

THE YOUNG WORKER

An Organ of the Militant Young Workers

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PRICE 5 CENTS

THE YOUNG WORKER
 Stands For
 Unionizing the Youth!
 Equal Pay for Equal Work for
 Young and Old!
 A 6-Hour Day, 8-Day Week for
 Young Workers!
 Abolition of Child Labor!
 A Fight Against Capitalist
 Militarism!
 A Fight Against the Boss Class:
 The Workers' Republic!

BOSSSES FEAR LEAGUE DRIVE IN MAIL ORDER HOUSES

YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE DRIVE IN COAL MINES MAKE SWIFT PROGRESS

The officialdom of the United Mine Workers of America remains apathetic to the exit of the hundreds of young miners from its ranks. As a result of the three-year wage agreement, the opportunity of operating the scab fields at the expense of the organized fields has been extended to the bosses... In this time they will exert all their energy in breaking up the organized sections of the mine workers' union. The membership, thru the treachery of their officials, is obliged to witness this double-crossing with the only alternative of repudiating the contemptible action of Mr. Lewis and Co., by working a militant organization of the United Mine Workers of America.

Already, a renewed sweep of militant sentiment is noticeable all thru the country. In District 26, in spite of the terrorist and dictatorial rule of Jawn L., the militants have just been returned to office in the face of an unprecedented opposition, both from the Lewis gang, and from the fakery in the O. B. U.

Tide is Rising.

In Illinois the tide is rising against the Lewis Farrington machine and the progressives promise to give the going a good run for its money—all indications going to victory. In Pennsylvania, the militants' slate is being supported with ever increasing energy by the rank and file. All efforts at intimidation and expulsion of flimsy charges fall to deter the work of the progressives.

The Young Workers League campaign is now gathering momentum. Max Naitzma, veteran organizer of the league, will take charge of the campaign in the southern Illinois fields, comprising the famous District 12, and it is expected that excellent results will be achieved. In Ohio,

Join Young Workers League Campaign in Coal Mining Fields

Besides supporting the general program of the International Progressive Committee, the Young Workers League has issued special demands in the campaign among the coal mining youth of America. The young miners are urged to rally to these demands under the banner of the Young Workers League:

1. No contract shall be drawn up by the union containing discriminating clauses against the young miners, such as boys' wages clauses, etc.
2. No entrance fee for all young workers under 21 years of age.
3. The enforcement of the objective of the union which calls for the abolition of all employment for children under 16 years of age.
4. Young miners under 21 to pay only 50 per cent of the regular dues.
5. Establishment of a special

for young miners, to which the young can contribute their views without censorship.

6. Abolition of all employment for the youth in dangerous occupations in and around the mine.
7. Immediate establishment of day and night school under the supervision and control of the miners themselves.

March in the 'Weekly Young Worker' Parade!

March in the 'Weekly Young Worker' Parade! EVERYONE is pushing ahead with all the vim, vigor and vitality that the league has ever yet displayed. Everyone is bending every ounce of energy in the campaign for the Weekly Young Worker. Money is coming in! Subs are coming in! Bundle orders are being increased thru the pledge cards! All the comrades are anxiously awaiting the appearance of the first issue of the weekly.

The Weekly Young Worker will be the occasion for national parade of young communists and sympathizers. Everyone is going to join hands and march triumphantly at the achievement of the weekly. Everyone will be proud to have had a share in the building of this better and bigger paper of the young working masses of America!

Will You March in the Parade?

Of course you will! Every young communist, every sympathizer, every branch of the Young Workers League will want to join the ranks of the happy revolutionary youth in celebration of our victory. Another of the victories of the revolutionaries over the kept, capitalist press,

The names of all the marchers will be printed in the first issue of the Weekly. The names of our supporters of our drive will go down in the history of our press as comrades who came to our aid in the moment of our need. YOU will want to march with us! YOUR BRANCH will be found in the ranks!

We frankly want your money! It costs something to march in the parade of victory. Every member or sympathizer who wants to march must send in a minimum of fifty cents in order to be in the line. Every branch of the Young Workers League must send in one dollar in order to march along with its members.

Don't wait until the last moment. Don't delay until it is too late. Don't hesitate or dilly-dally. Send in the fifty cents NOW! Get your branch to send in the dollar NOW! Be in the roll of honor. Don't be a slacker. When the names of the marchers are scanned, yours must be among them. If it isn't what excuse will you be able to give! None at all!

Join in the march! Join in the ranks! All together for the Weekly Young Worker!
FORWARD!

Workers Party Post-Election Problems

A Statement by the National Executive Committee of the Young Workers League.

THE overwhelming victory of the forces of reaction in the recent presidential elections indicate that big

the League by means of its press, its schools, its movies, its thousand and one instruments of misinformation. The slogan of "Coolidge or Chaos," served as a threat to the millions of workers and farm (in the United States)—and rather than be faced with a threatened chaos they voted to keep Wall Street in power.

membership to take even more interest in the tasks and problems of the party. Therefore, the national executive committee calls upon the membership of the Y. W. L. to the wholehearted support to the party, announced by the central committee of the party in a resolution issued in the Nov. 7 issue of the DAILY WORKER.

not the building of such a farmer-labor party but the strengthening and developing of the Workers Party itself as the practical leader of the masses and as the only party that represents the working class interests

and fights for them. Rally around the Workers Party more than ever before. We must build the Workers Party of America! To this proposal the national executive committee gives its complete endorsement.

Forward to a mass Young Communist League in the United States! Forward to a mass Workers Communist League in the United States!

Signed, National Executive Committee, Young Workers' League of America.

John Williamson, Nat'l. Sec'y.

Admits R. O. T. C. Is Organization Formed To Break Up Strikes

LOS ANGELES, Calif. — The sergeant of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps of the Jefferson high school today admitted that the real object of the organization is to break strikes.

He cited the street car men's strike in Chicago which the police could not break and where the cavalry finally had to be called. He said: "The strikers think that they were in the right, but when they became destructive it was necessary to break up the 'R.O.T.C.' The reserves of Fort Sheridan did what the police failed to do."

This, he stated, was the reason for the existence of the R. O. T. C., along with the necessity for "protecting our interests from undue interference." He did not say what the "our" stood for.

BOY SCOUTS MILITARISTIC

Milwaukee Alderman Takes Swat at Tin Soldiers

MILWAUKEE—Why is the Milwaukee Maternity hospital excluded from the community fund benefits while the Boy Scouts get their share of the proceeds, asks H. O. Kent, Milwaukee alderman. Kent would like to see the Boy Scouts, which he terms, a "movement to foster militarism," shut out. Labor generally is dissatisfied with the management of the community drive.

MASS. DOWNS MEASURE.

BORTON.—The referendum vote of the "people" of Massachusetts on the question as to whether or not the state legislature should ratify the proposed child labor amendment to the federal constitution was defeated by an overwhelming majority. If the workers expect to abolish child labor by voting at the ballot boxes, the child toilers are doomed to slavery forever, it seems.

SHACHTMAN RELEASED. Max Shachtman, editor of The

CALL OUT COPS IN ATTEMPT TO HALT Y. W. SALE

Ask Youth to Join a Young Workers League

The campaign of the Young Workers League in the Chicago mail order houses has now reached its organizational stages, and the slogan "Read The Young Worker" has given way to the slogan: "Join the Young Workers League."

The young mail order house workers know what attempts their bosses made to prevent them from reading the facts about the mail order industry printed in the special mail order house edition of The Young Worker; now that they have defied their bosses and read the articles on conditions and wages in the mail order houses, they must take some organized action to improve these conditions.

How much the bosses are afraid of the facts printed in The Young Worker and the definite program offered, is shown by the extremes to which they went to stop the young mail order house workers from buying the paper.

Fire a Reader.

At Sears Roebuck's one young worker was laid off because he bought a copy of The Young Worker against the orders of his foreman. The result was many Sears Roebuck employees were afraid to buy the paper, the thousands weren't frightened by these threats.

At Phillipsborn's all the bosses were at the doors the morning after the paper was first sold there, talking to the young workers, telling them not to buy the paper, and telling them that

deter the work of the...
 The Young...
 campaign is now...
 Max Natanson, veteran organizer of the league, will take charge of the campaign in the southern Illinois fields, comprising the famous District 12, and it is expected that excellent results will be achieved. In Ohio, the young communists of Dillonvale, Bradley, Martins Ferry, Yorkville, Bellaire and other centers, will do their bit towards pushing the campaign of the league to rally the young miners of the economic demands being put forth.

In the Pittsburgh territory, Joe Solitsky, district organizer of the league will conduct the drive. Preparations for wide spread success are being made at the moment of writing. A series of mass meetings at which the program of the league will be presented to the young miners has been arranged. The first of these is to be addressed at Miners Hall, Sunday, November 23, 8 p. m., Meadlands, Pa., by Pat H. Toohy, young secretary of local 1724. Other speakers are Kathleen Harmon, daughter of the left wing candidate for international board member, and Roger Gouraud, manager of the undefeated Young Workers League soccer team of Houston. A Workers Party speaker completes the list.

Canonburg and Rural Ridge have recently been invaded by the Y. W. L., and branches organized there.

Get The Pamphlet

Branches all over the mining territory are urged to send in their orders for huge amounts of the pamphlet on the young miners and the league program, entitled "Out of the Darkness," which sells at five cents a copy, \$1.00 for 25 copies, and \$3.50 per hundred. Orders are being taken now. Handle orders for the special issue of The Young Worker to be issued dated January 15, 1925 are also being taken and all branches are urged to send in their orders immediately: \$3.00 a hundred, and rates accordingly for extra orders.

A nucleus in every mining camp of the country, is the slogan of the Young Workers League in this campaign. Rally to the program of the young communists of America! Out of the darkness!

Young miners, to which the youth can contribute their views without censorship.
 6. Abolition of all employment for the youth in dangerous occupations in and around the mine.
 7. Immediate establishment of day and night school under the supervision and control of the miners themselves.
 8. The six-hour day and five-day week for all young miners. These demands will be spread broadcast thruout the mining camps of this country. Support them!

FIVE NUCLEI AND TEN BRANCHES IN Y.W.L. CAMPAIGN

Program of Action is Bringing Results

A swift spurt of organization of new units of the Young Workers League has been reported to the national office from the various district throughout the country. The most encouraging feature of the reports is the number of shop nuclei that have been formed, or that are in the process of being organized in numerous cities.

The program of the Young Workers League is being spread in all cities and the message of communism is being listened to more than ever by the young workers. The danger of coming capitalist wars and the growing industrial crisis which is being accompanied by wage cuts and unemployment is arousing the young workers to their real position as wage slaves in society and they are rallying to the standards of the league in greater numbers than ever before.

New Branches

John Williamson, national secretary of the league, announces the formation of new branches in the following cities: In Portland, Oregon, from 15 to 20 young workers have formed a branch of the league, thus adding another unit in the northwest. Comrade Bob Sullivan, veteran friend of the youth movement, who is now dis-

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...by means of its press, its schools, its movies, its thousand and one instruments of misinformation. The slogan of "Coolidge or Chaos," served as a threat to the millions of workers and farmers in the United States—and rather than be faced with a threatened chaos they voted to keep Wall Street in power.

The LaFollette movement suffered a tremendous set back. The policies of patron had been one of trimming more and more to get the ear of the small business men. The labor party movement, swallowed up as it was in this larger conglomeration representing (or attempting to represent) the interests of conflicting social groupings, has lost its force and momentum. Above all it is tied up with the petty bourgeois LaFollette not only organizationally but ideologically. In the minds of practically all working class elements who favored a labor party last year.

In view of the above facts, the National Executive Committee of the Young Workers League declares that the tasks before the Workers Party in the immediate future cannot be one of attempting to revive the labor party slogan or to organize a labor party but that it must consist in a campaign of bringing the Workers Party to the fore as the lone party which speaks for and acts in the interests of the exploited workers and farmers of America.

United front efforts must be followed out consistently, but these must come from below. A thousand burning questions of the day are to be found in all parts of the country around which the Workers Party can crystallize militant action and sentiment. Formation of unemployment councils, shop committees, general labor council, etc. A proper struggle centering around these issues is the logical method of developing the united front tactic, and offers a rich field of our party in winning added recruits and increased support.

The Young Workers League in the past has always taken an active interest in the problems of the Workers Party. In the future we expect our

...not the building of such a farmer-labor party but the strengthening and developing of the Workers Party itself as the practical leader of the masses and as the only party that represents the working class interests

Garver in Y. W. L. Tour of Iowa Mine Towns

Robert Garver, well known to Chicago leaguers for his activity in the Y. W. L. there as industrial organizer for the city, has just left for a short tour of the coal mining district of the state of Iowa. While there he will organize as many nuclei as possible among the young coal miners, and lay the basis for the conducting of the Young Workers League mining campaign in that state. His work will center in the towns of Mystic, Centerville, Cincinnati, Brazil and other camps. Good results are expected.

Liebknecht Day!

To All Nuclei and Branches of the Y. W. L.: Arrangements have been completed whereby Liebknecht Day will be commemorated on January 11, 1925. Every unit of the organization must make immediate preparations to hold mass demonstrations on this day which is dedicated to the young communists of all lands. A special bulletin is being issued to all league units but each league should proceed at once to elect its committee which will insure a greater Liebknecht Day in America than ever before.

Special literature will be issued and preparations are being made for a special edition of THE YOUNG WORKER to be dated Jan. 15 which will be printed Jan. 1. Every branch should send in their extra orders at once.

A special arrangement has been made with the Workers' Party that the Lenin Memorial meetings will be held from Jan. 21 to 25. The C. E. C. of the Workers' Party has specifically ordered that Liebknecht meetings must be supported by the Workers' Party and held separate from the Lenin meetings.

Make preparations at once for a monster Liebknecht meeting.

JOHN WILLIAMSON,
 National Secretary.

Y.P.S.L. Nat'l Sec'y Joins Y.W.L.

(Special to THE YOUNG WORKER)

BOSTON, Mass.—Albert Weisbord, former national secretary of the young people's socialist league and national director of the young people's department of the socialist party, has resigned and made application to the Workers Party for membership. His statement follows: "To the members of the Young Workers League: I take great pleasure in being the third national secretary of the young people's socialist league to leave that petit bourgeois organization and to join that truly revolutionary movement—the Communist movement of which the Young Workers League is a part. My only fear is that I shall not be able to live up to the

revolutionary standard so fearlessly set by your organization.

"To the militant members of the young people's socialist league I would say this: The young people's socialist league is not for you, bound as it is to the socialist party it can not be permanent or endure. Your place is with those who look on the revolutionary movement as a necessity, those who represent the best aspirations of the American proletariat. The Young Workers League is your organization.

(Signed) ALBERT WEISBORD,
 Former National Secretary,
 "Young People's Socialist League."

...question as to whether or not the state legislature should ratify the proposed child labor amendment to the federal constitution was defeated by an overwhelming majority. If the workers expect to abolish child labor by voting at the ballot boxes, the child toilers are doomed to slavery forever, it seems.

SHACHTMAN RELEASED.
 Max Shachtman, editor of The Young Worker, arrested for talking on a street corner in Englewood during the election campaign was dismissed in court by the judge when the cop failed to show up to press the charge.

PRESENT YOUTH DEMANDS TO A. F. OF L. MEET

Gompers Fails to Halt Child Labor Menace

By BARNIE MASS.

In El Paso, Texas, on November the seventeenth, Samuel Gompers and Co. will go thru another rehearsal. The tactics for the 42nd annual have already been premeditated by Honorable Sam and his chief lieutenants.

In the report of the Executive Committee of the A. F. of L. to the last annual convention on child labor the following are some quotations contained therein: "The American Federation of Labor, since its inception in 1881, has persistently advocated laws prohibiting child labor etc."

Following the second decision of the supreme court in May, 1922 declaring two child labor laws unconstitutional, Mr. Gompers organized what was called "the permanent conference for the Abolition of child labor." The first meeting was held June 1, 1922.

This group consisted of representatives of prominent national organizations of women and men. The only activity of this organization consisted of peddling a fake child labor amendment to Congress which was ditched by that body thru adjourning without taking action on it.

At the Cincinnati convention the matter of the existence of such an organization was reported and

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At Phillipsborn's all the bosses were at the doors the morning after the paper was first sold there, talking to the young workers, telling them not to buy the paper, and telling them that the paper was "against them" (the young workers) because it was against the boss. Orders were also given out in each department that the young workers should not buy the paper and some of the girls were so frightened that when approached by a member of the Young Workers' League and asked what they thought of The Young Worker they were afraid to talk about it. The morning after the first sale of the paper at Phillipsborn's a meeting of all the officers of the company was held and plans gone into for concerted action with Sears Roebuck and "Monkey" Ward bosses to stop the sale of The Young Worker on a city scale. But his plan was turned down since the league was so well organized at the plants that they were afraid such an action would raise too much of a rumpus, and only increase instead of decrease the sales.

Police Called.

It was noticed that at all the mail order houses the second day, the workers bought more papers than the first day, they had their nickel ready, got the paper and moved on as quick as possible for fear the boss would see them buying it. At Montgomery Ward's the police were called upon to stop the sales, but when they found that they couldn't scare the swades away, knowing that they could not arrest anybody for selling papers they had to give up the bluff and let the league members continue selling there. The next morning when the young workers at Montgomery Ward's came to work they found signs posted on the sidewalks advertising The Young Worker and a big sign in black paint on the marble front of the building: "Read The Young Worker." The mail order bosses are afraid to have the young mail order house workers read the facts about wages and conditions in the mail order houses. But most of all they are afraid of the consequences if the young workers in Montgomery Ward's, Sears Roebuck's, Phillipsborn's and other mail order houses should organize into units of the Young Workers' League and fight to improve these conditions. One reason the mail order house campaign of the Young Workers' League is so displeasing to the mail order house kings right now, is the fact that at this very time they are preparing to force even lower wages on the young mail order workers. They are not satisfied with the gradual reduction in wages that has been going on for some months in the mail order industry despite the slight rise in the cost of living, but are planning more drastic wage cuts as soon as the Christmas rush is over. The fact that the special mail order house edition of The Young

(Continued on Page 2.)

Make the Final Drive for the Weekly Young Worker

Feed the Flames!



ONLY another month to go and every league member and branch is straining every nerve and sinew to put across the drive for the Weekly Young Worker.

Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, Cleveland, Detroit—dozens of other branches are rushing towards more than their quotas.

Comrade Harry Friedman, Chicago city campaign manager, has lined the league members up for a big drive. Visits to branches of the Workers Party, Workmen's Circle, Worker's Stock, Death and Benefit Society, and trade unions has brought in dozens of dollars and a number of subs. Comrade Friedman, in a couple of weeks, has collected nearly a \$100 by himself. Besides this, the other comrades in the city are going ahead with their collection lists in fine style. Here is a sample, a list collected by Comrade Elsie Newman, of branch 8:

Al Rankl, \$1.00; D. Wilson, \$1.00; M. L. Schelson, \$1.00; J. Fairmark, \$1.00; F. Nitroff, 50 cents; J. D. Firodlander, \$1.00; Elsie Newman, \$2.50. Total, \$8.00.

If every league member did half as well, we would have a total of at least \$15,000 at the end of the drive.

And incidentally, branch 5, Chicago, has passed a motion that every member must contribute a half day's pay to the weekly drive. And it is being carried into effect. Other cities, take note.

CROMWELL GOES OVER THE TOP.

Well, the Cromwell league has gone over the top. Fifteen dollars has just been received from them, making them at the head of the list. And they promise to go even above their quota.

AND HERE IS BALTIMORE.

Baltimore has already raised \$12 in its quota of \$35 and promises to go way over the top, too. And they increase their bundle order, via the pledge cards, which are filled out as follows: Minnie Hartman, \$; Beatie Rief, \$; Phillip Chatsky, \$; Louis Resnick, \$; Ellen Laebowitz, \$; Sonia Pereta, \$; Irving Solinsky, \$; Hannah Kostinsky, \$; Abe Steinberg, \$; Sol Marner, Jr., \$; Sarah Berger, \$; Harry Rose, \$; Celia Wachovsky, \$; Annette Berger, \$; Rosa Wachovsky, \$; Jennie Needle, \$; Celeste Schwedel, \$. Total, 48 extra copies for that branch.

Hartford, Conn., increases its bundle order, thru the pledge cards, from ten copies of The Young Worker per issue to forty copies. Four hundred per cent!

Superior, Wisconsin, can be relied upon. Already they have collected \$9.50 on their \$50 quota, and Comrade Helen Heinonen writes in that "we are going to get it and probably a little over, thru the 3-day bazaar, dances and entertainment to be held." And the branch sends in its pledge cards as follows:

Toivo Teuhunes, \$; Esther Schiman, \$; Esther Huotikka, \$; Aili Hillanen, \$; Rino Sarell, \$; Myrtle Schiman, \$; Victor Salmeita, \$; John Asbell, \$; Walter Ahlsten, \$; Wilfred Koskinen, \$; Toivo Eskelin, \$; Arthur Eskelin, \$; Mamie Lake, \$; Lillian Tonkassen, \$; Helen Heinonen, \$. Total, 48 extra copies.

A FOOTNOTE FROM NEW JERSEY.

Perth Amboy, N. J., isn't a very big town, but there comes the news from Comrade Caspary that they're going over the top in their quota. A few pledge cards are sent in:
Emery Passtary, \$; James J. Bessey, \$; Anthony German, \$. Total, 11 extra copies—484 \$200, com. 152.

AND A FEW MORE.

A few more pledge cards have also come in from Chicago, adding up to their growing total. They are from branch 6, which was a little bit slow in getting started:

Rebecca Stolar, \$; Ida Echeles, \$; Rosa Weinstein, \$; Carlos Erickson, \$; J. Weinstein, \$; Anton Harris, \$; Pearl Stein, \$. Which makes a total of \$8.

Who is in doubt that we will have that 10,000 circulation by the beginning of the new year?

We haven't yet heard from New York on the drive. We hope they're so busy getting their quota for the weekly, increasing their bundle order, and getting subs that they haven't much time to write about it. We're anxiously waiting. New York has done things in the past and can do things when it sets its mind to it. There's no reason why they shouldn't top the list of at least any three other cities put together. What do you say, New Yorkers?

LAST MINUTE NEWS.

And there is St. Paul. At first they were inclined to grumble



a little bit over the bigness of their quota. But we knew they could do it—with money to spare. They've just sent in a check for \$20. And just watch their smoke. They'll have the rest of it in durn short order.

HAVE YOU A LITTLE AFFAIR.

Special affairs are being run for the benefit of the Weekly Young Worker all over the country. Chicago, as usual heads the list, with a monster ball which ought to net quite a nice bit of dough for us.

Detroit is arranging a big press rally on December 6th, and Max Shaachtman, editor of The Young Worker, will probably speak there. Detroit is coming along excellently, and with Comrade F. S. Freedman on the job as city campaign manager in Ford's town, you can expect some real results. "I think we shall succeed in our aspirations of getting 200 per cent more than our quota, \$75 for Detroit," he writes. How's that for the real spirit?

Domenick Flalani, our old rollable in Philadelphia, writes that the Quaker City reds are "working very hard with the collection lists for a Weekly Young Worker." It's a lot of dollars to doughnuts that Philly will go beyond its quota. Activity is the middle name of the Philly leaguers. They're even better than the baseball team that bears their name.

And taking a lump to the other end of the country, we find

that Los Angeles is staging a moonlight dance on the 29th of November for the benefit of the weekly. "Their quota is \$50 and indications to date are that our Pacific coast comrades, not to be outdone by Chicago, will over subscribe that mark. The subscription lists were distributed to the members at the last meeting, and the pledging of Young Workers is under way, altho not complete as yet." That's the kind of letters we get from the city of angels.

Barney Mass, now located in the Boston district, writes that he is pushing ahead in fine fettle and he issues a flaming defy to Chicago. He seems to maintain that the Boston district is going to put it all over the Windy City gang. And he promises to order a special edition of The Young Worker for sale and distribution among the young textile workers thruout the district. There's an example that should be followed. Chicago started it; who's going to take it up?

Not all the cities have reported as yet and we are anxiously awaiting the returns. We'll wager a can of navy beans against a pinch of flea powder that the league branches all over the country are going to show that they can push this drive 'way over the mark set.

The money is coming in! The pledge cards are coming in! The subs are coming in!

BUT WE WANT MORE OF THEM—AND WE WANT THEM IN SNAPPY ORDER!

Do you want your name to be missing in the list when the total is reckoned up? Do you want your branch to be among those missing? No!

We want that Weekly and we mean to get it! Every comrade and every branch must do the part assigned. Every one must participate actively in this drive. Concentrate all your energy in this drive.

Build a bigger and stronger Young Workers League by building a bigger and stronger Young Worker. The Weekly Young Worker means a bigger Young Workers League, a stronger young Communist movement in this country.

SEND IN THOSE SUBS RIGHT AWAY!

SEND IN THOSE PLEDGE CARDS AND INCREASED BUNDLE ORDERS!

SEND IN THE MONEY FOR THE WEEKLY YOUNG WORKER!

BOOST YOUR PAPER. MAKE IT THE ORGAN OF THE AMERICAN WORKING YOUTH!

WORK FOR THE WEEKLY YOUNG WORKER BY JANUARY FIRST!

Feed The Flames!



Baltimore has already raised \$15 in its quota of \$35 and promises to go way over the top, too. Are they increase their bundle order, via the pledge cards, which are filled out as follows: Minnie Hartman, 5; Bessie Rief, 3; Philip Chatsky, 4; Louis Resnick, 3; Ellen Laebowitz, 3; Sonia Perels, 3; Irving Soltinsky, 3; Hannah Kostlinsky, 3; Abe Steinberg, 3; Sol Marmor, Jr., 3; Sarah Berger, 3; Harry Rose, 3; Collé Wachovsky, 3; Annette Berger, 3; Rose Wachovsky, 3; Jennie Needles, 3; Celeste Schwedel, 3. Total, 48 extra copies for that branch.

Hartford, Conn., increases its bundle order, thru the pledge cards, from ten copies of The Young Worker per issue to forty copies. Four hundred per cent!

Superior, Wisconsin, can be relied upon. Already they have collected \$3.50 on their \$50 quota, and Comrade Helen Heinoonen writes in that "we are going to get it and probably a little over, thru the 3-day bazaar, dance and entertainment to be held." And the branch sends in its pledge cards as follows:

Tolvo Teuhonen, 3; Esther Sahlin, 3; Esther Hintsikka, 3; All Hillanen, 3; Eino Sarrell, 3; Myrta Sahlin, 3; Victor Salmela, 3; John Askell, 3; Walter Ahlström, 3; Wilfred Koskinen, 3; Victor Hakkola, 3; Arthur Eskola, 3; Mamie Lake, 3; Lillian Tonkassen, 3; Helen Heinoonen, 3. Total, 45 extra copies.

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Present Youth Demands to A. F. of L. Meet

(Continued from Page 1.)

It was decided to set aside Flag Day, June 14, 1922 to permit labor to express its protest against the legal difficulties placed in the way protecting child life. This is about the only action and work done. What has it amounted to? We still have in this country over 3,000,000 young workers under the age of 18 toiling in industry under intolerable conditions.

What efforts have been made to organize the large army of youth labor in the United States? What fight has been made for the protection of youth labor in this country? Nothing whatsoever. Mr. Gompers has proven conclusively that he is not interested to organize the thousands of young boys and girls employed in the can industry, biscuit industry and also the mail order houses.

In spite of the sabotage from Mr. Gompers and the rest of the trade union bureaucracy, the Young Workers League of America raises the slogan of organizing the youthful toilers in this country and is working to realize this. The intensification of its factory campaigns is work in the right direction. The Young Workers League of America is the only organization in this country that represents the exploited young American workers.

A resolution on youth labor has been drawn up by the Young Workers League. Undoubtedly this resolution will be passed by many local unions. We want to see how Gompers will dispose of this resolution at the coming convention. The resolution follows:

Resolution
WHEREAS, in the United States of America there are over 3,000,000 young workers up to the age of 18, and

WHEREAS, the youth is the weakest element in society, being mentally and physically undeveloped, whose exposure to the bad conditions and environment prevailing in industry and as a result their condition are exploited to even a greater degree than the adult workers, and

WHEREAS, with the aid of the highly developed technical machinery the youth is able to produce as much as the adult workers and as a result of the lack of organizations is paid less for his labor, and

WHEREAS, this is used as a means of lowering the wages of the adult workers and the working class in general and also tends to develop an army of strike breakers, and

WHEREAS, in order to protect this army of youth labor and prevent the bosses from pitting one section of the workers against another, it is necessary to fight for the following demands:

1. Equally for equal work, done by young and adult workers.
2. A six-hour day and five-day week.
3. Abolition of all overtime and night work for all young workers.
4. A minimum wage ranging from the subsistence level upwards.
5. The non-employment of youth in dangerous industries.
6. The establishment of apprentice schools to be controlled by the unions.
7. The elimination of all age limitations, the establishment of lower entrance fee and dues for all young workers in the unions, therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the 42nd Annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, declare itself in agreement with these demands, and urge all of its affiliated bodies to fight for their realization.

A "Weekly" by the First.

Work in the Spirit of Leninism.

MAIL ORDER HOUSE DRIVE

(Continued from Page 1.)

Worker pointed out that the mail order house bosses are planning these wage cut and calls upon these young mail order house workers to organize into the Young Workers' League to fight these organized attacks of the bosses, is what really worries the mail order house workers. They know that if the young mail order house workers should organize to resist these attacks, not only would they be unable to force lower wages on them, but the mail order house workers should organize to resist these attacks, not only would they be unable to force lower wages on them, but the mail order house workers would be able to force wages in the other direction.

If the young mail order house workers don't want lower wages and a continuation of the present rotten conditions, they must join the Young Workers' League in the fight for the following demands:

1. No layoffs during slack seasons—instead the 6-hour day, 5-day week.
2. A minimum wage of \$35 for all young workers in the mail order houses.
3. Call upon Retail Clerks' International to immediately launch organizational campaign in mail order houses.
4. Equal pay for equal work for young and old.
5. Removal of dust and general betterment of sanitary conditions.
6. For the abolition of all overtime and night work for youth labor up to 20 years of age.
7. A four weeks vacation each year for all young workers with full pay.
8. We demand going away with the "credit system" and all other "speed up" and "scency" systems.

CLEVELANDERS, ATTENTION!

All sympathetic organizations are requested to keep open the date of Saturday, December 30th, in order to attend the dance being given by the Jewish branch of the Young Workers' League at the K. of P. Temple on 105th St., near St. Clair. Admission 50 cents per person.

Make It A Leninist League.

FIVE NUCLEI AND TEN BRANCHES IN YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE DRIVE

(Continued from Page 1.)

trict organizer of the Workers Party in Buffalo, has been instrumental in organizing two branches of the league in a very short time, one in Syracuse, New York and the other in the capital city of the Empire state, Albany, N. Y.

Comrade Max Balsman, national organizer of the league, now touring the Minnesota-Wisconsin territory, has not only aided in the strengthening of the ready existing units, but has organized a branch in the industrial center, Duluth, Minnesota, and together with comrade Heinoonen, one of our most active Superior comrades, organized a unit at Maple, Wisconsin.

Making another break into the coal mining youth, comrade Joe Koinitsky, district organizer of the Pittsburgh territory, with the aid of Morris Schindler, organized a branch of the league at Rural Ridge, Pa., consisting of coal miners, who will soon be working on a nucleus basis, we are sure. Another branch of the league has been organized at Canonburg, Pa., a big steel and coal center, and altho we have not yet received full details, it promises to be one of our most active units.

While in Pennsylvania, a branch has been organized in

Erle, which will concentrate on forming nuclei in the railroad shops and steel mills. Our active comrades in Philadelphia have formed a branch in West Philadelphia which will be heard more in the future. Comrade Ida Rothstein, well-known militant in the ladies garment workers' union, brought about the formation of a branch in Springfield, Mass., who is now organizing in Massachusetts, will be of great help in putting the district on a functioning basis by organizing nuclei in the state which is a beehive of big industry exploiting large numbers of young workers.

Nuclei Are Better

Best of all, a nucleus has been organized in a pants factory in Pittsburgh and other one in Boston—and a second Boston nucleus is in process of formation. Chicago with its mail order campaign going full blast, has already formed a nucleus in the huge Sears Roebuck plant, and a smaller one at Phillipsborn's. Prospects are good for a nucleus in at least two more mail order sweat shops. A nucleus is being formed also in the Automatic Electric Co.

Go to it, leaguers! More nuclei is what we want! Every factory our stronghold!

DO YOU GET THE DIFFERENCE HERE?

CHICAGO—Hardly had the millionaire slayers, Leopold and Loeb checked in at Joliet penitentiary after Judge Caverly had leniently saved them from the gallows than another Chicago judge ordered another youthful murderer who also had pleaded guilty and asked for mercy to be

hanged. The judge denounced mercy to murderers at the expense of law and order. The doomed murderer had killed when his attempted holdup was resisted. Loeb and Leopold had killed for the thrill. They were white and wealthy. Lawrence Washington, who is to be hanged Dec. 12, is colored and desperately

INTERNATIONAL MEET DISCUSSES NEED OF WORLD SPORT MOVEMENT

MOSCOW—A unified, international sports organization in the most important countries of the world was the object set for the next year by the third congress of the Red Sport International recently closed here.

Richard Gypster made the report for the executive committee showing the progress in the workers' sports movement that had been made especially in Germany, Czechoslovakia and Russia. Outside of these three countries, Gypster showed, the workers' sports movements have not reached mass development.

A representative from the United States was present and reported the establishment of the Workers' Sports and Athletic Alliance and outlined the gigantic task that faced the workers' sports movement in combating bourgeois and commercialized sport.

Attitude to Culture Clubs.

The attitude of the various culture organizations of the labor movement was discussed, and a special report was made on physical training in Soviet Russia.

One of the important tasks of the workers' sports movement brot out by the third congress was a defensive organization in strikes and against militarism and fascism. The bourgeois sports organizations are all semi-military bodies and in times of war and strife become full-fledged militarist organizations in the interest of the capitalist class. It is necessary that the workers' sports organizations combat the capitalist-militarist tendencies on the one hand, and the pacifist tendencies of the second international socialist workers' sports movement, on the other.

On the evening of the opening day of the Sportintern congress a propaganda and cultural celebration was arranged in honor of the delegates, and the following day the Russian sports section of the international exhibited physical cultural feats. There was a parade given by the Red Army.

In the United States, it was pointed

out, there is especial stress laid by the bourgeois sports directors on developing of stars which is a representation of the individualistic psychology of capitalism. The workers' sports movement seeks to develop co-operation and unity; also to instill a feeling of strength and solidarity into the workers so that they may understand and feel the power of their strength and numbers.

DESTROY ALL EVIDENCE YELL OF SLAVE DRIVER

TORONTO—Instructions to shoot if necessary to destroy the evidence were issued to a Toronto gunman by a large employer accused of paying less than the legal minimum wage to his girl employes. Alva R. Johnston reports to the Trades and Labor council and the charges have been followed by legal action against the firm. The minimum wage board is investigating.

Nineteen girls are claiming back wages from the firm. Johnston stated that in an effort to destroy the evidence his desk had been robbed, but that the thief had returned the evidence, because he was not satisfied with the treatment he got from the firm. Johnston further said the thief had told him he had been employed by the company to steal the evidence and "to shoot if necessary." The name of the firm has so far not been published.

FARMERS HIT AMENOMENT

SANTA ROSA, Calif.—The usual minime arguments were brot up against the abolition of the continued brutal exploitation of children at the annual convocations of the California state fringe. They went on record against even the fake child labor amendment that is now going the round of the various states.

Make It A Leninist League.

The Y. C. L. of the New York D. E. C.

The following communication addressed to the New York D. E. C. of the Y. C. L. is of importance to our entire membership because it makes clear to our members the manner in which economic trade union work must be carried on.

A good deal of confusion has manifested itself in the ranks of our organization, particularly in the leading circles of the New York League and for that reason we deem it advisable to give this document to our entire membership with the hope that it will aid them to readjust their work in such a fashion that the Young Workers' League will move to the forefront more rapidly than ever before in the everyday struggles of the toiling youth of the United States.

Moscow, October 18, 1924.
To the District Committee of the Young Workers' League of America, America, New York.

Dear Comrades:
We have received your letter of the 17th of September. Altho, it is otherwise not good that as an executive, we should correspond directly with the districts, we will nevertheless make an exception and answer your letter (via N. E. C.). We hope that in this manner we will be able finally to clear up the matters in question and open the way to a better co-operative work between you and your national executive committee, which we consider to be absolutely necessary for the development of your league into a real mass organization of the working youth.

It is naturally your right to criticize objectively the actions of the N. E. C. before also to place disputed questions before the E. C. I. of the Y. C. L. for their decision. We hope, however, that in the future it will not be necessary to make use of this right, for the decisions of your Second Congress and those of the International Congress are in complete accord, in particular in relation to the Trade Union economic work, and we can say that the national executive committee is doing its utmost to carry out its decisions. We do not know if you are really of the same opinion.

Therefore we deal definitely with your letter, we wish to make a few remarks. We know that it was your district which stood in opposition against a few important decisions at the Second Congress of the League. Above all in the question of the shop nuclei and the Trade Union economic work. We were compelled to go into details with you previously in order to clarify the question of shop nuclei. You have represented on your part the standpoint that first of all tribalistic forms must be created before nuclei can be formed. You have declared yourself in favor of the creation of so-called "Industrial Branches." At that time we considered these "Industrial Branches" because in our opinion they advanced syndicalist tendencies. We do not know if you are still today for these "Industrial Branches," but this we do know, and that is, that up to the present you have not done very much in the question of the shop nuclei. And such as the shop nuclei work is not carried on systematically and systematic

with the economic demand on behalf of the working youth. The letter of the N. E. C. has obviously the intention to make this clear to you, that is to say to draw your attention to the fact that these slogans are "abstract" if they are set up as an economic struggle without setting up economic demands in the forefront, that is to say without above all propagating concrete demands. It appears to us that you have misunderstood the N. E. C. and that the sentence, "These slogans are too abstract," are not economic demands to be used in a strike! does not mean that the N. E. C. is against the use of economic and political demands altogether. We hope that the detailed letter of the N. E. C. has cleared up the misunderstanding which arose from the somewhat short and laconic letter of the Industrial Department.

As we have not your letter before us, and as we cannot see from the first how you have taken part in the strike, we can naturally not know whether you have done everything in this strike which a young Communist organization ought to do. We have already said that it is not enough merely to take part in strikes and to set up pickets, etc., but that we must above all propagate the economic demands of the young working class, assemble the young strikers in meetings and form nuclei.

It is natural that we should at the same time point out the political nature of the strike. You should have used this in the propaganda and the agitation, that is to say you should have characterized the use of the police by the employer as an support of the employer by the state police in your leaflets and in your meetings. In place of the abstract demand for the struggle against "Capitalist militarism" you should have led the struggle against this militarism, that is to say you should have demanded the withdrawal of the police and military. We do not know if the situation was such that you could have directly appeal to the police and militia. (There have already been police strikes). Our French comrades for instance, in such strikes where the military have been used, have set up special economic demands for the soldiers also. Such demands have already a political character. With regard to the slogan, "For the Workers' Republic," this slogan should of course always be used, but naturally must be given a concrete direction. The slogan "To the Masses!" must be ever and ever again pointed out that the situation of the working class in the present system of society cannot be bettered and that capitalist society must be destroyed and the dominance of the working class put in its place. We must also point out that capitalism in its present period of decline cannot grant the workers any special demands, at least not without great struggles (equally of a political and economic character) which must finally lead to the last struggle, to the struggle for political power.

Whilst agreeing with the contents of the longer letter which the N. E. C. has written to you, we must emphasize once again that we can see no grounds for disagreement with you and your D. E. C. We hope that you will do all within your power in the future to work co-operatively and in a comradely manner with the N. E. C.

The Imperial decisions of the N. E. C. meeting two months of the last year, were as follows: 1. Comrade Eugene Pines sent to Moscow a copy of a national appeal in Spanish to workers of D. E. C. 2. Comrade Pinesman to be invited thru Chicago to travel with the N. E. C. 3. Comrade Pinesman to be invited thru Chicago to travel in response to requests for help. 4. Found many pamphlets dealing with conditions of young workers in Illinois and the Western U. S. 5. Comrade Peter Ford to be invited for statements at a celebration of the 10th anniversary of the establishment of the National Industrial Department.

Decided that the Young Comrade should change form beginning January. That Comrade Ford should be invited to the educational committee of the Junior Department and that complete responsibility for the Young Comrade be given to the Industrial Department. All branches must immediately start the real mining campaign and see that their names are on them in the Program of Action. John Williams, National Secretary.

The I. C. L.

The Chicago League immediately reorganized itself on the working class basis from fourteen old territorial branches into six working area branches with a definite program and an understanding that these were only of a transitory form. Plans were made to organize twenty nuclei in Chicago alone. This was far in excess of the number allotted to the whole Illinois district so our Chicago comrades have worked them there.

IDO CLASS IN PITTSBURGH

Leaguers Study International Language

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—At least eight members of the local Young Workers' League will attend the class that was started at the International Language, Ido. The class was begun after a lecture by Comrade Rostrom on the subject. Comrade Gusakov will be the instructor. Branches of the Workers Party and the Young Workers' League in Pittsburgh and vicinity, interested in beginning Ido classes should communicate with the Workers' Ido Federation, 803 James St., Room 2, N. E., Pittsburgh, Pa.

able. We refer you to the decisions of our congress relating to this point (in particular to those of the Fourth Congress) and also to the resolution of the American commission.

We have directed this long letter to you because we regard the New York district as a very important advance post of the Y. C. L. and because you are convinced that you will accept the most important advice of the Bolsheviks. We will give the N. E. C. the instruction to direct much more attention to your district and we hope that you will carry thru the instructions of the N. E. C. in a disciplined manner, as those of the Y. C. L. You must do everything possible in order to create a much closer co-operative work between you and the N. E. C.

The campaign initiated by the N. E. C. and so well carried out by the Chicago group and the brilliant example set by you, how you should approach the masses of the young workers. The slogan "To the Masses!" should no longer remain a platitude about which one laughs. As the comrades in Chicago have done in the Western Electric, Bunle Candy Company, and "Nabisco," so you must do also. You must approach the young workers in the shops with concrete slogans, you must distribute the Young Workers' in the shops, call shop meetings, form shop nuclei, and in a word, you must carry on a real Bolshevik mass work and

The League Gets Into Action

By JOHN WILLIAMSON,
Executive Secretary, Y. W. L.
IMMEDIATELY upon the issuance of the national program the Chicago, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, New York, Boston, Minneapolis districts set to work to accomplish the tasks allotted to them. Simultaneously the drive for a Weekly Young Workers' League has been launched and the national coal mining campaign started by the N. E. C. The results of the various districts can be summarized briefly and thus give our membership a picture of the activities of our league on a national scale, Illinois District.

The Chicago League immediately reorganized itself on the working class basis from fourteen old territorial branches into six working area branches with a definite program and an understanding that these were only of a transitory form. Plans were made to organize twenty nuclei in Chicago alone. This was far in excess of the number allotted to the whole Illinois district so our Chicago comrades have worked them there.

At the same time arrangements were made for a drive to be conducted against the mail order houses of Chicago, in all 32, among the largest being the Sears, Roebuck Co., Montgomery Ward Co., Philipsons and Chicago Mail Order Co. At the present time a successful factory campaign is being conducted. Our Chicago comrades printed a special factory edition of 15,000 Young Workers, which they are selling every morning and evening at the factory gates. Selling papers is only one part of the work. It was necessary to circulate the plans of the district and it was necessary to gather names and addresses of interested young workers so that we can be successful in organizing nuclei in each plant. The factory campaign of Chicago will be successful only if there is a nucleus organized in each of the mail order houses. However, the Chicago comrades promote us this and already they have called various meetings of their exploited workers in Sears, Roebuck Co.

In addition to the mail order campaign our comrades are concentrating their forces in various other factories so as to reach as many young workers of various industries as possible. After the mail order campaign more attention must be given by the Chicago comrades to the bank work. We must reach the young workers in the large metal industries, the printing shops and the stockyards.

The Chicago League placed an order for 800 copies of the new pamphlet on the National Riscuit Co. The City Executive Committee has doubled its quota for the Weekly Young Worker. Outside of Chicago the district committee is preparing to send Comrade Salzman thru the Southern mining territory again to rally to our standards the young miners. We expect this militant action reorganized into nuclei after the recent chaotic situation as a result of the widespread unemployment and activities of the K. K. K. However, we must call to the attention of this district that altho it is necessary to give an attention to every district in the country, it must nevertheless pay more attention to the young workers employed in the automobile factories of Kenosha, Milwaukee and South Bend.

rates New York City, we have one of the largest manufacturing districts in the surrounding Jersey and Connecticut towns. Recently the New York League had a wonderful opportunity to carry on definite work by active participation in the Paterson strike. The comrades entered the strike but they did not organize their efforts to bring us definite results. It would have been quite easy for the New York comrades to mobilize the membership of New York in addition to that of Paterson to conduct an energetic struggle against the bosses. In all such struggles it is necessary that our Y. W. L. take the lead. It is also essential that we issue demands that the young strikers will respond to. Thus will we intrude ourselves both within the ranks and the minds of the strikers.

The Job before the New York comrades is to organize efforts as spearheaded by Jan. 1. We do not know how far they are progressing in this or the other points of their program due to a certain laxity in informing our national office. In order to make this national campaign a success it is necessary that our local and district committees keep in the closest touch with the national directing force, the N. E. C. Philadelphia.

Here we find the League active in conducting a campaign against the N. E. C. Orders have been placed for 200 copies of the Nabisco pamphlet. New members are being brought into the league. The Weekly Young Worker campaign is on in full swing and the comrades are not only raising money, but they are securing subscriptions. The task of our comrades in Philly is to be nuclei. We haven't heard of any being organized as yet, but we know that the comrades will want their district to be in the front ranks of activity. Here we must have more concentration on trade union work and definite trade union fractions formed.

This is the center of the large steel and coal industry of Western Pennsylvania. Already one nucleus has been organized in a clothing factory. The district is active in the mining campaign and promises its quota of nuclei by Jan. 1. Two new units of the league have been organized this month. Literature and Young Workers' distribution has given very attention in Pittsburgh, but it is necessary that this be improved in other sections. In Pittsburgh it is also necessary that our comrades reopen the drive on Nabisco and order a large supply of "Who Owns—Who Makes Nabisco?" Boston.

The comrades of New England have proved that they regard business when they promised to organize six nuclei. Already on their functioning, another is in the course of organizing. It is necessary that our activities reach out into the thousands upon thousands of youth in the textile and leather factories of this district. Nowhere is there such an excellent opportunity for success. Our league must participate in the economic struggle of the young workers who are the predominant force given very attention made for the Weekly, but we feel confident that these comrades can improve the showing they are making.

Automobile Center.
Detroit has reorganized itself on the area basis and is more active than

In Cleveland the comrades are so busy but they are not concentrating enough on the specific work outlined in our program. We have an excellent opportunity for economic activity and formation of nuclei. The Cleveland district must also assist in making the coal campaign a success.

Out on the West coast we have our excellent Los Angeles branch which is handicapped in some activities due to the scarcity of young industrial workers. However, they are trying to organize at least one nucleus by Jan. 1, and are very active in behalf of the Weekly.

It is now six weeks since we published our program of action. Our membership have had time to direct its contents and start activity along the lines adopted. The N. E. C. felt that it was necessary to define a necessary line of activity and lay out special tasks for our membership to accomplish in a given time. This laid before us certain specific tasks that we were capable of accomplishing prior to our next convention. All of these tasks were practical, steps based upon the decisions of our second national convention and the latest Y. C. L. program.

Let us scrutinize our districts and see just how far they have progressed in accomplishing their tasks. In adopting this program we set out to make our league a real young Communist League. We realize that activity is a necessary requisite, so we set out to test our membership to see whether they stand the test of Communists. By the result of each district and city will we judge the membership and be able to determine to what extent they are a Leninist organization, capable of organizing and becoming the leader of the masses of American young workers.

Four necessary principles are essential in carrying out a program. It will not be enough to relate these here. They are (1) we organize our forces directly in the shops, i. e., form shop nuclei; (2) increase the discipline from highest to lowest unit; (3) work in an organized fashion; and (4) pass out from the league all members who are over 25 years of age and have not been actively those who are below that age.

The success of the program of work is bound up with the application of the above principles. Many other branches and activities could be mentioned but space forbids. We must see that our program is not a paper program, but one which will be put into effect NOW!

In the same time we find that the N. E. C. is putting forth all energies to make every comrade an active comrade. No more do we wish phrases mungers in our organization. Our members are going to be judged by their activity and accomplishments.

The three new pamphlets being published and the cost of sending organizers and conducting campaigns puts the burden of the work on the members. This must be borne by the whole of the membership. It is therefore, necessary that every member and committee realize the importance of assisting the N. E. C. by paying for all the supplies they receive; by paying their dues regularly; by paying for their dues on time. We cannot continue—we will be forced to stop on account of these circumstances which can be avoided if the branches are interested in making

ment of "industrial branches" must be created before nuclei can be formed. You have declared yourself in favor of the creation of so-called "industrial branches." At that time you demanded these "industrial branches" because in our opinion they advanced syndicalist tendencies. We do not know if you are still today for those "industrial branches," but this we do know, and that is, that up to the present you have not done very much in the question of the shop nuclei. And so long as the shop nuclei work is not taken up energetically, a systematic practical work upon the trade union economic field is completely out of the question. The one condition the only one up to the present we have not met in the press (Young Worker, DAILY WORKER) upon any economic campaign in your district. We have noticed, however, with great satisfaction (for instance, Chicago) have est-

ablished, etc. But we cannot demand from them that they struggle against capitalist militarism, or that they set up a workers' republic. We can certainly set up these slogans in the agitation during the strike. We can show thru the fact that the police and military are used, that they employ force all power in the economic struggles in order to smash strikes, that they appeal to the state power and its armed forces in their interests. Naturally, definite propaganda must be made, that is to say we must set up the necessary slogans. There is no objection to the slogans, "Struggle against capitalist militarism" and "For the workers' republic" of themselves, if these slogans are propagated in con-

ditions, at least not without great struggle (squalid of a political and economic character) which must finally lead to the last struggle, to the struggle for political power. Whilst agreeing with the contents of the longer letter which the N. E. C. has written to you, we must emphasize once again that we can see no grounds for differences between you and your N. E. C. We hope that you will do all within your power in the future to work co-operatively and in a comradely manner with the N. E. C. and take up the work in your district also according to the decisions of your Second Congress and our International Congress. Above all, we must again stress the importance of the immediate systematic and energetic commencement of the work for the formation of shop nuclei as without this latter a real trade union economic work is not pos-

ible to you how you should approach the masses of the young workers. The slogan "To the Masses!" should no longer remain a platitude about which one laughs. As the comrades in Chicago have done in the Western Electric, Bunte Candy Company, and "Nabisco," so you must do also. You must approach the young workers in the shops with concrete slogans, you must distribute the Young Worker in the shops, call shop meetings, form shop nuclei, in a word, you must carry on a real Bolshevik mass work and help the Young Workers from America to become a real mass organization, the leader of the young working class of America. Comrades of New York forward! Follow the example of Chicago! Long live the Bolshevik Young Workers' League of America! With Communist greetings, The E. C. of the Y. O. L.

territory again to rally to our standards the young miners. We expect this militant section reorganized into nuclei after the recent chaotic situation as a result of the widespread unemployment and activities of the K. K. K. However, we must call to the attention of this district that although it is doing excellent work, the best of any district in the country, it must nevertheless pay more attention to the young workers employed in the automobile factories of Kenosha, Milwaukee and South Bend. New York District. With the help of our congress delegates, the D. E. C. adopted a plan of work in accordance with that outlined by the N. E. C. The surrounding district outside of New York also offers a wonderful opportunity to conduct definite campaigns to organize the youth into our ranks. Aside from the clothing industry, which predomi-

inate into thousands upon thousands of youth in the textile and leather factories of this district. Nowhere is there such an excellent opportunity for success. Our league must participate in the economic struggle of the young workers who are the predominant force here. A start has been made for the Weekly, but we feel confident that these comrades can improve the showing they are making. Automobile Center. Detroit has reorganized itself on the area basis and is more active than ever before. One nucleus is being organized in an automobile body company and the prospects of another in Ford's is promising. The basis of these as well as the other good activities were laid while Comrade Mass was in Detroit. The comrades must finish the job and definitely put Detroit amongst the best leagues in the country.

ness and conducting campaigns to put a great burden of the national issue. This must be borne by the whole of the membership. It is therefore, necessary that every member and committee realize the importance of assisting the N. E. C. by paying for all the supplies they receive; by paying their dues regularly; by paying for literature and papers. Unless this is done we cannot continue—we will be forced to stop on account of these circumstances which can be avoided if our league one which is going to organize the American youth into its ranks. We have six more weeks to make our program a reality. Let every branch member regard the tasks they must accomplish and set to work with renewed determination that they will be amongst the active districts to report to the national convention.

OUT OF THE DARKNESS

AN APPEAL TO ALL YOUNG MINERS



Two Pamphlets

NICKEL pamphlets for the young workers in industry! That's the sort of thing that gives the Young Workers League the opportunity to break into the factories, the mines and the mills. That is the material with which we shall build a mass organization thruout the country based on nuclei of young toilers in the industries.

HERE ARE TWO OF THEM.

Has your city league been engaged in the National Biscuit Company drive? Here's your opportunity to do something more substantial than even the sale of The Young Worker. Here is your opportunity to sell a pamphlet dealing exclusively with the Nabisco working youth, a pamphlet that will lay the basis for nuclei in every single plant in the country. Boston has already reserved 1,000 copies; Philadelphia has bought 100 copies; Minneapolis has already been sent its 50 copies, and Chicago has ordered 800 copies. Going like hot cakes! Who's next? Send in your order today! CASH ONLY. Five cents a single copy; 25 copies for a dollar; one hundred copies for \$3.50.

Exactly the same prices hold for the pamphlet on the young coal miners. Watch our drive in the coal mining industry. Out of the Darkness—that's the job of the Young Workers League. Here is a pamphlet written by one who knows the coal miners and their lives and problems. Do you want to know the complete league program on the young coal miners? Send in your bundle order. The pamphlets will go like butter in July. You can sell a dozen in a trice. Hey, you mining stalwarts! Let's have you flood the office with orders for the pamphlet that will bring light to the young coal miners all over the country. Build the coal mine nuclei with the message of the Young Workers League! Let's go!

Fill out the blank below:
 Young Workers League,
 1113 W. Washington Blvd.,
 Chicago, Ill.

Enclosed findfor.....copies of
OUT OF THE DARKNESS
WHO OWNS "NABISCO" which you are to send us
 immediately.

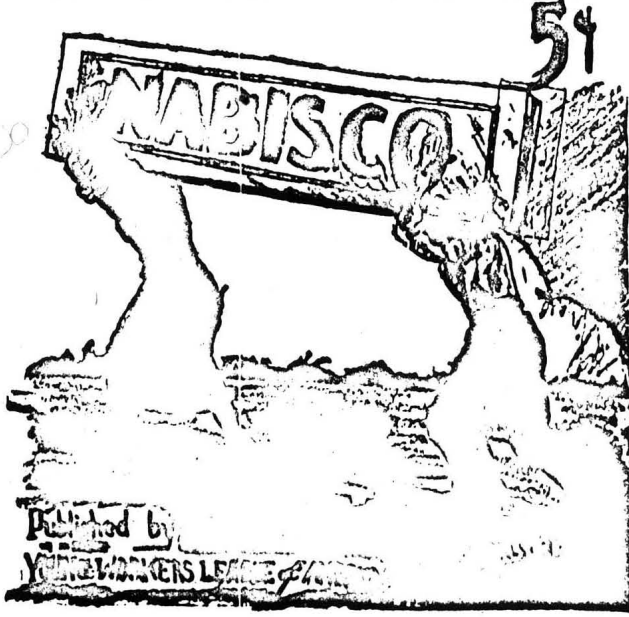
Name

Address

Branch

City and State.....

WHO MAKES WHO OWNS



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Five Years of Struggle

FIVE years of struggle mark the fifth anniversary of the Young Communist International this 21st of November. Five years of the struggle against war, capitalism, imperialism. Five years of the building of a revolutionary youth movement over the entire world, disciplined, militant, courageous, in the midst of the struggle for freedom.

It was the revolutionary socialist youth that first raised the red banner in 1915 after the shameful betrayal of the international working class movement by the leaders of the second (socialist) international. When the dignified and highly erudite theoreticians and political fakery of the international went over bag and baggage in the "defense of the fatherland," when they donned knee breeches, silk hose and the badge of treason in the governments of imperialism, only a small band of rebels remained to hold aloft the banner of class struggle. Only the Russian Bolsheviks and the Italian Marxists, together with tiny groups in the Balkans, the Scandinavian countries, and isolated individuals here and there in England, France and Germany, remained true to their revolutionary ways.

To this small group of internationalists was added, in less than a year after the outbreak of the great war, the rebel remnants of the old, disintegrated Socialist youth international—the forerunner of the Young Communist International, the forerunner, in effect, of the mighty Communist International. These revolutionary youth organizations gathered in the spring of 1915, when the masses were still in a state of confusion and bewilderment over the betrayal by those whom they had entrusted with their confidence, and issued the flaming message that was soon heard on every fighting front: "War Against War!"

Under the secretaryship of Willy Muenszberg, a temporary grouping was formed to carry out the decisions of the first conference and to seek to unite all the revolutionary groups in the world. Besides working towards the building up of the youth international, these pioneers were to be found in every movement directed towards the rebuilding of the adult international movement. The youth group took part in the Zimmerwald conference of 1915 and in the Kienthal congress of April 1916. They aligned themselves with Lenin in favor of the building of a new revolutionary international when that proposal seemed hereby even to the boldest.

The revolutionary youth was to be found in the forefront of every battle: forming the backbone of

Communist parties of the world, educated their cadres in the struggle for the strengthening of the will to power of the oppressed masses.

Together with our great leader, the Communist International, the Young Communist International moves onward to perform its great mission. Against exploitation, oppression, misery and war, they battle with the knowledge of the coming of a nobler society a greater humanity, a classless society.

We are proud to be counted in the ranks of the international. The Young Workers League, the American section of the Young Communist International, is pledged to carry on in this country, the great work now being carried on in every nook and corner of the world.

Long live the proletarian revolution!
 Long live the Communist International!
 Long live the Communist and Young Communist Internationals!

America's "Peace" Gesture

THE "peace" gesture made by the U. S. government in scrapping the battleship Washington—the latest and one of the largest of monsters of destruction afloat—has caused a fluttering of hearts in the breasts of pacifists, who once more feel assured that this country (or its rulers) is really interested in world peace; and it has roused a storm of indignation among the Babbitt-minded who see in this a danger of this country falling a prey to other foreign powers.

But to those who have seen the greedy hand of American imperialism grabbing at Orient and Occident alike, the fulfillment of the Washington Conference by the United States in scrapping a few warships does not remove the danger of war in the least, nor will it stop Wall Street in its mad scramble for world domination. Not that alone, for to those who have followed the evolution of modern warfare it is as plain as the nose on one's face that the huge dreadnaughts of yesterday are obsolete fighting weapons. Like the monster Dinosaur of prehistoric days the dreadnaught is doomed to extinction. Light, swift, battle cruisers; submarines, and above all air and seaplanes are the most effective fighting instruments of the post-war period. They cost less, can be turned out in large numbers in a short space of time, and can do as much if not more damage than the large ships. Preparation are already under way to authorize the construction of 10,000 battle cruisers. The ablest engineer and experts in airplane and Zeppelin construction are already arriving from Germany and Holland to assist in bringing America's aircraft to the highest point of perfection. Nor has chemical warfare been neglected. A host of chemists are conducting researches for the government and the large munition companies to devise and develop deadly chemicals which leave mustard gas and liquid fire far in the rear.

Peace and peace gestures for public consumption, but a feverish preparation for new and greater wars is the actual state of affairs. Already, we see the new line-up developing, with Britain forced to follow the lead of Washington—Wall Street as against Japan. Both Canada and Australia are now so much under the domination of

By MAX SHACHTMAN.

IN practically every country in the world, wherever there is a communist movement, the Young Communist League is always to be found taking a keen interest in the politics and tactics of the Communist Party, aiding in the discussions and in reaching a decision. And this is quite as it should be. The Young Communist League, it has been the proud and justified boast of the Communist International, have usually taken their position in party matters in accordance with the line of the international. The youth movement must take an ever increasing interest in the issues that involve the party, even if only for the reason that eventually the best elements of the youth, receiving their training and experience in the league will step into the adult movement.

These remarks are occasioned by the statement just issued by the central executive committee of the Workers Party with regard to one of its major policies—the farmer-labor party—and the statement of support issued by the national executive committee of the Young Workers League, printed elsewhere in this issue. It is important that the members of the Young Workers League, and, of course, of the party study these statements quite closely in order to get a clear and comprehensive view of the policy of our party.

The gist of the party statement is as follows: The victory of Coolidge and Dawes is the decisive victory of Wall Street and a plain indication of the reign of reaction in the United States for the next four years. Capitalist control of all the means of information—the molding of opinion—press, movies, radio, church, school—has manifested itself so fearfully as to serve the purpose of scaring away thousands of those who would ordinarily have supported LaFollette, thru the slogan of "Cal or Chaos," the threat of the closing down of industry. Added to this, the fact of the temporary revival in agriculture helped to draw away the vacillating support of the petty bourgeoisie and the more well-to-do farmers from the Wisconsin senator. In the meantime, however, the LaFollette movement had willy-nilly swallowed up the movement for a class farmer-labor party, submerging it in the midst of labor fakery, the petty

How Shall We Make the United Front In America

as many workers as possible into the struggle for revolution.

In the United States, where there is at present no mass demand for a farmer-labor party, it would certainly be absurd for the Workers (Communist) Party to engage in a campaign to build a rival party which would rally to its standard only a very small number of workers other than those who are already in our party.

And, again, what kind of a party would we organize? The Workers Party is the revolutionary class party of the workers and exploited farm workers and any other part of the same nature would be dual to us. If it would not be a Communist party that we are going to organize, then it would be a party with an ideology of the defunct 2nd International, that is, a Menshevik party which we would be setting up with the knowledge that it would not gain any mass support, but would on the other hand oblige us to fight it. And if it is said that the farmer-labor party that we would set up would be under Communist leadership, we would have a still more anomalous situation: Two parties with Communist leadership, one of which frankly is non-communist. And why? In order to draw them into the struggle and then into the Communist Party (W. P.). But cannot the Workers Party itself lead the masses, cannot the Workers Party itself rally the proletariat to

struggle against the capitalist class, without ourselves selling up some intermediate party, which is non-Communist and of the same class as the Workers Party? Have we not enough faith in the ability of the party to lead the workers, have we not enough confidence in the correctness of our tactics and principles that we must rely on some not-so-red party to be our outpost, as it were?

Of course not! The unconscious ideology of such a position is in effect a liquidation of the Communist party as a direct, leading factor in the class struggle.

Does this dropping of the farmer-labor party slogan as an immediate possibility mean the giving up of the united front tactic? Not at all. The united front tactic is applied in Germany and France without a farmer-labor policy. It is applied thru shop committees, thru the rank and file struggle for the amalgamations of the craft unions into powerful industrial unions of struggle, thru the fight against open-shopism, against the lengthening of the workday and the cutting of wages, thru the UNITED FRONT FROM BELOW on the basis of the everyday needs and demands of the workers in the shops and mines and fields.

The statement adopted by the C. E. C. of the Workers Party calls for the building of this united front from below. It calls for the concentration of all of our energies into the building of the

Communist party of this country, the Workers Party. Its analysis of the elections and the production of the revolutionary workers of America is clear, and uncompromising. It is the line of policy that is being followed now by the Communist International which is fighting against new illusions for the working class. At this time, when the struggle all over the world is becoming sharper, when in the United States the hysterical inflation boom prepares a terrible break in the national economy of the country thru a widespread and hence dealing period of unemployment and financial crisis, the Cominterns cannot be a part towards creating a new illusion for the American workers, the illusion of the labor party! We must particularly be on our guard against any idea of the Workers Party making a drive for a "real, revolutionary, class farmer labor party," as it has been expressed by one comrade in an extremely confused article, for that can be only the Communist party and hence a substitute for the existing Communist party, the Workers Party.

The situation calls for clarity and confusion is only made worse, confounded with ideas which run counter to the fundamental principles of the Communist movement. At this time the statement of the party makes for clarity. The endorsement given it by the Young Workers League will add to the growing political unity of the American Communist movement.

Schueller and Bammatter at the Y. C. I. Congress

We are herewith printing the complete stenographic report of Comrade Schueller's speech on the American League at the last Y. C. I. congress, together with his closing remarks. We have also added to it the speech of Comrade Sigl Bammatter, in opening and in conclusion.—Editor.

CONGRESS SPEECH OF SCHUELLER.

Remarks Concerning the U. S. A.

AMERICA: There it is also important that we have obtained an active youth league. And there also, this league is upon the best way to become a real proletarian youth organization. You will remember that at our III Congress we had differences with the American League. It raised a certain opposition with regard to the mass-work, particularly the trade union economic work, and in actual fact it has also carried out this work in a rather hesitating fashion. At the

speech upon America, I will say a few words upon the subject. The minority in the American League is a consequence of the situation in the Party and in the youth league. The minority accused the national executive committee of the Youth League of sabotaging the decisions of the executive committee. This accusation is ungrounded, exaggerated and we must reject it. What is actually correct however is that the national executive committee of the American League has carried thru this line rather slowly, hesitatingly and with a certain amount of discussion. However it has finally worked upon this line and has succeeded to show. We must have more patience with the American organization than with others. It is clear that the development there will not proceed so quickly, that the league will not develop so quickly into a real and a great Young Communist League. But nevertheless in this movement there is a healthy kernel because the comrades

should carry on the work for the youth. It should issue a new series for the workers' papers, and material upon the organizational and educational tasks. We have given the American comrades the advice here to give up these ideas, as these tasks belong to the Young Communist League. The league has definitely commenced the practical work. Recently I read in the paper that in a strike in which 1,500 young workers took part, the league set up a program of practical demands and fought for their representation in order in this way to approach the youth.

It is a fact that they have set up a number of demands and incorporated them in a manifesto addressed to the young workers, and that is already considerable progress.

CLOSING SPEECH OF BAMMATTER

AND because we hold the German League dear, we have presented it with a sound beating. At our previous

the flaming message that was soon heard on every fighting front: "War Against War!"

Under the secretaryship of Willy Muensberg, a temporary grouping was formed to carry out the decisions of the first conference and to seek to unite all the revolutionary groups in the world. Besides working towards the building up of the youth international, these pioneers were to be found in every movement directed towards the rebuilding of the adult international movement. The youth group took part in the Zimmerwald conference of 1916 and in the Kienthal congress of April 1916. They aligned themselves with Lenin in favor of the building of a new revolutionary international when that proposal seemed heresy even to the boldest.

The revolutionary youth was to be found in the forefront of every battle: forming the backbone of the Spartacists, the Communist Party of Germany, giving their lives in the defense of the Russian revolution, leading the struggle of the heroic working masses of Italy, the Balkans, Spain, Austria, Hungary and the rest of Europe.

1919, after being driven from one country to another, facing the rising fascist in Italy, and the bloodthirsty troops of the "socialist" in Germany, the youth assembled directly in Berlin, in the back of beer gardens, and formed the Young Communist International, the revolutionary leader of the masses of the working youth of the world.

In the early days of the Communist movement, it was the youth that formed the kernel of the growing parties. They participated in all the struggles of the party, both against the capitalist enemy and against the groups that still held mistaken notions as to the line of principle and policy to be followed by bolshevik parties. Even up to this very day, the youth, under the direction of the Communist International and the Young Communist International is always to be found fighting for the policies of Leninism, standing steadfast for the principles that they learned in the dark days during the war when the great revolutionary master, then so little known, associated with them in his exile, painstakingly teaching them the tasks of the revolutionary movement, correcting the errors they were making, forging the nucleus of the new international.

Today, all over the world the units of the Young Communist International carry on the struggle in an even more clearly defined spirit than ever before. Braving reaction, persecution, murder and errorism, they grow in power from day to day. Where their number is lessened by one going to his death or to the dungeon for the cause, a dozen others spring up to take his place—like the fabled hydra, ready to devour the monster of capitalism. In the forefront of the revolutionary movement they march in the spirit of revolt, preparing the youth for the Day of the workers. Where the battle is thickest, the youth are most dauntless. With a magnificent history behind them, they are helping to make the history of tomorrow.

Disciplined, following intelligently the lead of the international, the sections of the revolutionary youth go forward to their new tasks, with renewed ranks and energy. At the present moment they struggle against the dangers of new wars and the new betrayals of the socialist parties and socialist youth leagues; against the enslavement of the workers of the world thru the infamous Dawes plan; against the new onslaught of profit-hungry capitalism. The youth is being rallied to the banners of revolution, prepared for entry into the Com-

battle cruisers. The ablest engineer and expert in airplane and Zeppelin construction are already arriving from Germany and Holland to assist in bringing America's airfleet to the highest point of perfection. Nor has chemical warfare been neglected. A host of chemists are conducting researches for the government and the large munition companies to devise and develop deadly chemicals which leave mustard gas and liquid fire far in the rear.

Peace and peace gestures for public consumption, but a feverish preparation for new and greater wars is the actual state of affairs. Already, we see the new line-up developing, with Britain forced to follow the lead of Washington—Wall Street as against Japan. Both Canada and Australia are now so much under the domination of American imperialism that they have signified their willingness to follow the lead given by the United States rather than that of Great Britain—with the result that John Bull has had to give way to the policies of Uncle Sam.

To the millions of young workers in this country who will be the cannon fodder of the next great war which is coming, the scrapping of the battleship Washington should not be looked upon as a omen of peace. They must prepare themselves NOW to stop the danger of war, but this cannot be done by building more armaments, nor by following the policies of the middle class pacifists.

War against war! For the class war and the elimination of a system of wage slavery and exploitation! That is the road to peace, world peace. In this struggle for the destruction of the very seeds of war the oppressed and toiling masses of young workers in all countries must unite.

The Christian Code

DID you ever go to Sunday school and hear the solemn and hypocritical spreader of the gospel speak about the beauties of christian life? Were you ever told of the volumes, yes, the oceans of peace that would suddenly descend upon this wicked earth if only the people would listen to the pacific doctrines of Jesus? And were you, dear reader, ever thrilled to think of the brave missionaries of the gospel who turned their collars backward, bought a bucket of bibles and went forth into the wildernesses of India, Japan or China to convert the heathen to the truth of the Christ?

Well, here's a concrete example of true christian pacifism, devotion to idealism, love, generosity and piety. We present to you the famous Christian Chinese general, Feng, the gent who betrayed his ally, Wu, and walked off with a tunchunship. The fighting code that every member of the Feng's army must yearn by heart reads as follows:

"Take careful aim before you shoot. If your cartridges run out, use your bayonet. If your bayonet is broken use the butt of your gun. If you lose your gun, attack the enemy with your fists. If your fists are smashed, kick him, bite him. If your teeth are gone, pray to the Christian God that a stray bullet of one of your brothers in arms will kill the enemy quickly."

Note the tone. How Christ-like it is. How beautiful. How tender. How sweet.

We announce the opening of a special fund to send two dozen Baptist missionaries to China. All moneys will be accepted with the exception of lead quarters.

school—was understood itself no more forcefully as to serve the purpose of scaring away thousands of those who would ordinarily have supported LaFollette, thru the slogan of "Cal or Chaos," the threat of the closing down of industry. Added to this, the fact of the temporary revival in agriculture helped to draw away the vacillating support of the petty bourgeoisie and the more well-to-do farmers from the Wisconsin senator. In the meantime, however, the LaFollette movement had willy-nilly swallowed up the movement for a class farmer-labor party, submerging it in the midst of labor fakerism, the petty bourgeoisie, small bankers and business men, farmers, professional people and ordinary politicians.

Irrespective of the ordinary merits of the case, the fact remains that the mass demand that formerly held sway over the minds of hundreds of thousands of workers, in favor of a farmer-labor party, now no longer exists. The party statement then states:

"The demonstrated weakness of the LaFollette movement, as compared to the pre-election estimates of all sides, not only seriously retards the development of the so-called 'third party' but also completely eliminates the immediate possibility of a growth of a mass farmer-labor party of industrial workers and poor farmers, distinct from the Workers Party. A general agitation campaign by the Workers Party under the slogan of 'For a Mass Farmer-Labor Party' would not be profitable or successful. The policy of applying the united front tactic by attempting to form a mass farmer-labor party, of which the Workers Party would be a part, is not adaptable to the present period."

Firstly, it is necessary to ask, in considering the problem, whether or not all parties have farmer-labor policies? The answer is, No. It is not the function of communist parties to engage in building farmer-labor parties where there are none in existence, except insofar as there is a mass demand for such a party. In England, Australia, New Zealand, etc., the Communist parties seek to enter the labor parties for the simple reason that the masses are within those parties, that it is necessary to maintain contact with these workers, to point out that "laborism" cannot solve the problems of the working class, cannot bring about the overthrow of the capitalist state, that, in fact, the labor parties are becoming the third parties of the bourgeoisie and in practice prove traitorous to the interests of the workers. We enter mass parties in order while maintaining the integrity and organizational form of the Communist party, to draw

Schuller's speech on the American League at the last Y. C. I. congress, together with his closing remarks. We have also added to it the speech of Comrade Sigl Bammatier, in opening and in conclusion.—Editor.

CONGRESS SPEECH OF SCHULLER.

Remarks Concerning the U. S. A.

AMERICA: There it is also important that we have obtained an active youth league. And there also, this league is upon the best way to become the nucleus of the new organization. You will remember that at our III Congress we had differences with the American League. It raised a certain opposition with regard to the mass-work, particularly the trade union economic work, and in actual fact it has also carried out this work in a rather hesitating fashion. At the Congress in May, hard discussions were necessary in order to carry thru the line of the Y. C. I. But the league has committed the worst of this work it is true has been carried on in a rather hesitating manner, but nevertheless it has been seriously begun. It is true that the comrades have very often discussed whether these directions were correct. They were of the opinion that in America the directions should be very much altered. But the league has nevertheless accepted our directions and has carried out the work upon various fields, for instance upon the field of the trade union economic work.

In the recent period, comrades, a difference of opinion has shown itself in the American league. An opposition has formed itself which accuses the leadership of the league of not carrying thru the directions and decisions of the Young Communist International. This opposition is as can be understood, also the reaction to the somewhat halting progress of the American National Executive Committee in this connection. There is a healthy kernel in this opposition, it is however not correct when it says that the leadership does not wish to carry thru the directions and has taken pains to carry out this line and have achieved successes. But it is to be understood that in America with its lack of experience, its development into a communist youth league cannot proceed so swiftly as in the other countries. We must always think of this and therefore have more patience with the American league and its leadership than with the leadership in other countries. We are of the opinion that the comrades must understand that there is no ground for the maintenance of their differences.

We, the executive committee of the national executive committee of the American League will take the same pains in the future as in the past to carry out this work. And we also hope that all the comrades will work actively together upon the basis of the directions of the Young Communist International.

Extract from Closing Speech of Comrade Schuller.

Remarks Upon The U. S. A.

SIMILARLY, Great Britain and America have taken a year or more active part in the discussion than at previous congresses. This shows that they are being drawn more into the international movement. The agreement which they express, is also good progress compared with the previous year when for instance we had to struggle against a bureau in which Comrade Sigl Bammatier was completely reactionary. It has also been demanded that this bureau

Party and in the youth league. The minority accused the national executive committee of the Youth League of sabotaging the decisions of the executive committee. This accusation is ungrounded, exaggerated and we must reject it. What is actually correct however is that the national executive committee of the American League has carried thru this line rather slowly, haltingly and with a certain amount of discussion. However it has actually worked upon this line and has succeeded to show. We must have more discussion with the American organization than with others. It is clear that the development there will not proceed so quickly, that the league will not develop so quickly into a real and a great Young Communist League. But nevertheless in this movement there is a healthy kernel because the comrades have desired a quicker and less limited carrying thru of the decisions of the Y. C. I. But the situation is that we must regard both sections as valuable. Sections which we wish to see continue the work, now that the political differences have been liquidated thru the Comintern Congress. We may have confidence that the American comrades will continue to carry out this line also. We hope that in the future they will do it perhaps more quickly than in some cases in the past. In this period of the work upon various fields, for instance upon the field of the trade union economic work.

(REPORT OF BMMATIER)

NOW come to our league in the United States. First of all we had a small quarrel with our league there. I refer to the discussion at the III Congress. But today we can say that our league is already upon the way to carry out really excellent work.

It is excellent that our League can now be reckoned amongst those that are able to go from the period of the propagation of general demands. It is true however that our league has missed various opportunities. There have been for instance several strikes, and our comrades, instead of entering these strikes, have simply declared, we have taken part in the strikes, we have set up strike-panels, and that is the end of it. One day a strike breaks out, our comrades take part in the strike and then describe enthusiastically how they have done strike-work. But in this they have done nothing at all, for they have not put themselves forward as a Young Communist League.

At its second congress the league adopted a program with a number of important decisions. Then they have sent letters to the American Federation of Labor, the American Federation of Labor set up a bureau in order to organize the youth. We were of the opinion that it is incorrect, that the task of organizing the youth falls to the league itself, and that it is useless to believe that the youth can be organized by a bureau in which Comrade Sigl Bammatier was completely reactionary. It has also been demanded that this bureau

international tanks. We have given the American comrades the advice here to give up these ideas, as these tasks belong to the Young Communist League. The American comrades commenced the practical work. Because it read in the paper that in a strike in which 1,500 young workers took part, the league set up a program of practical demands and fought for their representation in order in this way to approach the youth.

It is a fact that they have set up a number of demands and incorporated them in a manifesto addressed to the young workers, and that is a really considerable progress.

CLOSING SPEECH OF BMMATIER

AND because we hold the German League dear, we have presented it with a solemn beating. At our previous congress we did this same with the American League. The American comrades also believed that they were unjustly punished. But the experience since has shown that this punishment had a good result. It brought the league into the line of the Young Communist International.

I wish to deal with still a further point, which was particularly raised by the American comrades and which has a special significance for the American comrades. The American comrades also believed that they were unjustly punished. But the experience since has shown that this punishment had a good result. It brought the league into the line of the Young Communist International. I wish to deal with still a further point, which was particularly raised by the American comrades and which has a special significance for the American comrades. The American comrades also believed that they were unjustly punished. But the experience since has shown that this punishment had a good result. It brought the league into the line of the Young Communist International.

Then to the question of the Industrial Workers of the World, the syndicalist organization in America. It plays a definite role and it is important that we win an influence upon it that we attempt to influence it both from inside and out. It is very important to work in these trade unions also which for the most part exist in the agricultural districts and in the lumber camps. I believe that the directions which have been given by the Profintern congress dealt very clearly with the work which should be performed there.

Send In That Sub Today

AND THEY SAY THE REDS WILL DESTROY THE HOUSE

COLUMBIA, B. C.—A mother forced to work in another textile mill is mourning the death of her child. Three year old Leroy Brantley of Columbia was drowned in the Conzarre river while his mother toiled in the cotton mill. Left at home with an older cousin, he was lured to the river. He was pulled dead some distance down the stream. The mother and another southern mill villager, left at home alone while their parents work from 10 to 12 hours in the mills.

A 'Weekly' by the First