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The Call

The Weather.

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600 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

Devoted to the Interests of the Working People.

TELEPHONE 5000 BEEKMAN.

No. 266.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1910.

Price, Two Cents.

PICKINGS FOR LAWMAKERS

Tracy Rogers Admits on Stand that \$82,475 Went to These Pure Patriots.

INSURE FAIR TREATMENT

Money Distributed So As to Insure Return of "Best Men" to the Legislature.

State legislators' salaries may not be large, but that they could live on them, with the aid of the various little gifts from the traction ring, was made perfectly clear by the reluctant admission of G. Tracy Rogers, traction lobbyist, to the legislative graft hunters at the hearing in the City Hall yesterday. He admitted when confronted with proof that \$82,475 passed through his hands and was paid to state legislators by the firm of Ellingwood & Cunningham.

It was made clear that thousands of dollars were spent at every election for the nomination and election of men who would serve the railroad corporations. It was also made clear that after these good men were elected their continued loyalty to the traction interests was assured by generous gifts of cash. Oh, no; the traction gang never bribed any legislator!

To Secure Fair Treatment.

When Rogers was asked why the big sum named had been given to legislators, he answered: "To secure fair treatment."

Attorney Linn Bruce wanted to know more about these contributions.

He perfectly safe procedure, as the witness and the legislators involved cannot be jailed, because of the statute of limitations having outlived their cases, and Rogers said:

"When I first went to Albany I found that something should be done. I advised the association that campaign funds should be raised and so distributed as to result in the election of the best men to the legislature."

"Best for you or the people?" Rogers was asked.

"For both," he replied at first, but later changed his answer, saying that the "best" men should have the interests of the railroads at heart, and also admitted that some times the interests of the railroads conflicted with those of the people. "The railroads' interests were then paramount," he said.

Rogers a Special Partner.

The first solid hour and a half of examination to which Rogers was subjected was based upon these facts already in evidence before the committee adduced from an analysis of the account books of Ellingwood & Cunningham.

He was during a number of years, coincident with his account on behalf of the New York State Railway Association, a special partner in that stock brokerage firm.

During that special partnership he received from H. A. Robinson and passed through his, the witness' account, to the credit of members of the legislature in 1906, May 10th, \$5000; May 16th, \$1,000; May 22d, \$5,000; September 13th, \$1,000; November 6th, \$3,500; and in 1902, May 14th, \$500; July 7th, \$2,000; July 11th, \$300; October 27th, \$3,000; November 3rd, \$2,000 and in November 14th, 1900, \$2,000; December 1st, 1900, \$500, received from Robinson, but not traced to the credit of legislators having an account at Ellingwood & Cunningham's.

During that period there also passed to the credit of legislative account directly April 23, 1901, Goodsell, \$9,000; March 9, 1902, Goodsell, \$500; May 1, 1900, Bedell, \$3,500; January 23, 1902, Bedell, \$1,000. During that period Vreeland contributed to Mr. Rogers, and the contribution was received by the brokerage firm, \$2,475, and the Street Railway Association sent to the brokerage firm for Rogers \$25,000. The Vreeland and Railway Association contributions were distributed through the Hackley and other special accounts to the credit of the account of members of the legislature. Also there was a payment to legislators through Rogers' hands by the Metropolitan Railway Company in 1900 of \$13,500 and in 1901 of \$7,000. Thus, from the records of Ellingwood & Cunningham it had been shown that in about three years \$82,475 passed through the hands of the witness for the firm of which the witness was a member to legislators of New York.

Having placed this summary of all the preceding testimony before the witness, he was asked to tell frankly

KILLS HIS PARAMOUR THEN HANGS HIMSELF

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 22.—A man who has been almost positively identified as B. W. Yates, a prosperous business man of Detroit, hung himself in the "bull pen" of the county jail today within two hours after shooting his companion, Mrs. Fred Singer, of Cleveland, during a quarrel, in White's road house, near the western outskirts of the city.

The clothes worn by the suicide were made by J. Kirschbaum, a Detroit tailor, who described them so accurately over the long distance telephone that the police believe there is no longer any doubt as to his identity.

Mrs. Singer, who recently separated from her husband, is in a critical condition at Lakewood Hospital.

The woman was shot once through the back and twice in the legs. She is about twenty-three years old.

The fatal quarrel marked the end of an all-night "joy ride."

SOCIALIST PARADE PLANS PERFECTED

Candidates to Speak at Big Demonstration in Union Square.

Forward, march. Everything is ready for the monster parade in connection with the ratification of the Socialist candidates at Union Square a week from Saturday night.

"This will be the biggest parade in the history of the Socialist movement in this city, I believe," said Organizer Cassidy last night to a reporter for The Call.

"It will be more and greater than a local demonstration; it will be, in fact, an interstate demonstration of working class solidarity."

The latest organization to join in the demonstration is the Socialist party organization in Hudson County, N. J., headed by Max Fischer and Frank Miller as marshals. The Bakers' Union and a number of other progressive labor organizations will come over to participate in the demonstration, with a file and drum corps. They have sent out invitations to Paterson, Passaic, Newark, Fort Lee and a number of other organizations asking them to join the big parade.

Speakers at Union Square.

"The speakers will be Charles Edward Russell, candidate for Governor of New York; Wilson B. Killenbeck, candidate for Governor of New Jersey, and Robert Hunter, candidate for Governor of Connecticut, and a number of other well-known Socialist speakers," said Organizer Cassidy.

At the conference held in the Labor Temple last night, Organizer Cassidy reported that Organizer Gruber, of the East Side, had informed him that they will join the parade, turning out several thousand strong. This was cheering news, as there was for a time some doubt as to whether the East Side would join the parade.

Organizer Lindgren, of Brooklyn, reported through Cassidy that nine unions in addition to the party organizations in that borough have decided to join the Brooklyn division of the parade. More Brooklyn unions are expected to join.

Brooklyn will have several bands of music to play inspiring revolutionary music for them.

The line of march, as outlined, follows: Uptown division: Form at Labor Temple, on East 44th street; march down First avenue to 57th street, across to Eighth avenue, down to 26th street, over to Broadway and down to Union square.

The following officers have been elected for the parade: Grand Marshal, Max Fischer; assistants, Thomas Schneider of the Carpenters, 369, John A. Wall and J. W. Roberts.

NO COMPROMISE FOR GERMAN SOCIALISTS

National Congress of Party Reaffirms Position of Previous Years Against Voting for Budget.

MADDEBURG, Germany, Sept. 22.—Despite all stories in the capitalist press there is no danger of a split in the ranks of the Social Democratic party, although it is true that there is considerable strong feeling because of tactical differences. But these differences will not be permitted to hamper the rapid and unified growth of the party throughout the empire.

Today's session of the congress was marked by great enthusiasm, especially the parliamentary reporter, announced that the Socialist placed a demand for a republic against the regime of personal absolutism. This declaration was cheered to the echo.

When Noske announced that the next election cry would be the increased cost of the necessities of life there was also a demonstration.

The greater part of the day was spent in discussing Socialist activities for the development of the spirit of solidarity among the workers.

The revolutionists won out against the opportunists on the question of supporting the budgets in the various states and principally by the passage of a strong set of resolutions which reaffirm the position of previous congresses, all of which condemned voting for the budgets.

The opportunists reconsidered the defiant attitude which they assumed yesterday and accepted the decision of the congress in good spirit.

Great optimism prevails among the delegates with regard to the party's progress from now on.

SAY BOYS STOLE MANY SWEATERS

Burnett Rosen, fourteen years old, of 389 Bushwick avenue, and Louis Caplin, thirteen years old, of 204 Steep street, all of Brooklyn, are charged with juvenile delinquency and will be taken before the Children's Court of Brooklyn.

They were arrested yesterday by Policeman Fleming, of the Hamburg avenue station, who saw the lads push a cart loaded with 120 sweaters along Evergreen avenue at Harman street. They were arrested. Two hours later police headquarters reported a pushcart and 120 sweaters had been stolen from the factory of Joseph Franckel, at 247 Boerum street.

NIAGARA GIVES UP ONE OF ITS DEAD

NIAGARA FALLS, Sept. 22.—That Niagara sometimes does give up its dead was shown today when the body of a man, about thirty-five, supposed from a name written inside his coat to be W. A. Magill, was found on the shore today below the American falls. Except for a coat, the body was fully clad. It had been in the water about a week, and is supposed to have come over the American falls.

According to river men, this is the first time a body has ever been washed up below the falls.

SONS OF VULCAN ASK FOR INCREASED PAY

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 22.—The strike of the Sons of Vulcan will likely be ended here tomorrow at a conference of members of the organization when the manufacturers' proposition to grant the same increase that was granted the Amalgamated Association puddlers will likely be accepted, according to information today.

The manufacturers recently refused to grant the Sons of Vulcan 25 cents more than the Amalgamated scale.

IF NOT SANE HE WAS AT LEAST SAFE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—When William Thomas, an aged negro, was being examined in Police Court today, upon a lunacy charge, Judge Mulhoney asked him:

"Who is the President of the United States?"

"Day do say they's two o' em; one's named Taft and de oder's named Teddy," replied the witness.

After a few more questions, Thomas was released.

TO TRY CRIPPLEN IN OCTOBER.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The trial of Dr. Hawley Harvey Crippen for the murder of his wife, Belle Elmore, the actress, and of Ethel Clare Le Neve, who is charged with being an accessory after the fact, has been set for the October sessions of the Central Criminal Court.

BROADSIDE FOR COL. ROOSEVELT

Mrs. Storer Offers Proof of Effort to Make Cardinal of Archbishop Ireland.

STORY OF BASE BETRAYAL

Teddy Accused of Repudiating His Own Word—Branded as Dangerous Influence.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 22.—Giving the lie direct to Theodore Roosevelt, the Springfield Republican this morning prints the following correspondence from Mrs. Bellamy Storer:

To the Editor of the Republican—Ten years ago Theodore Roosevelt was a devoted and grateful friend (apparently) to my husband and myself. He had reason to be grateful. We had helped him in many ways, and were very fond of him and of his wife and children. He was a member of the Civil Service Commission in Washington when we first knew him in 1892; and Mr. Storer was in the House of Representatives when Mr. Roosevelt was a Police Commissioner in New York.

In 1896 Mr. McKinley had been elected President, and Mr. Roosevelt begged my husband to use his influence with the President-elect to have Mr. Roosevelt appointed Assistant Secretary of the Navy. On this subject Mr. Roosevelt wrote the following letter:

Dear Bellamy—I have been thinking over that business, and now will you let me write perfectly frankly? If you care to say anything for me, old fellow, I think you could say it better a good deal if I were away. So, unless you think to the contrary, or unless there is some reason for a change, I believe that it would be best for me to come and dine with you; and then you see McKinley by yourself, if you care to do so at all, which I earnestly hope you will. Give my best love to Mrs. Storer.

Faithfully yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

P. S.—I hope you won't think this impertinent. I should rather have you speak in my behalf than any one in the U. S., and I think you could do most good; but I rather hate to go there with you, for, somehow, it does not seem to me that it would be a good thing for you to speak for me, before me.

Mr. McKinley appointed Mr. Roosevelt at my husband's request, and my husband was sent as minister to Belgium. Two years later, in 1898, Mr. Storer was asked by President McKinley to go to Madrid to renew the diplomatic relations, broken by the war. We were especially chosen for this work—because we were Catholics and had opposed the war with Spain in every way we could. I think that Mr. Roosevelt resented this, he having done everything possible to bring about that unfortunate war, but he seemed to be as friendly and as grateful as ever.

When he was elected Vice-President he accepted our house in Washington at half the rent we had been getting from Mr. Olney, the secretary of state, because he saw: "We are so fond of you that we don't mind being under obligations to you."

Storer Dumped.

Just before Mr. Roosevelt was to move into our house President McKinley was assassinated and Theodore Roosevelt became President. Mr. McKinley had intended to send my husband as ambassador to some important post to reward him for four years of hard work in Madrid, renewing the treaties with Spain, etc.

Two months after Mr. Roosevelt became President on November 3, 1901, Archbishop Ireland wrote to Mr. Storer as follows:

St. Paul, Nov. 3, 1901. My Dear Friend: I have had two most pleasant meetings with the President at the White House. He is decidedly your friend and resolved to give you the best there is. "Even," said he, "if Berlin comes first and Bellamy wished it for a little while, pending Choate's retention of London, I would give it to him and change him shortly afterward to London. Let him trust me." With kind regards to Mrs. Storer, I am, very sincerely,

JOHN IRELAND.

President Roosevelt never carried out this promise. The pressure of

(Continued on Page 3.)

SIGNS THAT BAKER'S DAYS ARE NUMBERED

He Hopes to Stave Off Dismissal by Great Show of Activity—Tenderloin Clean-Up.

Signs were not wanting yesterday that the days of Police Commissioner William F. Baker are numbered, and that unless Mayor Gaynor makes his appearance in the City Hall shortly, Acting Mayor Mitchell will take some action toward Baker's removal from office on his own responsibility.

Baker, on the other hand, sought yesterday to polish up his case before the grand jury and Mayor Gaynor by becoming busy in the Tenderloin. The Police Commissioner, who, up till now was deaf and dumb to gambling and vice orgies, got extremely busy yesterday and the night before and gave the Tenderloin an extensive clean up.

During the forenoon yesterday, Baker was before the grand jury for several hours. He emerged from the grand jury room about 1 o'clock, smiling and affable, and remarked, in answer to a question, that it would take him two hours to tell all he had told the jury.

May Indict Men Higher Up.

Rumors of indictments were heard on every hand. There was a report that two proprietors of more or less notorious Broadway resorts would be charged with keeping gambling houses. One of these places is known as the resort of the plainclothes men ordinarily detailed to the Broadway district. According to other rumor, the records of a number of police inspectors and captains were being examined by the grand jurors, with a view to determining whether they could be indicted.

The belief was expressed in some quarters that indictments of higher police authorities would be found. Former Deputy Police Commissioner Bert Hanson was a caller at the City Hall yesterday morning, and he and Acting Mayor Mitchell left the building together. Hanson, it will be remembered, was responsible for the removal of General Bingham as the head of the Police Department. Mayor McClellan insisted on the dismissal of Hanson, and when Commissioner Bingham refused to comply with his request, he lost his own head. What the object of Mr. Hanson's mission was could not be ascertained. Mr. Mitchell left word that he would not return until late in the afternoon.

Tenderloin Closely Watched.

According to the affidavits which are on file in the Mayor's office, many of the disorderly resorts in Manhattan and Brooklyn depend upon the moving picture places. That is, the investigators during the course of their rambles about the city found that the keepers of the disorderly places solicit patronage in the moving picture places.

The evidence in the vice and gambling situation in Brooklyn will be submitted to District Attorney Clarke tomorrow. It covers a multitude of places, and it is understood that the Acting Mayor feels that he will have little trouble in securing the indictments of the men and police officials who are responsible for the operations of these places.

An uncommonly large number of detectives and uniformed men have been scattered about the "white light" district for several days. With them are men from the office of the commissioner of accounts, who are keeping tab on the regular police as well as collecting additional information for the acting Mayor.

Much interest was manifested yesterday over the probable trend of Commissioner Baker's testimony before the grand jury. It was conjectured that he followed the line of defense he had maintained since the acting Mayor began his series of disclosures, throwing the final blame for the wide-open condition of the city upon the Mayor's discontinuation of plainclothes men. At police headquarters wanted to present his own story to the grand jury before the minds of the jurors were too strongly affected by the evidence offered by Mitchell and his associates.

INDIA AS RIVAL TO SUGAR TRUST

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—India is now one of the greatest sugar-producing countries in the world, its output amounting to 5,000,000 tons annually, according to Consul Darnley of Bombay.

The establishment of large factories is planned there as a means of increasing the sugar yield and meeting the formidable competition of the imported article.

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TO BUILD NEW UNION STATION AT CHICAGO

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—Completion of arrangements under which the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway will occupy the Wells street passenger station as soon as the Chicago and Northwestern moves into its new structure paved the way today for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to start on its new \$26,000,000 station.

During reconstruction of the station the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy and the Chicago and Alton railroads will use the Grand Central station, the Pennsylvania proper and the Panhandle being the only lines to remain in the union station. On completion of the station all of the companies will use it again.

Completion of the immense New York station of the Pennsylvania released the staff of constructing engineers of the company, and architects and engineers were ordered to report in Chicago and begin work on the new station here.

MANY TURNED AWAY AT RATIFICATIONS

Meetings for William Karlin and Meyer London Attended by Throngs Enthusiastic for Candidates.

Five thousand people gathered at Rutgers-square last night to ratify the candidacy of William Karlin, from the 8th Assembly district. In addition to the meeting on Rutgers square two overflow meetings were held in the nearby streets.

At the time Karlin was being ratified at the open air meeting, Meyer London, candidate for Congress from the 9th Congressional district, was pledged the support of the Peale Zion, a Zionist-Socialist organization at a meeting in Clinton Hall.

The speakers at the Karlin ratification meeting were George Dohse, J. A. Behringer, Jacob Fanken, Max Mysel and Karlin himself.

Dohse made a brief address, urging the workers not to forget the deceit and treachery of the political parties in the past. He pointed out the promises made by old party candidates before election and forgotten the next day. But the workers, he said, could not expect those old party candidates to act otherwise. They were there not in the interest of the working people, but in the interest of the ruling class. When the Socialist send their own men to office, the promises made before election will be put into execution after election.

J. A. Behringer told the five thousand people at the meeting that if the people of the eighth assembly district do their duty by their candidate, the candidate of the Socialist party, they will have taken a forward step in the direction of realizing the dream of centuries—the brotherhood of men.

William Karlin, the candidate from the district, was given a warm reception when he stepped on the truck from which the speakers addressed the crowd.

Karlin dwelt at length upon things that even a single Socialist assemblyman could do. If he could not accomplish definite and clear reforms he could at least put the old party candidates on record just as the Socialists in Wisconsin did. The Socialists there proposed legislation against child labor and this legislation was defeated by the old party representatives. But by defeating this legislation the old party representatives put themselves on record, and then this record of theirs sent more and more Socialists into office until Milwaukee now has a Socialist mayor.

If elected, Karlin said, one of the bills he would introduce would provide for a compensation act.

A Thousand Turned Away.

At the Peale Zion meeting in Clinton Hall, there were about fifteen hundred people. About a thousand more could not gain admittance and were turned away.

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"UNIONISM CAN'T BE STAMPED OUT"

Socialist Attorney Tells Connecticut Capitalists of the Hopelessness of Their Fight.

12 DAMAGE SUITS ARE QUASHED

Effort of Cook Firm to Smash Labor and Socialist Organizations Not Wholly Successful.

(Special to The Call.)

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 22.—"Gentlemen, there is no place in the United States where a manufacturer can escape to avoid the agitation and trade unionism."

These were the concluding remarks of a forceful argument by Meyer London, the New York Socialist attorney, opposing the issuance of an injunction against fifteen labor and Socialist organizations in this city demanded by the local cloak and suit firm of Davidson & Watts, which was backed by every known trust and corporation in Connecticut in an effort to crush organized labor in this state.

The hearing came up before Judge Case in the Superior Court and lasted for nearly two days. All that day the leading business men of Hartford were in court trying to impress the court with their presence and in this way force a law upon the statute books of the state of Connecticut which would deprive labor of one of its most cherished rights, the right of picket.

At the close of the day yesterday Judge Case announced that he had rejected the injunction. But the case was full of victories for the union and radical organizations of this city, which are the defendants in the case. Socialists Included in Suit.

Davidson & Watts sued fifteen organizations in Hartford, including the Central Labor Union, two branches of the Workmen's Circle, and the local branch of the Socialist party for damages because of the encouragement they have given the strikers from their shop, and asked an injunction against these organizations, restraining them from "intimidation, fraud and violence."

The hearing on yesterday and on Wednesday resulted in the quashing of the damage suits against twelve of the fifteen organizations, the complainants in the case, failing to prove that these twelve organizations had in any way injured their business.

The Central Labor Union proved that its sympathy with the strikers was due to fraternal interest with one labor body felt for another. It proved that when the strikers came to them for assistance they put the pickets in charge of able persons who saw to it that the pickets conducted themselves in a most orderly manner.

Not only the Central Labor Union but numerous townspeople who untarntly appeared in court and testified that the pickets conducted themselves peacefully at all times. The only rest in connection with the strike, it was brought out, was that of a striker but of a business man who was a strike sympathizer.

Many women, the testimony brought out, were so impressed by the reserve and dignity of the strikers that they offered them their services to carry on their campaign for the winning over the non-union employees the Davidson & Watts shop to the side.

Realizing that the demand for an injunction by Davidson & Watts merely a cover for the evident intention of the Manufacturers' Association of Hartford, which has the members representative number of trusts to crush out the Central Labor Union called Meyer London from New York City to its lawyers, Mrs. Mary Landen Strall, of Brooklyn, who is the local attorney for the Central Labor Union, was retained by the Central Labor Union to represent it in the case.

Meyer London spoke on the aspects of this situation.

It was during this time that the hearing was held on the damage suits against the twelve organizations.

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with a broom; that all over the United States workmen are discovering their real situation and beginning to see that their only salvation is in organization. Much as this information must have annoyed the manufacturers, London told them the best thing they can do is to begin to realize that this is the era of labor, that organization and solidarity among the workers and producers is necessary, and that employers might as well make up their minds as to the inevitability of trade unionism and the impossibility of permanently crushing it.

GLAZIERS DEMAND THAT ALL BOSSES SIGN UP

That the master glaziers are changing from their arrogant stand against the strikers was evident yesterday when several bosses applied for settlements with the union. The union, however, turned them down for the same reason that it turned down the bosses who applied for settlements on Wednesday. It is believed that those bosses who are so anxious to settle with the union would do the work for the big firms. The strikers announce that they intend to stay out until all the employers, without exception, settle with the union. They do not care to run the risk of finding that settled shops are doing work for scab firms.

Where pickets were on duty near the shop of Louis Max, Sussex and Green streets, Jersey City, yesterday, they asked one of the drivers of the Pittsburg Plate Glass Company to remember that he was a workman and not to scab on them by delivering the glass. Max called for reserves from the City Hall station to have the strikers chased away. When the cops arrived they drove all the pickets out of the district where Max's shop is located. The New Jersey capitalist papers yesterday printed big stories filled with the usual lies. One of them called the strikers "a gang of dangerous persons." This paper said that the strikers had invaded Jersey City for the purpose of smashing the glass taken from the shop.

The strikers made no resistance to the cops and walked away as soon as they were ordered. No one was scared because Max called the cops, and all his jobs were picketed as usual. There were no arrests yesterday, and everything passed off peacefully.

President Max Everts of the union yesterday denied the statements in the Jersey sheet. "Nothing in any of those glass-smashing stories," he said.

The men at their meeting yesterday again voted to continue the strike until all bosses signed up.

75,000 RAILROAD MEN ASK FOR MORE PAY

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—Demands for increased wages for 75,000 employees of Western railroads will be presented for the consideration of employers within two weeks. Locomotive engineers, trainmen and conductors are the classes of employees who desire advanced pay amounting to 15 per cent.

Representatives of 25,000 engineers expect to begin negotiations with road officials next Monday.

It is said that the railroad managers are determined to settle the controversies by direct negotiations. It is feared by the road employees unions that they may have a hard fight on their hands on account of the postponement of the advances in freight rates by the interstate commerce commission yesterday.

Silverstone Bros.
744-748 Westchester Ave., near 150th St.
Agent for the Celebrated Danbury Hats, Union Made.
Gen't Furnishing and General Department Store.

For Shoes of Quality and Style
GO TO
ARTHUR NEWMAN
150 WENDYFLE AVENUE
Just a Whisper Off 3d Ave.
AGENCY FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES FOR MEN AND BOYS.

The Weekly Pledge Fund

Remain just the weekly amount pledged should be mailed to the Weekly Pledge Committee, P. O. Box 1664, New York City, or paid to the cashier in the Call office. In both cases payments or remittances should reach us on Fridays. Acknowledgments will be made on Mondays. When sending remittances by mail use the following blank:

The Weekly Pledge Committee, New York Call, P. O. Box 1664, New York City.
Dear Comrades: Enclosed herewith you will please find \$..... in payment of my weekly pledge for..... weeks.
Sincerely yours,

SHIRT MAKERS WIN A CLOSED SHOP FIGHT

After fighting the Shirt Makers' Union, Local 232 of the United Garment Workers, for three weeks over the establishment of the open shop in his factory, Harry Cohen, a shirt manufacturer of 87 Walker street, yesterday signed an agreement with the union, and the thirty men and women who were looked out because they refused to work in an open shop will today return to their places. Cohen agreed to conduct a strict closed shop, and to get his help through the union.

This is considered a great victory by the shirt makers, as Cohen's is one of the leading shops in the trade. Cohen has conducted a union shop for the last four years, but about four weeks ago he notified his employees that he would have no more to do with the union and would refuse to receive union delegates. His workers protested and they were locked out. The union fought the lock-out with great energy, and Cohen lost considerably. Meyer Davis, business agent of the union, yesterday told a Call reporter that the victory is due to the agitation carried on by the union and the determination shown by the workers. "I believe," said Davis, "that Cohen will never again enter any more fights with the union. The present fight cost him both money and trade."

The local will hold a meeting tonight at 78 Ludlow street, where the victory over Cohen will be celebrated, and measures for strengthening the union will be discussed.

The union requests all workmen to patronize only those stores that handle shirts with the union label, and to buy only union made shirts.

HIGGINBOTHAM NOT AMONG THOSE PRESENT

Magistrate E. Gaston Higginbotham wasn't anywhere in sight yesterday when the case of Miss Mary Hickey, who charges the distinguished upholder of law and order with an assault upon her in his private office, was called in the Court of Special Sessions in Brooklyn.

Lawyer Brewster, counsel for "Higgy," called up early in the day and said he was really busy to come just then. Later, however, he showed up and entered a plea of not guilty for the magistrate.

The trial was set for September 28. Meantime it is supposed that Higgy is busy preparing his defense. He is expected at the previous hearing of the case that he was going to take some time off for that purpose.

TWO MEN FLOTT FROM MANHOLE AND BURNED

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Sept. 22.—Town Electrician Frank E. Pierson and Thomas Higgins, and electrician, were blown through a manhole this afternoon by an explosion of gas in a sewer ejector chamber on James street. Their eyebrows and mustaches were burned off and they suffered slight burns of the skin.

The men were installing automatic switches for a signal system when the dynamo in the chamber suddenly started. A spark from the dynamo ignited a quantity of oil gas in the chamber and blue flames played around the two men. They started to clamber out of the chamber when an explosion shot the men out of the manhole.

BABY BUGGY CHASE

Mother Took Flight After Thief, Carriage and All.

Benjamin Permason, eighteen years old, who has been to the House of Refuge for picking pockets, was charged in Essex Market Police Court yesterday with grand larceny by Mrs. Jennie Nefsky, of 414 East 10th street. Magistrate Kernochan held him in \$2,000 bail for trial.

FAT PICKINGS FOR LAWMAKERS

(Continued from page 1.)
for the information and benefit of the committee what purposes these payments were made to serve.

SHOES OF QUALITY
at the most reasonable prices. All our shoes bear the Union Stamp.
I. NATHAN
1795 Madison Ave., near 117th St., N. Y.

MANY TURNED AWAY AT RATIFICATIONS

(Continued from Page 1.)

cause of the working people had helped win the victory for the men on strike.

London ascended the platform amid a storm of applause. He told his audience that while he was not standing on the platform of a Zionist organization he felt that they did not expect him to in any way modify his views because of the support they were pledging him. He was there, he said, as a Socialist, standing on a Socialist platform, without any modifications or restrictions.

London then entered upon an analysis of political parties in the United States. The Democratic party, he said, was completely disintegrated. The Republican party is in sore straits and is torn with strife and opposition in its own ranks. It is attempting to solve a problem, he said, which it cannot solve. The people are falling away from the Republican party because it has now become a synonym for trust rule. The Democrats have nothing to offer.

The Socialist movement, Meyer-London concluded, without having a single representative in Congress, is already dictating the policy of the Republican and Democratic parties. The best proof of the influence of Socialism is the popularity of such men as Roosevelt and La Follette, who constantly pose before the people as "radicals."

B. Zukerman and Dr. Sirkin also spoke.

TOOL MAKER SHOT SELF IN DESPAIR

Ernest Hubach, thirty-three years old, of 216 Avon avenue, Newark, disappeared from his home Sunday, and late Wednesday afternoon his body, a bullet hole in the breast, was found in a clump of bushes in Branch Brook Park. Near the body was a .22 caliber revolver, indicating suicide, although friends and relatives are unable to assign a reason why Hubach should seek death.

When he left home Sunday Hubach told his sister, Mrs. Joseph Lalor, with whom he lived, that he was going to New York to look for work. Hubach was a tool maker by trade, but had not worked for some time.

FOR BEATING A GIRL

Charles Allen Browne Sentenced to Six Months in the Workhouse.

Charles Allen Browne, who was arrested early on Wednesday morning for beating a young woman, was sent to the workhouse for six months by Judge Barlow in the West Side Court yesterday.

ASK FOR INVESTIGATION

Italy Wants Report on Lynching of Two Italians in Florida.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The Italian embassy today requested of the State Department to investigate the lynching of two Italians in Tampa, Fla., several days ago.

DIVORCED COUPLES REMARRY

BUFFALO, Sept. 22.—Two couples recently divorced in Cleveland were remarried here this afternoon in the City Court. One divorce was only a week old, the other was granted in May, 1909. Edwin L. Morten and Ruth Morton, both of 197 West 99th street, Cleveland, were the first couple. The groom is a conductor; the girl was a grass widow for only one week. The other couple was Henry W. and Ellimbeth Behrend. Mrs. Behrend was formerly a Miss Miller.

SEVEN KILLED BY LIGHTNING

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Sept. 22.—As the result of the electrical storms yesterday and last night, seven persons were killed by lightning in the mountains east of here, according to advices today. The victims are six men and one woman, only three of whom have been identified.

Mrs. Gus Kratz, wife of a ranchman, living near Elbert, and James Bland, of Plattburg, Mo., and Charles Lohanna, a ranchman, are the three identified dead.

JUDGE SAID JURY WAS BADLY FOOLED

Freed "One of Slickest Thieves That Ever Infested This Borough," Says Fawcett.

Twelve men, after a four hours' struggle in a close jury room, reported to Judge Fawcett, in the criminal term of the County Court late Wednesday afternoon that, at last, they had reached a verdict that Margaret Ryan wasn't guilty of stealing jewelry and other things from the home of Dr. and Mrs. Edward H. Berendsohn, of 24 Berkeley place, Brooklyn, on June 3 last.

When they retired and took a vote three of the jurors thought she was guilty, and held out until won over by the nine, who thought they had done the right thing until Judge Fawcett informed them they had been badly fooled. Then they opened their eyes and mouths, and the three jurors smiled broadly at their fellows.

Badly Fooled Jury.

"So that is your verdict, is it, gentlemen?" said Judge Fawcett, gently. The nine, at least, nodded vigorously.

"Well," replied Judge Fawcett, to the nodding ones, "I am sorry to have to inform you that you are the worst-fooled jury that ever gave a verdict from the jury box. That woman that you have just set free is one of the slickest thieves that ever infested this borough, but she cleverly fooled you. Mind you, I don't find fault with your verdict; not at all; that is the furthest from my mind in speaking plainly to you. And, of course, she will be arrested as soon as she gets out of the court room and be tried on another of the half dozen charges that have been made against her, every one of them similar to this one; so you can have the satisfaction of knowing that your verdict has not actually turned loose a clever house thief to again prey upon our public."

Had Stolen Hat Pin in Hair.

When the judge began to talk the jurors' looks of satisfaction turned to chagrin and they heard something about the case.

"If you 12 men should hear a shot in this court room and see a man fall dead; then looking see another man with a smoking pistol in his hand, you could only give circumstantial evidence as to the shooting, for you didn't see it—so it is in many criminal cases. This woman, as we know, has made a practice of answering advertisements for help wanted. She would get employment with families and wait only long enough to locate something of value, steal it and disappear. That is what she did in this case. Why, she had her mistress' hatpin in her hat when she was arrested, and other things were recovered. She has been identified as doing this trick for over two years in Brooklyn; and yet, with the plain evidence before you, she utterly fooled you twelve men."

Judge Fawcett again assured the jurors that he found no fault with them, and felt that their verdict was an honest expression of their opinion. He then excused them and set the woman free. The jurors walked out into the corridor in time to see two detectives from headquarters rearrest her, and the three "stubborn" jurors fibbed their fellows all the way out of the court house.

REARRESTED IMMEDIATELY

Detectives Manning and Negresmith are given the credit for the arrest of Margaret Ryan, alias Margaret Hayes, and they are convinced that she is all that Judge Fawcett characterized her. For two years the detective bureau has been flooded with reports that a woman, employed as a servant, had shipped with the household valuables after being in new employment frequently less than four hours. Detectives Manning and Negresmith got a very good description of the fugitive servant and took to reading "want ads" themselves. They then made out a list and notified would-be mistresses that if a woman of the description of the fugitive applied to employ her and call up the police. It was in this way that the Ryan woman was caught. Afterward she was identified as the woman who got work in the Berendsohn home and skipped with whatever valuables she could lay her hands on. After her rearrest yesterday, Assistant District Attorney Martin, who prosecuted the case, said that four other women who claim to have been swindled by the Ryan woman have appeared to prosecute her.

COSTLY GRAFT TRIAL

\$20,000 Set as Amount Needed to Fight unscrupulous—Miss Donnelly Summoned.

It will cost \$20,000 to try the 10 former officials of the Boro of Queens, who are under indictment charged with grafting according to an estimate forwarded yesterday by District Attorney Frederick G. De Witt of Queens county to the board of estimates asking for that allowance. De Witt sets forth that the greater number of the men under indictment are wealthy and have influence politically and that they have already gone to a great expense in arranging for their defense and that more funds are required by the District Attorney's office in order to make a successful fight.

Miss Mary Donnelly, who made charges of immorality in the Queens county jail where she was at one time assistant matron, is to be subpoenaed before the grand jury of that county next month to repeat her story.

LORIMER ASKS DELAY, GIVES OLD REASONS

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—United States senators investigating the charges of bribery in connection with the election of Senator William Lorimer were in public session from 11 a.m. until shortly after noon today and then adjourned to consider a motion made by Attorney Elbridge Haney in behalf of the accused for a continuance.

The committee ruled that the motion of the attorney representing Mr. Lorimer and the grounds alleged in support of it must be filed in writing by tomorrow at 10 a.m., when the session will be resumed.

Objections to a continuance on the part of Clifford W. Barnes of the Legislative Voters' League, it was ruled, also must be in writing and be presented at the same time, when the course of action of the committee will be outlined.

Two reasons will be advanced as sufficient for a continuance. One of them, Attorney Elbridge Haney said, was that the evidence brought in might be used in the prosecution of pending criminal cases against Lee O'Neill Browne, State Senator John Broderick and other alleged Lorimer agents, and the second that legislators who voted for Lorimer and who have been renominated might be "embarrassed" in their fight for re-election if called on to testify.

BAR CHINESE GIRL FROM HIGH SCHOOL

MACON, Ga., Sept. 22.—May Ling Soong, a young Chinese girl, has been barred from the Gresham High School at Macon, a county institution, because she is not a Caucasian, and because she is not a citizen of this country. She is a niece of Bing Chun Wan, who is connected with the Chinese Embassy at Washington, D. C.

Her sister graduated last June at Wesleyan College, a famous Methodist institution, which is located in Macon. Miss Soong came to Macon to enter Wesleyan, but was found deficient in some of her studies, and it was suggested that she enter the Gresham High School to prepare for the next term at Wesleyan. When application was made for admission, Superintendent C. B. Chapman called a meeting of the Board of Education to decide the question. The law creating the Bibb County Board of Education requires that all students of the Gresham High School must be of the Caucasian race, and for that reason Miss Soong was denied admittance.

INQUEST ON DEATH OF 11 IN ERIE TUNNEL

JERSEY CITY, Sept. 22.—The cause of the collapse of a portion of the Erie railroad tunnel September 11, in which eleven workmen were crushed to death, was inquired into last night by Coroner Haughton.

A number of workmen, many of whom were Italians, gave testimony. The only one who advanced any suggestion as to the cause of the accident was Ignito Palmeri, a rock driller, of 400 Hoboken avenue, Jersey City. He was talking out the brick lining of the old tunnel and said he thought the brick arch gave way. The inquest was adjourned for two weeks.

TELEGRAPH WORKERS GET 5 P. C. INCREASE

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—Several hundred telegraph operators employed by the Monon railroad have been granted an increase in wages of 5 per cent, after conferences held in the offices of B. E. Taylor, general manager of the railroad.

The operators made demands some time ago, and a committee from the Order of Railway Telegraphers met with Taylor and presented the men's side of the case. Announcement of the increase was made officially today, the raise to be dated back to September 1.

BROOKLYN GIRL NOT KIDNAPPED

Madeline Devine, twenty years old, who disappeared on Wednesday while on her way from her home, at 171 Concord street, Brooklyn, to the Adams street court, where she was to appear as complainant against a young man who had broken into her home and insulted her, turned up in Newark. It was thought she had been kidnapped.

Her brother, William Devine, who lives in Newark, sent word yesterday to her father that Madeline had called on him on Wednesday and told him that she did not intend to return to Brooklyn to testify in the case of the man she had arrested. Her father said that friends of the prisoner had threatened her with violence in case she pressed the complaint.

CELEBRATES 101ST BIRTHDAY

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 22.—Mrs. Julia A. Rittner celebrated her 101st birthday anniversary by a reception at St. Paul's Episcopal Church Home in this city this afternoon. Mrs. Rittner was born in Huntington, Conn., and at the age of seventeen she removed to this city. She is in good health for her years, and makes it a point to read the latest books of fiction as well as the daily papers.

RYAN'S \$60,000 BARN. LYNCHBURG, Va., Sept. 22.—When the sixty imported Guernsey cows, now in quarantine at New York, arrive at Thomas F. Ryan's Oak Ridge estate, they will find the finest barn in America awaiting their occupancy. When completed the structure will have cost a trifle more than \$60,000.

MASS MEETING Carriage, Wagon and Automobile Workers OF N. Y. CITY AND VICINITY.

LABOR TEMPLE, 243 EAST 84TH STREET Sunday, September 25, 1910, 10 A. M. Representative Labor Men will address the meeting in both English and German. Everybody Come. By order of Committee.

ENTERTAINMENT AND BALL GIVEN BY Branch 9, Socialist Party

Saturday Eve'g, September 24, '10 At ERLING'S CASINO, 156th St. and St. Ann's Ave. A FIRST CLASS PROGRAM WILL BE PRESENTED. PROCEED TO GO TOWARD THE CAMPAIGN F.N. OF BRANCH 9. O. W. WUERTZ PIANO USED.

BROADSIDE FOR COL. ROOSEVELT

(Continued from Page 1.)

political influence induced him to send Whitelaw Reid to London and Charlemagne Tower to Berlin, and Mr. Storer was given the less important embassy in Vienna.

Requested to See Pope. In September, 1903, we were in the United States, and spent a day with the President at Oyster Bay before sailing for Europe. Mr. Roosevelt on that day requested Mr. Storer to go to Rome on behalf of the President, and ask the new pope, Pius X., to elevate to the cardinalate Mr. Roosevelt's personal friend, Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul. One month later Archbishop Ireland wrote to me the following letter:

St. Paul, Oct. 23, 1903. My Dear Mr. Storer: I was in Washington last week and, of course, saw the President. I spoke with him of Paris and removed from his mind all suspicion that a Catholic would be there a "persona non grata" as ambassador.

He promised me that the next ambassador to Paris would be Mr. Storer, and, furthermore, expressed the belief that General Porter would soon retire. The President also told me that he had commissioned Mr. Storer to speak for him viva voce at the Vatican. He seemed rather proud of having done so.

Give my love to Bellamy, and believe me, very sincerely,
JOHN IRELAND.

A month later Archbishop Ireland wrote another letter in which he quoted the exact words of the President as to Mr. Storer's going to Rome, as follows:

The President said to me: "Mr. Storer has told you what I said to him about you, Archbishop?"

Admits Papal Request. "Well," I replied, "I do not remember." "About his going to Rome?" the President then asked. I said, "No." "Well," he said, "I told him I would not write a letter to the Pope, asking for honors for you, but I said that he could go to Rome and say—'Viva Voce—to the Pope, how much I wish you to be cardinal, and how grateful I personally would be to him for giving you that honor. I am most clear in my memory as to every word. I will write about American policies to Bellamy. With most affectionate regards to him and to yourself, I am, sincerely,
JOHN IRELAND.

Mr. Storer and I were received by the Holy Father in private audience on December 2, 1903 and the President's message was delivered. Some newspaper reporters in Rome tried to interview my husband ineffectively, but one agency asserted that Mr. Storer had come to Rome on a "diplomatic" mission to the Vatican. Mr. Roosevelt was alarmed, thinking that the anti-Catholics would attack him, and denied publicly that he had ever sent any message to Rome.

Ireland Burns Letter. Archbishop Ireland (on receipt of two letters from Mr. Storer telling him of our arrival in Rome and giving an account of our audience) wrote a month later, after a visit to Washington, as follows: Washington, February 1, 1904. My Dear Friend—Your two letters were read and burned. However, you need have no anxiety whatsoever about the whole affair, which was the chief subject matter of those letters.

The President had no occasion to feel ruffled in the least. When I saw him he of his own accord told me of his writing to you, and asked me how publicity was given to the matter. I said the news agency had merely made a guess (as to Mr. Storer's coming to Rome), and that the few unfavorable comments that followed amounted really to nothing. He calmed down considerably; remarked that he had every confidence in you, and hoped that the outcome of your mission would be what all desired.

Kindest regards to Mrs. Storer. Yours most sincerely,
JOHN IRELAND.

Teddy Demands La. There was no controversy until December 11, 1905, and at this controversial Archbishop Ireland's name did not appear. Mr. Roosevelt was characterized as furious that his wishes had not been considered, and on the

HARLEM SHOE CO.
Third Avenue, corner 103d Street
Agency for the Waikanae Shoe.
We carry a full stock of fall and winter shoes in all styles.
THE BEST OF QUALITY AT POPULAR PRICES.
Union Made Shoes Only.
Bread bearing this label is Union Made. Ask for the Label when buying bread.
BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION
UNION STAMP
NAME SHOES ARE FREQUENTLY MADE IN NON-UNION FACTORIES
Do Not Buy ANY SHOE
No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of the UNION STAMP.
All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union.
Do not accept any excuse for the absence of the Union Stamp.
246 SUMNER STREET, BROOKLYN
John F. Tobin, President.
Chas. E. Dineen, Sec'y.

DECREASE OF ENGLISH STRIKES

Shows More Labor Troubles Than Formerly—Work of the Conciliation Boards.

By TH. ROTHSTEIN. (Special Correspondence.)

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The twenty-second report of the board of trade department, dealing with the strikes and lock-outs in the year 1909, has just been issued and presents in view of the deep unrest prevailing at this moment throughout the world, a considerable interest. It would appear that the number of strikes last year was 436, involving directly and indirectly, 340,819 workmen, and a loss of 2,560,000 working days. The year before last the number of strikes amounted to 339, involving only 225,500 workmen, but the number of working days lost by them was considerably larger, namely, 16,632,000.

ed by the workpeople unconditionally returning to work, in forty cases by their replacement by blacklegs and in seven cases by closing the works. Results of Settlements. Taking now the results, it would appear that in the case of over 71 per cent of the workpeople affected by the disputes the result was a victory for the workers, in the case of over 22 per cent the result was a victory for the employers and in the case of 6 per cent of the total number of workpeople directly involved in the disputes the result was a compromise. This can scarcely be regarded as a satisfactory outcome of a year of industrial struggle, but the full importance of the fact can only be realized by a comparison of the corresponding figures for the previous years. Without entering into details, it is sufficient to point out that in the year 1892 no fewer than 40 per cent of the workers involved in disputes gained a victory; that the percentage proportion of workers who sustained a defeat amounted to 24, and the number of workpeople who had to accept a compromise amounted to but 25 per cent of the total.

It is thus clear that the settlement of the disputes by compromise is becoming more and more the order of the day and that clear issues are getting rarer every year. This is due to the growth of employers' organizations and the corresponding practice of settling disputes by outside conciliation and arbitration boards. We find in these facts an indirect explanation of the dissatisfaction which now pervades the ranks of the workers on the subject of these institutions.

SOUTH AM. COUNTRIES TO ALLY AGAINST U. S.

HAMBURG, Sept. 22.—Cable advices received today from Rio Janeiro say that an alliance between Brazil, the Argentine Republic and Chile, to check the increasing influence of the United States in South America, is imminent.

Jealousy between Brazil and the Argentine Republic has heretofore prevented such an alliance, the cables say, but new administrations in these countries have brought about amicable relations.

Chill is understood to have favored such an alliance for years.

LONDON BANKERS DEMAND GUARANTEES

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The action of the recent bankers conference in demanding guarantees from American banking houses to prevent fraudulent bills of lading in the shipment of cotton was upheld today at another meeting of bankers.

The offer of the American bankers, including the offer of validation certificates from the railroads was deemed insufficient.

LOCKOUT OF GERMAN METAL WORKERS SOON

BERLIN, Sept. 22.—The lockout on October 6, of 420,000 metal workers was decided on today by the Association of Metal Manufacturers, as a result of the workers' financial support of the shipbuilding strike. The manufacturers desire thus to show their approval of the shipbuilders' attitude.

KIEV JEWS APPEAL

Encouraged by Decision that Expulsions Everywhere Were Illegal. KIEV, Russia, Sept. 22.—A great number of appeals made by Jews whose expulsion has been made by the Imperial government are pending, following the favorable outcome of a test case instituted by some of the Jews who have long resided in Yekaterinopolis province. In this instance the senate decided that the orders of expulsion were illegal, and that the petitioners should be reinstated in their homes. Appeals have now been made in other provinces.

NO FLIGHT OVER ALPS

Wind too Strong Again for the Aviators in Switzerland. BRIGUE, Switzerland, Sept. 22.—The weather was clear but cold today, and a strong wind blew over the Simplon Pass. It was hoped that before evening Mr. Weymann, the American, and the Peruvian aviator, George Chavez, would find a favorable opportunity to attempt the cross-Alps competition flight from here to Milan, Italy.

WIND TOO STRONG AGAIN FOR THE AVIATORS IN SWITZERLAND.

During the morning, Weymann made three trial flights to test his motor, but at no time reached a height greater than 4,300 feet. To clear the mountains, an altitude of some 7,000 feet must be maintained during the first half of the trip.

THAT NEW HAT

that is all the rage this fall season is being heavily displayed by our popular hatter.

BARDIN

Of 1030 Third Ave., cor. 105th St.

Many other styles to suit your face and fancy are also being shown. Remember, we receive great assistance from The Call readers. Hence, it shows their appreciation for our hats.

SENDING MONEY TO EUROPE?

We will sell drafts in amounts from \$5 upward TO-DAY at approximately the following rates:

France, Belgium & Ireland at 84.65; Hamburg at 104; etc. per Mark. OTHER COUNTRIES proportionately. Our fees are very small.

THE NORTHERN BANK

Broadway, corner 7th West 12th St. 330 West 21st St. 200 West 17th St. 100 West 15th St. 100 West 14th St. 100 White Plains Av. 24 Av. & 153th St.

MEETING HALL

Astoria Schuetzen Park. Broadway and Broadway Ave. Astoria, L. I. Largest and most beautiful Park in Queens County. Tel. 315 Astoria. J. L. LIPP, Prop.

Labor Temple

230-237 E. 84th St. New York. Workers' Educational Association, 100 East 17th St. Tel. 1000. Free Library open from 9 to 10 P.M.

Labor Library

640 Williamsburg Ave. Brooklyn. Branches for Brooklyn, Queens, Richmond and Manhattan. Telephone 2311 Williamsburg.

ARLINGTON HALL

1921 St. Marks place (7th St.) N.Y. elegant hall for balls and concerts, weddings and banquets; modern bowling alley. W. M. Gardner, Prop.

CLINTON HALL

151-153 CLINTON ST. Large and Small Meeting rooms from May 1st, for unions, lodges and societies at reasonable terms.

TWO GREAT CAMPAIGNS.

Do you know that there are two great campaigns on today? One is a political campaign with CHARLES EDWARD RUSSELL as standard bearer in New York; Robert Hunter in Connecticut; John W. Slayton in Pennsylvania; W. B. Killigbeck in New Jersey and Dan A. White in Massachusetts. THE OTHER IS FOR MORE NEW READERS ON THE MAILING LIST OF THE CALL.

These two campaigns are on. We want your help in both. AND WE ARE GOING TO TELL YOU HOW! HERE IT IS:

The best way to help in the political fight of the SOCIALIST PARTY IS—HELP THE CALL EDUCATE THE PEOPLE BY GETTING IT MORE READERS.

In that manner you kill two birds with one stone. We want more new readers. They will help immensely in the present campaign, and they will make possible a BETTER PAPER FOR YOU.

More circulation means more advertising. More advertising means more money. More money means a bigger and a better paper for YOU.

If you are not a subscriber it is your DUTY to become one TODAY. Not TOMORROW but TODAY.

If you are a subscriber, then it is your DUTY to get your shop mate, your neighbor or your friend to read THE CALL. If every reader of THE CALL would each get only one new reader our troubles would be over.

Send in a subscription NOW. For 40 cents we will send you THE CALL every week-day for a month. You can have The Call for THREE MONTHS by sending us \$1.15.

If you want THE SUNDAY CALL instead, its yours for three whole months for 50 cents. Get busy!

CHARGE ANTI-CLERICS WITH BOMB MAKING

LISBON, Sept. 22.—In an attempt to escape suspicion in connection with the latest anti-monarchical plot, which led to the raiding of a bomb factory, Republicans are today charging that the anti-clerical attitude of King Manuel and the cabinet is responsible for the movement.

The charge is naturally being supported by the anti-clericals. Though there is nothing tangible to support this attack on the clericals, it is an open secret that they are doing everything in their power to foster the agitation against the government in the hope of checking the fight now being made against a number of Catholic orders.

Premier Canalejas declared today that the latest plot is not as widespread as at first reported, and that it will be an easy matter for the government to stamp out any revolt.

FLORENCE BURNS HELD FOR BADGERING LAWYER

Florence Burns Wildrick and Edward T. Brooks, her alleged accomplice in the badger game, waived examination yesterday in the Jefferson Market Court and were held for trial under \$5,000 each.

The complainant, Charles W. Huriburt, a lawyer, told how he was inveigled into the woman's room on West 25th street Sunday night and what took place until he escaped from his tormentors early Monday morning. He said he had frequently helped Florence Burns when she came to him with hard luck stories.

"I met Mrs. Wildrick on Sunday night in West 14th street," said Huriburt. "She told me that she was down and out and ready to commit suicide. I gave her 50 cents and then she said that she had not eaten anything all day and so I gave her a dollar.

"I went you to go to my room," she said. I replied that I was afraid. She said it was all right and that I'd help her so often. 'Please, please, please go or I'll commit suicide,' she said.

"Is this a fair proposition?" I asked. She said it was and I went. I got into the room and after she had put down some bundles she had got in a luncheon I asked her to take a walk with me. Just then two men rushed into the room.

He said he was threatened with death and forced to sign a \$500 note and put his name to papers purporting to be confessions of unlawful acts. The men and the woman said, he testified, "We've got you and we've got you right and you've got to come down with every damned cent you've got."

He went on to say that they had at first demanded \$5,000 each and then came down to a \$500 note and all the cash he had \$57. Then he told of the taxicab ride with Florence Burns, Brooks and a man yet arrested. Eventually one of the men remarked that it was time for break fast.

"Six on that," Floesie said," testified the witness. "I'm getting credit for engineering this scheme and we're going to get the money first."

On cross-examination Huriburt said he had known Florence Burns Wildrick for several months, and had given her between \$500 and \$800 to start a boarding house at 607 West 137th street, always on her representing to him that she was in hard luck and wanted to do better.

Paul Adamson, a chauffeur, of 563 Columbus avenue, who drove the party in a taxicab; Arthur Hoffman and Frank A. Fannell, of the Surprise Store, were called to corroborate Huriburt's statements.

Magistrate Corrigan assigned Mark Alter to defend the accused.

WILD RUMOR CAUSES ALARM IN BERLIN

BERLIN, Sept. 22.—It is reported in connection with the Kaiser's present visit to Vienna that the engagement is being arranged of the Kaiser's only daughter, Victoria Louise, to the Archduke Karl Franz, eldest son of the late Archduke Otto.

Archduke Karl will be emperor of Austria failing the succession of Franz Ferdinand's children by his morganatic marriage. There are religious difficulties, practically insuperable, in the way, as the archduke Karl is a Roman Catholic.

300 MILES OF PULP WOOD.

OTTAWA, Sept. 22.—Earl Grey's party in their trip to the northern wilds came across what is thought to be the biggest pulp wood area in the world. L. S. Amery, of the London Times staff, who was with the party, is back.

He says they passed through what is probably the largest pulp wood area in the world. It is over 300 miles square and contains enough pulp wood to supply the newspapers of the world for a couple of centuries.

DRESS MAKERS STRIKE!

Employees of Mrs. Krause, at 129 Second avenue, corner of 6th street, are on strike. Dressmakers are warned not to snub. Women readers are warned that this shop is unfair. Ladies' Waist and Dress Makers' Union, No. 25, 1 L. 12 W. U.

HEARST'S COME BACK AT MAYOR GAYNOR

His Cables Long Message From Europe. "Sorry Mayor's Injuries Have Affected His Mind."

W. R. Hearst's American, though it always affects to regard anything Mayor Gaynor says against its proprietor with lofty indifference and god-like calm, was so excited yesterday, that it devoted four pages, besides the editorial page, to a reply to the Mayor's letter to his sister, published on Monday. In fact, indignation and rancor fairly dripped from its pages.

Hearst himself was somewhat exercised over the letter, as the following message that he cabled from Europe, will show:

ENGHEN-LES-BAINS, Sept. 21.—I am exceedingly sorry that Mayor Gaynor was shot, and if Mayor Gaynor has said what you tell me I can only add that I am exceedingly sorry that his injuries have affected his mind after his apparent recovery. Mayor Gaynor expressed the hope that his illness would make a better man of him. Many others entertained the same hope, but unfortunately his experience did not abate his evil temper or his lying tongue.

GAYNOR ASHAMED OF HIS ACTIONS.

The criticism of some of Mayor Gaynor's public acts by the Hearst papers has been temperate and truthful, dignified and deserved, unprejudiced and in the public interest. A public man who would make a false accusation in the attempt to suppress all public criticism of his acts is a man who is afraid or ashamed to have attention called to the part he is performing.

The World has persistently and pertinently asked: "Who is the masked man who is employing Maurice Minton to canvass for Gaynor for governor? Who is the masked man who is supplying the cash in the attempt to nominate Mayor Gaynor for governor? The World might further ask, with perfect propriety, who usually employs Maurice Minton in politics? Who owns a large green automobile and sometimes lends it to his judicial friend? Who would particularly like to control the Public Service Commission in the matter of the new subways? Who would naturally make every effort to nominate for governor a man who before his election as Mayor had said that the people ought to build the new subways, and after his election declared that the corrupt and incompetent Interboro ought to build the new subways?

Hearst Papers as Public's Guardian. In asking all these questions the World would be acting in strict accordance with the public interest, and only that man could object who had a guilty knowledge and a guilty dread of the truth. The Hearst newspapers, and all honest newspapers will continue to hold public men to their public pledges and to their public duty.

The appalling conditions lately revealed at Albany, at Pittsburgh, in California, in Illinois, in Mississippi show the absolute necessity of public vigilance and indicate the extent of the corruption that would prevail if newspaper publicity, the one power that every scoundrel fears, were withdrawn.

The Hearst newspapers will continue to exercise a public censorship, which I hope will always be fearless.

I personally will not take advantage of your columns to criticize Mayor Gaynor politically, first, because his illness, and, second, because his mental as well as his moral condition has eliminated him from political consideration.

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

EWER CIGARETTES IN A PACKAGE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—In order to make up for the increased revenue tax imposed by the government the makers of American cigarettes and tobacco are reducing the size of packages without any reduction in prices.

The American Tobacco Company stores in Washington already have placed on sale packages containing only fifteen cigarettes of a brand which used to sell for twenty for 5 cents. The price for fifteen is what was paid once for twenty.

According to information in the internal revenue bureau packages which formerly contained ten cigarettes now will be reduced to eight. Packages of tobacco which contained 1.5 ounces and sold for 5 cents will hereafter contain 1 1/4 ounces and still sell for a nickel.

\$1,000,000 APARTMENT

Plans have been filed with the Manhattan Bureau of Buildings, for a high-class fireproof apartment house to be erected for the 875 Park Avenue Company, of which A. M. Jappelle is president, at the southeast corner of Park avenue and 78th street.

This new apartment house will be twelve stories high with a facade of brick, limestone and terra cotta, and of the modern Italian Renaissance style of architecture. There will be four apartments on a floor, consisting of seven, nine and ten rooms, with large reception quarters, containing in all forty-eight suites of apartments.

The building will be equipped with four electric passenger elevators, a refrigerating plant, heating plant, vacuum cleaning plant and a large laundry in the basement with steam dryers and all the latest appliances for washing and ironing. There is to be a separate dining room for the servants in each apartment, with quarters in the basement and on the roof for servants. George and Edward Blum are the architects, and have estimated the cost of the building at \$1,000,000.

GROWTH OF THE CITIES.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The census bureau tonight announced the population of the following cities in Texas: 1910. 1900. Percent. Galveston... 25,981 37,789 2.1 Dec. San Antonio... 26,614 52,321 81.3 Inc. Fort Worth... 73,312 26,688 174.7 Inc.

There will be a delightful translation by Rose Strunsky from Pietro Weber in next Sunday's Call. It is called "Simple John," and it is really a masterful little tale. Don't miss it.

HELD POLICE AT BAY WITH BROOM

Fooling seven policemen and a number of citizens with a broom handle, which he declared was a rifle, one man held the whole lot at bay at 164 Johnson street, Brooklyn, yesterday morning for an hour.

The man, who later proved to be James McFreely, who has been experimenting with cement in the hope that he could build himself a house, was seen coming out of Smith & Scott's contracting yards, 263 Bridge street, about 3 o'clock by Policeman Brady, of the Adams street station. He carried a heavy sack on his shoulders, and when told to halt he dropped the sack and sprang to the Johnson street house, where he lives.

Brady rapped for assistance and was joined by Sergeant Evans and Policemen Owens and Bree. Later three other policemen came up. Then came John Linsen, superintendent of the contracting yards, and several other employees.

The sack the man dropped contained cement. Linsen said more than 200 sacks of cement had been stolen from the yards in the past two months.

When the police tried to break in the door what looked to them to be a rifle was thrust through the transom and McFreely said: "I'll kill the first man who comes near the door."

The policemen and the contracting company's employees fell back in a hurry. McFreely continued to warn every one not to approach. The policemen held a council of war. They made a sudden rush to the roof. McFreely made as though he was going to shoot when one of the policemen grabbed his long weapon and found it to be nothing more than a broom handle.

The door was barred by a big pile of cement bags. It was opened with difficulty and then McFreely, armed with a pair of scissors, put up a fight. He jabbed the scissors into Policeman Owen's side before the rap of a nightstick subdued him.

ANNUAL ELECTION OF INTERBORO

The Interboro Association of Women Teachers will hold its fifth annual election at the Metropolitan Building, Madison Square and 23rd street, Manhattan, on Saturday. Every member of the association is asked to attend. It does not seem so long ago since the agitation for equal pay for men and women teachers began in Brooklyn and extended to Manhattan, where the Interboro Association was formed.

Miss Strachan, in her book, "Equal Pay for Equal Work," leaves the origin of the movement, which has become so insistent under leadership, in doubt; but as a matter of fact it was born among the teachers in the upper grades of Public School No. 44 of Brooklyn, and the Brooklyn association was organized some time before the Interboro.

The last named association came into being in April, 1906. Miss Kate Hogan was its first president, and Miss Anne Goessling, of Public School No. 44, its first vice president. Miss Isabelle A. Ennis, also of Brooklyn, was its first and has been its only secretary. Miss Strachan attended the first meeting and has never missed one since. When it was first organized it had less than 199 members; Miss Strachan says in her book that it has now upward of 14,000.

Miss Strachan became president in October, 1907, and everyone admits that whatever success the association has had, and whatever prominence it has achieved are largely due to her ability as a campaign manager and as a leader of women.

There is no doubt that the nominations made by the executive committee will be approved by the members on Saturday, and that once again the fight will go on, under the leadership of Miss Strachan, Mrs. Moriarity, Miss Ennis, of Brooklyn; Miss Gano, of Manhattan; Miss Curtis, of the Bronx; Miss McAuliffe, of Queens, and Miss Watson, of Richmond (the vice-presidents), and the other women who have been in the fore in the association since its reorganization in 1907.

O'MALLEY ON JOB

Gov. Hughes Directs Attorney General to Push Queens County Graft Trial.

ALBANY, Sept. 22.—Governor Hughes today designated Attorney General Edward K. O'Malley to take charge of the trial of the graft indictments in Queens county and of such proceedings as may be had before the grand jury. Raymond B. Foedick, commissioner of accounts in New York city, in a letter to Governor Hughes on September 16 recommended the appointment of a special deputy attorney general to prosecute the case.

In answer to the Foedick letter, Governor Hughes today wrote a letter to Attorney General O'Malley, directing him to attend in person or by deputy the trial term of the Supreme Court to be held in Queens county on October 3 and before the grand jury thereof in connection with the indictments and investigations being conducted by Commissioner Foedick, thus superseding the District Attorney of Queens county.

PHARMACISTS

George Oberdorfer, PHARMACIST, 3903 Eighth Ave., Near 126th St.

Key West Co-operative Cigars. Union Made by Command. 5c each. \$2.25 per box of 50. Better than sold at 10c in New York.

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Do you know that the Domino Club? If not you should read you will have an opportunity of reading how acquaintance in The Call, next Sunday.

The KIND That Looks Best. Wears Longest. Costs Less. McCann's Hats. 210 BOWERY. Near Spring Street.

UNION LABEL GO DS. SIG. KLEIN and Assistants. 10-12 THIRD AVE. (NORTH ST.). N. Y. TEL. 463 STUYVESANT. The 712th Bay of The Call and The Ad.

The Clothes That Talk for Themselves. WEAR BETTER. COST LESS. THAN OTHERS. LEVY BROS. CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS. 53 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

BASEBALL SCORES. National League. At Brooklyn—R. H. W. St. Louis... 00030000—5 3 3. Brooklyn... 10202001x—6 12 0. Baltimore—Hearn and Phelps; Scammon, Bergen and Miller. At Philadelphia—Pittsburg... 30210000—6 14 3. Philadelphia... 00005000—5 9 0. Batteries—Phillippi and Gibson; Ewing, Shettler and Dooin. At New York—(first game.) Chicago... 10110000—5 9 0. New York... 00100000—6 10 7. Batteries—Pfeister and Kling; Drucke and Meyers. Second game—Chicago... 01000000—1 4 2. New York... 04001000—5 7 3. Batteries—Reulbach and Kling; White and Meyers. At Boston (first game.)—Cincinnati... 00210000—4 11 3. Boston... 0001030000—3 9 3. Batteries—Fromme and McLean; Brown and Radien. (second game.)—Cincinnati... 30010001—5 6 3. Boston... 01410001—7 10 2. Called darkness. Batteries—Rowan, Gaspar and Clarke; Ferguson and Radien. American League. At Cleveland—New York... 00000001—3 7 2. Cleveland... 00000000—1 5 2. Batteries—Ford and Mitchell; Kahn and Land.

George Oberdorfer, PHARMACIST, 3903 Eighth Ave., Near 126th St. Key West Co-operative Cigars. Union Made by Command. 5c each. \$2.25 per box of 50. Better than sold at 10c in New York. AMUSEMENTS. N. Y. HIPPODROME. Daily Mat. 2c to 5c. Evng. 5c to 10c. SPECIALTY—GIROUX'S SLIGHTS. RESTAURANTS. LITTLE HUNGARY. 57 E. 12th St. Tel. 1000. Daily Mat. 2c to 5c. Evng. 5c to 10c. SPECIALTY—GIROUX'S SLIGHTS. FIRST SEVEN. VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT. 120 HENRY STREET. 12008 KITTAN. Tel. 1000. O. W. WILSON PIANOS. 1200 2d Ave., N.Y. Tel. 1000. Daily Mat. 2c to 5c. Evng. 5c to 10c. SPECIALTY—GIROUX'S SLIGHTS. Do you know that the Domino Club? If not you should read you will have an opportunity of reading how acquaintance in The Call, next Sunday.

Socialist News of the Day

AIR MEETINGS

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

125th street and Willis avenue. Thos Wright, chairman; Chris Kerker and George S. Gelder.

STAPLETON, STATEN ISLAND.

Open air meeting tonight at Washington Park, Bay and Water streets. Speaker, Claessens.

BROOKLYN.

9th A. D., Branch 2—Fifth avenue and 49th street. John Roberts.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

The various conventions of the Socialist party of Westchester county will be held tomorrow afternoon and evening at the headquarters of Local 1 Tarrytown.

He will spend the week beginning September 26 in Tarrytown. Patrick Quinlan speaks tonight in Gerty Square, Yonkers.

NEWARK, N. J.

Springfield avenue and 10th street. Sol Feldman.

ORANGE, N. J.

The Socialist party of Orange will hold a meeting tonight at the corner of Main and Day streets.

PATERSON, N. J.

Big mass meeting tonight at Highland Hall, corner of May and Highland streets.

PHILADELPHIA.

Diamond and 50th streets. Joseph Shaplen and James W. Hughes.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24.

1st and 2d A. D.—Fort Green Park Plaza. Charles L. Furman.

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 25.

East Plaza City Hall. T. Birtwaite and Chas. Sehl.

ing of the Young Socialist League to night at 81 Columbia street, second floor.

BROOKLYN.

16th A. D., Branch 1. At Finnish Socialist Hall, 764 40th street.

22d A. D., Attention.

All comrades of this district are urged to attend the special joint meeting of all branches in headquarters.

Fifth Congressional Convention.

Fifth congressional district convention will be held this evening at Finnish Hall, 760 40th street.

E. N. Y. Young Socialists' Club.

Beginning with Sunday, September 26, the Young Socialists' Club of East New York will be conducted under the auspices of the Socialist party.

Young Socialists of America.

The Young Socialists of America meet tonight at 181 McKibben street.

Branch Glendale, Local Queens.

Glendale comrades, take note that it has been decided to appear at the grand mass meeting.

WHEELER IN OHIO.

Robert J. Wheeler, of Allentown, Pa., has just completed a very successful speaking tour in eastern Ohio.

NEW SOCIALIST SONG.

A new Socialist song, entitled "How We Took Milwaukee," has been written by George Vall Williams.

TRIBUTE TO JAMES.

Paid by the Italian Historian, Ferrero, in the Figaro.

BANK TELLER GOES TO JAIL.

BOSTON, Sept. 22.—John H. Culen, who was a teller in the Union Institution for Savings of Boston for many years, was sentenced this afternoon to state's prison for a term of four to eight years by Judge DeCoursey in the Superior Criminal Court.

TRUSSMAKER.

HENRY FRAHME TRUSSMAKER 1499 34 Ave. Des. 24th & 34th Sts.

CO-OPERATIVE PRESS.

PRINTERS LIPKOWITZ-MILLER CO. 227 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

GEO. J. SPEYER.

Printer 123 William St. Cor. Spruce, New York.

MRS. MARTIN FINED AS SPEEDER

At a spot not far from where her husband was killed in an automobile accident five years ago Mrs. James E. Martin, of Great Neck, L. I., and her haughty, Mills Fogelgreen, were arrested yesterday for speeding at Flushing.

PAPER COMPANY ENGAGES JOHN LUNDRIGAN TO SETTLE ITS DISPUTES.

ALBANY, Sept. 22.—John Lundrigan, of Buffalo, has resigned the chairmanship of the state board of mediation and arbitration to become a general superintendent of the industrial department of the International Paper Company.

CHEAPER GAS FOR BROOKLYN

Depending upon the approval of the Public Service Commission, beginning January 1 next the Kings County Lighting Company will make a 5-cent reduction in gas, with 5 cents further reduction each January 1 succeeding for three years.

MORE CENSUS FIGURES.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The census bureau this afternoon announced the following results of the 1910 enumeration, with changes since 1900:

TO RAISE FREIGHT ON LUMBER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Notice was given today by the Southern Pacific railroad to the interstate commerce commission that on October 10 it proposed to raise the rate on lumber from the Willamette Valley, Oregon, to San Francisco, to \$5 a ton.

WILL ACT FOR BOTH MASTER AND SLAVE

Mr. Lundrigan will be the mediator and arbitrator between the men and the company in all its disputes.

SPORING GOODS, BICYCLES AND KODAKS.

D. & E. Motor Cycle, etc., 370 Atlantic Ave.

STATIONERY, RUBBER STAMPS.

Chas. Koehler's Son, 1181 Myrtle Ave.

TRUSSEMEN.

HENRY FRAHME TRUSSMAKER, 1499 34 Ave.

MANHATTAN.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, SAM W. ELLIS, 120 Nassau St.

BOOKS AND SHOES.

1. Nathan, 125 Madison Ave. cor. 11th St. S. Marion Shoe Co., 1104 34 Ave. cor. 10th St.

BROOKLYN.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, SAM W. ELLIS, 60 E. 17th St.

ROOTS AND SHOES.

1. Nathan, 125 Madison Ave. cor. 11th St. S. Marion Shoe Co., 1104 34 Ave. cor. 10th St.

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.

Guatay Right, 638 Columbus Ave.

BROOKLYN.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, SAM W. ELLIS, 60 E. 17th St.

ROOTS AND SHOES.

Barnham Shoe Co., 760 Westchester Ave. Max Levin, 922 E. Ave.

CLOTHING AND HATS.

Richard G. N. E. cor. 26th St. & 4th Ave.

CLOTHING AND HATS.

Richard G. N. E. cor. 26th St. & 4th Ave.

DAIRY LUNCH ROOM.

L. Schoenfeld, 30 Livingston St. cor. Fourth

DEPARTMENT STORES.

C. H. Drake, 137 E. Ave. (21st St.)

DRUGGISTS.

G. Oberdorfer, 222 E. 6th Ave.

DEPARTMENTS.

Dr. J. Berlin, 29 E. 100th St.

DEPARTMENTS.

Dr. J. Berlin, 29 E. 100th St.

FRANK'S DEPARTMENT STORE. You are at home when dealing with FRANK'S DEPARTMENT STORE. 59 E. Cor. 83d St. & Ave. A, N. Y. ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW. We handle all union made merchandise.

Hippity-Hop-to-the-Barber-Shop Number of HOPE. Just Out



16 Pink Pages of Peerless Propaganda! Just the thing for Voters to Read while waiting their "turn" ARE YOU NEXT? HOW TO GET IT: This issue of HOPE, the Clever Cartoon Magazine, edited by Ward Savage, will get people acquainted with Socialism.

BUSINESS MEETINGS

MANHATTAN AND BRONX. Branch 1. The regular meeting of the branch will be held at the new meeting place, 43 East 22d street.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Branch 1. Robert W. Bruer will speak at "Mr. Nathan Strauss, the Health Department, and Why 17,000 Babies Die Each Year in New York City."

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Branch 2. Branch 2 meets tonight at headquarters, 313 Grand street.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Branch 4. Branch 4 will hold a special meeting for all enrolled Socialist voters and sympathizers tonight at Turn Hall, 205 West 54th street.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

It is the duty of every Socialist to come to this meeting and volunteer his services for the campaign, which is one of the most successful of the West Side has ever seen.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Delegates to the 15th Congressional district convention and 15th senatorial district convention will meet at 7 o'clock.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Tomorrow night Branch 3 will hold an entertainment and ball at Eling's Casino, 156th street and St. Ann's avenue, the Bronx.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

The efforts made by the entertainment committee have met with ready response so that a very fine program is assured.

JOHNSON'S FOOT SOAP. Borax Iodine & Bismuth. ACTS LIKE MAGIC FOR WEARY FEET.

INFANTILE PARALYSIS IS EASILY SPREAD

State Health Department Places It Among Quarantinable Diseases. ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 22.—A systematic study of infantile paralysis in this state is being made by the state health commissioner, Dr. Porter.

Massachusetts Advertisers Directory. SPORTING GOODS, BICYCLES AND KODAKS. BARBERS' SUPPLIES—RASORS. ITALIAN GROCERIES, CHEESE, OLIVES—Boston. SAVARESE. BOSTON SMOKER. PHOTOGRAPH STUDIO.

Call Advertisers' Directory. Convenient for the Reader Profitable for the Advertiser. READ IT DAILY—BEFORE YOU SPEND YOUR MONEY.

MANHATTAN. ATTORNEYS AT LAW. BOOKS AND SHOES. CLOTHING AND HATS. CLOTHING AND HATS. CLOTHING AND HATS. CLOTHING AND HATS. BROOKLYN. BUTCHERS. BAKERY. ROOTS AND SHOES. WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER. BROOKLYN. BUTCHERS. BAKERY. ROOTS AND SHOES. WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.

The Call

Devoted to the interests of the Working People.

Published daily and Sunday by the Workingmen's Co-operative Publishing Association, 400 Pearl street, New York.

Subscription Rates table with columns for Year, Half Year, and Quarter, and rows for Domestic and Foreign.

VOL. 2. FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23. NO. 286.

RETIRED—OR KICKED OUT?

James A. Tawney, for seventeen years representative from the First Minnesota Congressional District, has been informed, gently, firmly, and overwhelmingly by the voters that they do not want him any more.

But there are reasons for taking another and closer look at Tawney. Those whose minds go back to the remote past of say ten years ago will remember that Tawney was held up as a "striking example for youth to follow."

It took him a little over a year to learn the trade of lawyer, for the requirements in Minnesota were not very strict. It took him far longer to learn the trade of machinist.

He was still a young man when he was sent to the state senate. He served there four years, and not once did he say a word in favor of the working class.

But James A. Tawney never once, by word or act, showed the slightest sympathy with the class from which he came.

But there is one thing that shows the workers of this country are developing a new code of ethics. No such crawler as Tawney can ever again be held up as a model for youth to follow.

For a good many years it has always been a strong card for a candidate for office to appeal for the votes of the workers on the ground that he was "one of themselves."

Tawney, it is said, will leave office a poor man. It shows he did not have the right conception of his privileges.

Even "Dear Maria" pauses in the midst of social functions to take a whack at Colonel Roosevelt. She finds him a dangerous influence.

Even in Buffalo they do not like William J. Connors, newspaper publisher and politician. The bosses are having a hard time of it.

SOCIALISTS BEATEN BY GRAFTERS

By ROBERT HUNTER.

The editor of the United Mine Workers' Journal urges the formation of a boosters' club among the miners. He wants for his journal a circulation of 300,000.

"Don't you think," he says, "that a paper with 300,000 weekly circulation would have a power and influence on the people for your benefit that would be mighty in breaking down the forces that are lined up against you?"

"Don't you think that with an official organ of that kind you could get into scores of congressional and legislative districts and elect your own men to those bodies that would more closely look after your interests?"

"Do you think Adolph Germer would have taken \$1,000 to vote for Billy Lomer, the blonde political boss of Illinois, as did the man who beat him?"

THE TRANSITION TO SOCIALISM

HOW THE NEW ORDER WAS NEARLY SHIPWRECKED.

By D. S. WEBSTER.

The following is an extract from a work entitled "The Great Change; or How Capitalism Got It In The Neck." This work will be issued about 1910.

While many and various are the dates assigned as the inception of the co-operative commonwealth, March 4, 1925, will always retain its place in popular history as the birthday of the new era.

And while the new administration fully appreciated the magnitude of the problem of readjustment, still they were sanguine in the belief that socialism had long been accomplished in fact, and that their election merely indicated the people's intention of taking over the finished tool of industry so ready to their hand.

It seems that one of the first acts of the new administration was to the effect that all foods should hereafter be pure. This law was passed as a matter of course; it seemed so obvious; yet this little thing almost wrecked the new society.

This law declared that meat and and boric acid should be known as separate and distinct commodities; that the union of chikory and coffee was illegitimate; that tobacco was one thing, and coppers and licorice other things; that milk was the product of the cow and should have no nefarious connection with the old oaken bucket; and numerous other articles were resolved into their original components.

Now all this seemed right and proper; so much a matter of detail that no one paid any particular attention to it. There were weightier matters to be attended to—squeezing the water out of railroads and airship lines, setting fat capitalists at easy jobs stoking boilers and mining coal, and otherwise getting the Brotherhood of Man in motion.

Every one was busy; the former proletarians teaching the former capitalists the art of honesty; the former capitalists teaching the one-time proletarians the art of measure. Both were filled with hope and joy at the new time. Of course, while all these big things went forward the people still practiced the lowly art of eating, and honesty and joy and hope are good appetite-makers.

Melancholy. Melancholy. I've no use for you, by Golly! Yet I'm going to keep you hidden in some chamber dark, forbidden. Just as though you were a prize, Sir. Made of gold and I a miser—Not because I think you jolly, Melancholy!

Letters to the Editor

THE EVALENKO CASE.

Editor of The Call: In the issue of The Call of Wednesday, the 14th of September, appeared a letter to the editor evidently inspired by Mr. A. Evalenko, and aiming to discredit Bourzef in general and his exposure of Evalenko as an ex-officer of the Russian police department in particular.

As you state that you do not intend to give any more space to this case, I shall not indulge in arguments, but am demanding of you some space in the Call for the correction of some statements of this Mr. Sonnichsen, for supplementing some others and for a few questions.

1. It is not true that the daughter of Debogory Mokrievitch, who is, by the way, either the wife or the mother-in-law of this Mr. Sonnichsen, called courtjeff in the presence of a platform full of enthusiastic followers a dishonest rogue. She did not dare to; she only told him: "We will fight you."

2. It is not true that Debogory Mokrievitch, the father-in-law of Mr. Sonnichsen, is such a great revolutionist but that he was one of the few who were unable to return to Russia after the amnesty of 1905. The truth is that Mr. Debogory Mokrievitch has been a lukewarm liberal for the last twenty years, has stood all this time far away from the revolutionary movement, has been so harmless to the Russian government that he could safely return to Russia even before the amnesty.

3. It is not true that Victor Tchernov devotes a lengthy article to a denunciation of the methods of Bourzef in his war against spies and provocateurs. There is no such article, long or short, signed by Victor Tchernov or anybody else in the number of the Socialist Revolutionary.

4. Now to the police reports. Your statement that these "reports are signed by various names, never by Evalenko, but they are said to be his pseudonyms," is only partly true, and, therefore, worse than untrue, because more misleading. The truth is that some of these reports are signed by Evalenko; that Evalenko admitted before the committee that he used in his commercial dealings with Russia at least one of these pseudonyms (Serkov). He only denied that he has ever written them, and claimed that somebody else (his brother-in-law), who really was in the service of the Russian police, has used his name as well as this pseudonym.

5. Last, but not least, who are "the scores of others consigned to a similar moral perdition, others who have not had Evalenko's resources to fight him?" This accusation is too hideous to be tucked away in two lines at the end of your letter.

6. Why doesn't Mr. Evalenko or his mouthpiece refute Bourzef's statement that Mr. Evalenko was in Russia and visited there the police authorities, endeavoring to get proofs of his innocence. Why didn't Mr. Evalenko appeal to the revolutionary parties in Europe when he was in Paris lately and demand a hearing and a final exoneration?

7. At the end let me tell you that the letter of Mr. Sonnichsen is partly a copy of an article that appeared in the last number of the Russian-American Echo, a Russian weekly subsidized by Mr. Evalenko, which weekly lately suspended publication, to reappear in favor of a Russian monthly to be published and edited by Mr. Evalenko.

New York, Sept. 20, 1910.

DO THEY WANT RHETORIC?

Your recent editorials, especially that in today's Call entitled "The New Nationalism," go very far toward convincing me that you can discern the signs of the times. It is great—powerful, yet dignified. However, it will hardly satisfy our more uncompromising comrades who expect the editor of The Call to launch forth words which will flash like lightning in the perturbed faces of the oppressors and their hangers-on—words that will sting and burn and carry dismay and fear to their selfish and cowardly hearts.

New York, Sept. 20, 1910.

(Passive language, biting invective, even rhetorical fireworks, may be good on occasion. Used habitually, they become blunt and ineffective. Words are no stronger than the thought they convey and the movement that is behind them.—Ed. The Call.

NO REFLECTION.

"Every time the baby looks into my face he smiles," said Mr. Meekins. "Well," answered his wife, "it may not be exactly polite, but it shows he has a sense of humor."—The Era.

NEW YORK SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—CHARLES EDWARD RUSSELL, of New York. For Lieutenant-Governor—GUSTAV A. STREBEL, of New York. For Secretary of State—BERTHA M. FRASER, of Brooklyn. For Attorney General—HENRY L. SLOBODIN, of New York. For State Treasurer—SYLVESTER BUTLER, of Schenectady. For State Controller—O. A. CURTISS, of Buffalo. For State Engineer—WILLIAM LIPPELT, of Rochester. For Associate Justice, Court of Appeals—MORRIS HILL, of New York.

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—John W. Slayton, of McKeesport. For Lieutenant Governor—Louis Cohen, of Meyersdale. For State Treasurer—Charles McKeever, of New Castle. For Secretary of Internal Affairs—Beaumont Sykes, of Philadelphia.

NEW JERSEY SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—Wilson B. Killingbeck, of Orange.

CONNECTICUT SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—Robert Hunter, of Noroton. For Lieutenant Governor—William Applegate, of New Britain. For Secretary of State—Ella Reeve Bloom, of Waterbury. For State Treasurer—James J. McIntyre, of Hartford. For State Controller—Emil Goris, of New Haven. For Congressman-at-Large—S. E. Beardsley, of Shelton.

MASSACHUSETTS SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—Daniel A. White, of Brockton. For Lieutenant Governor—Patrick Mahoney, of Boston. For Attorney General—Harold Metcalf, of New Bedford. For State Secretary—Harriet D'Orcay, of Lynn. For Auditor—Ambrose Miles, of Lynn. For Treasurer—Sylvester J. McBride, of Watertown.

NEW HAMPSHIRE SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—Asa Warren Drew, of Ashland.

Potpourri

ON CHICAGO. Dr. Heinrich C. G. Hirsch, Viennese conductor, said recently that New York's musical taste was better cultivated than Chicago's. "A New York and a Chicago girl went on, met at the seashore, at the twilight, while the sky was pink in the sunset and the hotel orchestra played Massenet on the terrace, the New York girl said to the Chicago girl: "Do you like fugues?" "The Chicago girl sighed and answered wistfully: "No, but I adore clams."—Detroit Free Press.

WHEN O. HENRY LOST PRESIDENT.

Once, when exploring a factory for story material, O. Henry invited bright little girl to dine with him. He accepted on condition that she bring a friend along. During dinner writer sought to make his guests feel ease by resting his English to the use of using "ain't" and "hadn't oughter" a few other mutilations of the mother tongue. He saw the little girl a few days later. "I was awful mortified that night," she said, "you spoke so ungrammatically before my lady friend!"—Ange Periodic in Success Magazine.

ESKITOLOGY.

A little igloo now and then is relished by the Eskimoes. —Nashville Tennessean. A little whole oil, well frapped, is relished by the Eskimoid. —Washington Evening Star. A little gumdrop, this is truth, is relished by the Eskitooth. —Detroit Free Press.

A little blubber, raw or billed, is relished by the Eskichild. —Cleveland Plain Dealer. The all of which shows just how hard The grind is for the Eskibard. —Buffalo Evening News.

A little pemmican to chew is welcomed by the Eskimoes. —Chicago Record-Herald.

'Tis said two Eskimoes and a kildig will buy a man an Eskiwife. —Houston Post.

THE WOMAN AND THE MAN.

A hair specialist has come forward with the warning that, if the hat crabs continue, women will be their hair. We can well believe it. It must be extremely difficult to do anything in those huge structures. Punch.

ALL OFF.

The Heiress—Have you seen papa? The Duke—Yes. Its all off. The Heiress—You don't mean to say that he refused to give his consent? The Duke—Oh, no. He said he give his consent—but not a cent.—Stray Stories.

FORBIDDEN.

"If you refuse me, Miss Gladstone, shall get a rope and commit suicide?" "No, Colonel, you must not do that. Papa said distinctly he would have you hanging about here." A. P.

"And what is your reason for wanting a divorce?" "My husband and I cannot agree." "But he wants a divorce, too; he is so this morning." "The priest! He shan't have it!" Houston Post.

"That man agreed with every word I expressed," said the positive woman. "Indeed," replied Miss Cigarette, "must have been very much interested very much bored."—Washington Evening Telegram.

"Depends altogether upon the customer," replied the traveling salesman. "Sometimes I tell funny stories and sometimes I abuse the trade."—Philadelphia Post.

"Do drummers really get business by telling funny stories?" "Depends altogether upon the customer," replied the traveling salesman. "Sometimes I tell funny stories and sometimes I abuse the trade."—Philadelphia Post.

"What do they make in a chasing-dog?" "Indigestion—Smart Set.