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A Message to America



THIS IS THE LABOR DAY MESSAGE OF Milwaukee to the proletariat of America:

The Social-Democratic victory in Milwaukee was distinctly a victory of the working class. It was distinctly a victory of the workingman in politics over the business man in politics. It was a victory of the proletariat over the capitalists.

cause it stands for social reforms which concern ALL the people. Therefore, many thousands of intelligent voters of all classes, who do not belong to the proletariat, ally themselves with us, call themselves Social-Democrats and work with the party for the betterment of conditions in Milwaukee.

Labor Day, 1910

Rome most of the patrician families claimed descent from some god. And all during the middle ages the Church supported the claim of the feudal system to be "God-ordained."

And what is more, the capitalist class is unable even to defend its position in case of danger. If there is any fighting to be done, the capitalist class has to get the proletariat to do it.

And unless plutocracy can take away the ballot from the people or persuade them to give up the electoral franchise—plutocracy is doomed.

Current Comment Remember Labor Day, to keep it wholly. Social-Democracy does not talk AT the people. It IS the people.

Does Unionism Pay The Record of the Typographical Union, 1905-1907. (Period covered by the eight-hour campaign.)

Victor L. Berger rassing to the tender mind of Teddy, who has just returned from doing homage to the titled rounders of Europe (the tainted and unspeakably bestial Leopold included), to find a Socialist on the welcoming committee.

Capitalist Civilization Casual looking-over of the front page headlines of most of the papers lead to the belief that about the only things of importance happening now are—

Bank lootings. Rowdism. Suicides. Divorce scandals. Political crookedness. Murders. —N. Y. Call.

And while the Indian land steal fell through and various congressmen—and rumor insists, a vice president—will not add to their treasures on earth thereby, rest assured that it is only occasionally that such things get to the surface, and that the game of politics as played by capitalist politicians is still a winning one.

Greetings to the Toilers



Mayor Seidel

TO you who are hidden away in the mine and the mill; and to you who are shut away in the factory and the shop. Likewise to you who are from the field and the forest, from the mountainside and the sea. To you who are from all lands and speak all tongues. Greetings to you, MAN OF TOIL.

Old Riverside Bldg., No. 1 Grand Ave. Early Day Meeting Place of the St. Crispin Knights, and Other Labor Bodies.

Casino Hall, State Street Meeting Place of the Marx International in the Early Seventies, and Used by Many Unions.

Photo by S. Franklin

Landmarks of the Labor Movement in Milwaukee --- By Frederic Heath



LANDMARKS of labor in Milwaukee—why, the city is full of them. They are almost uncountable.

Step to the great towering city hall today and a labor mayor, a Social Democrat, is there to greet you. Visit the common council in session and your gaze will be greeted by a Socialist president of the body and a Socialist majority at the desks in front of him.

years old and had 4,000 inhabitants, a Workingman's Advocate is said to have appeared. Perhaps the name signified nothing more than the fact that most everyone was a worker in such pioneering days.

The Fourierite movement, Utopian Socialist of the '30s made enough of an impression in Milwaukee to send one man, Uriel Farina, into the Fourierite community at Ceresco, after-ward Ripon, Wis. C. Latham Sholes, the inventor of the typewriter, was also a contributing Fourierite, but did not enter a community. Greeley's New York Tribune, which had Socialist leanings, had numerous readers in Milwaukee.



Old Veterans Turn Hall Meeting Place of Gambrius Assembly, Knights of Labor, in the Eighties, and Scene of Various Labor and Party Gatherings of Former Years.

of apprentices in the shoe trade. The first meeting was held March 1, 1867, with the following shoemakers present: Newell Daniels, Samuel Wilson, W. C. Haynes, Albert Jenks, Thomas Houran, F. W. Wallace and Henry Palmer. Wallace suggested the name, that of the patron saint of the medieval shoemakers. Shortly after the German Custom House Union of Milwaukee came into existence, No. 2, Daniels wrote

the ritual and drafted a circular which was sent out to every shoemaker in the country whose name they could learn. Later Daniels formed lodges in various eastern cities and Martin Gavin, secretary of the Chicago Shoemakers' Union removed to Milwaukee and helped in the work of extending the order. In 1868, when the first grand lodge meeting was held at Rochester, N. Y., Gavin was made presiding officer.

fit and was elected. Years later he removed to California and died there in 1894, being brought back to Milwaukee for burial. I am giving generous space to the St. Crispin because the facts will be quite new to most present day readers. My quest for local facts has led me a merry chase, but partly through the information received from the Rev. Charles A. Adams, of Merrill, Wis., who joined in 1874 and from the testimony of Andrew Thomas, still a resident of Milwaukee and who was practically an original member, I have established the fact that Lodge No. 1 met in a two-story building at the northeast corner of West Water and Cedar streets (the building disappeared years ago), and Lodge No. 2 at almost the same time in the old Riverside building at No. 1 Grand avenue, where the big Staudel Brothers department store now stands, both lodges meeting there later. Toward the last, when a desperate effort to prolong the life of the order was made by forming mixed lodges, a hall on Wisconsin street, between Broadway and Milwaukee, was used for the purpose.



Paul Grottkau The Noted Socialist Editor and Agitator Who Led the Milwaukee Movement in the Eighties.

And within five years of its institution, he writes, the order had secured an advance in network perfect, practically double what they had been before the production of apprentices had been curtailed. The Marx International. There still stands at the southeast corner of State and Seventh streets a quaint one-story building known as Casino Hall. Its best days are long past. It will hardly remember the real

(Continued on 3rd page.)

You Are Caught, Mr. Man

Standard Oil—Morgan Interests Rapidly Taking In Everything in Sight—What Is Your Choice?

By Henry T. Jones



Oil interests come pretty near having the whole business already. At the present time this combination of capitalist pirates owns outright or controls the following industries or trusts:

Steel, lumber, sugar, railroads, cotton, woolen, milk, express companies, national banks and trust companies, electric companies, rubber, tobacco, electric light and gas, coal and coke, ice, paper, flour, wood pulp, wholesale groceries, drug stores, wholesale and largely retail, gold mines, smelters, flour, steamship companies, traction companies (surface, elevated and subways), telephone and telegraph, insurance companies, cement, asphalt and other industries too numerous to mention.

To be specific, this aggregation of profit makers are in absolute control of all the railroad lines except the Gould roads, and the latter, not later than Jan. 1, 1911, Wall street predicts, will be added to the already powerful combination.

The United States Realty and Improvement company of New York is Standard Oil-Morgan concern and the biggest skyscraper of the country are owned by this corporation. Recently this concern added a number of hotels to its holdings, the Plaza of New York, capitalized at \$6,500,000, being taken into the fold.

Wood-Harmon & Co., a real estate and house building company, is also a Standard Oil concern, and Gimbel Brothers' department stores are recognized as belonging to the same trust. The trust's latest investment in the department store line is the erection of one of the biggest department stores in the country in Broadway, New York, where it purposes to at first sell goods at such attractive prices as to put the other big stores out of business or bring them to terms in the way of joining hands with the trust.

In New York, Newark and Brooklyn, and perhaps in other cities, the trust is conducting "independent" cigar stores under the name of A. Shulte & Co.

Recognized Standard Oil concerns in addition to the foregoing are Clafin & Co., wholesale druggists; American Locomotive company, American Smelting company, National Lead company, Virginia-Carolina Chemical company, Allis-Chalmers company, Western Electric company, International Harvester company.

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Right Conditions—Free, Sanitary Shops

ALWAYS DEMAND Union Labeled Bread

Insist Upon Having This Stamp On Your Work

PATRONIZE UNION REPAIR SHOPS

Be a unionist in all purchases. Do not confine your purchases to union label shoes alone, but see that a union shoe dresser polishes them with union label shoe polish. Keep your shoes on the union list till you burn them in a union label store. In order to do this you must, when needed repairs are necessary, have them repaired in a union repair shop. Make it your business to find out if there is a union repair shop in your locality before having your repairing done elsewhere. When the union label is worn from the first sole see that it is replaced with a new sole put on by union shoe repairers.

WHEN PURCHASING CIGARS SEE THAT THIS LABEL IS ON THE BOX

Union-made Cigars.

G. W. Beckwith, President

IT IS A GUARANTEE THAT THE CIGARS ARE NOT MADE BY THE TRUST

Demand This Label On All Packages of Beer, Ale or Porter

THE BEAR THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS

Wage Slavery

What else but slavery can you call the condition of some of the coal miners, farmers and factory hands of the United States?

Men with their wives and families go to a small town which practically belongs to their employer. They live in houses owned by their employer, buy their household supplies at stores owned by their employer, take their pay in checks, tickets, or orders signed by their employer, and get the remainder of their pay when their employer is ready.

Suppose they wish to improve their condition and go away: how can they move at all unless they have saved some money, the saving of which, by a pecuniary well understood in all such localities, is simply impossible.—John Halbertson.

Strength of Socialism

Denmark has 93,000 Socialist voters and twenty-four representatives in the national parliament.

Socialists in France have acquired a quarter of a million votes since 1907, now having more than 1,100,000, and seventy-six representatives.

The Socialists in Holland cast 88,500 votes at the last election, against 65,000 in 1907.

The German Social-Democrats cast nearly 4,000,000 votes at the late election, a gain of 750,000 over 1907.

Spanish Socialists voted 42,000 strong this year, almost twice the vote of 1907. They have one representative.

There were almost as many Socialist votes in Stockholm this year as were cast in all Sweden three years ago. The mayor of Stockholm, Comrade Lindhagen, was elected by more than 15,000 votes. He is also one of nearly a half hundred representatives in the Swedish parliament.

Twenty-three representatives of the working class sit in the Swiss legislature, the Socialist party having gained four seats at the last election. They have about 100,000 votes.

In Belgium the Socialists now have thirty-four Socialists in parliament.

In the recent French elections the Socialists increased their vote to about 350,000 and gained six seats in parliament, giving them ninety.

Austria has more than a million Socialist voters and has eighty-seven members of the parliament.

As a result of a recent election, both houses of the Australian parliament are completely dominated by Socialists.

England and Italy each have about 350,000 Socialist voters and about forty-five men in parliament each.

New Zealand and Russia each have close to 320,000 Socialist, and each has sixty legislators from the working class party.

Eighty thousand Hungarian voters cast their ballots for Socialism in the elections of 1907.

Thirty thousand Socialist voters of Bulgaria have elected eight members of parliament.

Luxembourg has over 5,000 Socialist voters and several members of parliament.

The Socialist vote in the United States in 1908 was nearly half a million. At a late election, Milwaukee, a city of 400,000 inhabitants, elected a Socialist mayor, council and county board.—E. X.

The Rule of the People

Even the government itself, with all its gigantic forces that belong to it, is under our control.

The Revolutionary fathers said to the common body of the people: "Frehold is given you of all things, and you can fashion everything according to your judgment in respect to your own welfare. You are the lands of the country, its fruits, its mines and all its swelling resources; you are to use and enjoy. LET NO SUPERB WREST THEM FROM YOU OR CHEAT YOU OUT OF THEM."

The Revolutionary fathers also established the far-reaching principle, not yet fully applied in ordinary affairs, that the majority of the PEOPLE; that the legislation must be of their own enacting and the laws of their own making; that they can reverse any legislation and abolish any law, and that they can make such reasonable use of the public goods, for the welfare of the community, as may seem meet to them.

Vote for anything you want and it is yours—if the majority of the votes be on your side.—John Swinton.

Wendell Phillips' Retort

Wendell Phillips, according to the recent biography by Dr. Lorenzo Sears, was, on one occasion, lecturing in Ohio, and while on a railroad journey, going to keep one of his appointments, he met in the car a crowd of clerics, returning from some sort of convention. One of the ministers felt called upon to approach Mr. Phillips, and asked him:

"Are you Mr. Phillips?"

"I am, sir."

"Are you trying to free the niggers?"

"Yes, sir; I am an abolitionist."

"Well, why don't you preach your doctrines up here? Why don't you go over in Kentucky?"

"Excuse me; are you a preacher?"

"I am, sir."

"Are you trying to save souls from hell?"

"Yes, sir; that's my business."

"Well, why don't you go there?"

The assailant hurried into the smoker amid a roar of unmitigated laughter.

Socialism and the Home

Amazing nonsense is talked in some quarters about the imaginary havoc which socialism would bring upon the home. Woman is the center, light and life of the home, or should be. At present in too many cases she has not the status and station to which she is entitled were Christian ethics applied generally. Any woman who knows much of our shops, factories, etc., is quite conscious of this. More of the story is awful. Socialism would give woman far wider opportunities of training, of education, of position, and would make her economically independent. She could then do far greater justice to herself. She would come to demand finer qualities in her husband, and she would get them. Where woman is allowed to raise herself, and is independent man, even if he wanted to, cannot remain the crude, half-savage he so often is. Socialism would tend to early and happy marriages and homes, and gradually the nation would have the humanity of the true home on a large scale.—The Harp, Dublin, Ireland.

A WORD TO THE CAPITALISTS!

"Popular property! Public welfare! Talk not of welfare while yet so many fare all too ill for words to tell of it."

The private ownership of the land and means of production used for exploitation, is the rock upon which class rule is built; politics and government is the indispensable instrument of the ruling class, and will be carried to ultimate victory by the united workers of the world.

To unite the workers of the nation and their allies and sympathizers of all other classes to this end, is the mission of the Socialist movement. It emboldens the working class to fight for freedom, the Socialist movement does not strive to substitute working class rule for capitalist rule, but by working class rule to free all humanity from class rule and to realize the international brotherhood of man.

The struggle for freedom of the land and means of production used for exploitation, is the rock upon which class rule is built; politics and government is the indispensable instrument of the ruling class, and will be carried to ultimate victory by the united workers of the world.

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It is Up to You

LABOR is essentially social, and if we only strike a nail in the wall with a hammer we can hardly realize what untold evolution industry had to pass before that nail and hammer. The individuality of a person is entirely lost in the production of any given article. The individual is an evolved unit of the present society and when a "clever" and "talented" individual struts his exalted virtues peacock fashion before us, what a miserable caricature of a man he would be if the inheritance of all the ages were abstracted from his personality.—Easton Labor Journal.

"Under our Constitution that prohibits special privilege, we see privileged corporations all about the land."

Socialism is the New Patriotism

HUMAN life depends upon food, clothing and shelter. Only when these are assured are freedom, culture and higher human development possible. To produce food, clothing and shelter, land and machinery are needed. Human labor gets raw materials and food out of the soil by creating machinery and using it upon the soil. Human labor, with its tools, is the source of all human life and liberty. Today the machine has taken the place of human labor. So long as machinery is simple and easily handled by one man, it is not a problem. But when machinery becomes more and more complex and expensive, and requires for its effective operation the organized effort of many workers, its influence reaches over wider circles. The power of such machinery becomes the dominant class.

The masses in subjection.

In proportion as the number of such machinery owners compared to other classes in the world increases, they bring ever larger masses of working people under their control, reducing them to a position where they are forced to work for the profit of the few. Millions of formerly self-employed workers thus become the classless slaves of the industrial masters.

The more the economic power of the ruling class grows, the less useful does the life of the masses become. The overwhelming bulk of the useful work of the nation falls upon the shoulders of the classes that either have no other productive power, or their manual and mental labor power the wage workers—or that have but little land and little machinery, and are thus forced to work for the ruling minority is steadily becoming useless and parasitic.

A bitter struggle over the division of the product of labor is waged between the exploiting propertied class on the one hand and the exploited masses on the other. In this struggle the wage working class cannot expect adequate relief from any reform of the present order from the dominant class of society.

The wage workers are therefore the most determined and irreconcilable antagonists of the ruling class. They are also the class which suffers most from the work of class rule.

The Socialist party, in national convention assembled, again declares itself as the party of the working class, and appeals for the support of all workers of the United States and for all citizens who sympathize with the great and just cause of labor.

We are at this moment in the midst of one of those industrial crises that periodically analyze the life of the nation. The much-boasted era of our national "prosperity" has been followed by one of general stagnation, with all the necessities and starvation. Within recent times the trusts and monopolies have attained an enormous and menacing development. They have acquired the right to dictate the terms upon which we shall be allowed to live. The trusts fix the price of our bread, meat and clothing, and control the production of our raw material and machinery, of all the necessities of life.

The present desperate condition of the workers has been made the opportunity for a renewed onslaught on organized labor. The highest courts of the country have within the past year rendered decisions that have deprived the workers of rights which they had won by generations of struggle.

The attempt to destroy the Western Federation of Miners, although defeated by the solidarity of organized labor and the Socialist movement, revealed the existence of a far-reaching and unscrupulous conspiracy by the ruling class against the organizations of labor. In their efforts to take the lives of the leaders of the miners, the trusts, the state laws and the federal constitution in a manner seldom equaled even in a country as completely dominated by the profit seeking class as the United States.

The congress of the United States has shown its contempt for the interests of labor as plainly and unambiguously as have the other branches of government. The laws for the protection of the miners have been continually repealed, and the benefit of labor has been distorted against labor.

The working class of the United States cannot expect any relief for its wrongs from the dominant classes. So long as a small number of individuals are permitted to control the sources of the nation's wealth, they will continue to compete with each other and for the exploitation of their fellowmen, industrial depression, and poverty, and other social ills, will continue to recur.

Individual competition leads inevitably to combinations and trusts. No amount of government regulation or police control, or restrictive legislation, will arrest the natural course of modern industrial development.

While our courts, legislature and executive officers remain in the hands of the ruling class and their agents, the government will be used in the interests of these classes against the workers.

Political parties are but the expression of economic class interests. The Republican and Democratic parties are the parties of the ruling class, and all parties other than the Social-

Social, Not Individual

LABOR is essentially social, and if we only strike a nail in the wall with a hammer we can hardly realize what untold evolution industry had to pass before that nail and hammer. The individuality of a person is entirely lost in the production of any given article. The individual is an evolved unit of the present society and when a "clever" and "talented" individual struts his exalted virtues peacock fashion before us, what a miserable caricature of a man he would be if the inheritance of all the ages were abstracted from his personality.—Easton Labor Journal.

Modern Industry Planless

THE organization of trusts, pools and combinations, and the consequent less to regulate production for social ends. Industries are largely conducted in a planless manner. Through a series of several activity the strength and health of the workers are mercilessly undermined, and during periods of depression and stagnation are frequently reduced to starvation.

The chaotic system of production, the recurrent recurring depressions and crises which paralyze the nation every fifteen or twenty years, is in its mad and reckless race for profits the capitalist class is bound to exploit the workers to the very limit of their endurance and to sacrifice their physical, moral and mental welfare to its own insatiable greed. Capitalism keeps the masses of workingmen in poverty, destitution, physical exhaustion and ignorance. It draws the workers from the fields to the mill and factory. It mangles their children from the playgrounds and schools and grinds their slender bodies and unformed minds into gold dollars. It wastes its resources and kills hundreds of thousands of workingmen annually in mines, on railroads and in the streets of our cities. It wastes the ranks of the unemployed and forces large numbers of them into beggary, vagrancy and all forms of crime and sin.

Public intelligence corrupted.

To maintain their power over the masses, the capitalists must keep in their pay all organs of the public power, public mind and public conscience. They control the dominating parties, and through them, the elected public officials. They corrupt our executives, bribe our legislators and corrupt our courts and judges. They own and control the press. They sway our educational institutions. They own the nation politically and intellectually and they rule it industrially.

The struggle between wage workers and capitalists grows ever fiercer, and has become the only issue before the American people. The wage working class, therefore, has the most vital and direct interest in abolishing the present system.

The private ownership of the land and means of production used for exploitation, is the rock upon which class rule is built; politics and government is the indispensable instrument of the ruling class, and will be carried to ultimate victory by the united workers of the world.

To unite the workers of the nation and their allies and sympathizers of all other classes to this end, is the mission of the Socialist movement. It emboldens the working class to fight for freedom, the Socialist movement does not strive to substitute working class rule for capitalist rule, but by working class rule to free all humanity from class rule and to realize the international brotherhood of man.

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it's also REAL tobacco

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If you can buy the suits elsewhere for less than \$25 to \$40, that we are offering this week at only \$15, \$17.50 and \$20, we won't ask for your order. Each suit cut to your exact measure at above prices, with Extra \$5 Trousers Free.

Sale closes Saturday. Our Fall showing next week includes no extra pants.



Remember that none of our finest woollens are reserved from this sale. All our staple Blues and Blacks are included; hundreds of patterns heavy enough for wear at all seasons. The Extra Trousers may be of striped material or from same goods as suit.

HURRY!!

All \$22.50 Values Now \$15

Other price reductions accordingly for Today and Saturday only, including extra trousers free! To convince wearers of clothes that we can and actually do produce perfectly tailored garments at \$15, \$17.50 and \$20 the suit, we present each customer with a written guarantee. No good any garment that is not exactly right. We also agree to repair and press our clothes free of charge, for one year from date of purchase.

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Seidel's Inauguration Speech Ready!

Mayor Seidel's Inauguration Speech may now be secured in leaflet form in any quantity desired.

From all parts of the country orders for the issue of the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD containing the inauguration speech are coming and that issue was soon exhausted.

Mayor Seidel's inauguration address was not a mere speech delivered on the spur of the moment. It embodies the best thought resulting from years of experience on the burning subject of municipal government in our American cities and towns.

Milwaukee's municipal problems are very similar to the problems which Socialists in other cities and towns must solve. Mayor Seidel's inauguration speech outlines these problems in their logical order and clearly points to the only possible remedy.

The leaflet, which is four page 6x9, will be sent in any quantity any where in the United States or Canada postpaid at the following prices:

100 \$1.75, 500 \$1.00, 100 20c

This will make the best possible propaganda leaflet for general distribution that is likely to be issued for months to come.

Send all orders to the Social-Democratic Publishing Co., 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee, Wis.

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Socialism and the United States Courts

By Horace B. Walsley

A Member of the bar of the Supreme Court of the United States.

The state convention of the Wisconsin Federation of Labor demands in its last platform the election of the federal judges in place of their being appointed by the president. This is the purest kind of Social-Democracy. The meaning is, that no man in a democratic republic ought to be vested with the tremendous power of judging the people without being subject to their control by re-election at short intervals.

But the federal constitution provides that all federal judges shall hold their offices for life. This constitution can be changed only by a vote of the legislatures of three-fourths of the states. And that is a matter of years.

But—the entire program of Social-Democracy can be worked out in this country without any amendment of the federal constitution. Jefferson and the other men who laid the best parts of the foundations of our government in the declaration of independence and the constitution, were in fact thorough Social-Democrats. And there is really nothing in their work that is any sort of bar to what the Social-Democrats intend to do in this country.

Let these workmen who stand honestly upon their platform, help the Social-Democrats to send Victor L. Berger and Winfield Gaylord to congress from Milwaukee, and here is what Social-Democracy will do as soon as these men enter congress. A bill will be immediately introduced and pushed to abolish the circuit courts of the United States. These

courts are the ones that are especially obnoxious to the people. They are the ones that issue the "strike" injunctions, and the injunctions against the state laws regulating railroad rates. With these courts destroyed, applications for these injunctions will have to be made to state judges, who in our state, and most of the states are elected by the people.

These circuit courts are not created by the constitution, but by act of congress, and an act of congress can wipe them out. And an act for that purpose might fairly be expected to pass in the very session in which it was first introduced. Launched with such speeches in its support as both Berger and Gaylord are qualified to make—the bill ought to go through like a cyclone.

For the people at large are hostile to these courts. Every congressman would hear from his district a clamor for their destruction that would scare him into prompt obedience. The workmen are against them on account of the "strike" injunctions; the farmers, because of the injunctions against railroad rate statutes; the business man, because when the controversy between him and a non-resident is \$2,000 or over, he can be compelled to go away from home to try his case, instead of trying it in his own county in the state court.

The southern congressmen would vote with us solid. They are virtually all Democrats, and hostile to these courts on principle. They know what Thomas Jefferson thought of these courts, and that all his predictions about them have been realized.

In fine, when it came to the test, these courts have no friends except Wall street, and the System, and as surely as human foresight can forecast anything in the future, Berger and Gaylord would put these circuit courts of the United States off the map for good—the very first session they were in congress. This puts the matter up to you, Comrade Workman. You can put these men in congress. If you really want the circuit courts of the United States abolished, DO IT NOW.

"The world belongs to its builders, and theirs is the loss if they permit it to be plundered by the gamblers to cheat them out of it."

The Need of the Time

Give us men! A time like this demands Great hearts, strong minds, true faith and willing hands. Men whom the lust of office does not kill; Men whom the spoils of office can not buy; Men who possess opinions and a will; Men who have honor, men who will not lie; For while the rabble, with their thumb-worn creeds, Their large professions and their little deeds, Wrangle in selfish strife—lo! Freedom weeps. Wrong rules the land and waiting justice sleeps.

Whence Carnegie Libraries Come

The steel trust gave us, a raise of about 6 per cent May 1, July 1 one of the departments, Open Hearth No. 4, received a reduction amounting to 30 per cent in some cases, yet the blue papers in Pittsburgh are howling prosperity.

They never notice a little thing like a reduction of 50 per cent in wages, yet these wage slaves will keep on supporting these papers.

There is a strike among the coal miners in Westmoreland county since the first of April, according to The

Pittsburg Leader; there have been nine men and three women killed since this strike started. The operators have an injunction forbidding the miners from congregating in the vicinity of the mines. Who shall tell what "vicinity" means? The cossacks hold up people on the highways and make them give an account of themselves. These coal companies will not hire a single man any more if it is possible to get married men. The married man very seldom ever has anything coming to him after his bills are paid. The generosity of this steel trust is something fine. A fellow got his little finger taken off. He was off work three months. He received \$17. But then he was only a hunkie—they usually pay an American for the time he is off work; they don't pay for fingers or toes, least ways that is what the claim agent says. If they kill a hunkie they usually bury him. A fellow ought to feel thankful they don't let their bodies lay around the mill.

The doctor informed a man here the other day that they treated a thousand cases a month on the average here in Homestead, besides the most severely hurt, which they usually send to Pittsburg, and those hospitals are such well conducted institutions!

"My family doctor told me when a charity patient was operated on and the nurses would tell the doctors that he was not getting along very well, the doctors would usually say, 'the hell with him; he is only a charity patient.' There don't seem to be many doctors following in the steps of Christ. The Pittsburg Catholic advertises a Dr. Telconi in Pittsburg, telling of his marvelous cures. A friend of mine took his little boy down to see him. He charged \$10 to examine him and wanted \$150 to treat him and would not even guarantee to cure him, and this paper in a recent primary election had advertisements telling what nice men George Trimmer Oliver of 98-cent fame, and his opponent, W. Flinn, are and this paper is always telling the workman not to vote the Socialist ticket.

"The German Catholic priests just closed a convention in Pittsburg. They also advised the workmen not to have anything to do with the Socialist party, as, if they got into power things would be much worse. This is such a prosperous state! I know a man here that had worked eighty-four hours every week for seven years. The priests tell a fellow that workmen ought to feel proud that they had the health to work twelve hours every day.

"Don't use my full name, as you know the steel trust don't like a fellow that thinks the country could be run a little better for the producers." Homestead, Pa. "DOYLE."

A Labor Day Talk

By Carl Sandburg



in our masters. We hoped they would give us some of the things we were desperately in need of. We asked our masters in the state legislatures and the national congress for accident insurance. We were laughed at. We asked our masters for old age pensions. We were called fools for our trouble. We asked our masters for the establishment of a minimum wage. And again we were laughed at and called fools.

So we are done with asking. We do not go to our masters now and beg for favors. We have learned that our masters are BLIND to the things we need. We have learned there is only one thing on God's earth that our masters will respect and listen to. That thing is POWER. The masters respect power and fear power and listen to power.

And what makes our hearts glad is the knowledge that we have power. We have learned some great lessons in organization; in standing together and planning together and fighting together. On the industrial field in our unions we have learned and are learning more and more how to meet power with power and get better wages, shorter hours, improved conditions. And on the political field with our Social-Democratic organization we have learned and are learning more and more how to meet power with power, votes with votes, to get better laws.

And this power is going to grow. This power of Labor, this industrial action and political action of Labor, is the greatest historic factor in the world today. It is making a new civilization.

The watchword of the masters today is: "Prosperity for the few and hell for the many."

We are going to change that and put in the place of it: "PROSPERITY FOR ALL."

By all the lights of common sense and history and reason and humanity, this is a practical and worthy cause.

PROSPERITY for the few and hell for the many.

That's the answer.

Ask us what is the matter with America, what is the matter with Wisconsin, what is the matter with Milwaukee, what is the matter with this system, where "the interests of capital and labor are identical," and that's the answer:

"Prosperity for the few and hell for the many." That is what is the matter. Prosperity, luxury and magnificence for the few and death, hell, disease, misery and degradation for the many.

Years ago we asked for accident insurance so that when a worker's arm was crushed or his eyes blinded or his legs crippled while at work, he would be able to live and not become a sponger, a beggar, a recipient of charity. But the years have gone by and thousands have been crippled, crushed, blinded. And life to them today is a game that is bitter and brutal.

Years ago we asked for old age pensions that would enable aged-out and done-for workers to live with rest and comfort in their last days. But the years went by, we were laughed at as agitators, and it is today as it always was—old age is a time of life to be feared.

Years ago we asked for a minimum wage to apply among all workers, a wage that would keep all workers above the poverty line, above the level of degradation. But the years went by, we were ridiculed as impractical, and today millions of wage earners get pay so miserably low that they can not live decently, cleanly, rightly.

This is what the System has done for us and to us. And we are tired of it. We are ready for CHANGE. We are done with our old ways. We are striking out along new lines. We are done with asking for what we want. We now DEMAND.

We stand on our rights as the workers of the world, the wealth producers. We are proud of what we have endured and learned. We look back on our battles and hardships with satisfaction—we have got good lessons from our mistakes. We have learned that Labor will have to fight its own battles. From now on we trust OURSELVES.

There was a time when we believed



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Failure of the American Democracy

DEMOCRACY in the American sense of the word, means representative government, through a congress. The founders of the nation thought that and modeled our constitution on that fact. Have the men who placed this country on its feet been foiled in their attempts to give the world a real example of democracy? Has the American nation conducted itself according to the principles of our forefathers? Now there lies the fundamental weakness of American government; not that we do not stick closely to the ideals of those old people, which would indeed be most foolish—because conditions have changed to an amazing extent—but because the conduct of the nation is still modeled from the ancient constitution that embodies the ideals of these old people expressed before the present conditions and changes were dreamed of by anyone.

At the time of the adoption of the constitution there were two ideas as to its interpretation; one was that all the powers not expressly delegated to the congress by the constitution, were expressly reserved to the various states; the other was that there were certain implied powers granted in the constitution to congress though not specifically stated, leaving congress to ACT AS A DETERMINING BODY ON THE POWERS GRANTED IT BY THE CONSTITUTION. This was the view upheld. Thus, on the bank question, congress was the proper source to go to, to find out whether or no the bank was necessary in the carrying on of the business of the nation. With this condition of affairs the people would have direct control of the legislation of the country. THAT WAS THE NEAREST APPROACH TO NATIONAL DEMOCRACY THAT THE UNITED STATES EVER GOT! This condition of government was not to endure. Congress has sunk from the position of supreme expression of the will of the common people to the lowest depths of disuse; it has ceased to be not only the guiding influence of the nation and the direct representative of the people, but it has ceased even to be an advisory body, and now IT DOES NOT EVEN PROPOSE THE MORE IMPORTANT LEGISLATION! The story of this downfall is simple. It started when John Marshall, a Federalist, took the opportunity of DELIBERATELY STEALING the right of congress to determine as to the constitutionality of legislation. The Jeffersonians had been legislating along Federalist lines; that is, the close-constructionists had done some acts that needed a quite broad construction to justify

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Standard Oil in White House

Texas Democratic Machinery Dominated by the Interests

The Texas Democratic state convention has adopted by a vote of more than 4 to 1 a resolution indorsing United States Senator Bailey for re-nomination for president in 1912.

Bailey is notoriously recognized as the Standard Oil representative in the United States senate from Texas. It is said his big country estate was presented to him by the officials of the Waters-Pierce Oil company, a Standard Oil concern.

It is very evident that when the vote of the Democratic delegates is 4 to 1 that the Standard Oil interests own the Democratic machinery of the state. And as Texas is Democratic the influence of the money power in that state is complete.

SILAS HOOD.

When an old crafty dog like J. J. Hill says this country is not producing enough to feed 200,000,000 people he lies and he knows he lies. A milder term to express contempt for such rail-road-robber nonsense would indicate weakness of the Socialist position. The resources of this great nation when properly worked are great enough to provide in plenty for a population of five thousand millions.



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Beginning with July 15, locals and individuals can secure the very things they are looking for in the form of Socialist propaganda and educational literature, printed on good paper, in clear readable type, at the lowest possible price.

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Subscription price, 25 cents for fifty numbers; 1.00 for \$2.00; 25 cents per hundred. Send for sample.

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Pushed to Desperation

From Germany comes the news that a daily paper with a capitalization of one million dollars is to be started immediately, its avowed object being to combat Socialism, which, it is feared, will sweep the empire in the coming election. Behind the venture is Prince von Fuerstenberg, a millionaire crony of the Kaiser, who is also said to be deeply interested in the success of the publication. The annual expense of the organ is estimated at \$450,000, and all the great capitalistic interests of the country have promised generous support in the way of advertisements. A similar newspaper "dreadnaught" was started in 1903 by Wilhelm and members of his class, but it suspended publication on election day when the Socialists ran their vote up to over 3,000,000. This repetition of a played-out scheme pleases the Socialists immensely. They declare that the opposition will materially aid rather than retard their movement.—Cleveland Citizen.

Breaking Up Homes

Capitalists Are Doing It and Having Fun at the Same Time.

MRS. J. DODDRIDGE PEET.

who was Mrs. Edward Thaw, is in Reno, Nev. She is occupying the same house Mrs. William Ellis Corey lived in three years ago when she was here for her divorce.

Mrs. Peet divorced Edward Thaw, half brother of Harry Thaw, in New York City, in November, 1905. Five weeks later she married Peet, a wealthy New York clubman, whose father left him a large fortune, and now she is seeking a divorce from Peet. And she wants the divorce as quick as she can get it, for it is rumored she intends to change her name a third time. The prospective bridegroom is said to be a Pittsburg millionaire.

Divorce is a luxury and is evidently in the reach of the rich only. She is paying \$400 a month rent for the house she occupies at Reno; has a retinue of servants and makes use of three automobiles. Mrs. Peet has become famous at Reno for her lavish entertainments.

Mrs. Peet is not a Socialist nor is she a member of the Shirtwaist Makers' union. She was formerly Miss Freda March, a Boston and Pittsburg society girl. She was never known to do a useful thing in her life.

"All that is necessary to put an end to any combination against popular rights is that the mighty forces of democracy be brought into full play by determined men."

"Danger ahead? Of course there is. Danger is always ahead when wrong is at hand, and explosions always take place from time to time, when suffering becomes intolerable."

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SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD Published by the MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY 344 Sixth Street Milwaukee, Wis. FREDERIC HEATH VICTOR L. BERGER Editor Associate

Milwaukee Thus Far By Carl D. Thompson

Milwaukee is Making Good



FOUR months is hardly time enough for any administration to really make good. Much less would it be possible for any administration to make good in Milwaukee if the making good amounted to anything.

public works has been abolished and in its place there has been established the one-man commissioner of public works. All the public purchasing is being reduced to a system by the establishment of a purchasing department put in charge of a competent purchasing agent.



From the Labor Leader

The Modern Gulliver Awakens!

Present Herald callers: Jacob Winzen, Chicago, Ill.; E. F. Chandler, Cincinnati, O.; A. Frank Dolse, John H. Grill, Dayton, O.; A. Howard Jones, Fred. Scholl, Chicago, Ill.; Alfrede Lefeur, Detroit, Mich.; Otto Walz, Cleveland, O.; C. A. Bendlin, Aberdeen, Wash.; Wm. Mutton, Flushing, Mich.; Charles Goodman, St. Louis, Mo.; Nehemiah Chubb, Plymouth, Eng.

Woman's Column

Women in Industry



ASTEST change of our changing time, greatest portent of a portentous age, are these—the women who are marching forth.

A. JAECK 511 SIXTH AVENUE SALOON, POOL HALL, BOWLING ALLEYS AND LODGE HALL

Union Men! Take Notice! Order Your Labor Day Caps Now Northwestern Cap Mfg. Co. 87 Huron Street

PAUL S. KOCHANSKI Saloon and First Class Boarding House 715 Clinton Street

Realty Stock is Selling Fast

it Offers a Safe Investment Besides an Opportunity to Enroll Yourself as a Builder for Socialism The past week has been the best so far as sale of stock is concerned. On Tuesday, Aug. 30, at the close of business, exactly \$21,750 of stock was subscribed for.

Invest Now The stock is going pretty fast. We would like to have you become interested. Make a purchase of some shares at once. The money is needed now. The balance of the stock must be sold immediately so as not to delay the construction of the building.

Young Men and Women Should Attend the Union Workmen's School, the Rheude and Fine Business College and Drafting School Germania Building, Milwaukee. Tel. Grand 1536

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD—Business Dep't ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS, MONEY ORDERS, ETC., TO MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY

The Builders' Column By A. W. Mance. Attention, One Moment, Please! Remember This

The Yahoo With a Reference to a Very Noisy Gentleman

IN years gone by a monster bird of the crane species used to inhabit the swamp forests of South Carolina and Georgia, and was named the YAHOO.

Hinz Hardw'e Co. "The Tool Store" Machinist and Carpenter Tools a Specialty 444 National Avenue

A Reminder We will have one of the nicest and best Stock of Clothing for this coming Fall Season. Clothes that any man can be proud to wear.

Landmarks of Labor

(Continued from 1st page.)
estate there many more years, yet it is entitled to our consideration. For it was the meeting place of the Milwaukee branch of the International Workmen's Association between the years 1874 and 1876.

In 1880 Milwaukee was represented in a National Labor Congress at Pittsburgh. In 1881 P. J. McGuire, the Socialist carpenter, a noted figure in the early labor movement, spoke in Milwaukee. He had also spoken here in 1876.

In 1883 the Wisconsin state Bureau of Labor Statistics was established. The Knights of Labor. Milwaukee became a Knights of Labor stronghold in the early '80s, but unfortunately their original district assembly hall was long since torn down and I have been unable to find a picture of it.

Really—For fine baking, there's nothing like an ACORN RANGE



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The Grand Avenue Tailoring Company George Klein, Prop. OUR NEW LOCATION 171 SIXTH STREET

Bull Wheelock's Place UNION HEADQUARTERS Past President Postoffice Union 193 FOURTH STREET

Historic Meeting Halls of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee



No. 171 Second Street Where the Federated Trades Council Met in 1877, the Year It Was Organized. It is But a Few Steps From Grand Avenue.

Old Printer's Hall Now an Art Studio. Where the Coughlin Faction Met Its Waterloo After a Desperate Fight.

Union Labor Hall Former Meeting Hall at Chestnut Street, Corner of Sixth. Now Used by Brewers, Building Laborers, Bricklayers, Etc.

Freie Gemeinde Hall Present Meeting Place on Fourth Street, of the Trades Council. Scene of Many Notable Gatherings.

The Knights made tremendous headway in Milwaukee and had lodges all over the city, representing different trades. The number of these in 1880, when the national movement was at its height under T. V. Powderly, was in the neighborhood of fifty. Two years later there were but 19 and in 1891 only six.

One of the most flourishing K. of L. lodges was the Gaminus Lodge, composed of brewery workmen, which met for years at the old Vorwaerts turn hall, Third street and Reservoir avenue. One lodge on the South side, the Reliance, was made up of about 1,500 mechanics of the big Allis plant, mostly.

The Knights of Labor was started in Philadelphia in 1830, but the public did not become aware of its existence until 1877. Many Socialists belonged to it in Milwaukee, but eventually its chief representative was a Greenbacker named Robert Schilling, who had played a part in reform and labor circles before coming to Milwaukee from Cleveland. He was brought here, he claims, by the late Edward P. Allis, founder of what is now known as the Allis-Chalmers works. In 1878, when Mr. Allis ran for governor of Wisconsin as a Greenbacker, a year or so later he, Schilling, established a reform paper called the Reformer (German) and later an English paper called the National Advance. For a time he also published a paper called the Volksblatt (daily). Early in 1890, after a starving match between the two papers Schilling turned his Reformer subscription list over to the Arbeiter

Zeitung and the Reformer ceased publication. Schilling won unenviable notoriety in later years for his political trading through various local reform parties, and in 1889 went into a deserved political retirement, from which he has never since been able to emerge. The Socialists could not agree with his methods and in 1891, at Milwaukee Garden hall, they declared themselves through, and led by Victor Berger, left the meeting for all time.

What Happened to the Brewers. The Milwaukee brewery losses never took kindly to the K. of L. because of its stand on temperance. They finally prevailed on their men to withdraw, on the ground that they were going against their own trade. Indirectly they influenced the cigarmakers to withdraw also. This was in 1887. Then it appeared that a shrewd move had been made against the men. For what the breweries had really feared was that



Catel's Hall (in foreground) and West Side Turn Hall The Socialist Elected Officials Hold Their Weekly Conferences in Catel's Hall, and Several Unions Meet There. The Turn Hall has been the scene of many notable union and party mass meetings.

their men might enforce a wage demand by a K. of L. boycott of their beer all over the country. Once they were out an attempt was made to lower their wages. Capt. Pabst, now deceased, led the fight, saying he would sacrifice every brick in his brewery before he would give in. The secretary of the brewery unions at that time was Richard Elsner, now a Socialist Judge. The conflict extended to breweries all over the country and a general and hit or miss boycotting was resorted to. But a victory for the men was won with a 2 cent stamp. For Elsner sent a letter to the national brewers' convention, suggesting that one brewery be boycotted at a time, and that St. Louis be the first. This was done and the moment the St. Louis brewers gave up, the boycott was switched to Pabst, and the St. Louis agents all over the country actually helped the boycott on, and Capt. Pabst finally capitulated in comical haste. He had filled his brewery with many non-union men and these he forced to join the union, and they did so at a notable meeting held in Casino hall.

The Days of Brucker. Our search for landmarks now takes us back to the Centennial year. In 1876 Joseph Brucker, then 26 years of age and full of romantic impulses, came to Milwaukee from Austria and was active in the Freie Gemeinde society, also editor of its paper, the Freidenker. He became fas-

ciated with the writings of Ferdinand Lassalle, and shortly after a bookish editor named Nusser came from Bavaria and was responsible for the conversion of Brucker to Social-Democracy. Doubtless in those days Brucker was a sincere man and perhaps he dreamed of duplicating in America the brilliant activities of Lassalle in Germany. He started a Socialist daily paper in the German language, calling it Der Socialist.

An English weekly was also printed, called The Social-Democrat, edited by Henry Von Ende, but the name was after a few weeks changed to The Emancipator. Upon the arrival of a new editor from Cincinnati, a courtly old gentleman named William Haller, who was much liked during the few months he spent here. The daily started off with spirit and attracted both attention and subscribers—2,000 of them for a while, I am told.



318 State Street Headquarters of the Federated Trades Council, and Board of Business Agents. Many unions meet in hall on third floor.

and was finally swallowed up by the late George Brumder and merged with his German (Republican) daily. Meantime Michael Birn, a Socialist who had formerly been associated on the Freidenker with Brucker, returned to the city after an absence of several years and started a workman's paper called the Arbeiter Zeitung, in the old Opera House building on Oneida street. Later the name was changed to Milwaukee Journal, and finally it merged with the Freie Presse.

Three years later Birn again started a Socialist paper, this time a weekly called the Arminian. It was published at 423 East Water street, between Wisconsin and Mason streets, and ran until the beginning of 1886, when Paul Grottkau, one of the leading Socialists of the country, was brought from Chicago to organize "free" unions. Grottkau made the paper a tri-weekly and later removed it to Wells street, where the Germania building

paper lost ground and Brucker pulled out and eventually went over to the Republicans. He was for a time an editor of the Illinois Staats Zeitung, but is now in Germany. Sigel changed the name of Der Socialist to Vorwaerts and later again, with the help of some of the brewers, changed it to a German morning paper and called it the Freie Presse. In the '80s it became the Abend-Post



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SHERIFF'S SALE

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, Milwaukee County. JACOB BURCKHARDT, Plaintiff, vs. WILLIAM BURMEISTER, Defendant. SALE OF REALTY ON EXECUTION. By virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court in and for Milwaukee county and State of Wisconsin, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said Court on the sixteenth day of November A. D. 1895, in an action wherein Jacob Burckhardt is plaintiff and William Burmeister is defendant, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant for the sum of six hundred fifty and 57/100 (\$650.57) dollars, and costs of said county of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, I have levied upon all the estate, right, title, and interest of the said defendant, William Burmeister, in and to the following described real property, to-wit:— An undivided one-tenth (1/10) of the following real estate: That certain piece of land in the East one-half (E. 1/2) of the Northwest one-quarter (N. W. 1/4) of the Section numbered Four (4) in Town numbered Six (6) North of Range numbered Twenty-two (22) East, in Milwaukee county, Wisconsin, described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point in the East line of said one-half (E. 1/2) and One Thousand and Eleven (1100) feet South of the Northeast corner of the said one-half (E. 1/2) section; thence West Six Hundred Fifty-one and 25/100 (651.25) feet; thence South Three Hundred and Twenty-five (325) feet; thence East Six Hundred Fifty-one and 25/100 (E. 651.25) feet; thence North Three Hundred Thirty-seven and 25/100 (N. 337.25) feet to the place of beginning, containing Five and 4/100 (5.04) acres more or less. Also the following described land in the East one-half (E. 1/2) of the Northwest one-quarter (N. W. 1/4) of said section, numbered Four (4), commencing at a point in the East line of said one-half (E. 1/2), Six Hundred Seventy-four and 50/100 (674.50) feet north of a stone at the Southeast corner of said East one-half (E. 1/2), thence East One Hundred and Fifty (150) feet; thence West Six Hundred Fifty-one and 25/100 (W. 651.25) feet; thence South Six Hundred Seventy-four and 50/100 (S. 674.50) feet; thence East Six Hundred Fifty-one and 25/100 (E. 651.25) feet to the place of beginning, containing Ten and 8/100 (10.08) acres more or less. Lots numbered Seventeen (17), Eighteen (18), Nineteen (19), and Twenty (20) in Block numbered Six (6), in Glendale Investment Association Subdivision numbered One (1) in the Village of East Milwaukee formerly Town of Milwaukee, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin. The North Thirty-two (N. 32) feet of the West One Hundred and Twenty (W. 120) feet of Block numbered Twenty (20) in Glendale Investment Association Subdivision numbered One (1) in the Village of East Milwaukee formerly Town of Milwaukee, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That I, the undersigned as Sheriff of aforesaid, will sell the estate, right, title and interest of said defendant William Burmeister in and to the above described real estate to the highest bidder for cash at public auction in the hall of the Court House of Milwaukee County, near the south door thereof, fronting on the block, in the seventh ward of the city of Milwaukee, County of Milwaukee, and State of Wisconsin, on the Twenty-sixth (26th) day of September, A. D. 1910, at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of that day, in order to satisfy the said execution, together with the interest and costs thereon. Dated, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, this thirteenth day of August A. D. 1910. H. E. FRANK, Sheriff of Milwaukee County. KLEIST & LEVIN, Plaintiff's Attorneys.



Newell Daniels Who Organized the Knights of St. Crispin, Forty-three Years Ago.

now stands, making of it a daily and calling it the Arbeiter Zeitung. The editorial rooms were on the third floor and the printing was done in a job office on the ground floor. A favorite Socialist gathering place at this time and for years later was at Doerfler's at the fork of Chestnut and Winnebago streets. It continued so down to 1903. Under Grottkau's influence the free unions (as distinguished from the K. of L. assemblies) increased tremendously. He organized the carpenters and they secured a membership of

School Clothes

After his vacation romp the boy will certainly need a good durable school suit. START HIM RIGHT by dressing him in one of Reineck Bros. neat looking School Suits. Bring the boy here and you will see how easy it will be to make a selection. Every suit will do its duty—we guarantee it to do so. Boys' Suits in Plain and Bloomer Pants, sizes 8 to 17 years, \$2.50 up to \$8.50. Boys' Russian and Blouse Suits, sizes 4 to 8 years, \$2.00 up to \$5.00.



Union Men! Attention!

We have made special efforts this fall in securing the very best lines of Union Made Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Caps, Flannel and Dress Shirts, Suspenders, Hose, Collars, Gloves, Overalls, Etc. We have always in the past shown our disposition in favoring Union Made Merchandise, but shall in future carry Union Label lines as complete, as non-union lines are carried by most merchants. We want to help unions by buying union made goods—therefore want your patronage, for by helping our cause you help your own. We also appeal to every fair minded laboring man to help the cause of the clerks union by making your purchases during week days—not on Sundays. Our store is closed Sundays.

JOS. LAUER CO. National, Cor. 1st Ave.

Fall Styles

New and up-to-date Suits and Overcoats for the coming season now in our store ready for inspection.

The new shades of brown and also the grays in cassimeres and worsteds. Prices \$8.00 to \$25.00

New Fall Styles in Hats \$1.00 to \$3.50

Sweater Coats and Cardigan Jackets in several styles and various colors.

Bruett CLOTHING CO.

Outfitters for Men and Boys Fond du Lac Ave., Cor. 10th Street.

Garden, out on State street, was secured as a labor headquarters for the general demonstration. Just at this time an ass of an Anarchist in Chicago threw the Haymarket bomb that killed and wounded several policemen, and the capitalists and the police administration in Milwaukee became fearfully excited. The police drove the men out of Milwaukee Garden with clubs, and on the first signs of turbulence the state militia was rushed in by Gov. Jerry Husk, who "saw his duty and done it."

Before the week was out the peaceful demonstrations of labor had been ruined, eight Polish citizens had been murdered by a company of soldiers, because they did not stop marching when ordered to, and Grottkau and several

(Continued to 7th page.)

ARCHIE TEGTMEYER Diamonds, Watches 392-National Ave.-392 Corner Grove St.

PLAUM CLOTHING CO. Clothiers, Hatters Men's Furnishers We Carry a Large Line of Union-Made Clothing HATS AND FURNISHINGS Merchant Tailoring 491-493 ELEVENTH AVENUE

HAVE YOUR FURNITURE REPAIRED, refinished and upholstered at CARL TEETZ'S repair shop.—We do the job at prices you can afford to pay and we do it right. We also do Picture Framing. Call or phone.

CARL TEETZ 996 BOOTH STREET PHONE NORTH 3703X

If you wear or need Glasses consult A. REINHARDT Established over 20 years 206 Grand Ave. Milwaukee

Fred STECHER, Watchmaker and Jeweler 211 Grand Ave., bet. 2nd and 3rd Sts. Room 312 Merrill Building

TO CHICAGO FARE \$1.00 Round Trip Daily 4:30 P. M. (Sun. 10:00 A. M. & 9 P. M. Fridays 9 A. M. Saturdays 9 A. M. 1st Weekly on Mondays. Once a Week on Sat. Morn. Regular fare to west shore and Green Bay ports. Daily Fast Express St. Paul Grand 6:00. Chicago 10 A. M. Milwaukee

Spencerian Business College

Announces Opening of New Term (Days) Sept. 6 (Evenings) Sept. 7 College office open on Labor Day for interviews with prospective students and parents. Wisconsin St. and Broadway Tel. Main 2860

Are Your Clothes Made by Union Men?

Your excuse don't go—The price is no higher, because you have the label. Our clothes are made by men—members of the Custom Tailors' Union—skilled workmen. You will save money if you buy the product of the Custom Tailor, their work lasts twice as long because we use only the proper material to balance their good work. Just drop in, we'll be glad to show our wares and what will be the right thing for you to wear. See our fine Serge at \$28.00.

Walter P. Stroesser Meritorious Tailoring 316 State Street

Lobbies Against Labor

By Fred'k Brockhausen, Sec'y-Treas. Wis. State Federation of Labor.



On this occasion, the 1910 Labor Day celebration, it will interest some to see some lines on lobbying. Under the good old time lobbying at Madison, Wis., wine, women and railroad passes were in abundance. And so was other more substantial material ready for the taking by the legislative members who yielded to the pressing arguments of the railroad and other corporation interest. But the days when Madison fattened on the hilarious lobbyist has changed, what was formerly done in the open is now done under cover. However, it must be admitted here that the moral aspect of the legislature has improved considerably since the brazen affront of the old time lobbyist had his or her privileges trimmed by the reformer.

The reformer, by some attempt at catch this legislation, forced the gay old time lobbyist to the rear and himself to the front, then he runs things when the other fellows, the stalwarts, are in the majority, then he is to the front as shown in the assembly in the 1909 session, but the reformer failed to enforce his own creation, the laws of his, inflicting dire punishment on his opponent, the stalwarts and corporation lobby.

The 1909 session of the legislature

Union Barber Shops

Always see that this card is displayed in the shop before you get a shave or haircut.

FRED. GROSSE
FINE LINE OF UNION CIGARS
577 E. Water St.
Shaving Parlor

J. N. GAUER
SHAVING PARLOR
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Opposite South Bay St.

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BARBER SHOP
452 REED STREET, Corner Scott

LOUIS JUNG MANN
BARBER SHOP
825 Ninth St.

H. C. MUNDT
SHAVING PARLOR
166 LLOYD ST.
The Line of Union Cigars

J. P. KINSELLA
Shaving Parlor
227 1/2 Howell Avenue

CHAS. MAROH
BARBER SHOP
Clean, Quick Service. 497 1/2 Russell Ave.

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Barber Shop and Bath Rooms
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526 Chestnut St., Milwaukee

"KORNS KURED"
with Waukeazy Corn Cure
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
FRED A. WENZEL
PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST
Howell Ave. and Clarence St.

UNION MADE
THE QUALITY
Gerhard Suspender
Every Pair Guaranteed for 1 Year. Best Work. Ingman's Suspender Made. Ask Your Dealer for Gerhard Suspenders. 907 THIRD STREET

Chicago House ALL NEWLY FURNISHED THROUGHOUT
OTTO GROSSE, Prop.
524-526 East Water Street
Block North of City Hall
BLATZ WIENER BEER ON TAP
C. D. WAUGH OPTICIAN
When You CAN'T SEE YOU NEED WAUGH
F. TEWS OYSTERS, CRABS
FISH
703 FIRST AVENUE 373

Lamers Bros.
354 Grove St.

Rob. Kennigott
Union Made SHOES
761 Teutonia and Garfield Aves.
ALWAYS BARGAINS

HENRY F. SCHMIDT
SALOON
561 Mesquite Avenue

St. Andreasberg Bird Store
Just received a large shipment of Birds and all kinds of other pets. Parrots double yellow head \$4.00. Canaries \$1.75. We guarantee. Come and see us.
418 - GRAND AVENUE - 418
Opposite Barretto

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F. TEWS OYSTERS, CRABS
FISH
703 FIRST AVENUE 373

Organized Labor Triumphant

Department conducted by Walter S. Fisher, Federated Trades Council
Headquarters 318 State Street, Milwaukee

Growth and Progress of the Trades Unions



This is Fisher

THE following extracts from the Labor Day edition of the American Federationist will give our readers some idea of the growth and the gains made by organized labor during the past few years:

Granite Cutters' International Association of America

During last winter 1,800 granite cutters in Barre and Northfield, Vt., were locked out when they presented a new agreement to their employers for their signature. After repeated efforts an agreement was reached after a thirteen weeks' lockout, and the advantageous agreement thus reached was signed for five years. By it the members received an average 4 cents per hour increase in wages, and the objectionable provision in the decision of an arbitrator was wiped out. The principle was established that when there was an increase in the minimum wage rate, all men paid prior to the new change at a higher rate than minimum, were to be increased correspondingly. In addition they broke away from the eight hour day six days of the week; for the next three years they are to work eight hours per day nine months of the year, with Saturday afternoon off, and the other three months, namely, winter, they are to work seven and one-half hours per day six days of the week, and for the remaining two years of the agreement they quit at noon on Saturday all the year round.

International Typographical Union

When the eight-hour contest was forced upon this organization in the latter part of 1905, they had 46,500 members. The struggle continued for the three years and they lost approximately 3,500 members, coming out of the victorious campaign with a membership of 42,500. They now have a membership of 53,000.

Cigarmakers' International Union

In the last ten years the membership of this organization has increased a little over 11,000. In the last two years the membership has increased a little over 4,000. The hours of labor have remained at eight per day since May 1, 1886. In the last ten years over 20,000 members have received an increase in wages and other improved conditions, such as better stock and improved shop conditions.

Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees

The secretary of the above organization has compiled statistics of forty-six locals, in which it is shown that 21,300 members of said locals are receiving at an annual rate at the present time \$4,047,000 more in wages for their service than they would receive if all were drawing only the rate of wage that obtained at the time the locals to which they belonged were organized. These forty-six locals were taken to strike an average result. To accept the above average, 71,000 street and electric railway men

of the United States and Canada will receive in wage for the year of 1910 \$15,200,000 more than they would have received at the rates that prevailed with them at the time they became beneficiaries of organizations, and it cannot be disputed that it is really organization to which that \$15,000,000 should be credited.

Order of Railroad Telegraphers

The federal hours of service law affecting railroad telegraphers and signmen became effective on March 4, 1908. This enactment provides for nine hours' service per day at continuously operated offices and is being gradually turned into an eight-hour day, with one hour for a meal in the middle of the shift in the new contracts.

Brotherhood of Railroad Freight Handlers

It is safe to assume that it was beyond the fondest hopes of any clerk checking freight in Chicago in 1902 for the salary of \$45 per month of thirty days, that in 1910 he would get \$75 per month for the same work for twenty-six days, and the poor trucker who worked twice as hard as he does now was then getting \$1.50 per day for doing just twice as much work as he is doing now for \$2.20 per day.

Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers

A trade agreement has just been entered into for the next fiscal year providing for wage increases ranging from 3 1/2 to 10 per cent for one-half of the membership of this organization. This advance has been secured

International Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union

This organization has, in the last two years, moved forward very prosperously, have obtained improved working conditions, increased pay and shorter hours in many localities. Wages have been increased from 5 to 15 per cent. A working day of eight hours is enjoyed by nearly all of the members; a few old contracts still running call for eight and one-half or nine hours.

Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America

In direct contrast to the conditions of the railroad telegrapher may be cited the experiences of the commercial telegrapher, under which head are included all telegraphers except those employed by railroads.

Union Harnessmaker for Governor



W. A. JACOBS

Social-Democratic Ticket

Governor—**W. A. JACOBS**, Racine.
Lieutenant Governor—**HENRY BRUNS**, Manitowish.
Secretary of State—**GUSTAV HERING**, Washburn.
State Treasurer—**C. W. SWANSON**, Superior.
Attorney General—**GERRIT T. THORNE**, Oshkosh.
Insurance Commissioner—**FRED. M. ALTHEN**, Two Rivers.
United States Senator—**JOHN C. KLEIST**, Milwaukee.

County Ticket

County Clerk—**MARTIN PLEHN**.
Sheriff—**WILLIAM A. ARNOLD**.
Register of Deeds—**JACOB HUNGER**.
County Treasurer—**CHARLES V. SCHMIDT**.
Coroner—**DR. HERMAN L. NAHIN**.
District Attorney—**WINFRED C. ZABEL**.
Clerk of the Courts—**DR. WILLIAM C. YOUNG**.

Congressional Ticket

Fourth District—**WINFIELD R. GAYLORD**.
Fifth District—**VICTOR L. BERGER**.
State Senatorial
Fifth District—**Benjamin Sherer**.
Seventh District—**Gabriel Zophy**.
Assembly Candidates
First District—**Charles McDonald**.
Second—**William J. Gilbey**.
Third—**Frank E. McCallie**.
Fourth—**Frank J. Weyer**.
Fifth—**Jacob Hahn**.
Sixth—**William Gladding**.
Seventh—**Charles Sandberg**.
Eighth—**James Vint**.
Ninth—**Edmund J. Berner**.
Tenth—**Arthur Kahn**.
Eleventh—**Frederick Brockhausen**.
Twelfth—**Max Binner**.
Thirteenth—**George Klenzendorf**.
Fourteenth—**Michael Katsban**.
Fifteenth—**Edward H. Kiefer**.
Sixteenth—**Frank J. Weyer**.

Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee

HEADQUARTERS—318 STATE ST.
TELEPHONE—GRAND 1742
Meetings on 1st and 3rd Wednesdays (8 P.M.), Freie Gemeinde Hall, Fourth St., Bet. Cedar and State.
OFFICERS:
Corresponding Secretary—**JOHN REICHERT**, 318 State St.
Recording Secretary—**FREDERIC HEATH**, 34 Sixth St.
Secretary—**EMIL BRODIE**, 156 Eighteenth St.
Sergeant-at-Arms—**M. WEISENPLUH**, 1377 Louis Ave.
Business Agent—**FRANK J. WEBER**, 318 State St.
EXECUTIVE BOARD—**Henry Rempel**, **Walter S. Fisher**, **John J. Handley**, **Albert Walters**, **James Sheehan**, **John Rader**, **Edmund Melms**.
LABEL SECTION—Meetings 2d and 4th Thursday evenings, 318 State St. (Chairman, Wm. Haller; V. C. M. H. Whitaker; Treas., J. Reicher; Sec., H. P. Beck; 111 1/2 W 5th St.)
BUILDING TRADES SECTION—Meetings 3d and 4th Thursday evenings, 318 State St. (Chairman, John Schwegler; Sec., John Schwegler; 245 Fifteenth St.; Fin. Sec., Henry Rempel; 318 State St.; Business Agent, Wm. Griebling; 318 State St. (Chartered by A. F. of L. B. T. Dep.)

WISCONSIN STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR
OFFICIAL DEPARTMENT

UNFAIR—WAS IT?
The United States Supreme Court has now struck the Sherman Anti-Trust Law as including LABOR UNIONS. Complying with the terms of the decision, the "Unfair List" here before a prospective hire has been removed. IT'S UP TO YOU!
Wage Earners Wake Up! Join the Union of your craft and the party of your class always demand the UNION LABEL and SHOP-CARD—cast your Ballot for emancipation from wage slavery.

GENERAL OFFICERS
FRANK J. WEBER, General Organizer, 318 State Street, Milwaukee, Wis.
FRED'K BROCKHAUSEN, Sec.-Treas., 553 Orchard Street, Milwaukee, Wis.
EXECUTIVE BOARD
WM. KAUFMANN, 768 Pearl Street, Kenosha, Wis.
THEODORE ZICK, 318 East Water Street, Watertown, Wis.
WM. JIAMANN, 642 Dover Street, Milwaukee, Wis.
WALTER S. FISHER, 1197 Eighth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.
W. H. SMALE, Scott and First Streets, Wausau, Wis.

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Plain and Decorative Painting, Paperhanging and Calcimining Graining and Hardwood Finishing, Etc., Etc.
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MAKER OF Badges, Banners and Flags
SPECIALTY LABOR DAY OUTFITS for UNIONS
254 FOURTH ST. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Wm. ZASTROW
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Fine Wines Liquors & Cigars

Repair Work
All kinds of Carpenter Repair Work also Paper Roofing Done at Reasonable Prices.
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UNION MADE GOODS
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HATS AND FURNISHINGS
AT POPULAR PRICES
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A. W. HAAS TELEPHONE SOUTH 1091
Fresh and Salt Meats 211 HOWELL AVENUE 211
Poultry & Game in Season
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393 Grove St., Milwaukee
A Full Line of Groceries
WERNITZ & RUHNE, Proprietors
LOWEST PRICES

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Frank Deuster BAKERS' HOME
Saloon and Pool Room
810 Chestnut Street Milwaukee, Wis.
OSCAR RADEMAKER ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Phone Grand 3083 Room 8, Milwaukee, Wis.

For Your Needs Try Bruett CLOTHING CO.
Sellers of Up-to-Date CLOTHING and FURNISHINGS For Men and Boys
Fond du Lac Avenue Cor. 18th St.

W. A. JACOBS Social-Democratic Ticket
Governor—W. A. JACOBS, Racine.
Lieutenant Governor—HENRY BRUNS, Manitowish.
Secretary of State—GUSTAV HERING, Washburn.
State Treasurer—C. W. SWANSON, Superior.
Attorney General—GERRIT T. THORNE, Oshkosh.
Insurance Commissioner—FRED. M. ALTHEN, Two Rivers.
United States Senator—JOHN C. KLEIST, Milwaukee.

Let Labor Go to the Primaries!

Landmarks of Labor

(Continued from 5th page.)

others, Schilling of the Knights included, were popped into jail.

The daily papers outrageously misrepresented Grottkau and entirely overlooked the fact that prior to coming here he had brilliantly won a debate over Johann Most in Chicago on the subject of Socialism versus Anarchy. Grottkau was released on bail when the jury in his first trial disagreed.

In the fall the active men in the Knights of Labor started a Union Labor party for the campaign. It must be confessed it represented very little except an attempt to displace old party office holders. The biggest meeting was held at Schiltz Park hall, on Germania street. Theodore Fritz was chairman and although Grottkau was not on the program the calls for him were so incessant that he went to the platform and fairly took the meeting by storm. The full ticket was elected, including Henry Sulth for congress. Newell Daniels, now quite an old man, was elected sheriff amongst the rest.

Money Reformers.
Another man elected was a lawyer named John W. Wegner. And at the instigation of Robert Schilling, Wegner actually called up the case against Grottkau and put him on trial a

second time. Grottkau was evidently considered in the way. And when the trial was in progress some printer in Grottkau's office put in type a piece of doggerel reflecting on Judge Sloan, and the trial halted and Grottkau was sent to the house of correction for nine months for contempt of court—which he probably felt, all right.

In the spring election next following (in 1888) the Schilling faction put another labor ticket in the field, with a merchant named Herman Kroeger for mayor.

The Socialists had had their lesson, and had estimated the personal motives that made up the money reformers of the Schilling stripe. They went into the campaign with a ticket of their own, headed by Colin Campbell for mayor, and cast over 900 votes. Nine hundred were just enough votes to defeat the Schilling ticket.

In the fall of 1888 the Schilling ticket was again beaten. The so-called labor administration of county affairs had not been very creditable, and the sympathy of the voters was lost. At a meeting at the North Side turn hall, on Walnut street, that had been called by Schilling, Grottkau, who had heard of the move in time to call his followers out in his paper that afternoon, got the stage and administered a casti-

gation to Schilling and Wegner that has probably never been equalled, unless it was when he went for Dave Rose (who had also been taken up by Schilling), in a monster meeting at the West Side Turn hall some years later. Federated Trades Council.

The present labor movement in Milwaukee began with the formation in 1887 of the Federated Trades Council, which was the name chosen for the successor to Grottkau's Central Labor Union. The change was rendered necessary because the American Federation of Labor had been formed the year before and a regular local charter central body was desirable. The new council's first hall was the Federated Trades Union hall, 171 Second street, just north of Grand, also



Old Vorwaerts Office
614 State Street. The scene of many Labor and Party Conferences.

known as Petrie's hall. There and at Schaefer's hall, 244 West Water street, its first meetings were held, with Emil Applehagen, a cigarmaker, as first president. The actual date of organization was August 29, 1887.

The new body flourished, but there was from the start a conflict between the Socialists and the political traders—to call them by no worse name. Their slogan of "no politics in the union" actually meant a free field for them to "deliver" the labor vote outside, to whichever party would pay in cash or in jobs.

During 1888, while the council was still meeting on Second street, a Milwaukee General Trades Council, with a D. A. Soussé as chairman, was organized, probably under K. of L. auspices, but it seems to have "cut no ice."

In 1890 John Stippik, who afterward got a job in the court house, was elected president of the Federated Trades Council, serving two years. In 1892 the council met in the K. of L. assembly hall, at Third and Prairie streets, with William Belmdick as president. He was succeeded by John Coughlin, of the Tanners, and the council again removed this time to the printers' hall, Oneida and Front streets.

There were turbulent times there. Coughlin ruled with a high hand, with a faction of political traders that was formidable. A rule had been previously passed to allow presidents only one term, so Coughlin was succeeded by Frank J. Weber, and the latter by Louis Wleumau, but the fight with the Coughlin faction got worse rather than better. While the Socialists had strength (the brewery workers alone had 12 to 15 delegates, the cigarmakers 6 to 7, etc.) still it was only by causing that they were able to cope with their opponents and to keep the council from becoming a stench to the labor movement. Grottkau had left the Arbeiter Zeitung in 1888 to reside in San Francisco, and had been succeeded by Simon Hickler, later by Jacob Hunger, as general manager, and then by Michael Bron, and by this time Victor L. Berger had come into possession and changed the name to Vorwaerts, and the paper was alternately the organ of the council and not the organ of the council as the two factions alternately showed strength meeting after meeting. The caucuses were held at the Vorwaerts office, 614 State street, and in a back room at the northeast corner of Lloyd and Twenty-fifth streets.

Finally the Socialists amended the constitution so as to do away with the office of president altogether, a chairman being elected for each meeting. The first meeting under the new arrangement was opened by the secretary, George Moerschel, now a Socialist supervisor, and much to Coughlin's disgust the chairman chosen was able to conduct the meeting successfully. One evening the Coughlinite locked horns with their opponents and when Frank Weber as chairman ruled against them they bolted the council. Coughlin, a Democratic politician named Mike Walsh, and others then formed the Industrial Council.

They sent a protest to the American Federation of Labor, with a demand that the charter of the Federated Trades Council be taken away. The decision went flat against them, and their dual body enjoyed a short life.

In 1895 the trades council met in Miller's hall, Third and State streets, and later removed to Union Labor hall, Sixth and Chestnut streets. There the final quietus was given the genus labor fakir in Milwaukee in 1900, when we all enjoyed the sight of twelve trick-

Wisconsin State Organization

Winfield R. Gaylord, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, state organizer



Use the County Fairs

Fond du Lac county has taken the lead in the use of the county fairs for educational work. The comrades there ordered 4,000 copies of the platform and 4,000 copies of the Wisconsin edition of Political Action to be distributed during their county fair.

The Elroy comrades are very much impressed with the possibilities of this plan and are looking forward to pushing the literature sales and distribution in the Juneau county fairs.

Chippewa Falls local sees the possibility of selling and distributing literature at the big North Wisconsin fair, held in their city next month, when 30,000 people will be in attend-

Milwaukee Co. Organization

Address all communications to E. T. Melmr, County Organizer, 344 Sixth St.



The Ninth Ward branch will hold an entertainment and ball at Bahn Frei Turner hall, Sunday, Sept. 18.

The business offices of the council, as well as the headquarters of several of the unions, is at 318 State street, where Business Agent Weber and Secretary Relchert can be found during the day.

And thus we may consider our trip at a close, save that we may best alight a few blocks farther west and north, where the Herald's new Labor-Socialist temple is now up four stories. When it is completed and occupied, a new chapter of the splendidly advancing rise of organized labor in Milwaukee will begin.

ance. Good work, all right. The campaign in the assembly of Polk and Burnett counties will be greatly promoted in the same way by pushing the literature at the Grantsburg and St. Croix Falls county fairs.

There is no doubt that we shall reach 100,000 people with our literature in these various state and county fairs whom we have never before reached. The comrades throughout the state and the local organizations are urged to use the splendid opportunity for distributing and selling literature and the big crowds are good and easily reached. The Social-Democratic Herald is offering generous premiums to those who will secure subscriptions and any member of the party wishing to get busy along this line in his own neighborhood is invited to write in and get particulars.

TOOLS
Mechanics! Attention!
GOOD MECHANIC REQUIRES GOOD TOOLS

Don't be misled by inferior makes. Buy and use good tools with a guarantee back of them. That is the kind we sell, and our prices are reasonable. We also handle a complete line of "Carborundum Oil Stones," to sharpen and keep your tools in shape.

Call and inspect our stock; we will be glad to show you.

P. J. Lavies & Co.
3d and National Aves.
The Old Hardware Corner
Open Evenings



YOU buy clothes for style, fit and comfort and you're entitled to get what you pay for. You'll get all three when you wear one of these specially designed suits made for us by

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Smart, snappy clothes---not freakish; all-wool, finely tailored, correct in fit.

Suits \$15 to \$35 Overcoats \$15 to \$40

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Gimbel Brothers

This Store is the home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes

SCHOOL SHOES

For the Boys and Girls of Today---The Coming Men and Women

Build on Orthopedic Lasts---ideal, perfect, foot-form fitting Shoes. Young feet, growing feet require utmost care in fitting---Luedke and his helper knows how.



Velour Calf, Vici Kid, Box Calf and Other Leathers, Lace and Button Effects, Light and Heavy Soles---the pair from

1.00 to 3.50

Look at our window for the new Fall Shoes

Open Evenings

Closed Sundays

413-415 National Ave.

LUEDKE

Sells the Better Kind of Shoes

Deputy Smoke Inspector. (Salary \$1,200 per annum)

High Grade Clerk (Salary from \$800 per annum up)

Office of the Board of City Service Commissioners, City Hall, Sept. 3, 1910.

Competitive examinations for the positions of deputy smoke inspector and high grade clerk will be held at the above office on Thursday, Sept. 15, 1910, at 9 o'clock a. m.

General requirements for both positions: United States citizenship; residence in the city of Milwaukee for the last three years next preceding the date of application; age, 21 years or more.

Special requirements for deputy smoke inspector: Applicants should possess a good common school education, should be by trade or profession steam or mechanical engineers with an active practical experience of at least four years in such trade or profession, and should be well acquainted with furnace and boiler construction, and must not be interested in the sale or manufacture of any smoke preventing device.

Special requirements for high grade clerk: Correct language, arithmetic, good penmanship, general intelligence, experience, good character and recommendations.

Applications in writing to be presented personally up to and including Monday, Sept. 12, 1910, on the proper blanks to be obtained at the above office.

FRANK A. KREHLA, President.
WM. M. McINTYRE, President.
WM. GUTENKUNST, President.
FRED. C. RUNGE, Commissioners.
JOHN J. VLACH, Secretary.

No. 140--Soc. Dem. Herald, Sept. 3 and 10.

The Herald's New Labor-Socialist Temple

Latest View at corner of building showing Progress of Construction

WANTED

WANTED To Rent Cottage of 4-5 rooms in neighborhood in the 21st Ward by Sept. 15, 1910. Address this office.

WANTED---Your watch repair work. All work guaranteed---Fred Stecher, 211 Grand Avenue, Room 212.

WANTED---To do addressing for societies, merchants, etc. Low prices, quick service. RAPID ADDRESSING CO., 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WANTED---Orders for imitation typewritten letters; cannot be told from the original. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTERY, 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WANTED---Orders for "Socialism Made Plain," fourth edition. This office.

WANTED---BRANCHES and other societies to purchase their Stat and Schafkopf Score Cards, bearing the union label, from us. Fifty cents a dozen. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTERY, 244 Sixth St.

FOR SALE

RECEIPT BOOKS, 50 in a book, with the union label, suitable for unions, branches, etc., 15c each, or two for 35c. Social-Democratic Pub. Co., 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

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BRANCHES! We can now furnish you with 100 Orders on Treasurer, bound, with stub, only 25c. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTERY, 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT---Hall for rent to locals desiring downtown location. Walters Union Local No. 29 will rent their meeting hall at reasonable rates. Apply to H. W. Kean, Steward and Manager, 629 East Water Street. Telephone Connection.

DAMAGES COLLECTED

For personal injury. No charges if unsuccessful. Specific and prompt attention guaranteed. Bonded Rapid Collecting Agency, Inc., 1013 Railway Exchange Bldg. Phone Main 2121. Ad. 2541.

COLLECTIONS

BONDED RAPID COLLECTING AGENCY, INC.
1013 floor, Railway Exchange Bldg., Milwaukee. Orders and requests to the agent. Twelve offices and bonded representatives all over the world. Owned and managed by Milwaukee business men. References and security unlimited. Collections made on commission. Who owes you? Can you not get it? We can try it. Express collections of home bills. We are the only in-door, bonded, bonded, bonded agency in Wisconsin. Investigate. Get our rates and references before making arrangements for collection. Ad. 2541.

Learn Bookkeeping and Stenography at the

McDonald's

307 Grand Avenue
In the Matthews Building

The Select School
In the Center of Milwaukee

COURSES OF STUDY:
Bookkeeping Shorthand
Arithmetic Typewriting
Spelling Correspondence
Commercial Law Business Papers
Business Writing English

High-grade Preparation for
High-grade Positions

Call, write or telephone Grand 739

New Classes Sept. 6

McDonald's Business Institute
Matthews Building, Milwaukee

Opens Day after Labor Day

Don't get that Bunk in your brain box that you've got to pay \$3.50 to \$5.00 for a good pair of shoes

"Save a Dollar"

or more and get as good and fine and stylish shoes as you ever treated your feet to, at either one of our two down-town stores, for

\$2.00 -- \$2.50

Work Shoes Dress Shoes

UNION MADE

All styles, all sizes, work shoes, dress shoes---all leathers---LACE, BUTTON and BLUCHER effects.

Meyer \$2.50 Shoe Store
195-197 West Water Street 208 Grand Avenue
New Caswell Block Loan and Trust Bldg.

The First National Bank of Milwaukee

By adjusting your savings in this Bank, you make them productive and will receive three per cent. interest.

The First National Bank of Milwaukee

HENRY HARBICHT'S PLACE 271 Third Street

SAMPLE ROOM

Steamed Bottle Beer
KEG BEER ON TAP
UNION BAR

WE HANDLE ONLY UNION CIGARS AND TOBACCO

PHONE 1498 GRAND MILWAUKEE, WIS.

DELIA'S SCHOOL SHOES

The kind of school shoes that stand the test of the rough usage that kids give 'em ---in strong and stout soles with uppers tough but plastic---not the corn making kind.

Free with Every Pair

A hand ruler with each pair of boys' and girls' shoes. Will be appreciated by the children.

Fall Shoes for Grown Ups

The new shapes for men and women must be seen to be appreciated. Comfort is not sacrificed to style but the appearance of the shoes is attractive nevertheless.

THE AMERICAN SHOE STORE
575-577 Mitchell St. LOUIS RIPPLE

We Lead in Price Inducements as Usual



Bro. Frank J. Weber Business Agent F. T. C. Wm. Griebing Bus. Agen: Building Trades Council John J. Handley Machinist, now Supt. of Streets, Milwaukee Bro. John Erphy Printing Pressmen's Union Bro. John Rader Brewery Teamsters Union

Labor Day Committee, Milwaukee

The Labor Day Parade

DAVIDSON ONE WEEK STARTING MONDAY Mats. Wed. & Sat.

William Norris

The Base Ball Musical Farce

"My Cinderella Girl"

Direct from the Whitney Opera House, Chicago

A Frolic of Fun and Laughter Beautiful Costumes Fascinating Chorus and Bright Breezy Music

Prices: Evenings—25c to \$1.50 Matinees—25c to \$1.00

Speakers of the Day
Mayor Emil Seidel
Wm. B. Rubin

FORMATION OF PARADE
 Parade starts 10:30 a. m. Route: From Chestnut out Third street to Pabst park.

Unions and music bands are to march three abreast. Keep to the right side of the street car track. All should assist to keep street cars moving on Third street.

FEDERATED TRADES COUNCIL
 FIRST Division forms on Chestnut Street, head resting west of Fourth Street.

METAL TRADES COUNCIL
 SECOND Division forms on east side of Fifth Street, south of Chestnut Street, head resting on Chestnut Street.

BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL
 THIRD Division forms on Fifth Street, north of Chestnut, head resting on Chestnut Street.

LABEL TRADES SECTION
 FOURTH Division forms on Fourth Street, south of Chestnut, head



Bro. Wm. E. Reddin
 Business Agent of the Structural Iron Workers
 Grand Marshal of Labor Day Parade resting on Chestnut Street.

BREWERS' UNIONS
 FIFTH Division forms on west side of Fourth Street, north of Chestnut, head resting on Chestnut Street.

LINE OF MARCH:
 East on Chestnut, north on Third Street.

Marshals of unions are to obey the orders of division marshals and assist in the formation of the divisions. All union men whose unions do not parade can march with the Federated Trades Council.

- Metal Polishers' Union No. 10.**
 THIRD DIVISION
 Wm. Coleman, Marshal.
 Building Trades Council Delegates.
 Band.
- Plumbers' Union No. 75**
Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers' Union No. 24
Cement Workers' Union No. 95.
Electrical Workers' Union No. 494.
 Band.
- Carpenters' Union No. 188.**
Carpenters' Union No. 522.
Carpenters' Union No. 1053.
Carpenters' Union No. 1447.
 Band.
- Carpenters' Union No. 1519.**
Carpenters' Union No. 1748.
Carpenters' Union No. 1813.
Painters' Drum Corps.
Painters' Union No. 922.
Painters' Union No. 1066.
Painters' Union No. 160.
Painters' Union No. 159.
 Band in Wagon.
- Bridge and Structural Iron Workers' Union No. 8, in Tally-hos.**
P. & D. Union No. 47.
FOURTH DIVISION
 Wm. Haller, Marshal.
 Delegates of Label Section.
 Delegates of Allied Printing Trades Council.
 Band.
- Typographical Union No. 23.**
Typographical Union No. 10.
Electrotypers' Union No. 12.
Stereotypers' Union No. 90.
Web Pressmen's Union No. 23.
Feeders, Helpers and Job Pressmen No. 27.
Bookbinders' No. 49.
Photo Engravers' No. 19.
Boot and Shoe Workers' No. 170.
Boot and Shoe Cutters' No. 351.
Barbers' Union No. 50.
Bakers' Union No. 205.
Broom and Whisk Makers' Union No. 1.
Journeyman Tailors' Union No. 86.
 Band.
- Cigar Makers No. 25.**
Coopers' Union No. 35.
Coopers' Union No. 30.
Leather and Novelty Workers' Union No. 40.
FIFTH DIVISION
 Geo. Veicht, Marshal.
 Executive Board of Brewery Workers.
 Band.
- Brewery Teamsters' Union No. 72.**
 Band.
- Brewery Malsters Union No. 89.**
Brewery Engineers and Firemen's Union No. 25.
 Band.
- Beer Bottlers' Union No. 213.**
 Band.
- Brewery Workers' Union No. 9.**

NEW STAR THEATRE

Week Com. Sun. Mat. Sept. 4th SPECIAL! SPECIAL!

The Greatest and Most Costliest Production Ever Presented

The World of Pleasure

The Production, Which Includes a Cast of Notable Principals and a Chorus of Exceptional Loveliness....

CONCERT HALL AND FAMILY RESORT ZUR BIERQUELLE
 315 CHESTNUT STREET

Saturday night, Sunday afternoon and all day Monday Concert, Tyrolean Singers and some new features. Fine lunch, imported frankfurters, etc., etc.

Everybody is cordially invited.
 Hans Tschernitz

BIJOU Matinee Tomorrow

Beginning Season
 Extra Matinee Labor Day

The Spectacular and Inspiring Romance of Christian Martyrdom

THE LIGHT ETHERNAL

with
Eugenie Blair
 And 35 People.

The Greatest Cast Ever Assembled for the Popular Priced Theaters

Henry Miller's Mammoth New York Production
 Sumptuous Costume Equipment

State Fair Week:
IN OLD KENTUCKY

TAKE NOTICE! Members wearing union badges will be admitted to park free until 3 P. M. After that hour no person will be admitted by badge. Tickets 10 cents.

Parade to move at 10:30 A. M. sharp.

FIRST DIVISION
 Wm. E. Reddin, Chief Marshal.
 Officers and Executive Board of Federated Trades Council.
 Band.
 Delegates to the Federated Trades Council.
 Prizes on Wagon.
 Upholsters' Union No. 29.
 Hack and Coupe Drivers' Union No. 790.

SECOND DIVISION
 Louis Koch, Marshal.
 Patternmakers' Association.
 Iron Molders' Union No. 125.
 Iron Molders' Union No. 166.
 Band.
 Machinists' Union No. 66.

Molders Show Strength

The Molders' union for the years 1907, 1908 and 1909 paid a per capita tax to the A. F. of L. on a membership of 50,000, and at the present time the organization has 433 subordinate unions. The molders are considering an insurance feature for their organization. It is the intention to establish a voluntary insurance department in which members can be insured in sums ranging from \$500 to \$2,000 at lower rates than can be secured in any reliable insurance company or association.—Chicago Daily Socialist.

Methods I see in my mind a noble and puissant nation rousing herself like a strong man after sleep, and shaking her invincible locks. Methinks I see her as an eagle mewing her mighty youth, and kindling her undimmed eyes at the full midday beam.—John Milton.

You Will Find a Union Label on All Our Upholstered Furniture. This is the only store in Milwaukee that upholds the Union. Patronize your friends and be assured of getting absolutely the best-made goods at lowest possible prices. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Automobile Coupons Given With Every 50c Purchase

FALL PATTERNS OF RUGS AND CARPETS

Ready for your inspection. Odd sizes in great variety. We have the largest showing of American made Rugs in the city.

Tapestry Brussels Rugs

6x9	\$8.00 and up
6-9x9	9.00 and up
7-8x9	10.00 and up
8-3x10-6	11.00 and up
9x10-6	12.00 and up
9x12	14.00 and up
11-3x12	22.00 and up

Velvet Rugs

6x9	\$14.00
8-3x10-6	\$16.00 and up
9x12	\$18.00 and up
11-3x12	\$28.00

Finest Axminster Rugs

4-6x6-6	\$8.00
6x9	15.00
8-3x10-6	23.00
11-3x15	40.00

Body-Brussels Rugs

6x9	\$18.00 and up
8-3x10-6	22.00 and up
9x12	25.00 and up
10-6x12	\$38.00

Wilton Rugs

4-6x7-6	\$15.00 and up
6x9	22.00 and up
8-3x10-6	28.00 and up
9x12	32.00 and up

Ka Shan Rugs

8-3x10-6	\$48.00
9x12	55.00

LACE CURTAINS AND CURTAIN GOODS

Buying direct from the factory insures you the very latest patterns at lowest possible prices. Novelty Curtains—

1.25 and up

Printed Madras Curtain Goods, 18c values, reduced to **12c** per yard, at...

1,500 yards Curtain Goods, including all nets, figured or plain, at 1/3 regular price.

Rope Portieres... \$1.25 to \$9.00
 Leather Portieres... \$6.00 to \$8.75
 Tapestry Portieres \$1.50 to \$18.00
 We make the finest Double Faced Linen Velour Curtains **\$81.00** at...

A Lesson in Politics

"Harry," said the young wife who was trying to become interested in current events that she might discuss them at the women's club, "what does the paper mean when it says the Social-Democrats have carried Milwaukee?"

"Why, just what it says. It's plain enough."

"But what are the Social-Democrats, Harry?"

"Why, the—er—er—they're the party that carried Milwaukee."

"I should think you might be more specific, Harry. You know I don't understand anything about politics. To be sure, I know what Democrats are. They're the people that want Bryan to be president. And I want what socials are. We have them at our church every month, and they're awfully stupid. I wouldn't go near them if it weren't a religious duty. But what are Social-Democrats? Does it mean that the Democrats held socials and got people to vote for them by not charging anything for the ice cream and cake? I should think that was real corrupt."

Harry looked at her with the amazement of one who had received a new revelation of the wonderful accuracy of woman's intuitions.

"Yes, my dear," he said at last. "That's about right. Only there's little more to it. These Social-Democrats promise to establish a kind of government in which ice cream and cake shall be free to everybody who will eat them and only millionaires shall have to wash the dishes."—Buffalo Express.

WHO WAS GREEDY?

After the San Francisco fire the landlords quickly raised their rents from 50 to 100 per cent, making it particularly hard for the workmen to get along. Then the building trade unions formed and raised their scale and forthwith there went up a wall about "greedy trade unions." "Was ever thus!"

THE NEW CRYSTAL

3—Shows Daily—3
 2:45—8:00—9:30
 4—Shows Sunday—4
 2:30—4:00—7:45—9:30

PRICES
 Weekday Mats 10c & 20c
 Even & Sun. Mats. 10c, 20c
 Few Rows 30c

VAUDEVILLE
 The Simple Life

Week Com. **Monday, Sept. 5**

FRANK BUSH
 World's Greatest Story Teller

LAMB'S MANIKINS
 The World's Wonders

5—BROWN BROS.—5
 Comedy Musical Artists

THE GAGNOUX
 Novelty Jugglers

Burham & Greenwood
 Brilliant Wit, Song and Music

Moving Pictures Illustrated Song

State Fair Week **ALL STAR** Comedy Acts

A Socialist Prayer

The Harp, Dublin, Ireland. The spirit of that early Christian testimony is very hard to get over. And then consider the whole ethics of Christianity: love of our neighbor, the spirit of human brotherhood, and so on. Why these are the very ethics of the Socialism. If we were unflinchingly practical Christians we would be driven to Socialism, or something very like it. In the Lord's Prayer, by the way, every Christian prays Socialistically: "Give us this day our daily bread," and so on. He does not say, "Give me my daily bread." He prays for the brethren, the community.

Rather Socialistic for Sammy!

IN the fourteenth annual report of the Michigan bureau of labor, issued in 1897, there is an article by Samuel Gompers. On page 207 of that article he says:

"The conflict between the laborers and the capitalists is as to the quantity, the amount, the wages the laborer shall receive for his part in production and the residue or profit which shall go to the capitalist. The one is the seller of an article—time—labor; the other is the buyer of this same article. Of any one thing there never yet. Between the sellers and the buyers has been a community of interests. This conflict for the largest share of the production has gone on from time immemorial, and cannot cease until the laborers shall be the capitalists, i. e., the capitalists shall be the laborers. In other words, they shall be one and the same persons."

The wealth which ingratulates itself to crush and starve us, WE create. The blood we shed on flood and field Give greatness to the MIS-NAMED great. But short would reign this favored few Were we but to each other true! M. Walsh, 1845.

"The test of popular prosperity and the public welfare is plain. It is the condition of the body of the people. What is their life, and how do they live?"

"Welcome the hopes that have been raised within the past few years. Well come these harbingers of the morn, in this time of storm and stress!"

One Judge Hitchcock of Boston has placed the latest snuff upon our legal system. His dishonest has actually dared to hold that union men have no right to use their own money to support each other during a strike. Think of that! Every decent citizen should feel contempt for—the food working men who gave their ballots to elect such a creature to the bench.

There is no wealth but life.—Ruskin.

Town Topics by the Town Crier

A correspondent of the Free Press wittily says that Seidel has started an Ananias club of his own, and that Toddy is the first distinguished member.

Get out a big vote for the Social-Democratic ticket at the primary, and it will have the same kind of an effect that the spring election had on Wall street and the trusts.

Leave the old party politicians and their heclers to settle their own squabbles for office. The trusts care very little which of those crowds are nominated. Pile up the vote for the Social-Democratic party next Tuesday at the primary election, and then notice how respectful your boss will be for the next week.

Another victim of Butcher P.'s cars, was reported Thursday. The majority of these killings would be spared if there were airbrakes on the cars. The fight of the company against our party's efforts to force airbrakes has been simply criminal, and it is deserving of no mercy now that the Socialist administration has put it on the run.

The international Social-Democratic congress is now in session in Copenhagen. A resolution demanding the establishment of a system of universal and compulsory insurance against unemployment was adopted Wednesday. Cardinal Manning said that a man who could not get employment had a moral right to steal. But the unemployed do not steal, which shows their superiority over the capitalists.

"Seidel's no fool," observed a man on the street car in our hearing. "If he had gone on the reception committee, he would have had to sit on the stage while Roosevelt spoke." Then Roosevelt, who never respects others, would fire on some stuff about Socialism, and it Seidel sat still he would be called a coward, and if he walked out the daily papers would call him a baby. If I was in his place I'd a done what he did. There's no flies on Seidel."

The governor suggests that the workers should have a due regard for the men or corporations that give them employment. We beg to correct the governor. It is the people, the workers themselves, who give employment. Unfortunately, by reason of

the social system, we are now living under, the control of work is in the hands of a certain number of men and corporations—but considering that these people are giving out jobs in order to make a profit out of every person employed, they are entitled to no special homage from the real creators of wealth.

Welcome to Theodore Roosevelt to Milwaukee, a city ruled by the people and not by capitalist party politicians of his stripe and worse. We are glad to have him come to a city ruled by the people whose beliefs are "too filthy to speak about in print" and where the union man whom he has catalogued as an "undesirable citizen" holds his head up in conscious pride of his importance to society and of his contempt for politicians who hobnob with European despots and denounce nations who wish self-government. Mr. Roosevelt is welcome to Milwaukee and will receive every courtesy that is his due. Let him look upon a city full of orderly, self-respecting people whom he has gone out of his way to slander as immoral and undesirable, yet who bear no resentment. The sight may do the man good.

The falling of portions of the city hall, practically a new building as such structures go, is only what might have been expected, considering that it was built during the boodle days. It is known to have been a graft structure from the foundation up and if many connected with its building had had their deserts they would be wearing stripes today instead of living in fine houses. And incidentally the Socialist administration finds itself saddled with another \$10,000 burden as a gift from the capitalist parties.

There was a brutal frankness about that short editorial in The Sentinel early in the week in defense of Chief Janssen's czar-like conduct toward the policemen's "offs." Everyone knows that Janssen belongs to the owner of The Sentinel, and it is proper that it should defend him when he is wrong—and defend him with a burst of anger. Those in the wrong lose their tempers.

The poor candidates! Elbowing each other aside for the nomination plums. And holding meetings and talking to empty chairs! OW WOW!

Are You Ready for the School Days?

We have planned for you, looked after the needs of the children and are ready to fit them out completely ready for school. No matter what is needed, you'll find it here at BARGAIN PRICES.

Children's Dresses
 \$1.25 and \$1.50 Values 95c

Neat little wash dresses of chambray, in a nice assortment of very pretty styles and colors, well worth \$1.25 and \$1.50..... 95c

CHILDREN'S CAPES

Children's capes of good quality broadcloth, military style, in red, navy and Copenhagen. \$2.50

Children's and Misses' Rubberized Capes with silk-lined hood, very smart, tan and navy, specially priced at **\$3.95**

Red Goose School Shoe
 The Finest and Best Shoes for Boys and Girls

Sizes 8 1/2 to 11 \$2.00
 Sizes 11 1/2 to 2 \$2.25
 Sizes 2 1/2 to 5 \$2.50

High button and lace shoes, made in all leathers, on foot-form shapes—extraordinary values.

\$2.50 Patent Kid Ankle Strap Pumps..... \$1.79
 \$2.50 Gum Metal 2-Strap Pumps..... \$1.79

Good School Supplies Cheap

Large Hammock Weave School Bag, 10c.
 Other School Bags, 25c to 1.50.
 A set Pencils in box with eraser, 25c.
 5c Pencils, 2 for 5c.
 Good Lead Pencils, 2c.
 Rubber Erasers, 5c.
 Japanese Pencil Box, at 9c.
 5c Composition Book, at 4c.
 5c bottle of Ink, 3c.
 10c bottle of Ink, 8c.
 Penholders, each 1c.
 60 page Pencil Tablets, 5c.
 12 in. Brass Band Rulers, at 5c.
 Composition Books, 4c to 10c.
 Good Faber Pencils with eraser, a dozen, 10c.
 5c School Dictionaries, 25c.

Filed Books Espenhain's Ends Buy Your School Supplies. Every Book Means a Dollar.

ESPENHAIN'S
 300 Stores Give Them. Demand Them. They Mean Dollars to You.

MAJESTIC THEATRE

Week Beginning Monday Matinee
CARL SAUERMAN & CO. in "The Flute Players"

Hanlon Bros. The Mermaids Taylor, Kranzman & White Radie Furman Robt. DeMont Trio Douglas & Moscrop Parsley & Majesticope

Bargain Mat. Daily 10c to 35c Every Evening 10c to 75c

GAYETY Telephone Grand 104

Beginning Sunday Matinee
The Golden Crook Extravaganza Co.

All Week—Afternoon & Evening with
 Ba' Arlington, Late Star of "Me, Him, and I"
 As Good as "The Queen of Bohemia"

Empress
 SAFEST FIRE-PROOF THEATRE IN AMERICA

JOHN DILLON, HEIM, CHILDREN, HALLEN AND FULLER "Kretore," PEARL STEVENS

S. & C. MIGHTY ROAD SHOWS START SUNDAY MATINEE

EMPIRE THEATRE
 Mitchell St., Bet. 6th & 7th Aves.
 The Popular Favorite

Lillian Mortimer
 in the Western Drama
"Our Billy"
 6—Other Headline Acts—6

COLUMBIA THEATRE
 Eleventh and Walnut Streets

Will Francis & Co. Great Comedy Sketch
"Love Under Difficulties"
 6—Other Acts—6 \$15c

PABST PARK
 Last Day of the Season

MONDAY, LABOR DAY

Big celebration under the auspices of Federated Trades Council. Speeches by MAYOR SEIDEL and W. B. RUBIN.

GRAND DISPLAY OF FIREWORKS!

Concerts by May's Band, Solos by Hattie Lurat, Dancing, Horseback Riding, Etc.

Today—COLUMBIAN KNIGHTS PICNIC. Sunday—OUTING OF BROTHERHOOD OF RAILWAY CARMEN. This invites you.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Store will be open every evening after September 6th.

We give S.&H. Stamps

Geo. I. Prasser & Sons
 National Ave., Cor. 4th Ave.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Closing out Go - Carts at almost 1/2 regular price.

We give Kroger Stamps

ALHAMBRA
 Milwaukee's Finest Theatre

Week commencing Sunday Matinee
 Extra—Mat. LABOR DAY—Extra
 Sam S. & Lee Schubert offer

"The Lottery Man"

Rida Johnson Young's Great Comedy
 530 Best Main Floor Seats, \$1.00

Next—THE FOURTH ESTATE
 The Great Newspaper Play