

RYAN IS TOOL OF CAPITALISM

Religious Dope Meant to Keep Labor in Subjection

SCOPES TRIAL NEARS END

By BEN P. CHASS
DAYTON, Tenn., July 15.—This old primitive town is being stirred up somewhat. Each day a little more doubt is being thrown into the Christian hearts of these hitherto superstitious people. A sudden change has crept over the inhabitants of Dayton and surrounding territory. As a result of this fear and dweil religious rituals are springing up thruout this weighted section of the south.

Bryan Considered a Faker
Outside the church where Bryan spoke people were seen standing with nervous grins on their faces, expressing their doubt about Bryan's religion and sincerity. This is something unusual for the people of this town. The newspaper men think Bryan's talk ridiculous and incredible; they cannot believe that a man of the 20th century should utter such ridiculous and moronish talk; they say that such talk belongs in the jungle among the primitive savages.

One thing is sure that as the trial progresses the minds of these Main Streets are receiving some severe jolts; their hitherto stagnant minds are being moved. From their talk and expressions on their faces, it is apparent that a trial will mark an epoch in their lives. Heretofore they have been content with the mythical paradise that will jar their complacent faith in a mythical paradise. As a result of these jolts and their minds will begin to see the light of day and the real world they live in.

Religion O. K.'s Slavery
From their sluggishness and smugness will arise a revolting attitude towards the ignorant and primitive masses they are now forced to live because of the mythical chains of Christianity that enslave them.

And it is due time that they do revolt against the crimes committed by the Christian church, for it is the historical truth that Christianity has always O. K.'ed the slavery and wars fought about by the rulers and masters of the enslaved masses. No wonder is it that Bryan is repeatedly raising the ignorant for woe to him if the masses saw thru his trickery and hypocrisy!

The old fairy tale about the poor shepherding the heavens and the rich going to hell is still being preached by Bryan, yet Mr. Bryan is still going wild in his chase for the dollar. By his preaching of bunk to the masses he has amassed not a small fortune.

Christianity Aids Capitalism
A hungry worker can have faith in the Bible, but he cannot study science. Therefore so long as modern Christian holds sway over the masses, as long as the Bryans can hypnotize the masses to look towards heaven for their salvation, so long will they remain the victims of the idle plutocrats. But when the masses will revolt and unchain themselves from the chains of religious fanaticism and thus look for their betterment here and not the days of wage-slavery will be numbered.

It is therefore quiet obvious that the capitalists are drunk with joy when they can get the legislatures to pass laws barring the teaching of evolution and at the same time make the teaching in the public schools compulsory. For no matter how rotten the conditions under which the workers live, and regardless of the wages they receive, the workers will always look to heaven for better conditions and for a better life.

BRITISH FOOTBALLERS INVITE RUSS SPORTS TEAM TO G.T. BRITAIN

Russians Win in Turkey!

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R.—The supreme board of physical culture has received an invitation from the Young Labor League of Great Britain for a football team from the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics to come to England to meet British football players. This is a good sign of international working class sports solidarity against the corrupted and fascist capitalist sports bodies.

The U. S. S. R. football team which went to Angora to meet the Turkish football team has been victorious. The score was six to one. At a banquet given in honor of the victors the Russians were congratulated on defeating the Turkish football team which is considered the third best in the world.

HARTFORD CHILD LAWS VIOLATED

Children Toiling in Screw Shop and Arrow Electric

Y. W. L. CAMPAIGN CONTINUES

HARTFORD, Conn.—In the state of Connecticut it is against the law to employ children under sixteen but this law does not mean anything to the bosses of the Screw Shop. They pretend to keep within the law by merely asking the children who are forced at an early age to leave school, in an off hand manner their age and so we find quite a few unhealthy working under extremely unwholesome conditions.

For instance the children have to work at oily machines. It is a well known fact that oil spoils your stomach and stunts your growth and the consequences are that after a few years at the screw shop one is a physical wreck and the bosses have no more use for you.

The new method of the bosses to get the most out of the workers for the least possible wage is piece work. It seems at first that the bosses are giving the workers a chance to earn more by a little extra effort, but as soon as the workers threaten to make a fair day's pay, down come the rates. The screw shop is no exception.

It is nothing new that the bosses are the enemies of the workers. However, if a foreman shows any inclination to treat the workers like human beings he is immediately put on the carpet by the management.

Another good example of a shop where the workers labor at top speed for starvation wages is the Arrow Electric.

The management of this shop is better organized to squeeze the most out of the workers by the speed-up system and it takes good care that the workers should not find out the real value of workers' organization. Consequently we find that the workers who show any intelligence are immediately fired, the excuse being that there are no orders and also old workers who get a little more are fired with the same excuse, but on the other hand children are hired to take the place of the old ones at much less pay.

THE WAR MONSTER TURNS INFANTRIST



Y.W.L. SUPPORTS TRENTON STRIKE

Clothing Workers Toil Under Terrible Conditions

A. C. W. A. ORGANIZING SHOP

By AL. JOHNSON.

TRENTON, N. J.—The Simpson Clothing Company of 116 Factory St., occupying the second and third floors of that building, having forced upon their employees the following unbearable conditions now have a strike declared against them by the workers organized by the Amalgamated Clothing Workers.

Normally there are employed approximately 165 workers, mostly young girls who fear to enter the cloak-room, it being infested with large sewer rats. The lighting effects are such as to cause undue eye strain, the windows having never been washed for the past two years, and Mr. Koppelman, the manager is not very liberal with his electric light. In the toilet-rooms are to be found the most unsanitary conditions, one in particular, that of the water-closets becoming overflowing with the excrement flowing over on to the floor. Pieces of cloth are laid about to absorb this and the odor arising from this is not very pleasant to the nostrils. There is a speed-up system employed whereby tickets are fastened on to the cloth or placed in the pockets of the clothing, and as each worker finishes his or her part they remove these tickets and turn them into the office at the end of the week. In this way, the manager is kept informed of the amount of work turned out by all whether on piece work or working by the day. The hours of employment are 49 per week with piece work being the compulsory order of the day wherever possible. With the greatest of efforts leading to a maddening pace the highest possible wage is \$35.00 per week. Of course, a few of the piece-makers, a very few indeed are given \$50.00 per week. These figures are the wages of the men; the wages of the girls are considerably lower barely sufficient to provide the necessities of life. When a new season commences, after being employed two weeks and having received only one week's pay, the workers note that their wages have been reduced without being notified. And when they ask why this has been done, Mr. Koppelman, the manager, replies that with the installment of new equipment and alterations being made about the factory, he is not in a position to pay the former wage and politely refers the workers to the door telling them that if they are dissatisfied: "To kindly close the door on

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Writer Calls for New Type of Leadership for Negro Workers

John H. Owens of Ripley, California, in an article published in the second number of the Negro Champion, states, "The leadership of the bourgeoisie is incompatible with the best interest of the Negro working class. The bourgeoisie can only continue to thrive thru ruthless exploitation of the Negro masses."

We understand Mr. Owens to be a tenant farmer of Ripley, California, who is speaking from experience. He further states that "The Negro proletariat is proud of its bourgeoisie. Even the less conservative elements are proud of the achievements of their more talented black brothers." Mr. Owens, in dividing the race into classes, says, "We may logically assume that the fundamental background of the Negro workers problem is economic; that of the Negro bourgeoisie is quasi-social. Negro property owners have more in common with white property owners than with Negro tenants." On equality, he says, "Among the whites at present, there is not social equality with all that term implies, except from a theoretical viewpoint, and white workers do not enjoy all the extensions of rights and privileges that the ruling class enjoys. There is no legal equality between a very poor white man and a very rich one." He ends his article by saying, "Let the Negro workers join hands around the world with his oppressed brothers of every hue and clime, and thru intelligent, concerted mass action bury forever in a sea of oblivion, race prejudice, class prejudice, social and religious prejudice."

Baltimore Arranges for Lecture Course

BALTIMORE, Md.—The Lenin branch of the Young Workers League is starting the lecture course recently assigned by the N. E. C. The first lecture will be held at the regular educational meeting of the league by Comrade Irving Sollins. Don't forget the lecture. It will be held Tuesday, July 21, at 8:30 p. m. at 1135 E. Balto St. (second floor).

AGRICULTURAL APPRENTICE SCHOOLS.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R.—In order to furnish to agricultural workers the means of obtaining education combined with general social and political enlightenment, a number of agricultural apprentice schools will be opened in the near future.

Such schools will be organized on the best equipped Soviet (nationalized) farms. The agricultural instruction will be especially adapted to the particular methods of cultivation employed in the different industries.

N. Y.'S GARMENT WORKERS SOLID

Huge Demonstration Shows Power of Left Wing

HYMAN CALLS FOR ACTION

NEW YORK, N. Y., July 18.—(By Mail)—At Madison Square in the shadow of the Metropolitan Tower, the second great mass demonstration of 25,000 cloak makers took place today. All along the East side of the park a mighty number of cloak makers listened to speakers from three separate platforms scattered at intervals throughout the great crowd.

This demonstration was arranged with but one short day's notice, the handbills announcing it only being distributed on Friday. Following on the heels of the great gathering at the Yankee Stadium, last week, it is a fitting answer to Sigman and the handful of dupes he has left. It finally establishes the fact in an incontrovertible manner that the left wingers are the real leaders of the cloak makers; that they can at a moment's notice call out the masses in the streets and they come, laughing and enthusiastic.

All the speakers failed the Sigman crowd for its many crimes against the workers and denounced the decision of the governor's commission. Boruchowitz, quoted from a sheet of letters being sent out in envelopes containing the return address of the joint board and obviously addressed on the machine at the international office.

These letters are a bitter attack upon the Communists, the Yankee Stadium meeting and the leadership of the left wing generally. They are signed by an alleged group of Local 2 Hyman Point to New Betrayal by Sigman.

The speech of Louis Hyman detailed the betrayal of workers by the joint board and the Sigman gang. Hyman was loudly applauded when he pointed out the stupid inconsistency of the Sigman gang and the joint board, when they at first declared that they would send out in all languages the decision of the governor's commission for referendum, without any recommendation.

Pacifist: 'If We Must Have a Navy Let It Be a Good One,' Gets It!

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—David Starr Jordan, the liberal pacifist, declared in a speech before the council of international relations, a "peace" organization, that "as long as the United States has a navy, it ought to be a good one."

Jordan spoke on the same platform with Secretary Wilbur, who condemned the pacifists and spoke for further armaments.

Worker's Revolt in China and Morocco

TWO great political events, the importance of which it is difficult to gauge today, but which will have no doubt great influence on the further development of the world revolution, claim now the attention of all honest revolutionists. These events are: the imperialist predatory war in Morocco and the courageous struggle of the Chinese workers, students and the Chinese population as a whole against the imperialist powers.

In Morocco, the Rifians have carried on a heroic struggle against their Spanish oppressors, and have gained national freedom by great sacrifice. The French imperialists, who watched with pleasure the struggle of the Rifians against Spain, deemed this moment opportune to make a sudden attack on the liberated people.

The French banks and industrial magnates want the Rif territory because of its mineral wealth; especially its ore mines. Capitalist France is at the same time endeavoring to secure a direct sea route for French Morocco through the Mediterranean, in order not to be dependent on British Gibraltar any longer. Moreover French imperialism can hardly be expected to tolerate an independent victorious republic in the Rif, as it would set an example to all other colonial peoples, and especially to the Moslems of North Africa, showing them clearly that the revolutionary way is the only way to real national liberation.

These purely imperialistic reasons have induced the French imperialists to ignore all the peace proposals of Abdel-Krim the leader of the Rifians and to take "precautionary measures" which cannot but lead to sanguinary conflicts, and to a new war. The French generals occupied the fertile districts, whilst the Rifians were driven into the barren districts. The French generals and the capitalists with the active support of the social-democrats and the Second Internationalists, are endeavoring to represent the Rifians' resistance to death by

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BRITISH SHOOT DOWN CHINESE

Chinese Merchants Playing Traitor to Workers

BOSSES TO TRY WHITEWASH

SHANGHAI, China, July 20.—The strike pickets at British wharves here today were dispersed by British marines firing five volleys over the heads of a great crowd who came to the wharf to demand the release of coolies held by the British and forced to work.

Firing also broke out at Chengtufu, where the British warship Teal opened fire on Chinese troops after rescuing some beleaguered missionaries and business people.

A Whitewash Party Coming.
Reports from London indicate that British interests are going to get their desire for another inquiry to offset the first one's report on Shanghai maneuvers and will be able to whitewash the municipal council and its British police troops. Strangely enough, the new proposed board of inquiry is to contain an American, and Englishman and a Chinese of bribable nature, but is not to contain any Japanese.

Separate negotiations are proceeding between committees of the imperialist foreign chamber of commerce and the Chinese chamber of commerce. This is not looked upon with any pleasure by the strikers, as they rightly feel that the Chinese capitalists are too much interested in profits to be free from suspicion of trading off the liberation movement for their own gain, or to avoid their present continuous losses.

Chinese Merchants Play Traitor Game.
Evidence of this is that the chief stumbling block is not the demand of the Chinese merchants for all foreign exploiters to get out, but the very contrary. They are willing to let the foreign imperialists stay if only the Chinese business men and property owners who pay 50 per cent of the taxes raised by the municipal council, are allowed nine representatives on the council. The foreigners, true to their habit of granting as little as possible, are to allow only two representatives of Chinese capital on the council. Where the workers come in is not mentioned.

The amusing and even ridiculous situation in which Shanghai now is as a result of the denial that either China or the diplomatic corps have any power over the municipal council, continues.

Meanwhile the strike goes on, even more bitterly. Two Chinese papers, who were caught by the workers printing the lying publicity put out by the municipal council, were compelled to pay the strike relief fund \$100,000.

Liebknicht Still Lives!

"WHEN the war of 1914 broke out, in France, in the first period, there was hardly a single man who ventured to oppose it. The protests in France against the war were made in the year 1915. And then people came forward with a confused and vague program. In Germany at that time Liebknicht stood alone in his opposition to the war. The events in France have shown that should the bourgeoisie now attempt to resort to fresh war, we would not see one but thousands and thousands of Liebknichts in all the prominent countries of Europe.

"I am happy to be able to say that the Communist Party of France, a party which has grown strong in the last few years, has in this matter proved itself a party worthy of the Communist International.

"There have been found people in this party who succeeded in the French parliament in flinging a protest, full of contempt and indignation, in the face of the bourgeoisie, as well as of their lackeys in the menshevik camp. Especially worthy of note is the fact that, in the name of the Communist Party, a young comrade came forward, who only recently emerged from the ranks of the Young Communist League, a typical representative of the new generation of revolutionary leaders. Comrade Doriot, who delivered a splendid speech in parliament. After the speech of Comrade

Doriot, the Central organ of the Communist Party of Germany quite rightly published an article under the title: "Liebknicht lives!" yes, he lives in the new generation of workers!"
G. Zinoviev.



FRATERNISEZ

Why Not Become a Worker Correspondent?

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YOUNG WORK. LEAGUE GREETED BY CROUCH & TRUMBULL FROM PRISON

Four-Fifths of Hawaii Soldiers Sympathize With Communists

AUTHORITIES HOLD UP MAIL

The arrest and imprisonment of the communist soldiers, Paul Crouch and Walter Trumbull, for the crime of writing their brains, has aroused much indignation among the young workers, but the courage of the two comrades in the face of heavy prison terms has also inspired much enthusiasm. A letter received by the Young Workers League of Buffalo revealed that the two young rebels are subjected to brutal treatment on the part of their prisoners, and that their rights are being disregarded.

The Buffalo League had sent an air mail letter to Crouch and Trumbull, extending to them the greetings of the young workers of Buffalo, and congratulating them on the splendid fight they are putting up against the enslavers of the colonial people of Hawaii, and their servants, the military officer clique. The reply from the red soldiers disclosed that thinking is so abhorred by the rulers of this domicile of democracy that the most brutal treatment and annoyances have been inflicted upon the prisoners in an effort to break their spirit, and to frighten others who may fight imperialism. That neither of these purposes have been achieved is evident when one reads the letter, and sees the enthusiasm it evokes among the young workers. The communication is well fitted to make the "spectre of Communism" seem a little more real to the capitalist owners of America, and their numerous retainers. It follows:

Young Workers League,
Local Buffalo,
Dear Comrades:

After much red tape and trouble with military authorities, we have received your encouraging message. We are writing the story of how your air mail letter was read without our permission and held up.

We are subjected to extreme brutality and suppression of our legal rights. Yesterday we signed for a package of books from the Daily Worker, but up to date we have seen nothing of them.

This letter is sent out from prison by "underground" methods. Several letters written to friends, and "mailed" thru official channels were never received by them. A large part of the mail sent to us fails to reach us. Conditions may or may not be better in a camp, where we are to be imprisoned.

We are entitled by law to receive parcels and are always glad to receive any radical publications and books. We thank you for your kind offer to supply any wants.

The laws of the American Capitalist Dictatorship are intended only for the workers. The upper classes break their own laws at will. Therefore we are not given the legal rights to which we are entitled.

There are more Communists in the arm today than ever before. Four-fifths of the soldiers stationed in Honolulu are sympathetic with the Communist movement.

Comrades, we appreciate the support of the class conscious workers of the country. If our imprisonment helps, even in a small way, in causing the workers to fight for freedom, the time in prison will be well spent. Our faith in Communism makes prison life worth living. Brutal tortures of capitalism may do their worst to us, yet we are victorious. Our lives are given to a great cause that will lead the workers of all lands from the chains of economic slavery. Workers for this cause may be imprisoned, but Communism remains free and leads the way to a new order of society in which there will be no room for parasites.

In sending us to prison the army bosses are giving us the opportunity to get details of the most outrageous brutality which we will expose when we gain our freedom. Comrades, members of the Young Workers League, we hope that you who are free will fight unceasingly against the evil system of capitalism. There is no half way ground. There should be no compromise in the struggle.

Life in prison is more pleasant when we know that thousands of comrades are working constantly for the emancipation of the proletariat of all nations. Comrade Trumbull and I are grateful for the greetings from the Young Workers of Buffalo, and we assure you that we will remain true to the great cause regardless of persecution and the White Terror. With comradely greetings, Fraternally yours, Paul Crouch.

Reorganize the Y. W. L.

Superior, Youngstown for Nat'l Executive

SUPERIOR, Wis.—A resolution endorsing the Y. C. I. decision, and the National Executive Committee of the Young Workers League, previously passed unanimously by the Head-of-the-Lakes District Executive Committee, was also endorsed by the students' branch composed of members throughout the district at the Young Communist School here. The resolution repudiates the criticism of the minority and calls for united action on the basis of the Y. C. I. decision.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio.—The Youngstown branch of the Young Workers League endorsed the decision of the Y. C. I. and the leadership of the N. E. C. of the League by a vote of 9 to nothing. The minority position found no support.

MILITANTS GAIN AT MINERS MEET

Toohy Leads in Fight At Tri-District Convention

PROGRESSIVE MEASURES WIN

(Special to the Young Worker).
By AUGUST VALENTINE.

SCRANTON, Pa.—The tri-district convention of the miners of Districts 1, 7 and 9 of the United Mine Workers of America, representing 160,000 coal diggers was held in the city of Scranton on June 29-July 2. The convention was held for the purpose of drawing up the wage demands and conditions to be submitted to the operators which are meeting today (July 9th).

Communists There.
Comrade Pat Toohy, Young Workers League member, with four Communist Party members were a bitter pill to the reactionaries. When Toohy raised Lewis that the scale committee should fight for a two dollar raise instead of ten per cent, Lewis took a fit and tried to interrupt him, which he did but had no effect upon our member, who is so "green" when it comes to capitalist economies that he generally sees red! Many progressive resolutions were brought up by our comrades and most were adopted by the convention.

Labor Party Resolution Adopted.
The convention adopted our labor party resolution. The committee on resolutions recommended that the resolution be referred to the international convention. The committee was beaten on this point, it was sent back and later reported on it the reactionaries seeing the sentiment for it either defended it or sat glued to their seats. Toohy speaking on the resolutions was greatly applauded. This was the second tremendous applause that was tendered Toohy. The first one was on Child Labor, also one of our resolutions. On being asked by the Associated Press to make a statement for the Progressives, Toohy made the statement not at all pleasing to the machine, which can be found in the July 8 issue of the Daily Worker.

Other Progressive Demands.
The other resolutions introduced by the progressives which were adopted by the convention are: Release of political prisoners, repeal of the sedition laws, pay for dead work, and several other minor demands.

Red Army Soldiers for International Red Aid

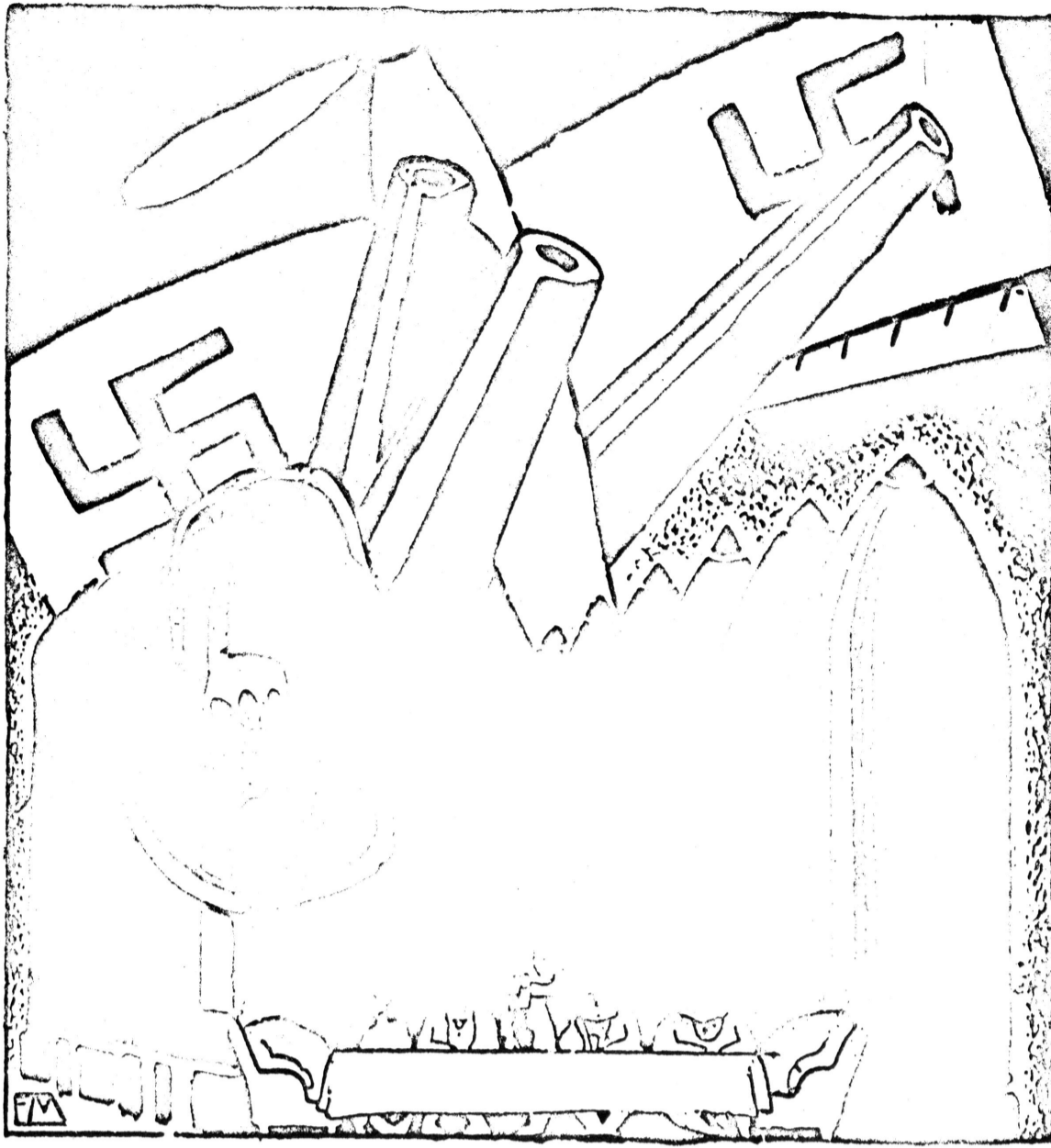
By IVANZOV.
(Red Army Soldier).

The interest of the Red soldiers of our regiment for the International Red Aid is very great; every one of them endeavors to participate in the organization. In the regiment a special active group has been formed to which the correspondents of the International Red Aid, the leader of the "I. R. A. corners" and the organizers of the companies belong.

The Red soldiers are interested particularly in the revolutionary movement of the West. The I. R. A. literature is sold eagerly. In the first time—in July, 1924—there were in our regiment only 15 I. R. A. members. In August of the same year their number had increased to 60, in September to 120, in October to 160, and now there are 500 members of the I. R. A.

This quick growth is mostly due to the I. R. A. literature. Furthermore, some words might be said about the film "The Red Reserve." The Red soldiers were quite beside themselves when they saw the film; when the film showed them the tortures and sufferings of the workers, the club resounded from their shouts of indignation, and when the fascists were defeated a thundering applause could be heard.

THE POLITICIANS SIT AND TALK ABOUT PEACE IN THIS KIND OF AN ATMOSPHERE



Bryan Is Capitalist Tool

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and religious domineering classes who rule America today.

Teacher A Wage Slave
The teacher is a wage slave and belongs in the same class with the worker in the mill, factory, and mine. And the sooner he realize it the sooner will he fight for an organization that will fight his battles for higher wages, lower hours and more freedom in the classroom, as the trade unions fight for the industrial workers.

Schools Run For Big Business
Upton Sinclair has produced conclusive evidence in his "Gone-Step" and "Gostings" to convince anyone that the schools and colleges are run for the interests of big business. As Dr. Tilasey, district superintendent of the public schools of New York City says: "I do not know any school system in the United States which is run for the benefit of the children. They are all run for the benefit of the gang." And the "gang" is none other than the predatory interests that rule

supreme both government and industry. The schools of this country are run like factories; the children are the raw material and are turned out like biscuits and bolts, completely standardized. The rulers of imperial America hire the teachers for this job of molding your children so that they will make good docile wage-slaves. The more reactionary the teacher the better can he repress and suppress the individualism and freedom inherent in your child. The teacher tainted with the least liberalism or radicalism is hounded and spied upon like a thief or traitor.

"We must please the business man, otherwise they will not vote the bonds to keep our schools going," says the Los Angeles superintendent of schools. This is it true thruout the country. The schools are here to inculcate the children's minds with propaganda of the vilest brand. "My country right or wrong" is the leading motto that is upheld in our public schools. As Nicholas Murray Butler, chief-

master of Columbia University says: "The schools must teach that the duty of one generation is to pass on to the next, unimpaired, the institutions it has inherited from its forbears." In other words what has been and is now is perfect.

Teachers Must Organize
It thus becomes apparent that the teacher must organize into powerful unions if he is desirous of bettering his present meagre "salary" and ridding his profession of the cowardice and timidity that is so typical of his profession. He must revolt and demand that his dignity and conscience and liberty and independence be upheld and reckoned with. He must also revolt against the routine and tedious and nerve-wrecking work he is now forced to perform after school hours. Only in organization can these things become real. For at present the teacher is the docile tool of the orthodox social, religious and economic views that are in vogue today. The Scopes trial proves this fact beyond doubt.

Y. W. L. SUPPORTS TRENTON STRIKERS

(Continued from page 1)
their way out." Among the foremen, foreladies and other petty bosses are to be found the typical slave-drivers using abusive language and slurring remarks that only persons of such caliber would indulge in.

These conditions and others too numerous to mention led to two unsuccessful strikes being organized, one about two years and the other one year ago; but the latter part of this May found the workers undertaking a third and successful attempt at the organization of a union under the guidance of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers. After four weeks of conscientious efforts were were organized 60 workers. When the officials became aware of this, they immediately discharged the leaders, among them a member of the Young Workers League. Unfortunately, this prevented them from reaching some of the workers in the other departments. On the 19th of June a special meeting of the organized workers resulted in a committee being delegated to Mr. Koppelman asking that the discharged workers be allowed to return to work again, to which he gave his consent.

This having been reported to the organizers of the A. C. W., they instructed the discharged workers to return to their jobs; but when they did so, they were told to beat a hasty retreat from the factory by the officials. The last one to return, a member of the Y. W. L. was politely thrown down the stairs suffering an internal injury and bruises about the leg. The organizers seeing the fallacy of pursuing such tactics further, immediately called a strike resulting in 60 organized workers leaving the shop. Three weeks have now passed and 15 more have become members of the A. C. W. There are now out besides the strikers about 60 other workers, leaving only 60 remaining at work, 10 of these being strikebreakers, a few of whom have already been broken. The shop is now in such a state of chaos that production is practically at a standstill. What little clothing

is being made is not of a good quality, and this will certainly lead to a cancellation of orders by the customers of the Simpson company.

July 1st, the officials of the Simpson company had a temporary injunction issued against the strikers, prohibiting them from peacefully picketing, which was somewhat modified last week so that twelve strikers are now allowed to picket the factory on the opposite side of the street. It is understood that the court sold this injunction to the company for the handsome sum of \$3,000. This Tuesday an attempt will be made to have the injunction repealed in its entirety, as it is an open violation of the constitutional rights of the strikers, and is so far reaching that it can be used against any workers that may attempt to aid the strikers. The spirit of the wait until Tuesday, when they will strikers is such that they can hardly

Five Study Circles Are Organized at Brule Training School

By LAURA KANGAS.

BRULE, Wis.—The students of the Y. W. L. E. C. have given program numbers in several recent entertainments. July 12, a picnic was held at Maple, Wis. Five of the students went down there and each of the students gave very interesting selections which were very much appreciated by the audience. In the evening of July 12, all the students went to Oulu, and there the same program was offered as at Maple, but some other very interesting selections were added, such as solos, recitations, etc. Three speeches were made by the students also. This program was even more highly appreciated than the afternoon's program, because of the additional entertainment provided, and in the afternoon the audience was quite restless on account of the intense heat.

We are conducting five different study circles. Each circle has an in-

struction and they meet right after classes or after supper. Each student has to volunteer to join one of these circles, and when they meet they bring up some subject they can't understand and it is then discussed on, and thoroughly explained by the instructor.

We have been working on outlines for coming courses, that is concerning teachers, transportation, curriculum, food, funds, etc. As we have only one and one-half weeks of the school term left, the students are all busy with preparations for commencement, which will be held July 26. The program will consist of very interesting numbers, such as class songs, speeches, recitations, solos, dances, and monologues. Refreshments will be served during the intermission, after which will be presented the one-act play, "Nick in Siberia," in which five of the students participate. This play is a true happening which happened after the revolution in Russia. This program is one of the most interesting entertainments offered during the time of the courses, so everybody is welcome.

NEW DEPORTATION MOVE THREATEN FOREIGN WORK. THRUOUT COUNTRY

International Labor-Defense Appeals for Support

ACTIVE UNIONISTS MENAGED

Urgent appeals from five foreign-born workers, one in Texas and three in Pennsylvania and all threatened with immediate deportation have come to the office of the International Labor Defense. A wire from Ambridge, Pa., tells of the arrest of three Greek workers by Federal officials for holding a meeting and distributing literature in their own language.

Tony Stafford, union coal miner of Italian birth, is now on Ellis Island awaiting a ship to Italy. He was taken from Moundsville Prison, W. Va., years on a frame-up charge growing where he has been confined for five out of a strike in the coal fields. He was lodged in the Pittsburgh, Pa., county jail by federal officers until Monday morning when he was shipped to Ellis Island.

Deportation Means Prison.
John Zagorski is confined in Tank six, El Paso County Jail, Texas. He was intercepted coming from Mexico where he entered on a Polish passport. The authorities have told him he will be deported to Poland, but Zagorski is not a citizen of Poland. He has relatives in New Jersey who are in possession of his birth certificate that shows he was born in the Ukraine, Russia. He is a Russian citizen. His deportation to Poland will mean prison and perhaps death.

Wife Tells Story.
Mrs. Tony Stafford, wife of the deportee, writes that her husband was a member of the International Labor Defense. She writes: "I want you to fully understand that it is because of a grudge against union officials that my husband, who was one, is being persecuted." Mrs. Stafford and her children are destitute and have applied for aid in bringing their husband and father back to them.

It is pointed out by the International Labor Defense that these new cases bear out its contention that a drive is in progress against all foreign-born workers who are active in the labor movement. The I. L. D. has already in hand the defense of at least other foreign-born workers who are being proceeded against by the labor department for deportation. They are: S. Zhitich, editor of a South Slavic paper; John Schindler, who has been confined in prison for the second time; Sunny Kannasto, Finnish working woman arrested a few months ago; and A. Severino, naturalized citizen of Italian birth of the Cleveland Bricklayers' Union; E. Vajntner, Czech-Slovak editor.

I. L. D. Appeals for Help.
International Labor Defense is making every effort to break this widespread drive on active foreign-born workers. The secretary, James F. Cannon, said today that although the I. L. D. has been in existence for less than a month, having been organized at a national conference in Chicago on June 28th, in that short time the organization has been in receipt of a veritable flood of requests from all over the country asking for help in defending foreign-born and American workers alike who are victims of frame-ups and persecutions for their activity in the labor movement. The I. L. D. calls upon all workers and workers' organizations to give immediate financial aid to carry on the fight against deportation and imprisonment of workers. The address is International Labor Defense, 23 E. Lincoln Street, Chicago, Ill.

It's Not Necessary to Say That a Good Time Will Be Had by All

The biggest event in the year is coming off! The Workers Party Press Picnic, for the benefit of the labor press, takes place at Riverview Park on August second.

It is really hardly necessary to say another word. All those with even the faintest spark of real intelligence will take out his notebook or sheet of paper immediately and write down the date and place. When you are also told that besides the usual stuff that you get at all picnics, there will be speaking which will charm the hearts and eardrums of the audience, coming from Bill Foster, Mother Bloor, H. V. Phillips of the American Negro Labor Congress, Chinese speakers, and the short-haired editor of the DAILY WORKER, William F. Dunne. There is not the slightest doubt that that your mind becomes forthwith made up. You are coming! And if you don't, we shall seriously propose an investigation of your mental processes which certainly show a defect if not something worse.

We mention incidentally that tickets are four bits (translation: 50 cents) and proceeds to be divided fairly and squarely, with the Young Worker coming in for its part of the 'Slong! See you there!

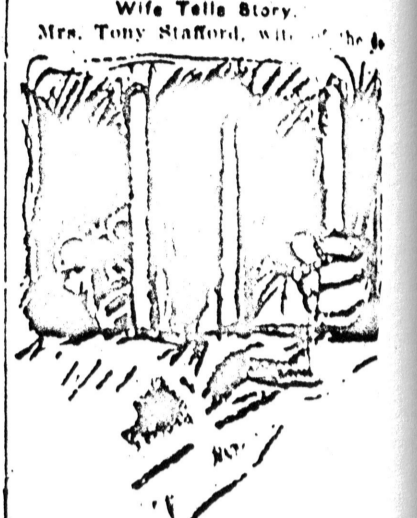
RIFFIANS GAINING

PARIS, France, July 20.—The Rifian forces are driving a wedge between the Spanish and French forces facing them in Morocco. Abdel Krim's men have captured the French fortified posts of Rihana, Bab Hofara and Oued Hamra, north of Teraoual. They are driving between the French and Spanish which have contact along the Loukos river.

The first of the Moroccan troops withdrawn from the Rhineland have arrived at the French front. Marshal Petain is endeavoring to restore the waning morale of the French invaders, whose strength has been sapped by the terrific mid-summer African heat and the Rifian successes.

The cabinet in meeting here almost constantly on the Moroccan invasion Premier Painleve announced that the French imperialists have given Abdel Krim the choice of either accepting the French "peace" terms, which include a Spanish protectorate for the Rif, or of a war to a finish. The Rifians have already stated they will not accept such a degrading peace. Americans and French imperialists. The sultan of Morocco accepted the offer of a dozen American soldiers of fortune to organize a new LaFayette escadrille to fight against the Rifian natives.

Co. Charles Sweeney said the volunteers will have the same rank they held in the American and French armies during the world war.



"Present plans are for seven of us to fly to Rabat, via Toulon, next Friday," said Sweeney, "and at least six more will follow by the first boat leaving Marseilles."

Push the 'Y. W.' Drive

Push the 'Y. W.' Drive

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ATHLETIC GAMES AND DANCE OF THE WORKERS SPORT ALLIANCE

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YOUNG WORKERS

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BOYAN HITS THE APES BUT BARRROW PUSSEYFOOTS

FUNDAMENTALISTS can be understood. They stand on the bible as the word of their god and close their minds to reason.

Believers in the materialist conception of history stand on the sure ground of science and are able to show the religion has evolved from the fears and ignorance of our savage ancestors.

Communists are content to rest their case against religion on scientific proof with additional evidence of its use to enslave mankind.

But what can be said for the defenders of Scopes who seek to prove that a belief in evolution is compatible with a belief in religious dogmas—that there is no conflict between religion and science?

The heat that can be said for them is that they are even bigger fools than the fundamentalists who have enough fanatical cursing to feel that the issue is between religion and science, between light and darkness.

The theologians of all ages have fought every advancement of knowledge. They have fought also that freedom of inquiry which leads to knowledge and the opening of Scopes trial with prayer at each session is symbolic of the belief in a being to whom appeal from the decisions of earthly men can be taken.

It is no far cry from the human sacrifices on the altars of tribal gods to the spectacle in Dayton, Tennessee. Nor is there any great difference between the banishment of the jury was scientific evidence is being used and the secret hearings and torture of the inquisition.

No conflict between religion and the doctrine of evolution?

No conflict between religion and science?

Whoever does not know that this is one aspect of the age long struggle between masters and slaves is a fool and who knows and still denies it is a hypocrite.

The need of modern capitalism for scientific processes and mastery of nature has served to gloss over the conflict between religion and science and conceal its essentially class character.

Only the Communists stand squarely against religion as "the opium of the people."

GET THE DIFFERENCE?

THE Soviet government has officially created a special Lenin Fund for the rescue of homeless children.

The fund amounts to ten million dollars, half of which is made up by government grant and the other half from public collections and contributions.

In a nation run by the capitalist class such a thing is inconceivable. Here the children of the working class who are unfortunate enough to be homeless are not given the slightest thought by the ruling class.

In Soviet Russia, the young are the life of the government.

In America, and every other capitalist nation the young are looked upon as a source of exploitation, of profit, and the food.

In Soviet Russia, capitalism has been dealt a death blow. There the young are the life of the nation.

In the capitalist world, the rule of the young continues. The bosses run the show.

DRIVING TOWARDS WAR

WE now pound our one hundred million American chests and pat ourselves on our shoulders. The United States stands at the head of the parade in its expenditure for its war and navy departments.

It is enough to make any good patriotic citizen, especially if descended from a couple of dozen generations of similarly good patriotic citizens, proud of the fact that he lives under the stars and stripes.

For when the Wall Street Journal

boasts, every American must follow suit.

"According to the Budget estimates the United States will spend this year for account of war and navy departments a total of \$674,531,000 or about 21.7 percent of total expenditures. This is a notable increase over previous two years. Military and naval costs in the 1924 fiscal year being 19.3 percent and in 1923 19.6 percent," says the organ of the rulers of this country.

This is a sum which is more than the combined totals of similar expenditures of France, Italy, Holland, Belgium and Switzerland and beats Great Britain by almost another hundred million dollars.

Who can now say that this country is not up to date? More than one-fifth of the money spent is squandered on war preparations. When the war for which all the imperialists are now ready finally comes, the United States will be more than able to hold its own with any of them. It will be able to protect with a barrier of working class flesh and bones and rivers of proletarian blood the investments of the capitalist class from Canada to Chile, from Porto-Rico to Paris, and from China to Germany.

Not even a fairly intelligent school child any longer believes the fairy tale of the bankshooters who solemnly proclaim that they are venturing going about the business of arming themselves in order to insure peace. The whole history of capitalism has given the lie to these pious hypocrites. Everyone realizes that history has conclusively proved that the militarization of a nation increases with the approach of war and is nothing but a preparation for it.

The workers must deliver crushing replies to this cold-blooded preparation for the murdering off of the lower working class youth.

PURCELL WINS

A. A. PURCELL, president of the International Federation of Trade Unions, and one of the leading exponents of world trade union unity, has just won a by-election in England, thus becoming a member of Parliament.

In his election we have a double victory for the workers of the entire world. Although Purcell is not a Communist, he has aligned himself with all the progressive measures of the revolutionary working class and has thus far held his ground against the reactionaries. He has fought well for world trade union unity so that the workers of different political opinions might face the capitalist class with a united front.

It is significant that he takes the place of a right wing Labor Party member. It reflects the changing condition of mind of the British workers and their demand that Great Britain cease its imperialist machinations against the first workers' republic.

CONTINUE THE FIGHT

THE jailors of Crouch and Trumbull are now carrying thru their regular policy with regard to rebel prisoners. By all sorts of brutal methods, and petty persecution they hope to break the spirit of two brave revolutionaries who dared to carry the message of Communism into the heart of the armed fist of the American capitalist class.

But the soldiers are made of stuff which holds out against all of the meannesses of the men who put them into prison. They are representatives of an idea which grows daily as the leading hope of the working class, of the oppressed of the world.

This is the first case on record of arrest for revolutionary propaganda in the American army. If this is lost, and the two soldiers remain in jail, the working class has been delivered a hard blow. The two young Communists were interested in making the soldiers realize that their interests were common with those of the working class. They were driving home the idea of working class origin, to fight the idea it was not the duty of soldiers to suppress colonial peoples, or to shoot down workers in the United States because they went out on strike to improve their conditions. It was these things which caused the militarist clique to clip the reds into jail.

The cause of these two young soldiers is also the cause of the workers of this country. Let every worker add his voice in determined protest until it is dinned into the ears of the intolerant and intolerable ruling class: "We want our comrades freed!"

Workers Rise in China and Morocco

(Continued from Page 1)

starvation as an attack on "peaceful" France and incite the whole world against the Rifians, and their struggle for national liberation. To counteract this, the revolutionary working class, and farming youth should express their sympathy with the revolutionary liberation struggle of the Rifians, and should do their utmost to counteract the virulent campaign against them and to support their struggle.

In Shanghai the peaceful economic strike movement for a 10-hour day for adults and an 8-hour day for young workers, has developed into a powerful political revolutionary movement. The blood-hounds of the imperialist power which have been systematically robbing China shot down in cold blood workers and students during a peaceful unarmed demonstration. Thereby they teach the Chinese working class to understand that economic and politics are closely connected.

The imperialists were very much mistaken when they thought that these repressions would stifle the movement. On the contrary, a gigantic protest and strike movement hot only in Shanghai, but throughout China was the fitting answer to this new provocation of the British and Japanese police. This movement is not only directed against the recent horrors perpetrated by the foreign police, but has the liberation of China from the imperialist yoke for its aim. Revolutionary students and some sections of the bourgeoisie have also joined this movement. But the significance of the present liberation struggle in China lies in the fact that the Chinese proletariat is placing itself for the first time consciously at the head of these struggles and has taken leadership into its own hands. Moreover, the Chinese proletariat is showing more and more its solidarity with Soviet Russia, which is a sign that it will go beyond the limits of a purely bourgeois liberation movement.

The Morocco war threatens to assume larger dimensions. The French imperialists who supplied the Rifians during their struggle against Spain with arms and munitions are endeavoring now to use Spain as their witness and to draw it again into this military adventure. Italian imperialists are already declaring that they will not tolerate French expansion in Morocco unless they get as compensation part of French Tunis. Great Britain's attitude is as yet not clear. It is biding its time to intervene.

As during the last war, French imperialists declare that they are not out for territory. As then, so now, social-chauvinists support their brutal imperialist government "because it is a war for peace." The reformist trade-union leaders of the General Confederation of Labor talk about a "defensive war." Only the Communist Party, the Young Communist League and the red trade unions of France have taken up the cudgels against this predatory imperialist war. Comrade Doriot's speech in parliament was an example how the parliamentary platform can be used for revolutionary struggle against war. The Communist Party, the Young Communist League, the red trade unions and other revolutionary organizations have initiated a big campaign against the war throughout the country. This is all to the good, but more must be done.

The war against the Rifians is the first imperialist war after the great world slaughter and since the establishment of the Young Communist International. The attitude of our French comrades and of the entire Young Communist International is of historic importance. This is the first opportunity for us to show to the entire working class and peasantry of the world that we are really prepared to fight against the imperialist war with all the means and energy at our disposal. A great historic responsibility has been placed on the shoulders of our French young comrades. The eyes of the entire young proletariat are turned towards them. It is waiting for the whole-hearted application of the famous Lenin direction for the struggle against imperialist wars.

Not only the world proletariat, but also all colonial and oppressed peoples are looking to our French comrades. By their attitude, their struggle against the war, and their open and energetic support of the Rif kabis in the fight for their national freedom, the Young Communist Leagues of France must testify for the Communist youth as a whole that the Young Communist International and its sections are really fighting for the nations' right to self-determination including complete separation.

Our young French comrades, who have inscribed in their annals the glorious pages of the Black Sea Fleet rebellion and the fraternization between the occupation forces and the Ruhr proletariat, have today, together with the Party and the red trade unions a great responsibility to the revolution. We are convinced that this time too, they will do their duty and will continue and bring to a successful issue the present struggle against the imperialist war with all the energy and the revolutionary means at their disposal. But in this struggle, they must have the support of the entire revolutionary proletariat of the world.

Even now, it is already possible that in China it is not a question of a passing, revolutionary outburst, but

rather a question of a struggle for national freedom carried on by the people as a whole. Not only students and the middle sections of the bourgeoisie have joined the struggle of the Chinese proletariat, millions of peasants are also beginning to be awakened. The entire Chinese nation splits in the face of blood hounds of the imperialists, and from millions of throats, comes the call: "Get out of China!"

The task before the Communist Party and the Young Communist League of China, is to be at the head of this movement, to further it and to give it a sound organizational form. The whole of China must be covered with a network of committees of action for complete national liberation, whose business should be the gigantic work of mobilizing the hundreds of millions of Chinese workers and peasants.

The complete national liberation of China will be a severe blow for the imperialist countries especially Great Britain. The dwindling of the excess profits of British imperialism, will ac-

celerate the revolutionization of the British working class. Thus, the struggle for the national liberation of the colonies is closely connected with the development of world revolution. Every success of the national liberation struggle means a step forward on the way to the final victory of the proletariat.

The American, Italian, French and Japanese Youth Leagues, but above all, the Young Communist League of Great Britain, have the same duty to fulfill to the struggling workers and peasants of China as the Young Communist League of France to the Rifians. The entire working class and peasant youth of these countries must be mobilized for the active support of the liberation struggle of the Chinese people.

At present, the task of the Young Communist International is to mobilize all forces in all countries, in order to make it clear to every young worker and peasant, every soldier and sailor, what is actually taking place in Morocco and China. Our French comrades urge French

soldiers to fraternize with the Rifians and to turn their weapons against the exploiters of their own country. They demand complete independence for Morocco and evacuation of the French troops at the earliest possible moment.

Our Chinese young comrades call the entire Chinese nation to the struggle for the complete national liberation of China, for the abrogation of all the existing privileges of foreigners and of unequal treaties, which have caused the enslavement of the Chinese people.

For Morocco, the slogans of the Young Communist International are: Down with the imperialist war in Morocco!

Peace with the Rifians!

Long live fraternization between French soldiers and Rifians!

French soldiers, the real enemy is in France, not in Morocco!

Long live the liberation struggle of the Moroccan people!

Immediate evacuation of Morocco! For China:

Struggle for the complete national

liberation of Chinese people!

Down with the imperialist blood-hounds!

Long live fraternization between the foreign soldiers and the Chinese people!

Down with unequal peace treaties! Hands off China!

The struggle for these slogans must be taken up by all the young workers and peasants throughout the world. It must be our duty that not a single young worker or farmer fails to understand the real meaning and importance of Moroccan and Chinese events.

There must not be a single Young Communist League member unable to draw from these practical examples the Leninist doctrine on the national and colonial question and on imperialism.

The Executive Committee of the Young Communist International calls upon all Leagues and all members to support with all the means at their disposal the heroic struggle of the Rif rebels and of the Chinese people for their national liberation. Executive Committee of the Y. C. I.

The Nationalist Movement Among Negroes

By H. V. PHILLIPS. THE American Negro, being distinguished by his color from the other peoples that go to make up the American nation, has the status of a colonial. He is of the American nation but not an actual part of it. Although being so-called American citizens the vast majority of Negroes have no say at to who shall rule them. This created a gradually rising bourgeoisie class among the Negro population of this country.

The Negro, trying to prove that he is capable of the same achievements as other races, rallied to the leadership of the bourgeoisie class, which, thru exploitation of the Negro masses, has been able to climb out of the working class proper. Thus racial solidarity rather than class solidarity has sprung up within the race.

The Negro bourgeoisie leader, ever ready to go to any limit to sustain

himself in power, played up the prejudices that exist against the Negro masses and was thereby able to keep the Negro suspicious of the whites as a whole and blinded to the great injustice done him by his own bourgeois leader. We can readily see why the Negro's mind was a fertile field for a nationalist movement whether back to Africa or to some separate state in America.

The U. N. I. A.

It was not due to the great organizational ability of Marcus Garvey, but rather that Garvey happened upon the scene just at the time the Negro's mind was fertile that he was able to implant the seed out of which there grew the great nationalist movement of Negroes, the Universal Negro Improvement Association. We must recognize, however, that it was Marcus Garvey who had the far-sightedness to see that the Negro masses, the Negro proletariat was ready, yes anxious, to

take a step in advance. For as Communists we realize that any nationalist or race conscious movement by a dual oppressed people such as the American Negro is a step in advance.

Thousands of Negroes returning from war "for Democracy" found only Jim Crowism, segregation and lynching after months of fighting people with whom they had no quarrel, after months of protecting invested capital of their oppressors, the Negroes felt that they were at least due to the same consideration as the workers of other races who are being exploited, yes, but not quite so much as they, the Negroes, were.

Negroes, all over the country, the younger ones particularly, began to appeal to their bourgeois leaders. "Where is this Democracy? We want our share," was their cry. Had they looked more deeply into the system of governments they would have found that all capitalist governments are

built upon an exploited class and in America that class has in it the Negro race.

The Negro bourgeoisie was thrown into confusion. "What must be done to pacify these people?" was the question that the Negro bourgeoisie argued, and even split into groups over. For they realized that should the Negro throw off his oppressor, they, the Negro bourgeoisie, as hangers-on, would go down with the crash. It was at this time that Garvey came upon the scene. The masses hailed him as their leader; the bourgeoisie hated but feared him.

"A country of our own," said Garvey. "That is the solution of our problem." With that in mind the masses rallied to Garvey forsaking the leadership of the bourgeoisie, who had more in common with the white exploiters than with Negro Workers.

(To be Continued.)

POLITICAL ACTIVITIES OF A YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE AND THE PARTY

THE Communist Youth decisively rejects the hypocritical slogan of the bourgeoisie and social-democracy: The Youth must keep out of politics. The energetic participation of the working class youth, who are an important factor in social production, in the political struggle of their class would constitute a powerful increase of strength for the class struggle and is the basis of the Communist training of the working class youth. The Young Communist League work under the political guidance of the Communist International and the Communist Parties which are the vanguard of the proletariat and of all its organization, i. e., the Youth Leagues endorse the program, the tactics, and the political instructions of the Communist International, and of the Communist Parties.

Thus allied with the Communist Parties, the Young Communist Leagues participate in the activity and the fight of the former against all bourgeois parties and groups, since these represent the interests of big business and of petty business, and, as their political organs, defend the maintenance of capitalist domination and exploitation. They also fight against the social-democratic parties of all shades and colors, since these have become the direct or indirect allies of the bourgeoisie in the camp of the proletariat, since they protect capitalism from collapse and oppose the revolutionary struggle of the working class, and since they continually betray not only the final aims, but also the simple daily program of the toiling masses, and thus are nothing more or less than the left-wing of the bourgeoisie and of bourgeois reaction. In a similar manner the Leagues also combat the "pure" syndicalists, who deny the necessity of the proletarian dictatorship, of the proletarian party, and of proletarian centralization, and the anarchists who, as the ideologists of the "atom proletariat," and of the groups of the working class least removed from the petty bourgeoisie, preach individualism, denial of the proletarian state, and reactionary economic ideas. The Young Communist Leagues fight with determination against the Fascist movement, the mortal enemy of the working class, which tries with sham delusions to rally the working class against the class struggle with the bourgeoisie, constitutes the sharpest weapon of bourgeois reaction, and signifies the complete bankruptcy of the old methods of administration of the bourgeoisie class state, of bourgeois democracy, which has been substituted by unlimited dictatorship.

The Young Communist Leagues conduct an energetic struggle against the youth organizations which are in alliance with the bourgeois parties and groups, against the numerous religious societies, the national sport clubs, the militarist, chauvinist, pacifist and other youth organizations.

They also aim to do away with the social-democratic, syndicalist and anarchist influence on the youth, and to liquidate the youth organizations of this tendency. The Young Communist Leagues are endeavoring to establish comradesly relations of joint struggle with those syndicalist elements which comprehend the necessity for revolutionary struggle for the dictatorship of the proletariat, and are abandoning their old prejudices. They are trying to lead the unorganized working class youth, or those who have misguidedly strayed into other camps, on to the right road of the proletarian class struggle and to bring about the final union of the working class youth on the basis of Communism.

The concrete tasks of the Young Communist Leagues in the political sphere, consists in untiring agitation for the aims of the Communist International, in support of the Communist Parties in their every-day work, and in the fight, in participation

in all revolutionary activities of the proletariat, discussion and explanation of immediate political events, and of the immediate tasks of the proletariat, and in active participation in Party discussions.

Without restricting the political guidance of the Communist Parties, the Young Communist Leagues require full organizational independence from the Parties for the performance of their educational tasks. In the interest of successful co-operation in all activity of the struggle, close organizational contact must be maintained by an interchange of representatives in all stages of organization and permanent mutual support between youth leagues and parties.

(From the Draft Program of the Y. C. I.)

RADIO IN RUSSIA.

MOSCOW, U. S. R. S.—At Moscow on May 17th there was opened the Radio Exhibition of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics to which foreign radio firms were invited. The Moscow Soviet has decided to install radio receivers in all the rural districts of the Province of Moscow. The apparatus will be installed either at the village Soviets or at the reading huts. The work of radio installation is to be completed this autumn.

Political Notes

CANADA. The miners of Sydney, Nova Scotia, are still out in their heroic strike. Their determination to win against the owners cannot be halted. The fire and police department were called out to a fire in a remote part of the town and when they returned the large company store of Heaco's was in the hands of several hundred miners and their families, and the police were unable to prevent the requisitioning of wagons which carried off loads of foodstuffs and clothing for the miners. Five hundred more troops have been sent by the mercenary government, but they have failed to quell the rebellious spirit of the miners.

RUSSIA. The attempt of Great Britain to build an iron ring around the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics have met with a new obstacle in the road. Lithuania refuses to enter into the black cabal. Lithuania demands Vilna which was robbed by Poland and Britain is trying desperately to maneuver this move and compensate Poland by getting Lithuania to give the former the town of Memel which was also robbed. All in all, England may have visions of great armies floating into Russia to overthrow workers' rule, but she will have a difficult time uplying some of the Baltic States.

ENGLAND. Every sign points to the beginning of one of the greatest strikes in the history of this country. The coal miners are already meeting with the executive committee of the railway men, the engineers, shipbuilders and transport workers to find ways and means of cementing a huge alliance of the basic industries against the cold-blooded encroachments of the capitalists of the Federation of British Industries. Things are drawing to a head and it is expected that things will be popping in a short time. The British workers are in a very militant mood and will strike hard by any action that they take. The certainty of support by the miners of other lands is one of the big aids to the British coal diggers in their firm stand against the mine owners' propositions.

BULGARIA. The judicial murders of the hydrophobian Bulgarian bourgeoisie have absolutely no limits. In the first ranks of the heroic Bulgarian revolutionaries were the members of the Young Communist League and the hangers of the Zankov regime are now wreaking their revenge on the rebel youth. In the Sofia trial of 31 youth comrades, the state prosecutor is demanding 27 deaths! In Pleven 15 of the Youth League were sentenced, 3 of the to death, and the rest to from 10 to 12 years imprisonment. At Tirovo, 22 high school students were sentenced to a total of 151 years imprisonment. The secretary of the Balkan Young Communist Federation has appealed to the class conscious young workers of the world to raise their voices in protest against the Bulgarian bourgeoisie dogs and aid the rebel workers.

HOW THEY "RETURN" FROM WAR



PRINTING TRADES WORKERS: JOIN IN THE FIGHT FOR THESE DEMANDS

Following are the demands of the Young Workers' League in the campaign that it is conducting in the interests of the young workers in the printing industry in Chicago.

Each one of these demands touches upon a vital issue in the industry, affecting the conditions of the older workers as well as those of the young workers. If you want better organization of the industry and the better conditions that this means, join with the Young Workers' League in the fight for these demands:

1. Organization of the Unorganized Young Workers. There are thousands of unorganized young workers in the printing industry in Chicago. The big plants which operate strictly as open shops do so by employing mostly young workers whom they try to keep unorganized and force to work for the lowest wages. Even certain large "so-called" union shops, which carry the union label and have a few skilled union men working there, have five unorganized young workers to one union man, and sometimes the ratio is as high as 8 to 1.
2. Acceptance of any young worker working at the trade into the union (Typographical or binders) with full privileges and at lower initiation fee than the older workers. At the present time, with printing developed from a handicraft into a huge industry, employing more than 25,000 workers in Chicago, a large percentage of whom are unskilled, effective organization in the industry is closely bound up with the problem of organizing the many unskilled and unorganized young workers in the industry to be accomplished unless besides duty. However, this huge task can be accomplished only by organizing through an intensive campaign to organize these young workers, the union make it easy for them to get in by lowering the initiation fee and accepting them directly into the union with full privileges as members. At the present time there is usually only one or two union men on a machine and perhaps one apprentice, all the rest being considered outside the jurisdiction of the union. However, the union cannot expect to control the job until all of these helpers in the foundries, press rooms and print shops are organized, and instead of only a small percentage in the shop being organized we will have 100 per cent organization.
3. Equal Pay for Equal Work. All young workers doing the same work as older workers should receive the same pay which is often not the case in the printing industry. Also the apprentices should always receive the same pay as the helpers when doing the same work. Sometimes they have to start at a lower pay if they are apprentices.
4. Night Work, 6-hour night, 8-hour day. There is much night work in the printing industry, and many young workers are employed at this work. Under the excuse of the five-night week, the bosses force the young workers to work long hours, the result of course, making millions in profit each year, they could well afford to have shorter hours for night work. Even with a five-day week, the long hours that most of the plant work are very bad for the health, especially of the young workers. Most plants work as long as 8 1/2 hours a night,

and some big open shops like W. F. Hall's work as long as nine, ten and twelve hours nights. Six hours, five nights a week is long enough hours for night work.

For day work we must unite in a fight for the eight-hour day, an elementary need which many workers have been enjoying for years.

BAD CONDITIONS AT CUNEO EXPOSED Low Wages Paid Young Workers in All Departments

Doing a huge business and paying their workers low wages, the Cuneco Printing Co. manages to make bigger profits each year. By employing many young workers who they keep unorganized, the bosses manage to keep the average wage even lower than they would otherwise.

The Low Wages: The young workers in the Cuneco Printing Co. plant at Arthington and Spaulding get very low wages. The few union men working here get higher wages, but there are eight unorganized young workers to every union man, so it is more with the conditions of the other unorganized young workers like myself that I will deal. Most of us get 50 cents an hour or less. The press helpers get forty or fifty cents an hour and few of the rollers get more than \$24 a week.

Hours Conditions for Night Work. The night work here is very hard. Not only are the hours long, but the machines go so fast that it is no joke trying to keep up with them. Instead of decreasing as you get more tired, the speed of the machine continuously increases as we work. The only relief you get is when the machine breaks down because of the fast work or when you run out of work.

The bosses make such big profits that they could easily give us decent hours for night work, and set the machines at a speed which we could easily keep up with, of course, they only think of their profits and more profits, and we have to put up with it because we are not strongly enough organized, and only a few of the skilled workers here belong to the union, while the overwhelming proportion of the young workers are unorganized.

In the Binderies. In the binderies where mostly girls are employed, the work is very hard like in other binderies throughout the city. The girls get as low as \$14 a week. The girls get little chance to rest, and if they do, there is no place to sit down and no rest rooms in the whole plant.

What About It? All of us who work at Cuneco's know that our conditions are rotten. The important question is: "What are we going to do about it?" If our wages are low and our conditions are rotten, it is because the boss is getting his own way, and of course, he wants it that way because the lower our wages and the longer our hours, the bigger profits the company makes, while we get none of the value of what we produce, except



Young Workers' Correspondence

enough to "live" on and sometimes not even that. Of course, the boss couldn't get away with it if we were organized. If we fight for better organization at Cuneco's, I'm sure that we will be a step nearer the day when the bosses will have to give us better wages and better conditions.

and even if you are not ready to join the nucleus you will want to support those who are organizing into the nucleus in the fight for these demands which so greatly affect your interests.

By A Nachman Worker.

Nachman Worker Is Pleased with Y. W.

Dear Comrades:—Since the story which appeared in the Young Worker several weeks ago, our conditions haven't changed much, and any changes have been for the worst.

Work is dull right now and we are feeling the consequences of lay-offs without pay, as well as seeing how ready the boss is to fire one of us and replace us by somebody later at lower wages. Especially are they replacing some of the stock boys by school kids at wages far below the living level, and of course, as usual, we have nothing to say about it.

In the story by a second operator in the recent issue of the Young Worker, seven demands for Nachman's were printed, and I think that if we got busy and fought more for these demands and our own interests, the boss couldn't kick us around as he would, lay us off without pay, etc., but we would show him that we could stand up and demand some decent conditions for a change.

- What Are the Demands?**
1. A living wage (a minimum weekly wage based upon the cost of living and ranging from the living level upwards.)
 2. Abolition of all piece work with no reduction in wages.
 3. We demand that the bosses spend some of their profits to improve the sanitary conditions in the plant. (Better ventilation and towels in the wash room.)
 4. Eight-hour day for all workers in the shop and a six-hour day for all workers under 18.
 5. Right to organize into a union.
 6. Time and a half for overtime.
 7. Organization of a committee elected by and representing all the workers in the shop to take up these demands with the boss and see they are granted.

What Do They Mean to Us? Anyone working at Nachman's who knows how rotten our conditions are, can appreciate what these demands mean to us. At least fighting for decent conditions is better than letting the bosses kick us around as they please.

"A living wage" means a great deal to anyone at Nachman's, getting \$14 or less a week, on which he is expected to live, "abolition of all piece work" means that we won't have to tear at top speed eight and three-fourths hours a day, with the result that after a few years of such work we cannot even go as fast as we could before. And if you had to eat as well as work in one of the departments here, you would realize what it means to the Nachman company workers to have the sanitary conditions in the plant improved. The other demands: "Eight-hour day," "Right to organize into a union," "Time and a half for overtime and organization of a shop committee," speak for themselves. The organization of the shop is necessary to see that we get our demands and the other demands dealt with such elementary needs that we can all understand them.

In the Cuneco Printing Plant

Dear Comrades:—The girls that work during the day at Cuneco's are very poorly paid and in addition have to work under very bad conditions. The foreladies, superintendents and various petty straw bosses are very tyrannical and overbearing and continually wanting more work. The inserters work themselves nearly hysterical trying to make a living wage. The rates on insertions range from twenty cents to one dollar and seventy-five cents a thousand. Girls on the basis of these rates are able to make between fourteen and twenty dollars a week. The inserters do not have individual lockers, but have one general locker, so you can see an unscrupulous person can easily enter and take something that does not belong to her. Besides, they do not get towels, having a long one, sixty feet, that is dirty from one end to the other.

The girls that work in the machine room on the gathers, get sixteen dollars a week, on the inserting machines get eighteen, and on the binders, fourteen. This work is of the most deadening kind and monotonous to distraction. The continuous standing is very injurious to the young girls who are just maturing. There should be definite rest periods and rest rooms for these girls.

The company has posted on the

An Appeal to All Young Soldiers and Sailors

Dear Comrades:—The young soldiers and sailors should remember that now they are dressed in nice uniforms, have something to eat, but the real meaning of capitalist militarism is to prepare them to be butchered like cattle in the stock yards in the coming event.

And war will come! In the movies the capitalists are demonstrating the Death Ray which will be used in the coming slaughter. The young soldiers now walking the streets of sunny California should remember that they will be sent to China to kill our Chinese brothers in their struggle for emancipation from imperialist murderers. In sunny California young workers are recruiting for the navy where they get clothes and food, but they should remember their duties to their class, to their brother workers.

Young soldiers, young sailors! Capitalism is your only enemy and you must fight it together with your brother workers. Young soldiers! Young sailors! Your brothers, Trumbull and Crouch are jailed for their loyalty to the working class. Demand their liberation!

Yours truly Red Army,
An Unemployed Young Worker.

BOSTON DISTRICT CONFERENCE LAYS PLAN FOR ECONOMIC-UNION ACTION

Branch Reports Show Increased Activity in District

INCREASING UNION WORK

By ALLAN BIRCH.

BOSTON, Mass.—The District Industrial Conference of District No. 1, which was held Sunday, July 5, at Worcester, Mass., and attended by fourteen delegates from nine branches, and six cities proved one of the best and most successful as regards work accomplished. Information spread and contacts established or re-established. It showed that the comrades of District No. 1 can and will respond to a call for concerted and definite action on the industrial field. The meeting which was opened at noon and lasted till after 5 p. m., adopted the following agenda:

1. General outline of past activity on Industrial Field.
 2. Report of District Industrial Organization.
 3. Reports of Branch and C. C. C. Industrial Organizations.
 4. Reorganization on shop nucleus basis.
 5. Shop Committees.
 6. T. U. E. L. affiliation and activity.
 7. Union activity—Youth fractions.
 8. New business.
 9. Adjournment.
- After reports which, despite their revelation of our weakness in the fight on the industrial field showed a gratifying amount of activity throughout the district, and particularly in big industries, the floor was thrown open to a lively discussion, which showed

among other things, that a great deal of the Workers' Party textile campaign of this district was carried out by league comrades. Many reports showed also that only a little stimulation, by visits of active Boston comrades to the various branches, was needed, in order to make the outlying branches industrially active and cooperative.

Various motions and resolutions took up the rest of the meeting most important among which are the following:

To form classes in all branches where such are not already in existence for the study of "From Isolation to the Masses."

To send speakers from the D. E. C. to all outlying district branches for the purpose of informing those branches as to how to go about reorganization on a nucleus basis.

That the District Industrial Organizer send a complete bulletin to all branches explaining, skeleton form, the steps to be taken in reorganization together with a questionnaire on recent branch industrial activity.

That all branches take up as a special order of business at their next meeting the question of reorganization on a nucleus basis.

To form shop committees where there are not sufficient league members in a shop for the formation of a nucleus.

To instruct all members to attend union meetings and participate in all elections—if possible to win executive office.

That all Young Workers' League union members introduce resolutions into their unions for reduced initiation of entrance fees for young workers.

To form a youth fraction wherever there are two or more Young Workers' League members in the same union.

To instruct Young Workers' League union members to present N. E. C. resolution in opposition to official American Federation of Labor stand on Citizens' Military Training Camp question at all possible union meetings.

That a committee of five be elected by D. E. C. for literature distribution and dissemination of information on industrial questions.

To revive the child labor campaign in this district during the season of greatest employment of school children.

To support D. E. C. and District Industrial Organizer of Workers Party in their campaign against wage cuts in the Boot and Shoe Industry.

The meeting was adjourned at 5:10 p. m.

The unity and concerted accomplishment of the District Conference is extremely gratifying in this time of factional strife, and reflects credit upon the D. E. C. which capably organized and supervised the conference, and which stands four-square behind the N. E. C. in its program for work on industrial field. The conference has, in fact, cleared the way for a new era of concentrated industrial activity along the lines of the N. E. C. decisions on the part of District No. 1 of the Young Workers Party.

capitalist exploiters, their economic conditions force them to become a tool of a cannon.

But these young workers must remember that they are sons of the working class, and the interests of their brother workers are their interests. These young workers and young farmers in soldier's and sailor's uniforms must remember that the class struggle of the working class is their struggle.

The young soldiers and sailors should remember that now they are dressed in nice uniforms, have something to eat, but the real meaning of capitalist militarism is to prepare them to be butchered like cattle in the stock yards in the coming event.

And war will come! In the movies the capitalists are demonstrating the Death Ray which will be used in the coming slaughter. The young soldiers now walking the streets of sunny California should remember that they will be sent to China to kill our Chinese brothers in their struggle for emancipation from imperialist murderers. In sunny California young workers are recruiting for the navy where they get clothes and food, but they should remember their duties to their class, to their brother workers.

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Yours truly Red Army,
An Unemployed Young Worker.

Starving Workers in New York

Dear Comrades: I take the following from a report of the association for the improving of the conditions of the poor.

Disease or physical defect is present in 84 per cent of the members of dependent families in one of the slum sections of New York City. The average number of defects is 4.3 for adults and 4.8 for children. Malnutrition or sickness from not enough food, is more prevalent than any other trouble, except bad teeth. More than one-third of the children are underfed and 24 per cent of the adults. Defective teeth are found in 95 per cent of the adults and 72 per cent of the children. It is surprising to find 39 per cent of the adults and 27 per cent of the children have defective vision.

Come Ahead Into the Young Workers League

Push the 'Y. W.' Drive

ATTENDANCE AT RUSSIA'S HIGHER SCHOOLS CONSTANTLY INCREASING

WHILE tens of thousands of American working class children never reach high school because they are forced into industry by a pitiless ruling class, the workers of Russia are enjoying the fruits of their toil and the benefits of a superior education for themselves and especially for their children. Compare the anxiety with which Russia goes forward towards progress and the backward steps of the American bourgeoisie which still fears to teach the accepted theories of evolution in some parts of the country. It is Bryanism or Bolshevism.

BEFORE the revolution, on the territory now occupied by R. R. E. S. R. there were 85,000 students in all the superior schools of the country. Since the revolution there has been a great stream of young workers and peasants into the colleges and universities to whom the advantages of superior education were denied before the revolution.

In 1923 the number of students rose to 134,000 and the number of superior schools to 96; in 1924 the number of students increased to 140,000, while the number of schools remained at 95.

The schools became overcrowded, and this necessitated the adoption of retrenchment. The result of this policy was that in the summer of 1924 the number of superior schools were reduced to 87, and the number of students to 120,000, so that better facilities could be afforded both to professors and students.

The material basis of superior education has considerably improved in recent years. The grants for superior education in 1922-23 amounted to 11,500,000 roubles, in 1923-24 to 15,300,000 roubles, and 1924-25 to more than 27,000,000 roubles. In the course of last year remuneration of professors was increased by 60 per cent, and the state funds for students' stipends by 50 per cent. A series of emolument was introduced which improved the material position of professors and scientific workers by 200-300 per cent. The same can be said in regard to the students. 34,000 students are now receiving state stipends amounting to 20 roubles monthly in the industrial centers, and to 15 roubles elsewhere. Furthermore, there have been provided adequate facilities for students in the shape of boarding houses, medical aid, laboratory equipment and so on.

According to the plans of the People's Commissariat of Education for 1925, there are to be admitted 18,000

Junior Notes

THE Frederick Engels Junior Group of Perth Amboy, New Jersey, is a very young group, but nevertheless can boast of a few achievements. It was organized last December with a few members, and now it has over twenty functioning and dues-paying Juniors.

The members in the Junior group are mostly youngsters who are entering into the working class, and who are by their actions that they will someday reach that goal. Since the organization of the group the Juniors have learned all about the class struggle, the capitalist oppressors and the means by which the workers will be able to overthrow them.

During the summer months especially, the Juniors are having a good time. They are not only building themselves mentally, but also physically, as you would agree with me if you ever saw them in action.

Groups of this character, and children of their ability is wanted now and more every day in the radical movement. It is these active children that will some day help to establish the first workers' and farmers' government in this country, and it will be they that will be the heads of the future Soviet government in the country. With Comrade Jas. J. Stepien as their capable leader we can be assured of some real fighting red within the next few years to join our ranks. Three cheers for the Juniors of the Frederick Engels Group!

WINNERS: LOSERS

WHO won the war is a question that still occupies a central position upon the social stage. Like Jiggs cat, keeps on returning. The latest to air his views on the subject is Bishop Oldham of New York. However, most American workers may have lost, the plundering pirates whom the bishop supported certainly came out ahead on the deal.

The war gave them an opportunity to fan their tentacles around the workers of Europe, until today it is no longer necessary for them to transport ship loads of immigrants across the Atlantic. American capital can exploit them as efficiently and as ruthlessly upon their native soil. Press reports indicate that Wall Street bankers will receive 180 million dollars from Europe this year for war debts alone. They will receive much more from European commercial enterprises which they grabbed up as a result of the war. Certainly, Mr. Bishop, Wall Street lost nothing, but we, the working class, did.

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CROUCH WRITES ABOUT SOLDIERS' PLACE IN THE CLASS STRUGGLE

THIS short article by Comrade Crouch deserves reading and distribution to the proper places. We believe, however, that the only effective means whereby the soldiers will be able to take his real place in the class struggle is by the organization of revolutionary political bodies within the army and navy. The building up of cells of the Young Workers League and the Workers Party inside the military forces is one of the best securities of the victory of the working class and the results from military slavery of the working class soldiers.

By PAUL CROUCH.

KNOWING that the united strength of the working class is invincible, the capitalists remain in power by causing division in the ranks of the workers. They divide the proletariat thru race, religion and other artificial barriers. When this plan is not sufficiently effective, national wars are started to keep the attention of the workers from the real issue—the class struggle.

The military forces, upon which the capitalists rely for suppression of any effort by the proletariat to obtain freedom, is composed of workers. The army is supported by the capitalist state for the purpose of enslaving the workers and protecting the stolen wealth of the bosses against other imperialist robbers. Nevertheless, the interests of the soldier are identical with those of the other members of his class.

"Workers of the world, unite! You have nothing to lose but your chains and a world to gain." This battle cry strikes terror in the heart of capitalism. Union of the workers is always a menace to the dictatorship of the dollar sign. But in the army, a union of the worker-soldiers threatens the very foundation of rule by the parasites of society.

The slightest attempt to organize the soldier members of the working class shakes the whole capitalist system. When a weak point in the line of the enemy is discovered, we should not neglect it. The organization of the army into working class unions will not only free the soldier from the abuses to which he is not subject but also will help in freeing the entire working class from economic slavery. The soldier must be shown the necessity for his union with all class conscious workers and a united front against capitalism.

Ignorance makes it possible for the working class to be divided by artificial barriers. Therefore it becomes essential to the capitalist state that there should be the least possible amount of knowledge in the military forces.

We must use education and organization as our strongest weapons to prevent capitalism from dividing the proletariat with fake issues and employing soldiers for the enslavement of their own class.

The soldier has a place in the class struggle. That place is with the revolutionary proletarians who are leading the fight for emancipation of all workers and races

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