

THE LAST ACT OF AN OLD DRAMA.

The old drama, half tragedy and half the most pitiful of farces, is playing itself out. The feverish galloping haste of the last few years must be succeeded by a period of depression and flat stagnation. Already the ominous whispers of crisis are making themselves heard and the curtain will fall on the first scene of the last act amid slow music and a chorus of broken small business and starving laborers.

cepted that the trust has triumphed over the law, in other words, that the economic fact requires legal recognition and will get it. President Edmond Wetmore of the American Bar Association has no doubt on that point. In his annual address to that body he said: "The subject of trusts has entered into political issues that divide parties in this country. Time and experience will doubtless show the expediency of modifying much of the legislation which has been had on his difficult subject. It is a striking fact, however, that while thirty states of the union have adopted stringent anti-trust laws within the past twenty years, yet during the same period the amount of capital and labor employed in the form of consolidated incorporation to which the name is usually given has in those very states steadily and even enormously increased, which would seem to show that without trenching upon rights guaranteed by the constitution of all the states the abolition of that form of employment of capital is beyond the reach of legislative power."

boycott is being continually limited by the courts, so that the unions do not retain their powers in those respects. Thus Judge Wing of the Federal Court sitting at Cincinnati has issued an injunction restraining strikers from interfering with imported men, and even from endeavoring to persuade them to leave the jobs which they had taken. The United States Judge says that "persuasion of itself long continued may become a nuisance and unlawful" so that even the oratorical powers of the walking delegate are no longer to constitute property before the law. Judge Stone of Cleveland delivered an opinion to the same effect. It is a sweeping and far-reaching order that forbids the striking machinists from patrolling the streets and congregating around the plant, and directs that the strikers shall not call at the homes of the persons who have taken the San Francisco has issued a restraining order to prevent the men and women on strike against long hours and short pay at the restaurants, from telling the passers-by that the boycotted establishment was an "unfair house."

HOME RULERS AND LABOR. A Manifesto by the Irish Socialist Republican Party. (From the "Workers' Republic," Dublin.) A few months ago we called attention in the columns of the "Workers' Republic" to the extraordinary utterances of certain English Socialists concerning the Home Rule party and its attitude towards Labor and Socialism. We pointed out that this Home Rule party was essentially a capitalist party, inspired solely by a consideration for capitalist interest, and that the few "Labor men" in that party were of the type of the Woods, Burts and Pickards of the English Liberal party—were baits to lure the workers on to the official party hook. We also expressed the opinion that the action of English Socialists in giving such commendatory notices to the enemies of the Irish Socialists were nothing short of treason to the International Labor movement. This remonstrance of ours has been entirely disregarded as if it had been but the fulmination of a Liberal conference. That section of the English Socialists to whom we refer are apparently as ready to sacrifice the interests of the Irish Socialists to suit their party convenience as their English masters have always been ready to sacrifice Ireland to suit the class interests. The phrase "International Solidarity of Labor" which they mouth so glibly does not take in Ireland in its scope.

Pat O'Brien the Home Rule Whip, and Peter White were specially detailed to support this friend of black-leg labor against McLoughlin his Socialist opponent, although the latter had the unanimous endorsement of the Dublin Trades and Labor Council. But have not the Home Rulers declared in favor of Labor, has not Mr. Redmond at Westport declared the fight against landlordism in Ireland to be a "trade unionist fight"? The meaning of phrases can only be understood when you study the conditions out of which they arise. The Home Rule party in Ireland is today fighting for its very existence. The "scenes" in Parliament are but the distant echo of the fight made by the Home Rulers to gain the support of Irish Democracy. Despite all the puffing and booming of the press, despite the lavish expenditure of money on bands and faked up demonstrations, the United Irish League has not caught on in Ireland, and has not forty sound branches in all the country. The intelligent Irish Working Class despise the local politicians. When after the first Local Government election in 1898 the Irish workers had turned their backs upon them they took alarm and in order to sidetrack the Labor movement in the next two elections they ran bogus labor candidates on their tickets in opposition to the independent candidates run by genuine Labor organizations. This fact involved to sets of rallying cries. The Home Rule politician's cry in such contests was "Nationality and Labor should go together;" that of the general by the then President of the Dublin Trades' Council, Mr. Leahy, when he said in reply that "Labor should stand alone." We need not insist upon asking which side the English Socialist agree with. Imagine then our uprise and amusement when we found such utterances as that of Mr. Redmond at Westport, and the Home Rule rallying cry we have quoted both in their essence piteous appeals to the Irish workers to return to the Home Rule fold to be shorn, reproduced in the "Labor Leader" and I. L. P. speeches, as "magnificent utterances in favor of Labor." When an English Liberal says "we are fighting the cause of Labor," the I. L. P. laughs him to scorn, and when an Irish Home Ruler says the same thing it is accepted as gospel truth. But in Ireland, we know our men.

THE CASE OF CRIMMINS. The Organized Scabbery is Trying Star Chamber Methods. Syracuse, N. Y., Nov. 1.—The Organized Scabbery, finding itself unable to answer the charges against it is resorting to the desperate scheme of muzzle free speech. Readers of THE PEOPLE know what the fakirs of local I. T. U. tried on Corregan for which they now find themselves in a hole, as Corregan hit back. They are now trying to victimize another S. L. P. man Crimmins for his exercise of free speech. Charges have been brought against him, not on the ground that what he said was false; what he said are facts; but because he uttered the facts. How the fakirs have gone about it in this case appears that the protest that Crimmins sent objecting to the committee that had been appointed to try him. Here is the protest: "When a citizen is accused of a crime and a jury is selected to consider the evidence and render a verdict it is the common rule that no person known to be a personal enemy or whose material interests depend upon the verdict to be rendered by such jury should be allowed to serve in that capacity. "Such a course is necessary to protect citizens in their rights. "But when charges were preferred against me at the instigation of the Trades assembly of this city, this common rule was not observed. President A. A. Hay in appointing a committee of five to consider the evidence and render a decision has placed upon such a committee three men who are known to be personal enemies of mine. "As a member of the Socialist Labor Party it has been my duty to expose the corruption of many so-called labor leaders in this city. When these labor fakirs banded themselves into an organization called the Workingmen's Political Alliance, in order to dicker with political parties for nominations to some political office on the ground that the labor vote was behind them, they were shown up by the members of the Socialist Labor Party as a band of crooks. It was through this organization that Thomas M. Gafoey received his first nomination as School Commissioner, a committee composed of James M. Lynch and others having interviewed Francis Hendricks, who thought he would corral the labor vote and score a point against James K. McGuire and the Democratic party; but the fakirs had the Democratic nomination also in view. "The Socialist Labor Party has earned the enmity of all these labor fakirs, who to-day are despised by every honest workingman, and as I am a Socialist, I must protest against Thomas M. Gafoey, labor fakir, acting on a committee to try me. Mr. Gafoey's decision has already been rendered in my case. In the "Telegram" of September 4, in an interview, he said: "A dose of the same medicine which the union gave Mr. Corregan a short time ago might help his case also." "The other members of the committee to whom I must object as being biased are James McCormick and Thomas H. Wheaton. Mr. Wheaton was formerly a member of the Socialist Labor Party, but is now discredited. Mr. McCormick has at all times shown his animosity toward me and the Socialist Labor Party in the workshop and other places. "I shall put my case in the hands of the membership." Great Steel Output Last Month. Pittsburg, Nov. 4.—All the mills of the United States Steel Corporation, as well as many of the independents, have broken all records for the production of steel during the month of October. The Edgar Thomson Steel Works, at Braddock, of the Carnegie Company, turned out 65,200 tons of steel rails, against 62,000, in its best previous record. At the Duquesne Steel Works the production of billets, bars and open-hearth steel was increased from 34,000 to 43,500 tons. The Pittsburg district produced more steel last month than the rest of the United States together. The workmen are literally rushed to death to accomplish this result. Accidents, often fatal, are numerous every day.

GIRLS ON STRIKE. ARE EMPLOYED AT DANGEROUS OCCUPATION AND FREQUENTLY MUTILATED. Tend Machines With Revolving Knives—Company Doctor Always Ready—Used to Beat Down Wages of Men—Girls Want an Increase. Pittsburg, Pa. Oct. 29.—A strike is on here in the factory of the Armstrong Brothers' Cork Company. About 50 girls quit work, demanding an increase in wages from 50c. to \$1. a day. There girls are employed in the taping department, where the work is done by machines, and is consequently very dangerous. Scarcely a day passes without one of the girls losing a finger, or receiving severe cuts, from two to six inches long. The company employs a doctor, who is in the factory all the time, so as to be on hand in the event of one of these frequent accidents. A girl who took the place of one of the strikers had her right hand so badly cut that it was necessary for the company's doctor to sew it up with eight stitches. As the work is paid by the piece, the girls are compelled to work at a high pressure in order to make their miserable wages, which amounts, on an average to 50c. for a day of ten hours. This high pressure is responsible for many of the accidents which occur. The Armstrong Brothers are well known all over Pennsylvania for their labors in behalf of Christianity. Their male workers have grievances against them, as have also their women employees. A young man who has worked in the factory for a period of nine years told your correspondent of a reduction in the wages of himself and fellow-workers that was executed in an underhanded manner. Up to about a year ago, the company kept the scale of prices up in the various departments where all the employees would see it. There was a certain sized cork for which the employees received 25c. a barrel. The other day some of the newer men in the employ of the company were put at work on this size of cork; and, when their pay day came, one of the older hands asked how much they made on this work. The reply was that they were paid at 22c. a barrel. When they were told that the price was 25c. a barrel, the newer men immediately made a kick. They were told by the company that if they were not satisfied, they (the company) would put girls on the work. So all quieted down and nothing more was said. The strike of the girls is not likely to prove a success. It appears to be about broken, as many of the strikers are going back to work. A REVEREND LAND BOOMER. A South Dakota Priest's Circular to Catholic Homeseekers. Mankind can be divided into two classes, the laborers and the idlers, the supporters and the supported, the honest and the dishonest, the independent and the dependent, the good and the depraved. The ranks of the idlers and tramps are depraved, are largely filled from railroads, factory employees and wage earners, who have lost their positions, and from falsely college bred boys, who have more gall than blood, who have little brain and less heart, and whose little souls are filled with prejudice against honest toil, honest toil of the hand; and the ranks of the depraved among women are chiefly supplied from similar typewriters, bookkeepers, waitresses, servant girls, clerks and high-toned but spoiled college graduates. A little study, thought, observation, and experience will reveal the consolatory truth that the ranks of the evil ones are not supplied by boys and girls raised on the farm, amid the perfume of flowers, the rustle of trees, the billow-wheat fields, the golden corn fields and sunny slopes filled with herds of cattle and sheep. Here are to be found the honest, intelligent and happy laborers, the good and true supporters of themselves, their church, country and home. Every man is dishonest, that lives upon the unpaid labor of others, no matter if he occupy a throne. All laborers should be brothers, and I want every farmer to consider every man who labors, either with his hand or brain, his brother. The farm has on those fruitful prairies long outlived its old-time drudgery. It is no more "a dog's life," as men were wont to say. It has become a pleasant, healthful, remunerative occupation. Genius and labor have formed partnership, and hence there is leisure, happiness and prosperity on the farm. Every reaper and mower, every agricultural implement has elevated the work of the farmer, especially here, where there are no stones, no stumps, no swamps, no hills and every implement does its work to the best advantage, from the sulky plow to the hay stacker, corn binder and corn husker, which renders agricultural, dairy and stock pursuits mere pastime and makes the farmer's vocation grow grander with every new invention. For circulars to prospective buyers address, with stamps enclosed, Rev. Pastor St. Mary's Church, Alexandria, S. D. If you are getting this paper without having ordered it, do not refuse it. Someone has paid for your subscription. Renew when it expires.

PLATFORM OF THE SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY.

The Socialist Labor Party of the United States, its Convention assembled, reasserts the inalienable right of all men to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. With the founders of the American Republic, we hold that the purpose of government is to secure every citizen in the enjoyment of this right; but in the light of our social conditions we hold, furthermore, that no such right can be exercised under a system of economic inequality, essentially destructive of life, liberty, and of happiness. With the founders of this Republic, we hold that the true theory of politics is that the machinery of government must be owned and controlled by the whole people; but in the light of our industrial development we hold, furthermore, that the true theory of economics is that the machinery of production must likewise belong to the people in common. To the obvious fact that our despotic system of economics is the direct opposite of our democratic system of politics, can plainly be traced the existence of a privileged class, the corruption of government by that class, the alienation of public property, public franchises and public functions to that class, and the abject dependence of the mightiest of nations upon that class. Again, through the perversion of democracy to the ends of plutocracy, labor is robbed of the wealth which it alone produces, is denied the means of self-employment, and by compulsory idleness in wage slavery, is even deprived of the necessities of life. Human power and natural forces are thus wasted, that the plutocracy may rule. Ignorance and misery, with all their concomitant evils, are perpetuated that the people may be kept in bondage. Science and invention are diverted from their humane purpose to the enslavement of women and children, and the constructive tendencies of its trusts and other capitalist combinations on the other hand, shall have worked out its own downfall. We, therefore, call upon the wage workers of the United States, and upon all other honest citizens, to organize under the banner of the Socialist Labor Party into a class-conscious body, aware of its rights and determined to conquer them by taking possession of the public powers; so that, held together by an indomitable spirit of solidarity under the most trying conditions of the present struggle, we may put a summary end to that barbarous struggle by the abolition of classes, the restoration of the land and of all the means of production, transportation and distribution to the people as a collective body, and the substitution of the Co-operative Commonwealth for the present state of classless production, industrial and social disorder; a commonwealth in which every worker shall have a free exercise and full benefit of his faculties, multiplied by all the modern factors of civilization.

Now a Bonding Trust. Baltimore, Md., Nov. 4.—Negotiations are now under way for the consolidation of the large bonding companies of this city and New York, including the American Bonding and Trust Company, of this city; the American Surety and National Surety Company, of New York; the Fidelity and Deposit Company and the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company. The plan is to exchange the shares of these companies for the stock of a parent corporation to be formed for the purpose. There is every prospect of its success. Rates are to be maintained and the net profits of the company will be turned over to the parent company. Sozialistische Arbeiter-Zeitung. Owned and Published by the Socialist Labor Party. PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, SUBSCRIPTION RATES. One Year \$1.00 Six Months50 Three Months25 BUSINESS OFFICE: 239 ST. CLAIR STREET, CLEVELAND, OHIO. Where all money, remittances, and business communications are to be directed. EDITORIAL COMMUNICATIONS: Should be addressed: Sozialistische Arbeiter-Zeitung, 2-6 New Reade St., N.Y., P. O. Box, 1576.



Sec'y of Local Union No. 94
Dear Sir and Brother:
I write to notify you that the General Executive Board has endorsed the boycott...

A FIGHT TO THE DEATH.

The Corrupt United Hebrew Trades Now Must Face the Socialist Trades & Labor Alliance—The First Move is the Attempted Boycott of the "Abend-blatt."

The above is a reproduction of a document issued in the fight against the Abend-Blatt, Jewish official organ of the Socialist Labor Party. Its reproduction here is for the purpose of showing the nature of the documents issued and of giving a review of that attempted boycott, the causes which led to it, and for the further purpose of touching incidentally upon the characteristics, the history, and the objects of the unclean crowd which is back of the attempt.

that the Abend-blatt found it necessary to cut away from. Because of its treachery it could not be depended on. Because of its cowardice it was sure to be guilty of some new despicable work. Because of its record as a scab concern its existence was a stench in the nostrils of all men.

THE FIELD OF LABOR
The news from the Field of Labor for the week ending Saturday, November 2, was particularly interesting in that its most important items illustrated very vividly the complete enslavement of the working class, at home and abroad, and the consequent triumphant domination of the capitalist class all over the world.

THE LYON OUTRAGE.
To the members of the Socialist Labor Party.
Comrades!
Through the columns of the PEOPLE you have learned of the dastardly outrage committed by some members of the Beaumont, Texas, police force against our brave comrade F. D. Lyon.

THE DAILY PEOPLE.
The attention of all workmen is called to the Daily People. It was established on July 1, 1900, by the Socialist Labor Party.
THE DAILY PEOPLE IS THE ONLY ENGLISH SOCIALIST DAILY PAPER IN THE WORLD.
OWNED BY WORKINGMEN. EDITED BY WORKINGMEN. SUPPORTED BY WORKINGMEN.

WEEKLY PEOPLE.

Published by the Socialist Labor Party, at 2, 4 and 6 New Read St., New York.

Single Copy..... 25 Six months..... 02 One year..... \$0.50

SOCIALIST VOTE IN THE UNITED STATES.

In 1888..... 2,068 In 1892..... 21,157 In 1896..... 80,664 In 1900..... 34,191

Room! For the men of Mind make way! Ye robber Rulers, pause no longer!



The trend of the election returns from several parts of the country, published elsewhere, tho' few in numbers at the time of going to press, tell the cheering tale that the battering ram of the Socialist Labor Party, slightly damaged here and gaining yonder, has successfully accomplished the only task it was called upon to accomplish this year.

THE SCAB SOCIAL DEMOCRACY UP TO DATE.

A number of times, each time duly authenticated, instances have been entered of record in these columns in the course of the last twelve months, that proved beyond a doubt that the Social Democracy, especially its Kangaroo wing, is to Socialism what a satyr is to Hyperion: that it is the spawn of the sub-barrel reactionary element of capitalism, doused with the impure motives and aspirations of an "intellectual" riff-raff, too frayed to figure in the camp of bona fide capitalism, and too vicious and depraved to entertain for bona fide Socialism and its organization any but sentiments of malice and the envy of the degenerate.

John C. Smith (Social Democrat) ran last November in the Worcester, Mass., District, on the Social Democratic and the Democratic ticket platform. Morris Eichmann (Social Democrat) ran this Spring in West Hoboken, N. J., on the Social Democratic, the regular Democratic, the Republican and the "Citizens" ticket platform.

ning on the Social Democratic ticket, in Cortlandtown and is a political job holder by the grace of the Republican party. Everett and King (Social Democrats) are political job holders in San Francisco, Cal., by the grace of a Democratic Mayor.

John Foley (notorious ward-heeler for the Democratic ex-Senator Murphy) is running in Troy, N. Y., on the Social Democratic ticket and platform for President Common Council, and openly declares that he will vote the Democratic ticket straight.

SCOURGE THE SCAMP SCABS.

Let the below "deadly parallel" fall like a twisted rope upon the back of the Organized Scabbery:

The trend of the election returns from several parts of the country, published elsewhere, tho' few in numbers at the time of going to press, tell the cheering tale that the battering ram of the Socialist Labor Party, slightly damaged here and gaining yonder, has successfully accomplished the only task it was called upon to accomplish this year.

THE SCAB SOCIAL DEMOCRACY UP TO DATE.

A number of times, each time duly authenticated, instances have been entered of record in these columns in the course of the last twelve months, that proved beyond a doubt that the Social Democracy, especially its Kangaroo wing, is to Socialism what a satyr is to Hyperion: that it is the spawn of the sub-barrel reactionary element of capitalism, doused with the impure motives and aspirations of an "intellectual" riff-raff, too frayed to figure in the camp of bona fide capitalism, and too vicious and depraved to entertain for bona fide Socialism and its organization any but sentiments of malice and the envy of the degenerate.

John C. Smith (Social Democrat) ran last November in the Worcester, Mass., District, on the Social Democratic and the Democratic ticket platform. Morris Eichmann (Social Democrat) ran this Spring in West Hoboken, N. J., on the Social Democratic, the regular Democratic, the Republican and the "Citizens" ticket platform.

Regiment to "settle" the trolleyman's strike in Albany, and there too left its sign-manual—murder. Now, then, the paper that pronounces these acts of felony "good service," that caters to the epistolary comfort of these brow-beaters of the workers, and that pronounces the indignant striking workmen "moths" and otherwise slanders these hard-pressed members of the working class,—that paper is sung the songs of, that paper is cheered as assisting "union men generally," that paper is "unqualifiedly" endorsed by the Boston Central Labor Union!

THE SAN FRANCISCO DROMIOS.

The municipal contest of this year in San Francisco has produced a by-play that, by all means, should be mounted on the political stage of the country. It should be named "The San Francisco Dromios." While the old parties are carrying on their regulation frazz, there is going on, in a corner, a "fierce contest." It is the contest of the Kangaroo Socialist party and a "Union Labor" party that has just sprung up, live having been breathed into its nostrils by the "endorsement of a large number of Unions." These two parties are the Dromios. They can't tell each other apart; nor can anybody else. In their outer Dromio likeness, while trying to lambaste each other they are lambasting themselves in a way that makes the fury. And herein lies the instructiveness of the spectacle.

Leading men in the "Union Labor" party are gentlemen who earned considerable distinction as organizers of Republican clubs; leading men in the "Kangaroo Socialist" party are gentlemen who have earned considerable distinction as beggars and accepters of political jobs from capitalist parties. No two political faces can be more alike; if they are not "like two peas," still they surely are alike enough to be mistaken for each other.

No doubt it is a crime for men claiming to be in and of the camp of Labor to organize political bodies of a party that deceives the workingman. The crime consists in aiding and abetting the fleecing. And the fleecing is aided and abetted because such conduct tends to obliterate and has the direct effect of obliterating the line that separates the working from the fleecing class.

The French Government is taking a leaf from the bad-eared freak who rules Germany. Catholic priests driven from Germany to China got into trouble there and Wille made the yellow heathens pay enormous damages for bothering them. Now France has just passed a law making it very difficult for Catholic schools and associations to do business and driven thousands of priests out of the country.

WILL THE FATE OF DEVERY'S HEAD AFFECT THESE?

The United Hebrew Charities, at a meeting held last Monday, received the annual report of its President. The following are a few of the passages in the report: "Poverty among the Jews is increasing in New York. We cannot and dare not blind ourselves to this fact."

telligent portion of society that is capable of seeing, and in whose keeping the progress of the race has ever been? It matters not. Accident or intent the report is exceptionally timely. The class, whose affluence is a barometer of the poverty of the masses, (Jew and Gentile), of the number of widows left destitute (Gentile and Jew), of the distress that produces "deserted women" (Jew and Gentile), of the plague spots named tenement houses and sweatshops, which, in turn, suggest and imply factories, railroad beds, stone yards and shops where consumptives (Gentile and Jew) are bred,—that widowhood, deserted girls, consumption and poverty among the workers—breeding class is tugging at what "Carnegie Said and Did," and that "tug of war" comes down to what the fate shall be of Devery; and the labor lieutenants of that class help along the hurly with their blatant and doubly criminal conduct.

THE RAILROAD MOLOCH.

The speech delivered by Depew on Railroad Day in Buffalo, and reproduced in full last week in these columns, offered the opportunity for an article in which it was shown from Depew's own words, coupled with certain experiences, that the privately owned railroad was subversive of freedom in that it ruled, economically and politically, a vast part of the population. Depew's speech furnishes the material to also prove that the railroad magnates of the country actually live on the marrow of the railroad employees, giving back to these in the shape of wages but a small fraction of the wealth they produce, the lion's share being plundered by the railroad capitalists.

The gross earnings of the railroads of the United States in 1900 was \$1,487,000,000. Of this, \$577,000,000 went for labor directly on the pay roll; material and supplies, which are mainly labor; rentals, interest, and taxes absorbed all the rest of the \$910,000,000 earnings, except \$118,000,000 to the stockholders.

As to "interests on indebtedness and rentals," the interest is paid to the identical railroad magnates who loan themselves money and charge the road for it; while the rent, whether on railroad lines or actual real estate, is mainly of the same nature.

As to "supplies" hardly a railroad magnate but holds stock, usually controlling stock, in the leading industries that furnish the supplies—mines, car factories, rail, etc. Accordingly the item "supplies" does not go to "labor"; it goes directly and mainly into the pockets of the identical railroad magnates.

In view of this fact the equation (taking Depew's own figures) now stand: Every \$100 produced by Labor on the railroads is divided as follows:

To Labor \$30 To Capital 58 To Taxes 3 Total \$100

The \$3 taxes come out of the \$100 produced by Labor; but that \$3 never touches the hand of Labor. Whether the taxes be \$3 or \$20, that portion of the \$100 produced by Labor that Labor receives remains unaffected. That \$3 falls into, and reappears as "taxes" out of the \$61 of Labor's produce, that Labor is plundered of anyhow. And the \$3 is invested by the capitalist plunderer in that portion of the machinery of government that is intended to protect the capitalist in the possession of his stolen goods.

This would be quite a gawsome enough showing. Considering the huge number of workmen mutilated and killed in the service of the railroads, i. e., in the production of that \$100, the \$39 that Labor receives is an insulting and intolerable enough pittance, while the \$61 that the idle capitalist pockets is a plunder, gigantic and blood-stained. But the case is worse yet. The \$39 is an inflated figure. In them are included the \$50,000 a year salaries of the Depews of the roads; the \$25,000, the \$20,000, the \$10,000 a year figure heads, whose salaries are collected, not in reward of Labor performed (these gentlemen perform no useful labor), but by virtue of the stock they hold, or their patrons hold in the railroad companies. It is safe, under this head to deduct \$9.

The equation then stands: To the idle Capitalist \$70 To the Workers \$39 Total produced by the Workers, \$100

The capitalists are great at sleights of hand. By the sleight of hand of dividing the plunder that they levy on the workers into "interest," "rentals," "supplies," "taxes," etc., they make their share appear trifling, "only \$8 dividends!" And to perform even this trick they must indulge in the sleight of hand of padding the pay-roll with items wholly illegitimate. Not \$8, out of every \$100 produced by the railroadmen, is the "reward" of capital; the idle capitalist has leisure enough to scheme to keep, and to succeed in the scheme of keeping, fully \$70 out of every \$100 that Labor produces at the risk of life and limb, and with the sacrifice of life and limb.

Depew's figure and the manner he presents them doubly condemn the capitalist system; they condemn it of plunder; they condemn it of swindle. No wonder the railroad magnates are equally divided between the Democratic and Republican parties; and are united in suppressing to the best of their power all information on the Socialist Labor Party, and the education that the Party is spreading.

poverty. In between these two you have the middle class. It consists of people who have little property, just enough to keep them from working for others but not enough to compete with the big fellows. This middle class is going by the board fast. Catch on? B. J.—I begin to see. U. S.—All political struggles are conducted upon the lines of the class interests of these three. The big class wants to preserve their stolen goods; the middle class wants to prevent the big fellows from swallowing them up, but want to preserve the power of themselves fleeing the workers. The workers want to prevent all these vampires from fleeing them. Hence the class struggle of the proletariat is and must be conducted upon lines of abolishing the private ownership of the land and the machinery of production.

Without a workman realizes the fact of class distinctions, he will not understand that the Democratic and Republican parties, together with their Organized Scabbery stool-pigeons, seek to protect the class that lives upon his back. Nor will he be able to see that his class interests direct him to join the Socialist Labor Party, and to vote straight the ticket headed by the Arm and Hammer.

Political and Economic.

The "Motorman and Conductor," official organ of the street car men organized in the American Federation of Labor says:—"Almost every day the press calls our attention to some fatal street railway accident. And it is not to be wondered at, when we take into consideration the fact that to-day we are rushing through the streets and crowded thoroughfares of our cities twelve and fifteen ton street cars at the rate of 30 to 40 miles an hour. But when we come to examine them, we find the appliances for controlling and stopping that car is the same old brake that was operated on the bob-tailed car fifteen years ago."

"Yesterday the 'Times' had a heading which reads: 'France prepares for strike of miners. TROOPS NOTIFIED TO BE READY FOR ACTION NOVEMBER 1.'" No better proof could be asked that France is indeed prepared for a strike, and prepared in the most improved and approved style.

The safety of the New York "Journal," is assured since the brawny editor of the "Bricklayer and Mason" rushed to its assistance. Said editor decided "that the 'Journal' is friendly to 'organized labor,' 'organized labor' being none other than the said editor. This gentleman is one of the scalliest of the labor scents. He is the gentleman who was soundly taken to the task by the PEOPLE, and who made a reply that rendered him the laughing stock of the country. He has ridiculed himself again, and nobody else was so well fitted for the task. Though the editor of the 'Bricklayer and Mason' has a number sixteen foot, still he has a very capacious mouth, and wears his foot in it most of the time.

The "Volker," apologist of Organized Scabbery, is rapidly becoming 'H'Englised. It has an advertisement of a book and announces it has made a "tremendous" sale. As the book is the child of the good right ear of Mr. Kraftt, there can be no doubt but that it is all sorts of an "it."

"Justice," organ of the Single Taxers, says, "One good result of this campaign seems to be an increased respect for the Single Taxers as a political factor. Both sides are calling and bidding for our aid." In other words, the Single Taxers place themselves in a position to be bid for. They auction themselves off in each campaign, and the party that bids the highest gets them. This is the essence of political prostitution, and that's all there is of the Single Tax.

The "Cleveland Citizen" complains that the Socialist Labor Party is "conspiring" to defeat James Carey, who is running for re-election to the Great and General Court of Massachusetts. This is horrible. It is a crime to try to defeat a man who votes for sanitary armories. The Socialist Labor Party will assist in that laudable aim by taking him out of it, by voting the Socialist Labor Party ticket, and by persuading all other honest workmen to do the same thing.

The "Volkszeitung" announces that it is knee-deep in presents for its coming fair. Among the presents in which it is knee-deep are a couple of pianos, innumerable sausages, a sewing machine, a keg of beer, two hams, and some pickled eels in jelly. We take its word for the knee-deep, but fear that the wading is not really of the best.

The "Volker," organ of the Social Democratic party has the following advertisement:—"Read the 'Advance.' Uncompromising advocate of class-conscious political action in the interests of the CAPITALIST class." That is just what it is, and what its party is. It has always been so and will continue to be so till its little life is extinguished by the Socialist Labor Party. The copy of the "Volker" is on exhibition at this office.

The Turk is to be reformed, and France is to do the reforming. The Sick Man of Europe will recover from the illness with which, in the eyes of the capitalist world, he is affected. His malady is the common one of weak nations. It is that there is a considerable amount of wealth that the other nations desire, but because of the squabbles among themselves do not know how to get at. France has solved the problem.



Uncle Sam and Brother Jonathan

BROTHER JONATHAN—I am at a loss to comprehend what you Socialists mean by dividing the people into three different classes.

UNCLE SAM—If you would only use your own intelligence, even unaided by Socialist Labor Party literature, you would cease to be "at a loss."

B. J.—We have but one kind of people, citizens; all equal before the law; and our free institutions are for the benefit of all.

U. S.—The devil you say!

B. J. (testily)—That's just what I say.

U. S.—Mention one of those free institutions.

B. J.—I'll mention you a dozen; 1st., The suffrage; 2nd., The right of any one to go into any pursuit he likes; 3rd., Our free schools; 4th., We are all born equal, we have no lords with special privileges; 5th—

U. S.—That'll do. Let us take up the first. You are a motorman; you told me that last year you did not vote. Did you not want to?

B. J.—I wanted to, but could not get off.

U. S.—Why not?

B. J.—I had to work.

U. S.—Why did you not drop work?

B. J.—And lose my job and starve?

U. S.—(grabs B. J. by the nape of the neck, pulls him to a near pump and holds his head under while he pumps a bucket full of water on B. J.'s head. When B. J. recovered his breath U. S. proceeds)—That much for equality before the law No. 1. Much good does the written "equality" do you if in practice you can't avail yourself of it!

B. J. tries to dry his head.

U. S.—Now for No. 2. Do you like standing ten and more hours on the front platform of a car, summer and winter at the starvation wages you complain about?

B. J.—No, I don't like that.

U. S.—Why don't you go into the business of owning your own trolley-line or your own factory and have a good living and "choose your own pursuit," as you claim everyone here can do?

B. J.—I haven't the capital to do that.

U. S. (pulls B. J. again under the pump and gives his head another soaking. When B. J. has again recovered his breath U. S. proceeds)—You cannot exercise your functions unless you have capital or access to capital; you have none, and the only way you can get access to capital is by selling yourself at starvation wages to the Republican and Democratic capitalists. You have no choice. That much for "equality before the law." No. 2.

B. J. mops his head.

U. S.—Now for No. 3.—Would you not like to have gone through college?

OFFICIAL.

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE—Henry Kuhn, Secretary, 2-6 New Reade street, New York.

SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY OF CANADA—F. J. Darob, Secretary, 119 Dundas street, Market square, London, Ontario.

NEW YORK LAB. NEWS COMPANY—2-6 New Reade street. (The Party's literary agency.)

Canadian Socialist Labor Party.—London, Ont., Nov. 4.—Regular meeting of the National Executive Committee.

Comrade Ross was appointed to act in conjunction with Comrade Asplund to draw up the report of the convention and hand to secretary for mailing to Sections.

Request from Section St. Thomas, Ont., that a speaker be sent there Thursday, 7th inst., at their expense.

Secretary instructed to write Section Hamilton re situation of the movement there.

Adjourned. I. P. Courtenay, Rec. Sec'y.

Iowa Notice. To the Socialist Labor Party of Iowa. Comrades:

Your State Committee has the unpleasant task on hand to inform you, that we will not appear on the ballot this fall.

Now while at it, I wish to call the attention of the comrades to the fact that we cut but a sorry figure in the fight for our cause compared to neighboring states.

We like to see your letters but would sooner see your application for membership. Youas well as I know, that whoever wants to be free must themselves strike the blow—and last but not least, push the Party papers—that's the backbone of the movement.

Notice to Sections of Greater Boston. The committee on Union picnic, with new delegates from Boston, Lynn, and Salem met at Everett on Sunday, Oct. 20.

It was decided to hold a ball on Friday evening, Feb. 21, 1902, if satisfactory arrangements can be made for the same.

All members and sympathizers of the S.L.P., now residing in Canton, Ohio, are urgently requested to attend a meeting to be held on Sunday November 10, 2 p.m., sharp, at 1106 High street, Canton.

Workingmen of Allegheny County are invited to attend the lectures which are held every Sunday, 3 p. m., at Socialist Labor Party headquarters, 111 Market street.

November 10—J. A. McConnell, "Lessons from the Campaign." November 17—Jos. Freese, "Old and New Trade Unionism."

Comrade Frank Jordan, on his way from New York City to Indianapolis will speak at the following places: Albany, November 16.

Organizer Veal in Illinois. Jacksonville, November 9—10. Springfield, November 11—13. Peoria, November 14—18.

Section Peoria, S. L. P. will hold its first season entertainment and dance November 11, at South Side Turner Hall.

Section Peoria, S. L. P. will hold its first season entertainment and dance November 11, at South Side Turner Hall.

Section Peoria, S. L. P. will hold its first season entertainment and dance November 11, at South Side Turner Hall.

Section Peoria, S. L. P. will hold its first season entertainment and dance November 11, at South Side Turner Hall.

SPECIAL FUND.

Table with columns for names and amounts. Includes entries like 'Previously acknowledged \$2411.00', '10th A. D., Brooklyn, N. Y. 6.00', 'Stanton Pleasure and Educational Club, N. Y. City 35.00'.

DAILY PEOPLE MONIES.

Table with columns for names and amounts. Includes entries like 'Received in answer to circular letter of DAILY PEOPLE Trustees, from Oct. 1 to Oct. 31', 'Section, Am't.', 'Phoenix, Ariz. \$1.25', 'San Jose, Cal. 3.00'.

To Organizers and Literary Agents. Important. The Literary Agency of the Socialist Labor Party has sent out specimen copies of new leaflets to each organizer and literary agent.

Authorized Agents for the Weekly People. AKRON, OHIO. W. Garrity, 194 Upon street. ALBANY, N. Y. Louis Mader, 134 Perry street.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH: M. C. Pratt, Room 318, Constitution Building, Main street. SCHEENECTADY, N. Y.: E. F. Lake, 23 Third avenue. E. R. Markley.

Select List of Socialist Books. For the Workman and the Student. The following books are recommended by the Literary Agency of the Socialist Labor Party to those desiring to know what Modern Socialism is.

Section Peoria, S. L. P. will hold its first season entertainment and dance November 11, at South Side Turner Hall.

Section Peoria, S. L. P. will hold its first season entertainment and dance November 11, at South Side Turner Hall.

Section Peoria, S. L. P. will hold its first season entertainment and dance November 11, at South Side Turner Hall.

Section Peoria, S. L. P. will hold its first season entertainment and dance November 11, at South Side Turner Hall.

Section Peoria, S. L. P. will hold its first season entertainment and dance November 11, at South Side Turner Hall.

Section Peoria, S. L. P. will hold its first season entertainment and dance November 11, at South Side Turner Hall.

Section Peoria, S. L. P. will hold its first season entertainment and dance November 11, at South Side Turner Hall.