberculosis, typhoid, and other bodily maladies, in insanity, and in suicide.

The causes for this disastrous congestion are closely connected with low wages and the long hours of labor of the working people. Ten cents a day for car fares is to them an appreciable item; an hour or two spent in traveling between their homes and their places of employment is a great addition to the strain of their daily labor. They must live as near to their places of employment as possible. This creates a large demand for lodgings within certain small districts, and enables the owners of land there to exact an enormous rental. The working people therefore have to pay as much for very small and wretched flats in these districts as persons with more leisure pay for large and comfortable apartments in the outskirts of the city. Many of the poorest families have to occupy single rooms and even take in lodgers in order to "make both ends meet."

This congestion and all its attendant evils cannot be cured by direct measures. The greatest hope for its amelioration is in the efforts of the general labor movement to increase wages and shorten the work day, enabling the working people to live at a greater distance from the centers of employment.

A Winning Literature Campaign

A big factor, perhaps we should say the principal factor, in the campaign by which Milwaukee was won on April 5, was the distribution of literature. For five Sundays before election a piece of our campaign literature was put into every home throughout the entire city, between the hours of 6 and 8 a. m. Nor was this merely a flimsy leaflet or candidate's dodger, it consisted of a specially prepared newspaper, in English and German, and in the Polish districts in English, German and Polish—a newspaper consisting of four pages the size of the HERALD.

There was nothing new about this. It had been done in all our local campaigns, although not quite so thoroughly. In fact, in all our agitation work in Milwaukee our party has always placed its main reliance in literature. Soap-boxing has never been encouraged in Milwaukee. Our literature campaigns have been the envy and despair of the old parties. They have never been

Advertisement for 'The Voice of the People' newspaper. Includes text: 'The Voice of the People-No. 4', 'The Voice of the People-No. 3', 'The Most Packable People-No. 5', 'FACTORY IS OURS!', 'ROSCOGAMEBIRD!', 'SLIDESHOW!' and 'ANDSLIDE!'.

High Prices and Their Causes---A Statement of Facts

By Isador Ladoff

poses it is desirable to approach the problem in another way--first to prevent the extension of the slum tenements...

The first step, then, is the enactment and enforcement of strict laws to govern the construction of tenements--laws fixing an adequate minimum for the free space to be left on each building lot...

These regulations having been imposed upon the construction of all new tenements, the city may proceed as rapidly as possible with the condemnation of the older and worse tenements...

It may be objected that this would result in an increase of rents. This is an error. The amount of the rent in a crowded city is determined, not primarily by the cost of construction of the houses...

owners, will not enable them to exact higher rents than conditions of supply and demand would give them in the absence of such requirements.

The Allied Label on printed matter is a guarantee that the work was done under fair conditions.

When Ordering Clothing Demand This Label

ALWAYS DEMAND Union Labeled Bread

Insist Upon Having This Stamp On Your Work PATRONIZE UNION REPAIR SHOPS

WHEN PURCHASING CIGARS SEE THAT THIS LABEL IS ON THE BOX

Union-made Cigars

IT IS A GUARANTEE THAT THE CIGARS ARE NOT MADE BY THE TRUST

Demand This Label On All Packages of Beer, Ale or Porter

the enactment and enforcement of tenement house legislation on the lines here indicated.

Food Supply.--The rising prices of food and other necessities of life are causing untold suffering.

The abolition of the protective tariffs on all goods of common consumption would partly check this upward tendency of prices...

The chief causes for the rise of prices are: (1) The cheapening of gold; (2) the growth of monopolistic control of the production of some commodities...

Pending the advent of Socialism, the rise of prices, in so far as it is due to the decreased purchasing power of money, is to be combated only by striving to increase wages...

In so far as the rise of prices is due to the growth of monopoly, it is to be combated by the extension of government and municipal activity in the matter of producing, transporting and selling the necessities of life.

Socialists urge that the municipality should undertake to furnish to their residents at cost at least such articles of common consumption as are most vitally necessary...

Our inequality materializes our upper class, vulgarizes our middle class, ratalizes our lower class.

LOCAL WEATHER PROPHESIES

Emil E. Potratz Gents' Furnishings Clothing and Tailoring

EMIL BACHMANN JEWELER AND OPTICIAN

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Bradstreet's Review for December 11, 1909, shows that the average wholesale price of 106 general commodities was 60 per cent greater on Dec. 1, 1909, than on July 1, 1896.

In the commodities necessary in sustaining life and comfort, the increase in price has been much greater than the figures given above.

Subsistence 45% Rent 18% Clothing 10% Fuel and lights 22% Sundries 5%

In food, therefore, which takes nearly one-half of the workman's income, prices have advanced in thirteen years by 70.3 per cent.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity, Price Dec. 1, '09, July 1, '06. Items include Potatoes, Salt, Beans, Codfish, Beef, Ham, Bacon, Flour, Lard, Pork, Butter, Milk, Cheese, Peas.

The Washington Post, discussing the same subject, states as follows: "There is not a city in the Union whose inhabitants, men, women and children, do not daily go to bed hungry."

The Wall Street Journal, as its name implies, is not a labor organ. In speaking of the high cost of living, it states as follows:

"An investigation under the auspices of the Sage Foundation, made in New York this year, dealt with the household budgets of 318 representative families of working people, reporting incomes varying from \$600 to \$1,100.

HALF THESE FAMILIES WERE SUPPORTED BY THE INCOME OF THE FATHER.

ABOVE THE \$700 LIMIT, IN THE MAJORITY OF CASES, MOTHERS AND CHILDREN WERE CONTRIBUTORS.

It was the conclusion of the expert investigators that an income under \$800 is not enough to permit the maintenance of a normal standard of living for an average family of five.

THE MAIN REASONS, according to this authority are: I. Money supply. II. Demand and supply. III. Other causes.

The last "other causes," are the most curious. That "higher, more luxurious standards of living," should be advanced as a cause of higher prices is but natural on the part of an apologist of the employing class.

It is this high standard of living of the American workman that compels the employing class to pay comparatively high wages.

If the American would only consent to lower his standard of living, the wages could be lowered and the profits increased.

It is only to be expected that the learned gentleman will accuse the labor unions of regulating the cost of labor and shortening the hours of labor.

The poor capitalist, being restricted by the malcontent trades unions in his primary exploitation of the laboring class as a producer of commodities, feels compelled to take refuge to secondary exploitation of the laboring class as a consumer of these same commodities.

PROFIT MUST BE MADE in one way or another. Otherwise business is no business and life not worth living.

Mr. Green calls it euphoniously: "Increased retail charges." He also mentions as "other causes," increased taxation shifted on the shoulders of the consumer, the laboring man and farmer chiefly; tariff restrictions from which only the employing class derives any benefit.

"ALLEGED trusts," cold storage systems. It seems to us, that the last two items, the trusts aided by modern systems of preserving food for a long period of time are the most important of all "other causes."

Let us, for instance, take up the tremendous increase in the price of meat products. The meat barons would fain shift the responsibility of high meat prices on the combination of farmers. But Mr. Green himself considers any combination or trust of upward of 12,000,000 farmers improbable, nay "incredible."

He is rather inclined to ascribe the high prices on meat products to the scapegoat of all superficial economists--supply and demand.

However, the investigations of the agricultural department of the United States government show that this claim is not sound.

During the ten years from 1890 to 1900 beef cattle in this country increased from 27,994,225 to 49,399,000, an increase of 79 per cent.

Emperor Roosevelt I.

By Henry T. Jones

THEODORE ROOSEVELT, who has been entertained so cordially by royalty of Europe, has been nominated by that royalty as emperor of America.

The kings and emperors of Europe have approved of Roosevelt, and his appropriate title would be Emperor Theodore I.

So when this murderer of soft-eyed, harmless antelope returns to the home of his birth, if European royalty would be pleased, he will be hailed as the "man on horseback" who is well fitted to wear the crown of absolutism.

Roosevelt has shown his true colors by seeking the association and friendship of royal rulers, and the first great capitalist editor to put a nail in Roosevelt's political coffin was Henry Watterson of the Louisville-Courier-Journal.

Listen to what Henry had to say last week: "History has agreed that the best of all government is a wise and benevolent despotism."

If the government of the United States under our written constitution of checks and balances be a failure--as many think it--and if there be needed for its executive head a strong man having the courage to take all the bulls of corruption by the horns and regardless of obsolete legal restraints, to shake the life out of them, then indeed Theodore Roosevelt would seem one fitted by temperament, education and training for the work.

He is a patriotic American with humanitarian proclivities. He is an incorruptible man. He has shown himself fearless of consequences.

"If the people are sick and tired of the slow process of constitutional procedure; if they want in the Whitehouse a president who, disregarding the letter of the law, will substitute his own interpretation of its spirit and intention; if they think that the reign of hypocrisy and cant and graft which marks our professional politics may be ended by the absolutism of a ruler who, as Roosevelt himself puts it, 'translates his words into deeds,' and who, charged with the clanging of the Aryan tables by an election putting the seal of popular approval upon conceded successes in the use of power and holding him to go forward and apply the same remedies to a disease otherwise incurable, then Theodore Roosevelt fills the bill to per-

fection, for he comes directly from the family of the kings of men and is a lineal descendant of Caesar and Cromwell."

This may sound like good press agent stuff, and some of the capitalist press have been stupid enough to regard the matter seriously.

Watterson's reputation as a satirist is well known and Henry has not dimmed his reputation in the present instance. Listen to this: "We look again to see him at the head of the great republic," said the mayor of Rome. That is the keynote and it will continue to be the keynote wherever he goes.

Thus he will come back to us the European nominee for president of the United States.

Yes, the palace autocrats and Europe have nominated Roosevelt and it is this blunder, in my opinion, that will serve to be Roosevelt's undoing.

Roosevelt was the wise politician until the emperors and kings gathered him to their councils, and then the wily Watterson put the harpoon into the Rough Rider and the press of the United States made the best of it in a display of lead stories, and now the colonel of the Rough Riders, the once great square dealer, is more popularly known as the presidential candidate of the royal autocrats of Europe who despise the common people as thoroughly as those of their class are expected.

Roosevelt, we believe your doom is sealed, and you may express your gratitude to the "One-eyed God-dess of Reform" for the first hard blow.

And if the American people can longer be deceived by the hero halo that for so long has illumined the career of Roosevelt they deserve to be ruled by the mailed fist of Roosevelt who, in the words of Watterson, comes directly from the family of the kings and who is a lineal descendant of Caesar."

This means he is the man with a kind of courage well fitted to make him the despot that kings are.

We wish and say to Roosevelt and his royal supporters, both in America and abroad, that a social conscience is alive in the United States today, and Milwaukee's mighty expression in April 5 last is certain evidence that Roosevelt's doom is sealed, and that a new civilization is not far away.

Roosevelt, the future is not for Caesars and despots. The future belongs to us--the working class.

Statement of Facts

men buy eggs at 10 cents a dozen, pay 1 1/2 cents for storage and then put them into homes at 40 cents a dozen.

One cold storage warehouse in New Jersey alone contains 30,000,000 of eggs, as it was brought out by the grand jury.

According to the Ice and Refrigeration Blue Book, in cold storage were held in February: Fourteen million cattle, 6,000,000 calves, 50,000,000 hogs, 25,000,000 sheep and lambs.

According to these figures from the OFFICIAL GUIDE BOOK, circulated only among the cold storage men, there is in storage ONE ENTIRE ANIMAL FOR EACH ADULT IN THE UNITED STATES, with enough whole animals left over to give two to each family.

This meat is being held in 558 cold storage plants. In addition it may interest the worried housekeeper to know that in seventy-eight fish freezing plants in the country there are fish waiting to be doled out that are valued at \$25,000,000.

In other cold storage plants during any year now, according to the storage man's own statistics, the struggling wage earners will find 1,800,000,000 eggs.

One hundred and thirty million pounds of butter. Fruit valued at \$50,000,000.

Then, besides, there are millions of pounds of potatoes, onions and milk, butter and cheese valued at \$100,000,000.

The total value of meat and foodstuffs placed in cold storage during a year at present is, according to the figures of the storage concerns, close to \$3,000,000,000.

Obviously there is nothing the matter with the supply of food! Let us now see the relation between export and prices in view of the fact that the United States is sending abroad billions of dollars' worth of necessities of life, the export of foodstuffs alone having amounted to \$521,013,487 in the last fiscal year reported, while exports of other commodities more than tripled this amount.

The figures given below run back eighteen years, as far as the price statistics are available. The figures are for the fiscal year ended June 30 of the year mentioned in the table. The export figures are from the latest reports of the bureau of statistics of the department of commerce and labor. The totals cover domestic export only. The average prices given are those compiled by Bradstreet's Journal, and include 106 different articles of food, clothing, fuel, medicine, building material and the like.

Let us, for instance, take up the tremendous increase in the price of meat products. The meat barons would fain shift the responsibility of high meat prices on the combination of farmers. But Mr. Green himself considers any combination or trust of upward of 12,000,000 farmers improbable, nay "incredible."

He is rather inclined to ascribe the high prices on meat products to the scapegoat of all superficial economists--supply and demand.

However, the investigations of the agricultural department of the United States government show that this claim is not sound.

During the ten years from 1890 to 1900 beef cattle in this country increased from 27,994,225 to 49,399,000, an increase of 79 per cent.

The number of sheep from 39,114,453 to 56,081,000, an increase of 43 per cent. The number of swine from 38,651,631 to 54,147,000, an increase of 40 per cent.

In this period the increase of population, it is estimated, has not exceeded 20 per cent, and therefore, the claim that there is a scarcity of meat per capita is unfounded.

Senator Bristow of Kansas, says that the price of meat, in his judgment, ought to be less today than it was twenty-five years ago, instead of greater, because in the preparation and sale of meats now there is no waste practically.

"When I was a boy," he declares, "25 per cent of the carcass went to waste. Now nothing is wasted, not even the blood." It is estimated that the packers' combination makes a large profit (estimated at \$7.40) on each head of cattle slaughtered. By enforcing an agreement in restraint of trade, prices are artificially maintained.

According to official statistics gathered by our secretary of agriculture, American meat is sold in England at prices 25 per cent lower than those charged in the United States.

The extent to which the refrigerating plants are utilized for the purpose of keeping up and raising prices was investigated among others by a representative of the New York World. He found in a single cold storage plant in New York City 50,000 pounds of halibut, which was stored there three years ago; a number of ducks and geese carcasses stored for two years; 300 boxes of eggs, a remnant of 5,000 boxes, bought in the spring for 18 cents a dozen and sold at 48 to 52 cents a dozen under the name of strictly fresh eggs; 15,000 boxes of fish of various kinds three years old; 200,000 pounds of meat stored for seven months.

And this is only one establishment. According to data gathered by the representatives of the same paper recently in the 558 cold storage plants of the country were preserved for speculative purposes 14,000,000 carcasses of cattle, 6,000,000 of calves' carcasses, 25,000,000 lambs' and sheep carcasses, and 50,000 hogs. Talk about shortage of the supply! Farmers stated to the food probers in Columbia, O., Feb. 15, that storage

Statement of Facts

preceded and followed by years of invariably high prices. The four years of President Cleveland's second term (1893-96) were all years of notably light export and low prices.

In fact neither exports nor prices have gone as low since.

Study of the table will scarcely refute the growing belief that supply and demand no longer have much to do with the fixing of prices.

WE CANNOT FAIL TO NOTE THAT THE LAST TEN OR TWELVE YEARS, IN WHICH TRUSTS, TRADE AGREEMENTS, MERGERS AND ALL MANNER OF BUSINESS COMBINATIONS HAVE MULTIPLIED AND FLOURISHED, HAVE BEEN YEARS OF BIG EXPORTS AND HIGH PRICES.

If it does not prove that heavy exports make burdensome prices, the table at least shows that in 1907, WHEN EXPORTS WERE THE HEAVIER IN THE COUNTRY'S HISTORY, PRICES ALSO WERE THE HIGHEST ON RECORD.

A great deal is being said about the influence of the cheapening of the standard of value of gold on high prices.

However, even such a conservative authority as the above cited, Mr. F. Green states: "Prices have gone down frequently in periods of large gold production, as, for instance, from 1873 to 1896; and evidence is not apparent that the increase in gold supply or bank currency and credits based thereon have been greater than the increase in the world's business justified."

Under present capitalistic conditions labor power is a marketable commodity like any other.

If the high prices of all commodities were due to the cheapening of gold, labor power ought to command a higher price in proportion. It is a poor rule which does not work both ways.

However, it is a matter of record that the increase of wages did not keep pace with the increase in the cost of living.

Instead of the twenty-five causes of high prices enumerated by the learned Mr. F. Green, THERE IS ACTUALLY ONLY ONE PRINCIPAL CAUSE. This cause is EXPLOITATION OF MEN BY MEN, of the masses by the classes, the toilers by the parasites.

The increase of intelligence, the extended application of scientific principles to economic problems and functions, the spread of co-operative training and tendencies,

the accumulation of wealth in the hands of a few made trusts, trade agreements, mergers and all manner of business combinations possible, nay unavoidable. And these modern forms of business are used by the class controlling, managing and running them as a means of exploiting the toiling masses.

Primary exploitation through long hours of work and low wages is being more and more supplemented by secondary exploitation consisting in the control of the prices on all means of subsistence. And the result is that the actual producers of wealth, the farmers and industrial workers, are victimized by the shrewd and unscrupulous possessors of the means of production and distribution, by the capitalist and big merchant or busi-

Table with 4 columns: Year, Total value of exports, Average price of 106 commodities, Exports increased or decreased, Prices increased or decreased.

It will not escape notice that prices, as shown by the index figures, were higher last year than ever before in the eighteen years covered, with the single exception of 1907, after which year came the panic. That record, of course, may be exceeded, when the statistics for the present fiscal year are computed next July.

It will also be noticed that the volume of exports shows an increase in eleven of the seventeen years compared and a decrease in only six years. The average price, as well, has increased in each of ten years and decreased in only seven instances.

If prices were fixed by conditions of supply and demand only, it seems natural that the years of low prices would be years of big supply and consequently of heavy export. The table shows this state of affairs in four of the seven low price years, but in the other three the volume of export fell with the average price.

Conversely, the years of increased price should be years of decreased export, if the law of supply operates effectively. This conclusion does appear in three of the ten years of high price, but in the other seven years exports and prices increased simultaneously.

The two of the three years in which prices and exports declined simultaneously were years of panic and hard times, 1893 and 1908. On the other hand, all of the seven years in which exports and prices went up together were years of pronounced prosperity of the McKinley and Roosevelt brand. Included in the table are five years in which presidential elections were held. In four of them exports were heavy, or heavier than in the previous year, and in only one of them (1900) were prices higher than the previous year, though this might have been the case in 1892, for which year there is no comparison.

The last two presidential campaigns have been accompanied by low prices, though both were

(Continued to 4th page.)

German Readers

Should Read the Foremost Constructive SOCIALIST Weekly in This Country--

Die Wahrheit EDITED BY VICTOR L. BERGER

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THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST is now on sale on all news stands in Milwaukee. Buy a copy of the only un-muzzled paper Chicago produces

You will buy another copy the day after without anyone asking you to.

Society and the Baby

THERE was a baby born—a brand new, fresh baby who didn't mean any harm, and came quite unintentionally.

"I tell you it makes no difference to me whether you live or not," said Society.

Hill, the Hypocrit Mr. James J. Hill says it is not much the high cost of living as the cost of high living.

"What are they?" "You young heathen!" cried Society.

The Red Flag

HE standard of Romulus was a bundle of hay on a pole, which as fully represented the simplicity of the people.

The word "Flag" is worthy of notice. It is said "Flag" is derived from the Latin "flamma," a singular circumstance.

Therefore, it is not unfair to presume that the earliest flag was red, as the logical use and logical connection amply testify.

The Age-Long Flag of Labor

So endeared to it were the so-called lower classes in Rome, that (after they were admitted to the army) the crimson banners were, by order of their patrician leaders, thrown into the ranks of the enemy.

The ancient communes or fraternal organizations of laborers of Rome and Athens were nearly always upholders of the red flag.

a continuation of that fierce hatred for any representation of labor which caused the death of a million Roman revolvers and which has characterized the white handed, fat and the tyrannical in every era.

At the battle of Bunker Hill the troops of the revolutionists were animated by the red flag.

Bethlehem sent him a crimson banner wrought with their own hands. The fiery emblem lighted his followers to deeds of heroism.

Ireland for Socialism The "Irish Nation" is, we believe, the only Irish weekly which has shown any sympathy with Socialism and Socialists.

THE JUNGLE BY UPTON SINCLAIR The book that made the whole civilized world sit up and take notice.

the Saints, and an appeal on behalf of Socialism, which, coming from a staunch Irish Irlander, cannot fail to have a good effect.

HENRY ASHTON By ROBERT ADDISON DAGUE ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

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Schlitz THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS

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WARNING Trouble still on in the Black Hills. All miners, mechanics and working men stay away.

Caspar Hach BAKER AND CONFECTIONER 927 Kinnickinnic Av.

GLOBE HOTEL Wisconsin and Cass Sts. Milwaukee—1 block from North-Western Depot.

What Do Socialists Stand For?

HUMAN life depends upon food, clothing and shelter. Only when these are assured can the individual develop his human development possible.

The Working Program of the National Party, Adopted in 1908

The Socialist party, in national convention assembled, again declares itself as the party of the working class.

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A chance to get the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD, or NAPRZOD, or 50 cents discount on the yearly subscription of our German papers.

OVER HALF SOLD

Table with 2 columns: No. of shares previously sold, Sold last week, Total to April 11, No. of shares to be sold in this campaign, Shares sold, No. of shares remaining to be sold.

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Form with fields for Name, Address, Amount, and Publication wanted, under the heading STOCK SUBSCRIPTION.

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 Every Saturday
 Published by the
MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY
 344 Sixth Street Milwaukee, Wis.
FREDERIC HEATH Editor
VICTOR L. BERGER Associate Editor
 The Herald is Not Responsible for Opinions of its Contributors.
 Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor.
 Entered at the Milwaukee Postoffice as Second-Class Matter, August 30, 1901.

Milwaukee Sermons on the Election

One of the most notable of several sermons on the city election delivered in the Milwaukee churches last Sunday was that of the Rev. Frederick Edwards, of fashionable St. James Episcopal church. It was captioned, "The Socialist Victory," but started out with a reference to a national missionary meeting held in the city, at which 800 men sat down to the banquet board. Of the Socialist victory Mr. Edwards said, in part:

"But something else happened on the night of that banquet, equally important. This city elected a Social-Democrat for mayor and with him practically all the rest of the city and county tickets. That, too, is significant. It amounts to a peaceful revolution and means that the eyes of the rest of the country and the world will be upon Milwaukee in the next few days, as they have never been before. This is the first large city in the country to be governed by the Socialists and all the world will want to see how it is done.

"But what have these things got to do with St. James' church? Here we are on the avenue, with a fine place of worship and a congregation scattered all over the city. But what have these things to do with us?"

"But what of the election! Has that anything to do with foreign missions? You will be surprised to hear me say that both spring from the same root and are animated by the same motive. The leaders of the two movements may not be identical, but the spirit of God is at work in both cases and both movements are toward the triumph of His Kingdom.

"We have done a great deal, but we have not yet reached the goal of a perfect society. We still suffer from sin, ugliness, selfishness. We are under the domination of vast aggregations of wealth, as oppressive as the old feudal lords. We have corruption in our politics; we have illiteracy, child labor, poverty, drink, penniless old people, slums, disease.

"Some men say we shall always have these things with us, and turn selfishly to enriching themselves. Others of us believe that these things can gradually be done away with, through education through a regenerated social conscience.

"I do not deny that there are Democrats who believe the king-

dom of God will soonest come by electing Democrats to office. I do not deny that there are Republicans who believe the same thing of their party. All the honest men are not in any one party. All the parties have good things in their platforms. But remember this. The devil votes in elections as well as Jesus Christ. The battle between light and darkness is fought out at the ballot box as well as in a man's soul. There is a party of darkness, of vice, of corruption, of crime.

"A majority of the voters of this city evidently believed at the last election that the quickest way to end the rule of darkness was to elect the Social-Democratic ticket.

"Many of them never read Karl Marx. But they evidently did believe the Social-Democrats to be sincere, honest, trustworthy, public spirited and that they will give us an administration along the lines in which we are seeking for the Kingdom of God. They represent the new spirit in our national life. The Social-Democrats have been entrusted with our altruism for the next two years.

"I want you as Christian men and women to trust them fairly. That is all I ask. Try them by the standards of the New Testament alone. A great many of you are prejudiced against them, because they seem strange and revolutionary. But remember something.

"There were good, comfortable, religious people who thought Christ strange and revolutionary and put Him to death.

"It is not so long ago since Abraham Lincoln, John Brown, John J. Whittier and many others were under the ban. Some of them are still.

"Don't be prejudiced against a

thing just because it comes from below. We have a good deal of aristocracy at heart and it is not going to be easy for us to tolerate the idea of being ruled by the laboring classes of the country. Yet this is a democracy, and they are in the majority.

"All I say is this. Don't be prejudiced against a thing because it is new and revolutionary and from below. Remember Jesus. Remember that they thought the early Christians a queer looking aggregation.

"You may wonder what brings this respectable investor into alliance with the pander and the agent of the white slave traffic. This man is a most exemplary citizen, the respectable head of a family, a large giver and always home nights. What has he in common with this white-faced disreputable cadet, the habitue of the feuldest dens of the city, the friend of thieves! Simple enough. He wants franchises and privileges from the city without paying what they are worth. The cadet and dive-keeper want protection from the law, too. So they find themselves in the same political party! Poor Pittsburgh! Poor Milwaukee! Poor America! City anywhere! They have all been befuddled by the same shame.

"And I say to our Socialist friends, be honest, efficient, broad-minded, progressive, making haste slowly, and we will vote for you again. We are tired of being ruled by red lights, special interests, absentees. We want to see poverty abolished, every man at work, the sick and dependents taken care of.

"We don't believe the lies that are told about you. We believe you are as moral as we are; that you love your homes and your flag as much as we do. You are American citizens and our neighbors. You have preached ideals to us, now put them in practice. Be to us the political expression of the Kingdom of God and you may count on the votes of all Christian men."

Judson Titsworth's Sermon

The Social-Democratic victory was also touched upon Sunday night in a thoughtful and kindly sermon preached at Plymouth Congregational church by Judson Titsworth. He said:

"To know the worst of Socialism, we ask what its enemies say of it, to learn the best, we go to its friends, to those who are both rational and fair that before we judge it finally we try to see the best of it, as its friends understand it. It is especially sensible that Milwaukeeans, facing as we do two years of Socialist regime at the City Hall, try to understand Socialism as its friends declare it really is. There could be no more splendid testimony to the stability of our institutions or the sanity of our people than the general optimism with which they are accepting the verdict at the polls which gives us a Socialist mayor and common council. But it is well to be able to give a reason for the faith which is in us always, and we shall have such a reason if we can see the better side of Socialism as its friends report it.

"Mayor-elect Seidel is a genuine exponent of the most modern and

most scientific Socialism. Scientific Socialists condemn all three of the common indictments of Socialism, anarchy, social leveling and confiscation as no principles of theirs.

After dealing with various misconceptions of Socialism, he said: "The physical and mental equality of all men is a chimera of which Socialism never dreamed. The one essential point insisted on is this: not that each man share according to his needs—which is communism—but according to his labor; and in exchange for the labor that they furnish to society, society must guarantee to the peasant and the artisan, as well as to the man who devotes himself to a liberal career, conditions of existence worthy of a human being.

"It is only candid to say, too, that from the Christian point of view, the point of view of Jesus, Socialism has much to say for itself, as promising a realization in the earth of that human brotherhood which has always been the nominal, if not the real goal of the Church of Christ. Every Christian must watch the development of Socialistic influence in our political affairs with a degree of sympathy."



Where Milwaukee's New Mayor Lives. A Modest Twentieth Ward Home.

Recent HERALD callers: Ralph Korgold, California; A. Rameil, Tomahawk, Wis.; R. C. McCaleb, La Crosse, Wis.; Henry E. Allen, Chicago, Ill.; Arthur C. Bowman, Racine, Wis.; J. L. Kaufman, P. Dvorak, James P. Larson, Annie Epstein, Chicago, Ill.; Vaslav Svec, Cleveland, O.; Frank Kostka, St. Louis, Mo.

Press Election Comment

Grossly Unvisionary!
 Chicago Examiner: We read the Milwaukee election as an indication that all over the country an increasing number of voters are being infected with the political unrest of the times, that they are conscious of grave abuses in government, and that they are determined to correct them, even if in order to do so they have to slip their dear, old, easy-fitting party collars!

We do not think that the Socialists can in any general way give for themselves these swarming independent voters. The Socialists carry too much baggage to make a long march—too much grossly materialistic revolutionary Marxism to finally fit American thought.

Thanks, Steel Trust!

The result of the municipal campaign in Milwaukee is a curious example of unreason. The point is that a majority of the voters of an American city should have been so easily deluded into supporting a ticket whose platform itself promised manifest impossibilities.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Thanks We're Transplanted!

The politics of the Fatherland is being transplanted in Milwaukee. Politics is not the only thing that is popular, both in "Schermany" and Milwaukee. The beer that made Milwaukee famous comes from the Fatherland, via the Schlitz family. And there are other good Germans who have brought over some popular brews. The Reichstag has its Social-Democrats.

A Winning Literature Campaign

means of daily intelligence and communication stood between us and the people, possessing a power if there was a disposition to use it, of misrepresentation and injury almost without limit. Fortunately this time, one of the papers, the Journal, an afternoon paper of large circulation, was far from treating us unfairly, and, indeed, accorded us the utmost fair play. Another afternoon paper, the News, also

and now the Social-Democrats have Milwaukee going south. They simply wiped up the earth with the regular Democrats and Republicans in Tuesday's election.—Wyoming Tribune.

For Milwaukee's Uplift.

Rhineland (Wis.) News: North: The splendid past record of Mr. Seidel and his Social-Democratic colleagues in the city council gives the people confidence that the Social-Democratic officials will work for the uplift and betterment of Milwaukee.

And Shock the Trusts, Too!

Germany, Milwaukee: Who doubts that the authorities at Washington will be greatly shocked when they read the election returns from Milwaukee today? The metropolis of a state known throughout the country for the conservation of its inhabitants, the first big city of the country to go over to the Social-Democrats.

Tried to Smutch Clean Men.

Lancaster (Wis.) Teller: His (Beffel's) speeches were like Rose's when that gas-blower was running for mayor. He tried to make men as much better and cleaner than he as gold is finer than pewter, appear to be vile and scoundrelly. We have nothing to say against Beffel personally because as before said, we do not know him.

Will Disappoint Its Enemies.

Springfield Republican: This is a year of surprises in municipal affairs, as Mayor Gaylor's administration demonstrates. In addition to a Tammany regime of reform that exports a daily tribute from the anti-Tammany press, the country may now witness the amazing spectacle of a large western city governed efficiently, honestly and conservatively, in accordance with business principles, by a Socialist mayor and council. The first Socialist administration in a large American city will begin under favorable auspices. It will enjoy an unprecedented opportunity. It is to be hoped that in the high quality of its government it will disappoint its enemies and compel the appreciation of all observers.

Really, Now!

Chicago Tribune: The program of treated us very decently. We had secured advertising space in all the dailies and used it with good effect in the closing days of the campaign.

As in several former campaigns we had a very handsome half-sheet window hanger in red and black presenting the faces of our city and judicial candidates, which was placed in the show windows all about the city. And in addition to this we had window cards presenting our ward candidates.

More Congratulations

From Virginia. Norfolk labor's greeting to the pioneer city of Socialism.—Arbeiter Ring.

From Brooklyn. Finnish Branch of Socialist Party of Brooklyn offers you most enthusiastic congratulations on account of

From Cleveland.

We triumph in your victory.—The Central Committee of Bohemian and Slovak Branches.

From New York. Congratulations on your victory. Give us two Socialist congressmen in November.—Walt Makers, Hurwitz & Hurwitz, New York.

From Maine.

Madison Socialist Local sends congratulations to you and city of Milwaukee.—F. A. Manter, Secretary. (Concluded next week.)

From Sheboygan.

We heartily rejoice the grand victory of our comrades at Milwaukee.—Socialist Woman's Club of Sheboygan.

From Washington, D. C.

The comrades of Washington fervently congratulate you and the city and the party upon your great victory. May this be but the beginning and may you and the party never falter until final victory is ours. We expect you to send us two congressmen next November. Good luck and prosperity.—William M. Feigenbaum, Organizer.

From St. Paul.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: Machine politicians of all parties received a stinging and merited rebuke in the election of a Socialist to be mayor of Milwaukee, the chief city of Wisconsin. The result has practically no political significance, so far as the growth of Socialism is concerned, but it has a deep and abiding significance in its demonstration of the growing spirit of independence and nonpartisan spirit of citizens when the interests and welfare of their municipality are at issue. Mr. Seidel's election simply means that the citizens of Milwaukee chose him because they preferred to have the affairs of the city placed on a business basis instead of allowing them to remain on a political ring basis.

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High Prices and Their Causes

(Continued from 2d page.)
 ness man, in both capacities, namely, as hired workers in the shop and field, and as buyers of the very goods they created by their own hands. It is a "head I gain, tail you lose" game. The elimination of wasteful competition, the enhanced application of the principles of co-operation, co-ordination and integration to the functions of production and distribution of wealth in modern times have come to stay with us.

Only the monopolization of the benefits of these fruits of the tree of modern progress, of applied sciences and increased intelligence of the producers of wealth, by a few valiant possessors of the means of production and distribution is objectionable.

The remedy suggests itself. Any and every branch of production and distribution that had reached the trust stage has to be nationalized. There is no alternative to it. It is a question of self-preservation. The question is not whether or not the nation should own the trusts, but rather whether the trusts should own the nation through the agency of the state. The state always was and will always be the concrete expression of economic power.

The producers and consumers of wealth, the working class, the small farmers and business men, will have to conquer the state by the means of a political party of their own in order to be able to cope successfully with the exploiting classes.

Economic freedom will come with the intelligent use of political

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The Builders' Column

By George

That was beautiful! And when you go through the streets of this city, with a red button on your coat, do you notice the joyful faces?

Do you notice the police officer winking with the eye? And the fireman saluting with his hand! And anyone at all, you ask to subscribe to the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD, the VORWARTS or NAPRZOD, immediately answering, "sure, I wanted the paper for a long time!"

Do you realize that at this fall's election we will get 35,000 votes in this city. And we will get more if we put our papers in the hands of everyone who wants them.

It's up to you to get the new subscribers. Ask your neighbors, your friends, your shopmates. Put names and addresses on a postal card and we will send our collectors for the subscription price. Address: Social-Democratic Publishing Co., 344 Sixth Street, telephone Grand 2394.

Join the HERALD factory brigade.

Hustle among your neighbors and in all meetings.

Boys Wanted.
 Newsboys to sell the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD on downtown streets. Will pay no less than 50 cents a day and one-half of sales in addition. Good chance for five boys to make no less than \$1.50 on Saturdays. Let us hear from you. Ask for Mr. Bistorius, this office. The boys selling the HERALD now are doing well and are pleased.



UNION MADE PATTERNS

LADIES' NINE-GORED SKIRT.
 Paris Pattern No. 3138
 All Seasons Allowed.
 The very handsome design here presented can be made up not only in the fashionable wide materials, but in narrow-width goods as well, and is especially adapted to silk, velvet or velveteen when not of wide weave. As shown it is made of double-colored silk serge with jet buttons to trim. The panel front may be made of braided fabric, if desired. There is no fullness whatever about the hips, and an inverted box pleat at the back gives the requisite flare. The pattern is in five sizes from 21 to 23 inches waist measure. For 24 waist the skirt, made of material with nap, requires 6 1/2 yards 21 inches wide, 6 3/4 yards 22 inches wide, 3 1/2 yards 42 inches wide, or 3 1/2 yards 51 inches wide; or, without nap, 6 1/2 yards 24 inches wide, 4 yards 28 inches wide, 2 1/2 yards 42 inches wide. Width of lower edge about 3 1/2 yards.
 Price of pattern, 10 cents.

PARIS MODES

PARIS MODES.—An authority on fashions—a woman's magazine of exceptional beauty and interest—72 to 80 pages each month. Beautiful colored covers—handsomely illustrated throughout—printed on high grade book paper. Describes and illustrates the latest Paris fashions. Its timely articles and excellent short and serial stories are of interest to every member of the family. Its departments devoted to all subjects of interest and importance to women in the home, on the farm, in the office—are edited by a corps of experts in the subjects treated. These timely articles from month to month are
 INVALUABLE AS A HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE LIBRARY.
 Regular subscription price, 50 cents a year, with SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD.—National Edition—both one year, 65 cents. With local, eight-page editions, both one year, \$1.25 cash in advance to accompany all orders.
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REVOLUTION

By Henry T. Jones
 Answers to the popular misconceptions of Socialism. Material for young speakers. 25,000 words for 10 cents, 12 cents postpaid.
 PLUTOCRACY. By same writer. An allegory, showing how capitalists are devouring themselves.
 For sale by
 Social-Democratic Publishing Co., Milwaukee and Socialist Literature Co., Bee Man Street, New York City.

We fit glasses by most Modern methods.
ARCHIE TEGMEYER,
 392 National Avenue, Corner Grove St. Cleveland, O., April 2, 1910.

Social Democratic City Ticket

For Mayor—Emil Seidel
 FOR ALL BERMEN-AT-LARGE

JUDICIARY
 CANDIDATES

Reduced fac-simile of window hanger in Milwaukee campaign.



The Delegation of Bohemian Comrades from the United States, Who Visited Milwaukee Social-Democrats Last Sunday.



Sellers and Makers of Good Clothes

Jandt & Bluemel 703-705 Muskego Ave. Cor. Mitchell St.



Milwaukee Co. Organization

Address all communications to E. T. Melms, County Organizer, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

The South Side Women's Branch held a successful card tournament last Sunday afternoon, April 10, at F. Korch's hall, corner Ninth and Greenfield avenues.

The Socialist Singing Society Maennlicher held a very successful entertainment, followed by a ball, last Sunday afternoon and evening, at the Bahn Frei Turner hall.

The Singing Society Aurora held a successful card tournament and ball at L. Meier's hall, Muskego avenue and Mitchell street, last Saturday night.

The Croatian and Hungarian branches have arranged for a monster May Day celebration at the Freie Gemeinde hall, May 1. Good speakers in English, German, Hungarian and Croatian languages will be present.

The Eleventh ward branch wishes to announce that they have arranged for their annual picnic, Sunday, July 10. It will be held at Scheffner's park, corner Thirtieth and Lincoln avenues.

Sanitary Inspector. Office of the Board of City Service Commissioners. City Hall, April 9, 1910.

A competitive examination for the position of sanitary inspector will be held at the above office on Thursday, April 21, 1910, at nine o'clock A. M.

Applicants must be not less than 21 nor more than 40 years of age, no less than five feet six inches in height, no less than 140 pounds in weight; they must possess a good general education and recommendations, a practical knowledge of sanitation and plumbing, and must be well acquainted with the topography of the city of Milwaukee.

Other requirements are: U. S. citizenship; residence in the city of Milwaukee for the last three years next preceding the date of application; good health, character and habits.

Applications in writing to be presented up to and including Monday, April 18, 1910, on the proper blanks to be obtained at the above office.

Table listing names and amounts for Milwaukee County Campaign Fund, including Fritz Kressler, Blank, Frank Zink, H. Vogel, Charles Nicholas, Ludwig Manteufel, Charles Hinz, Philip J. Faulks, etc.

The Official Figures

Table of election results for Mayor, Treasurer, and Aldermen-at-Large, listing candidates like Seidel, Schoenecker, Bieffel, etc.

The people of Milwaukee will not want to turn the Socialists out of office two years hence. They will know a good thing when they get it.

Since the late lamented Mr. Bieffel and his side partner Mr. Schoenecker began advertising the red flag and revolutionary Socialism so effectively, we have not been able to get enough of our emblems to supply the demands.

Ex-president Roosevelt is to be the guest of Milwaukee early in May. Won't it be fine for him to be welcomed to a Socialist city by a Socialist mayor?

Wonder if he will be dee-lighted! Mention the HERALD to all our advertisers.

Sheet Music MusicBooks

at Less Price than elsewhere. Music Teachers find it to their advantage to trade with us.

Large and Complete Line of Musical Instruments of every description

Music Boxes at Less Than Cost

Bargains in Second Hand Pianos

- One Chickering Square \$ 65
One Fieling Square \$ 75
One Emerson Upright \$ 125
One Pease Upright \$ 150
One Rohling Upright \$ 168
One Adam Schaaf Upright \$ 190
One K. Brinkerhoff Upright \$ 195
One Behr Bros. Grand \$ 210
One A. B. Chase Upright \$ 300

These instruments are all in first class condition and guaranteed by us.—Better get one of these right away. We carry a large stock of New Pianos as well.

Sold on Easy Payments Flanner-Hafsoos Piano Co. 417 Broadway Milwaukee, Wis.

Have you seen our new Spring and Summer line? If you have not, it would be worth your time to carefully inspect them now.

Not alone because we have a large and varied assortment of fabrics, but because of the low prices and exclusive styles.

Suits \$25.00 and up Union Label

Walter P. Stroesser 316 State Street Meritorious Clothes for the Man Who Cares

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

I have just concluded arrangements with the Callaway Fuel Co. to furnish fuel to my customers.

All who wish to give the Social-Democratic Movement the profit on their fuel orders MUST place orders with me or this office direct. Do NOT give your orders to anyone outside of this office.

Under this new arrangement I hope to give more prompt and reliable service than ever before. Quality will positively be of the best. Full weight and measure can always be relied upon.

Be sure to place ALL your fuel orders with me. Call, write or phone.

H. W. BISTORIUS 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis. Phone Grand 2394

Wisconsin State Organization

Carl D. Thompson, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee, Wis., state organizer; to whom news and other matters for this department should be sent.

A shout of victory is everywhere. What's the matter with Washburn? The comrades there have also given us reason for rejoicing.

WEST BEND: Comrade Daniel Silver is the first Social-Democratic candidate to run for the office of justice of the peace. He received 128 votes out of 475. That is certainly a pretty good start.

KENOSHA: Comrade Nohling writes: "Accept congratulations upon the splendid victory in Milwaukee. The Milwaukee movement moves."

FOND DU LAC: The comrades more than doubled their vote in Fond du Lac this spring. There was evidently a lot of crooked work going on in Fond du Lac on account of the pending purchase by the city of the water works.

There was a number of irregularities in the election, it seems, but the Social Democrats have campaigned on the trail, and are making it warm for them in Fond du Lac.

The comrades here have been making an increasing use of literature. They had special leaflets prepared and printed and circulated a very fine municipal platform.

LA CROSSE: There is something doing even in this section of the state. The Social-Democratic candidate for circuit judge received 423 votes in the county, against the Republican's 1841. That's a remarkable showing for LaCrosse, considering the newness of the movement there.

In the last election the candidate for governor on the Social-Democratic ticket received only 133 votes. Comrade McCaleb writes: "We are gaining over here at a more rapid rate than we anticipated. It looks now as though we will very soon hold the balance of power in this county. Our strength warrants our going in for both city and county ticket. That means something next fall."

GREEN BAY: The Social-Democratic candidate for mayor, Comrade Charles Robinson, received a vote of 734. He was the only candidate opposing the present incumbent. This vote is nearly double any previous vote for mayor. In the "bloody Eighth" our candidate for alderman, James Oliver, did not quite hold our last year's vote. The comrades intend to make an aggressive campaign this fall.

BRANTWOOD: The comrades here followed the example of Milwaukee and made a clean sweep in Brantwood. All of the candidates were elected. It was a non-partisan fight, but the Social-Democratic candidates were well known. H. J.

Sandquist was re-elected member of the county board; C. J. Sandquist, town clerk; Vale Jokela, assessor, and Henry Lynn, supervisor. This leaves us again with a majority in the town board.

The town of Knox had a Socialist administration the last year and the people were satisfied that they had made good. Now for the fall election.

SHEBOYGAN: In the two wards where the Social Democrats had candidates a very substantial gain was made.

SUPERIOR: Comrade H. M. Parks was elected supervisor. This is the first victory of our comrades in Superior, and shows that the movement is gradually gaining there.

SHEBOYGAN: Comrade Dens writes: "We had put up candidates in the Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and First wards. I. Meyer ran close to seven votes in the Sixth ward, eight more votes would have elected him over his Republican opponent. Fred Kemmers received 122 votes in the Eighth ward, a good showing among 300 votes. I received 20 votes in the high-tone First ward. We in Sheboygan are now beginning work for the next campaign."

RHINELANDER: Comrade

TRY THE HERALD CLASSIFIED "ADS"

WANTED—A competent woman for general housework in a country home, family of three; good wages, references required. Inquire at 419 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—Neatness to assist dressmaker to go out by the day—address, K. E. S. D. H.

WANTED—A lady to do washing at the home twice a month. Apply at 320 1/2 34th St.

WANTED—To do addressing for societies, merchants, etc. Low prices, quick service. RAPID ADDRESSING CO., 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WANTED—Orders for imitation typewritten letters cannot be sold from the original CO-OPERATIVE PRINTERY, 214 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WANTED—Orders for "Socialism Made Plain," fourth edition. This office.

WANTED—BRANCHES and other societies to purchase their shirt and Schickkopf Score Cards, bearing the union label, from us. Fifteen cents a dozen. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTERY, 214 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE. Apply 1260 27th Street.

RECEIPT BOOKS, 50 in a book, with the union label, suitable for unions, branches, etc., 15c each, or two for 25c. Social-Democratic Pub. Co., 214 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

Thompson writes: "We elected one alderman and a justice of the peace."

"We have started our fall campaign in earnest, and expect to go to Woodruff and Minocqua next Sunday to distribute literature—a house to house canvass. We want to send for 100 HERALDS to take along."



The most important thing about a range is that it BAKES WELL. There's quality in baking as in everything else—you know it. PERHAPS "any stove will bake," but there's a difference between "getting things done" and having them "baked excellently."

Fine materials, fuel-saving, convenience—all in these ranges, but the main reason of the popularity of ACORN GAS RANGES is that they are AMERICA'S VERY BEST BAKERS. Please do us the favor not to forget that. The new 1910 patterns are in and they are very fine. REINHOLD BROS. Everything in Hardware. Lisbon Ave. and 23rd St.

THE TOWN CRIER

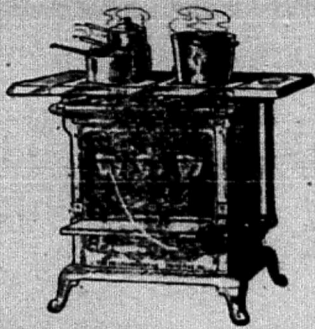
Was put out of business by Printer's Ink



PRINTER'S INK Will Get Business FOR YOU. We Do Up to Date JOB PRINTING. TRY US THE CO-OPERATIVE 342-344 SIXTH ST. PRINTERY MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN

SAM R. MILLER'S LIVERY

539 Market St. Best Carriages for Funerals or Weddings NONE BUT UNION DRIVERS ARE EMPLOYED \$3.00



This Gas Range for \$15 with Free Connections

It is as well built—will last just as long, and do just as good work, as the highest price gas range we handle.

It has 4 top-burners, and simmerer; and the single bake-oven is the same size and construction as the ovens in our higher priced ranges.

We will sell it on time for \$16—\$2 down, \$2 a month, payable with your gas bills.

For the person who does not now cook with gas, it offers a chance to take advantage NOW of the CHEAPEST, CLEANEST, QUICKEST FUEL to be had.

We will be glad to show these ranges in operation in our Sales-room, at the Gas Office, 182 Wisconsin St.



Milwaukee Gas Light Company

A satisfied customer is our best advertisement. Notify us promptly of any defect in your service.

SAVE A DOLLAR
BUY YOUR SHOES AT THE HOME OF THE BEST SHOES FOR MEN

Never 250 Shoes
Main Store Caswell Bldg. 195-197 West Water St. Branch, 208 Grand Ave.

Never 250 Shoes
HAVE NO SUPERIOR \$2.50 Shoes for Dress Wear \$2.00 Shoes for Rough Wear

Take a peep at our show windows—lots of smart shapes there to choose from. Select the style number you like and also into the store—our Shoe Fitters will help you satisfactorily.

AT THE THEATERS

Davidson.

At the Davidson theater, next week, the attraction will be Richard Carle, one of the funniest men on the stage, in "The Echo," a musical comedy production offered by Charles Dillingham. The engagement is for a week with matinees Wednesday and Saturday. The Echo deals with life at a summer hotel in the Adirondacks. Mr. Carle is supported by an excellent company, prominent among the members being Mrs. Yeamans, the grand old woman of the stage; Nellie McCoy, a popular young comedienne; Douglas Stevenson, George White, Ben Ryan, Joseph Herbert, Jr., C. H. Myers, John Ford, Claire Grenville, Eva Fallon, Rose and Jennie Dolly, Flossie Hope, Lillian Rice, and others.

Majestic.

An extraordinary vaudeville bill, in which the two feature acts are engaged at a cost of \$2,500, is offered at the Majestic theater for the week starting Monday afternoon. Alice Lloyd is the top headliner, and this will be her first visit to Milwaukee. The big extra attraction is Charles the First, the nearly human-monkey, who has been a sensation on two continents.

Bijou.

Mirth and laughter pervades nearly every moment of "The Fatal Wedding," which comes to the Bijou theater, commencing with a

matinee. There is a tear and a smile, a sigh and a roar of laughter, that the audience is kept busy during the three hours of the play, and leaves the house with the oft-times heard phrase on its lips: "That's the best play I ever saw."

"Lena Rivers" will be the Bijou offering the week beginning April 24. "Lena Rivers" is sure to meet with a hearty welcome, as she has a host of admirers in this city.

Alhambra.

Dustin Farnum's "Cameo Kirby" is offered for the week starting Monday night by the Alhambra Theater company, which has taken the town by storm in its first week in George Ade's delightful comedy, "The College Widow," which will be presented for the last times Sunday afternoon and night. "Cameo Kirby" never has been presented in Milwaukee.

Gaiety.

A musical comedy satire, entitled "Teddy in the Jungle," is the leading burlesque which will be at the Gaiety theater next week, opening with a matinee performance tomorrow afternoon. It is a travesty on the experiences of President Roosevelt in the jungles of Africa and is the product of the song writer and author, Matt Woodward. The sketch affords the comedians ample opportunity to display their talents.

New Star.

Fun, frolic and fantastic features, new novelties and original, catchy music are a few of the elements which has brought "The Star Show Girls," the best burlesque and all around vaudeville organization, into the lime light. This aggregation of lovely girls will be seen for a week at the New Star theater, commencing Sunday matinee.

Empire.

The Polish Stock company, in a repertoire of Polish plays, heads next week's bill at the Empire. Other acts are: The Bison City quartette, Derick troupe, Perry & White, Theo. Ullmark and Empire-scope.

Columbia.

Paul Kliest and company, in the big extravaganza, "The Land of Dreams," heads next week's bill at the Columbia. Other acts are: The Three American Comedians, Willis Hall and company, Murray and Wilson, George Malchow, Columbiagraphy.

Crystal.

James J. Morton will be at the Crystal theater next week, commencing Monday afternoon. In the varieties Morton is known as the "boys comic," and his place is at the top of the bill. He appeared in Milwaukee during the run of advanced vaudeville at the Crystal and was the talk of the town a few hours after his first performance. Other acts: King and Williams, Josephine Oinslee, Jess Hall, moving pictures of Col. Roosevelt's trip through Africa.

EMPRESS.

With one of the quaintest and prettiest acts on the vaudeville stage, the Rennee family will open the bill at the Empress theater on Monday afternoon. The present bill, Albini, its headliner, will close with two matinee and two evening performances on Sunday. Two per-

What Happened in the Third!

In looking back over the battlefield no portion presents greater interest than Con Corcoran's ball-wick, the Third. For years the Third has been looked on as bloody ground, where all sorts of election rascalities could be carried on without effort or hindrance because to interfere meant broken heads, and perhaps a knife in the "innards."

This year the Social-Democrats determined to follow up a beginning made in the last election and to man the tough wards with a corps of husky men, prepared for all emergencies, and ready on sufficient provocation to bring certain Democratic inspectors and precinct monkey-workers into a salutary collision with the law. These war-riots must have smelled a rat, for they were careful to give us no occasion for calling the "burry-up" wagon. And the upshot was, also, that illegal voting in the Second, Third, fourth and Fifth was never so restricted as it was on April 5.

The story of the Third ward is typical and interesting.

The Social-Democrats had provided the election booths with challengers who were better prepared than ever. Their men were thoroughly acquainted with the election laws and tried to have the same enforced. Some facts developed, which showed that former elections had been conducted in a considerable number of precincts in an absolutely illegal manner.

In the second precinct of the Third ward, for instance, the election inspectors were unaware of the fact that before voting the machines had to be inspected to see that all counters stood at zero. In assisting voters, they never even waited until the voter asked for assistance, but simply walked into the booth with him. Both clerks were assisted by the inspectors in voting. A challenger, Michael Cesaro, 222 Jefferson street, was permitted to pass behind the railing and stay there coaching the inspectors in spite of repeated protests from our challengers. He also wanted to copy from the inspector's check list, the names of those who did not vote up to 6 p. m. This was stopped by our challenger. The result of the efficient work of our challengers is best shown by comparing this election with the one of two years ago.

Second precinct, Third ward—
Dem. Rep. Soc. Proh. Tot.
1908 554 60 60 10 684
1910 425 12 75 10 512

This shows that in spite of larger registration, 160 votes less were cast this time than two years ago, of which 120 represents a Democratic loss.

A serious fact is that 524 persons voted and only 512 votes were cast for the office of mayor. Seidel ran seven votes behind the next lowest candidate on our ticket. This looks as though an inspector, when assisting a Social-Democratic voter, slyly turned up the knob for mayor again, so it would not count.

The strong vote for judicial candidates in the Third ward is explained by the great amount of assisting done. In the second precinct 203 out of 524 were voted by an inspector, mostly illegally. The same facts hold good for about fifteen other precincts in the city. In fact, this assisting of voters represents one of the most fruitful fields for crooked work that is afforded by the voting machines. The law must be improved with regard to it.

tem will be held on the nights of the grand opera performances for the accommodation of the interurban visitors.

Racine Notes

The election returns for the Social-Democratic party show a very strange result this year. In the past elections we have always received a straight vote, but it is not so this time, perhaps due to the fact of the great popularity of Mr. Eisenhower, the Democratic candidate, who attracted many of our Socialist voters. It may also be due to the fact of our candidate, Comrade William Koenig's short residence in the city, and not being sufficiently known to the voters, and the short space of time he was given to get acquainted. We feel that we owe Comrade Koenig much for having the courage and manhood as a worker for our cause, by his action and service in taking the lead and becoming our standard bearer even in view of the possible result, after all hopes were in vain to get some local comrade to make the run. His vote was a little less than 400. John Fennell, our candidate for assessor, received 700 votes, and A. C. Bowman, candidate for justice of the peace, received 840, with a close run behind A. C. Judd, Independent Democrat, who was elected. Guy Benson, the Independent Republican, came in third place and behind the Social-Democratic nominee. Much of the interest of the election was centered on the wet and dry question, with the result that the wets carried the city by about 3,000 majority.

The victory of the Milwaukee comrades had much effect upon our local situation and much interest is manifested at present. On Tuesday a general meeting was held to discuss our future prospects, and it certainly was one of much life and excitement, which will make a mark on our future progress.

The Polish comrades held another meeting two weeks ago which also proved a success. The Bohemians are going to hold a meeting this week and start out with new life. We are informed that they will engage a Chicago speaker and hold a large meeting in a few weeks.

The applications of Arthur C. Jackson, Karl Newbold and Paul Wendler were received by Branch No. 1, with a prospect of more names in the near future.

The Fifth Ward branch has decided to hold its own charter and continue its organization. We are glad of the fact and wish them much success in rebuilding the same. Arthur C. Bowman.

Writers' Local No. 59 has secured a beautiful suite of club rooms over Swoboda's restaurant, 423 East Water street, and unions can make favorable terms for the use of them by applying to E. W. Kuehn, delegate to the Trades

For Ways That Are Dark

It takes the eminently respectable politician to do the tricky work in campaign times. He can do things and then look so world in the face with such a sanctimonious countenance!

People were disgusted when it was learned that Schoenecker was trying to buy votes with soap. But there were others.

Befel, remembering Sherbie's stunt with corn-cob pipes and free tobacco, tried the same sort of a trick. The Befelites gave out free packages of tobacco—the "Bright Spot" brand—with a free Befel button fastened on the front of the package. One of these packages is before us as we write. The game was worked in some of the factories.

Eschweiler, after he failed to use the unions for his campaign purposes went to the Catholic churches. One of the resulting circulars lies before us. It was signed by Joseph Gleissner, Charles Moser (a former Rose sidewalk inspector!) and eight other members of the St. Bonifacius congregation on Eleventh street, and was sent to each member of the church from the communicant list.

A similar trick was played by some members of the Retail Market Men's association, who sent out an unauthorized "official" boost for Schoenecker, signed by Joseph Seng and four other "committeemen."

Grand Opera

The Metropolitan Opera company's engagement at the Auditorium opens Monday night, April 18, at 8 o'clock, with Verdi's opera, "Aida," in Italian.

Il Re.....Guilio Rossi
Amneris.....Louise Homer
Aida.....Emmy Destinn
Radames.....Enrico Caruso
Ramfis.....Adamo Didur
Amonasro.....Pasquale Amato
Un Messaggiere.....Albert Reiss
Una Sacerdotessa.....Lenora Sparkes
Conductor, Arturo Toscanini.

Owing to unforeseen technical difficulties the management of the Metropolitan Opera company reluctantly finds itself compelled to cancel the performance of Parsifal, scheduled for Sunday, April 17.

Tickets for same will be redeemed at the Auditorium box office or can be exchanged for any of the other performances.

The Milwaukee Electric Railway & Light Co. announces through its traffic department that all interurban cars of the entire sys-

SHOEWORKERS WANTED!

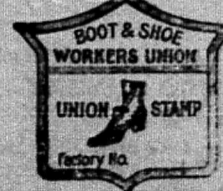
to attend the

Mass Meeting

at the Freie Gemeinde Hall, 4th St. at Le. State & Cedar

Tuesday Eve., April 19, '10

G. L. Burns of Boston, General Secy. and Treas., and others will address the meeting.



formances will be given tonight. The Rennee act is characterized as of "European character and dancing" features. J. K. Emmett will sing. Time was when all the world sang with Emmett—the older Emmett. And now J. K. Emmett, the

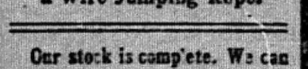
Free! Free!

Beginning Monday, April 18th, we will give absolutely free to every Boy and Girl purchasing a pair of Shoes or Slippers.

To the BOYS the latest Toy a Rolo-Volo.

To the GIRLS a Wire Jumping Rope.

Our stock is complete. We can suit all, both as to style and price.



354 GROVE ST. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

IT'S ABOUT NOW!

We're quite confident that it's about now that spring clothes thoughts are lounging about in your mind.

We want to clothe you this spring and we offer you The Brightest and Best Clothes the Markets Afford

Suits, Topcoats, Trousers, Fancy Vests, Hats and Shirts, from the hands of the makers who know how.

Our prices are always pleasing when we show the garment at the price. A call would afford us the greatest pleasure.

We give double bank stamps Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. \$1.00 cash for 1000 stamps.

Reinck Bros. Fit Workmanship

Quality Style Price

Suits - 2 MADE TO ORDER

SHIRTS - 12 PAIRS Satisfaction

TRUNKS - 12 PAIRS Satisfaction

COLLEGE



Certificate Saving

If you are a busy man or woman and find it difficult to go to a bank during banking hours, inquire concerning the Certificate Saving plan of this

Bank.

The First National Bank of Milwaukee

When Buying Clothes Consider What Six Store Purchasing Power Means

Copyright 1910 The House of Representatives Chicago

When the six great stores place an order, the order is enormous due to the great volume of business we do. Manufacturers prefer big orders to small ones and so make us price concessions never before known in the buying history of Milwaukee.

Summer Suits \$10, \$12, \$15, \$20. \$25

Attend the great "Fashion Show" at the Hippodrome, May 4th, 5th and 6th.

Gala Children's and Mother's Matinee Friday May 6th, at 3 P. M.

Nothing sold. Everything given away.

Men's and Boys' Suits, Cravettes, Neckwear, Hosiery, Shirts, Underwear and Overalls given free.

Everybody Admitted Free

Stumpf & Langhoff Co.

386-388 East Water Street
Mitchell Street and Seventh Ave.
Eleventh and Winnebago Streets

Grove Street and National Avenue
Third and Lloyd Streets
Twentieth St. and Fond du Lac Ave.

council, or by calling up phone Main 1186.

Let our advertisers know where you saw their ad.

The whole aim and purpose of Socialism is a closer union of social factors. The present need is growth in that direction.—Prof. Richard T. Ely.

You cannot afford to neglect your eyes. Our opticians are "graduates"

ARNIE TESTMEYER, 332 National Avenue, Corner Grove Street.

The Children Want Shoes

and they want the right kind, made right, fitted right and priced right.

Get Them

right now. Go where you'll find experts in that line. Foot Form Shoes That's all

Luedke's
413-415 National Ave.
We Mend Shoes Right

BLUE SERGES

of Better Color, Fabric, Linings and Workmanship

\$15.00 and \$20.00

Values Which You Positively Cannot Equal at the Price

JOS. LAUER CO.
National, Cor. First Ave.

DAVIDSON
SHERMAN BROWN, Manager

Entire week, starting Monday
Matinee Saturday
Richard

Carle

In Charles Dillingham's Production of the new Musical comedy

The Echo

By William LeBaron and Deems Taylor.

Prices Evening: 25c. to \$1.50.
Matinees: 25c to \$1.

BIJOU Beginning Matinee Tomorrow

Matinee Wednesday 25c

Be One of the Million who Laugh and Cry at

THE FATAL WEDDING

Klimt & Gazzolo's Stupendous Production of This World-Famous Thrilling Melodrama

An All Star Company
Brim Full of Heart Interest

Week April 24th, Sunday Matinee
Klimt & Gazzolo Present
Miss Estelle Allen
In the Greatest Dramatization of
LENA RIVERS

Metropolitan Opera Co. of New York

Mr. Giulio Gatti-Cavazza, General Mgr.
Mr. Andrew Dwyer, Administrative Mgr.

IN FIVE PERFORMANCES OF
Grand Opera

AT THE
MILWAUKEE AUDITORIUM

ON THE FOLLOWING DATES
Monday, April 18th, beginning at 8 p. m. "AIDA."
Tuesday, April 19th, beginning at 8 p. m. "LOHENGRIN."
Wednesday, April 20th, Matinee 3 p. m., double bill "MARSELLO GRETEL" followed by "FAGLIUCCI."
Wednesday, April 20th, beginning at 8 p. m. "TANNHAUSER."
Webster Piano used.

PRICES AS FOLLOWS
Boxes, \$24.50 to \$35.00. Parquet \$2.50 to \$4.00.
Amen. \$1.00 to \$2.00. Balcony \$1.50 to \$2.50.
Tickets now on sale, Box Office Auditorium.
Cedar St. Open 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

MAJESTIC

ALICE LLOYD Matinee Daily 10c to 35c

Favorite International comedienne
Charles the First

The McNaughtons
Harry Fox & Co.
Walter Lewis & Co.
Garden City Trio
Carroll-Gillette Troupe
Gardner & Revere
Majesticcope

Evenings 10c to 75c

ALHAMBRA
Milwaukee's Famous Theatre

ALHAMBRA THEATRE COMPANY.
Last times "The College Widow."
Matinee Sunday.

Week com. Monday Eve. Matinee Thurs., Sat. & Sun.
Dustin Farnum's big success

CAMEO KIRBY

First time here. First time in stock
First time at these prices:
Evenings 10c to 50c. Matinee 10c to 35c.
Next "BILLY." A laugh every minute.

New Star N.A.T. DAILY

Commencing Sun. Mat., Apr. 17
THE BIG SHOW

The Star Show Girls

With John T. Baker
And an All Star Cast

30 Beautiful Girls—30
10 Funny Comedians—10

CRYSTAL

SHOWS DAILY
2:15 - 8:00 - 10:15

James J. Morton
The "Eye" Comic

They Heard the Election Returns All Right!

It's only about ten days since election, but—

Beggs has granted his men an increase in pay—a raise from 1 to 3 cents per hour, according to length of service. Also,

He has agreed that, for humanity's sake, they shall be allowed to wear straw caps this summer, and they will begin using them a week from Sunday.

Motormen and conductors who serve the usual two weeks learning

the run, and who formerly got nothing for the time, will hereafter get \$1 a day for such time, provided they remain in service six months.

The Auditorium board has now made its peace with organized labor and the building is now fair.

The Harvester trust has announced that it will no longer cheat its men by hiding behind the vicious law of contributory negligence, assumed risk, etc., where they get mangled in its machinery, but that it will itself insure them

against such accidents—the soulless old Harvester trust will do this, mind you!

The men at the City Hall are joining the unions.

The Brand Stove works molders' strike has been settled.

A sanitary clean-up has been ordered for the ghetto.

The police will not be forced to stand guard at the theaters hereafter on their own time.

All this since election!

Town Topics by the Town Crier

More cars, remember, Mr. Beggs!

A belated joke: Did Kelly win? He did like Kelly did!

It is the fear that the Social Democrats will make good that is worrying the politicians!

According to the *Free Press* it "will come hard" on some of the ex-aldermen and officials to purchase baseball tickets. Also, the necessary credentials for theater seats.

So that's the way they were working it!

At the meeting of the Auditorium board Wednesday evening a resolution was passed to the effect that hereafter "organized labor receive at least a fair share of such work as may be within the gift of the board." There was not a dissenting voice.

Evidently the Auditorium board has been listening to the election returns!

A Milwaukee wisecracker writes the *Free Press* that the Kleist vote in the city shows the real Social-Democratic strength. This is rubbish. Kleist was sacrificed by many of our voters in the workingmen's wards during the last hour of the polling, as long lines of men were waiting and they were afraid the entire vote would not be got in.

Mayor Seidel has selected Charles Sandburg, the well known writer and newspaper man, for his private secretary. It is generally expected that Carl D. Thompson will be elected city clerk by the incoming council. Ald. E. T. Melms is slated for president of the council and supervisor James Sheehan for president of the county board.

The county paid out \$66,000 for a complete chain of titles to Milwaukee real estate, and Neacy tied it all up with an injunction, so that the investment is useless and the county is losing the interest on the thousands tied up. Meantime the abstract trust is in possession of the field and the people can continue to pay from \$25 to \$75 for their abstracts, which they would not have to pay if there were a public abstractor.

The honorable E. A. Wadhams of the Merchants and Manufacturers' association, burst into the papers the day before election with the claim that if the Social Democrats won Milwaukee's credit would be ruined.

We notice by the dispatches that this same Wadhams and his oil company is on trial at Sheboygan charged by the government of the state with selling uninspected oils, and a former manager of the Sheboygan branch testified that the gasoline handled by Wadhams was never inspected!

Is the Germania trying to "gull" its readers? It would seem so, when it prints as it did last Saturday, an item like the following: "Social-Democratic Victory Celebration."

"Tonight and tomorrow afternoon a Social-Democratic victory celebration will be arranged in the Second ward, in the well-known saloon 'Zur Bierquelle,' 315 Chestnut street, where there will, without doubt, be a high time.

"A well-known able German

speaker will on this occasion deliver a speech on the causes and consequences of the Social-Democratic victory."

The street railway franchise of Berlin, Germany, contains this clause among many others:

"It is also reserved (to the city government) to determine the maximum measure of daily employment of the motormen (and conductors) and the minimum measure of time to be granted to them for rest."

This means that the city has the right to limit the hours of work for the men and to force the company to give them enough hours for rest. They do things in Germany, where the Social-Democrats have a hand in the city governments. But while the Democrats and Republicans ruled Milwaukee Beggs got a safe franchise.

There is still doubt as to the election of Eschweiler as circuit judge and John C. Kleist has secured an order to look the machines over. In the third precinct, Ninth ward, Richard Elsner, Social-Democratic candidate for civil court judge, received 102 votes, and Joseph Cordes 106, while Mr. Kleist received only 32. In the fifth precinct, Eleventh ward, Elsner got 132 votes, Cordes 141 and Kleist 47. It is believed that in both of these precincts Mr. Kleist was credited with 100 votes less than he actually received. If his vote is increased by 200, Mr. Kleist, according to the present count, will still be 48 votes behind, but it is thought other irregularities may be found.

One of the duties that will fall to the Social-Democratic administration will be the redistricting of the wards of the city. This has not been done because of the Republicans and Democrats in control of the common council. They were afraid to cut up the big wards because it would mean more Social-Democratic aldermen. The result has been that some wards, like the Twentieth, Twenty-first and Eleventh, have been so spacious that the polling booths could not accommodate the election day rush and many working people have been practically disfranchised. Beside this, little wards like the Third have equal representation in the council with the big wards, a manifest injustice to the voters in the residence wards. Milwaukee should have at least twenty-seven wards.

There have been great cities in the history of the world; cities whose achievements have shined out like stars through the storm-shattered night. The name of Florence in Italy, the city of Sayanarola has come down through the centuries. Boston made history for the nation as the cradle of liberty, Philadelphia, historic in spite of her present disgrace. But greater than all of these, far more significant in promise to humanity will be the achievement that is here begun in the city of Milwaukee. It is the first city on American soil to lift up the banner of International Socialism, to exalt the ideal of a pure government, and to elaborate the program of social emancipation. We have this day made Milwaukee an historic light shining out to the cities of this continent; a light to show them the way to a higher and nobler civilization.

That was a doleful meeting the once lusty Jefferson club held in

Emil Seidel Takes Oath Tuesday

The new city administration will be formally inducted into office Tuesday at 3 p. m. Prior to that hour the old council will meet and disband and make way for its successor.

It is expected that by Monday the old city officers will have packed their belongings and "vapoosed," leaving the offices ready for the new



ones. Mayor Seidel, Comptroller Dietz, Treasurer Whitnall and City Atty. Hoan will be in their offices Tuesday ready to receive their friends.

There will be no reserved seats in the council chamber for the inaugural. To get a seat you must go early.

The first order of business will be the election of a president of the council. Second, the election of a city clerk. Third, the appointment of three aldermen to visit the mayor in his office and escort him to the chamber. He will then read his address.

Following this will come the appointment of a health commissioner, a works commissioner for the South Side, three aldermen each as trustees for the museum and library boards, respectively, three trustees for the Emergency hospital, a public debt commissioner and the reports of the city officers as to their appointees for their departments.

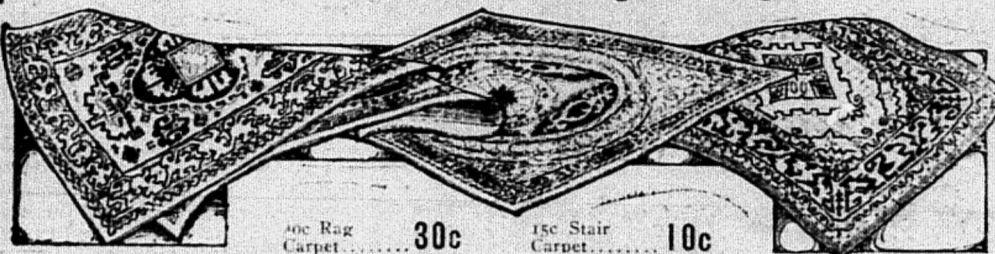
Milwaukee last Monday night, and each one present had a guess at which was the leading reason for the Rose-Democracy in Milwaukee having lost its bottom. One thing that was admitted was that the party had been guilty of putting things in its platform not to carry out, but simply to catch votes. One speaker declared that "if the Socialists get down to business and give 25 per cent more for the people's money through efficiency, and carry out their program moderately, you will have something to meet next fall that will appeal you."

The trust organs have been spreading an alarm that no financiers will want Milwaukee city bonds now that the city is in the hands of the Social-Democrats. And hardly a mail comes in that it does not bring offers from plain people round the country to buy bonds if they are cut up into small amounts!

Carl D. Thompson gave an interesting talk Thursday night before the Westminster Civic league and touched on many of the things that will be possible under the Social-Democratic government of the city. In the discussion that followed Prof. S. Y. Gilliss showed the feasibility of one of the Social-Democratic platform demands by showing that artificial ice is manufactured at Houston, Tex., where no natural ice can be had because of the climate, and sold to the people at 25 cents per 100 pounds, or 15

Endorsements of R. A. Dague's Pamphlet, "What Is Socialism? What Is Capitalism?"
Rev. James U. Peebles, M.D., M.A., ex-United States consul in Turkey, of Battle Creek, Mich., writes: "You had something to say and you said it well. I greatly admire your pamphlet. It should have an immense circulation."
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| 90c Rag Carpet..... | 30c | 15c Stair Carpet..... | 10c |
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| New 27.50 Axminster Rugs, floral and oriental patterns, size 9x12 feet..... | 19.50 | Tapestry Brussels Rugs, in new floral patterns, size 10-6x12 feet..... | 16.50 |
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| Wool Mixed 650 Fibre Bed Room Rugs, Monday..... | 15.00 | 15.00 Tapestry Brussels Rugs, size 9x12 feet..... | 10.50 |
| Wilton Velvet Rugs, 27x54 inches, 2.50 values at..... | 1.75 | New 9.00 French Wilton Rugs, 36x63 inches, only..... | 6.50 |

3.00 Lace Curtains at 2.45 Pair

White, plain or figured centers. A choice assortment of Brussels effect White Lace Curtains, at Monday's sale only..... 4.48

New Cluny Curtains 6.00 Pair

With neat inserting edge. Linoleum, new patterns, inlaid effects, 4 yards wide, per square yard..... 55c



3.50 Lace Curtains at 2.65 Pair

Neat patterns for parlor windows. New 3.50 Double Thread Net Lace Curtains, size 48x90 inches, with linen edge, pair..... 2.65

French Lace Curtains 6.00 Pair

Thread lace, beautiful edge. Linoleum, extra heavy 65c quality, new patterns, 2 yards wide, per square yard..... 39c

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If you present this coupon at our stamp desk on MONDAY, APRIL 18 Either TEN "Sperry" Gold Merchandise stamps or TEN "S. & H." Green Premium stamps absolutely free. We redeem 500 Sperry Gold stamps for 1.25 worth of any merchandise. This coupon will be redeemed from adults only—not from children.

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Another Shipment of 30.00 Spring Suits at 14.50 Monday

The first shipment we placed on sale last Monday for the first time, and notwithstanding the unfavorable weather on that day, we broke all selling records for April.



On Monday the second shipment goes on sale, lacking ten suits of the lumber we placed on sale last Monday, and we expect to sell every suit—all sizes for women and misses.

These suits were designed by the best tailors and possess those exclusive style points smart dressers so much admire. Black and colors. Coats satin or taffeta lined.

Women's and Misses' 35.00 Spring Suits at 17.50

Made of all wool Basket Weave, Chiffon Panama or French Serge, black and all new spring shades, 2 and 3-button coats, trimmed with silk braid, fancy collar and cuffs, skirts in tunic or plaited effects.

16.50 Covert Coats 10.00

For women and misses, full length, body satin lined.

18.50 Covert Coats 12.50

Plain and fancy styles, for women and misses, full length.

5.00 Military Capes 2.98

For children, 6 to 16 year sizes.

4.00 Covert Coats at 2.50

For children, kilted effects.

59c Table Damask 39c. Assorted dice checks, the best wearing kind, 64 inches wide.

Hugo E. Bauch

1 1/2c Towels 9c. Each. Extra Heavy Huck Towels, size 18x36 in., with colored borders.

Hoan Before the Insurance Hearing

Daniel W. Hoan, city attorney-elect, appeared before the special legislative industrial insurance committee at its sessions at the City Hall, Wednesday, on behalf of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor, and was questioned at length.

The bill on industrial insurance which was introduced at the last legislative session by the State Federation of Labor is patterned after the English system.

Mr. Hoan was the principal witness of the day. He is attorney for the State Federation. He told the committee that the bill, known as the employers' compensation bill, had found approval among all fair-minded men to whom he had spoken. He pointed out its chief features, and explained why, in his opinion and in the opinion of others, it is more fitted to the legal institutions of this state than is any other bill proposed so far.

child and others. In answer to a question the witness said:

"If insurance is made a first lien against employers, that will be all that the State Federation could expect. I feel safe in saying that it will be satisfactory."

Mr. Hoan said that he was opposed to the idea of a central board of arbitration to meet at Madison, preferring the federation's plan of having shop committees. He said that the latter plan would expedite the adjustment of claims.

It was suggested by one of the committee members that it might be better to have insurance money and death benefits of workingmen in case of litigation paid to a county judge, instead of the county treasurer as proposed in the federation's bill. Mr. Hoan agreed that probably it would be an improvement.

Mr. Hoan was questioned closely by Senators A. W. Sanborn, chairman of the committee, E. T. Fair-

nevolent ice trust, we have to pay 30 cents. And the Houston plant is not a municipal institution either, but pays big profits on the investment. Mr. Thompson caused a sensation by pointing out that Milwaukee

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