

WORKERS  
OF THE  
WORLD  
UNITE!

# Young Worker

JOIN THE  
YOUNG  
WORKERS  
(Communist)  
LEAGUE

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## HOOVER-CAL RUSH WAR MOVES

### PARTY CALLS FOR FIGHT AGAINST LATEST WAR MOVES

#### RECOMMENDS JOINT CAMPAIGN U. S. AND LATIN AMERICA

##### HOOVER TRIP OF IMPERIALISM

The Workers (Communist) Party of America sent the following cablegram to the Communist Parties of Argentina, Chile, Brazil, Paraguay, Mexico, Columbia and the Communist Parties in the other Latin American countries. The cablegram reads:

The Workers (Communist) Party denounces Hoover's trip to Latin America as a sinister move to further extend the domination of American imperialism in Latin America as demonstrated in Nicaragua.

Hoover's trip, together with Coolidge's Armistice Day speech, is one of the most brazen and provocative imperialist challenges, and the proposal of the navy department for a United States navy, second to none, indicates growing American imperialist aggression, and deepening imperialist rivalry, particularly with Great Britain.

These events are further proof of the intensified war preparation of the United States. The Workers (Communist) Party proposes to initiate a widespread campaign to mobilize the masses against these warlike moves of American imperialism and we recommend to our brother Parties of Latin America to do likewise, especially in connection with Hoover's visit to their respective countries."

### U. S. RUSHES WAR PREPARATIONS AFTER HOOVER ELECTION

#### Navy "Second to None" Is Jingo Cry

##### CHALLENGE TO BRITAIN

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Following President Coolidge's standing declaration of war and blatant pronouncement of an aggressive naval policy on the occasion of the celebration of Armistice Day, and the publishing of the frankly imperialist program of the navy department today, the news comes from all government sources that naval and air armaments will result in a rush and general preparations will be made to further fortify United States imperialism on all fronts.

Consistent with the publication of the United States naval program, assurance from Senator Clegg, pretended liberal and chairman of the foreign relations committee, as well as other senators, that not only will the pending \$10,000,000 ton cruisers bill be passed, but that additions will be made to it.

At the same time it is reported here the United States will build a fleet of 100 battleships, whom a deluded New York pacifist had said opposed increased naval armaments, had declared himself a peace advocate, that he was high commander of a big navy, and that he would lead the world to a Page 3)

## Eleventh Year of Soviet Rule



BUILDERS OF SOCIALISM

### RUSSIAN REVOLUTION HAS GIVEN FREEDOM TO WORKING YOUTH

This month we are celebrating the 11th Anniversary of the November Revolution in Russia. Over eleven years ago, the workers' state, the Soviet Government, was established and for the first time in history the building up of the new Socialist Society commenced.

#### Socialism Growing

Already at the 11th anniversary the industries in the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR) exceeded the pre-war level of production and since then have grown considerably more. The growth of production in the USSR is a direct result of the better conditions for the workers. Thus in the last year alone the introduction of the 7 hour day for adult workers (young workers have the 4 and 6 hour day) the wages of the workers increased by 11 2/3%.

New successes on the front of Socialist construction, growth of collective farming in the rural districts, new victories on the cultural field, better conditions for the working class, the gradual overcoming of difficulties, these are some achievements of the proletarian revolution to be celebrated on the 11th Anniversary.

#### Youth Labor Free

Eleven years of Soviet power has given to the proletarian youth of the USSR full economic and political rights. They have the 4 and 6 hour day, a month's vacation with full pay, hundreds of factory schools which educate and train the young workers for Socialist Society, young workers occupying important posts in the Soviet Government, medical attention and physical training in Sport the Soviet have already taken the first step towards the complete abolition of the exploitation of the youth and for developing them into free citizens, healthy in mind and body, of a Socialist Society.

### 29 DEMONSTRATORS AGAINST CAPITALIST WAR ARE JAILED

#### Young Communists In Court Expose War Moves

##### DEMAND PORTER RELEASE

WASHINGTON. —Because they demonstrated against a new imperialist war and for the release of John Porter, former soldier and textile strike leader, on Armistice Day, 29 young and adult class fighters many members of the Young Workers (Communist) League and Workers (Communist) Party have been thrown into jail.

The arrested include Clarence Miller, Philadelphia district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, Ben Thomas, militant machinist, Paul Crouch, secretary of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, Karl Reeves, editor of the Labor Defender, Karl Jones, Negro militant and organizer for the American Negro Labor Congress, and others.

All the arrested workers expressed their determination not to pay any fines levied on them by the capitalist court and so far only three of the arrested have been released on bail, Paul Crouch, Karl Reeves and Karl Jones.

Young Communist Exposes War Moves Despite the hostility of the capitalist court the defendants turned their trial into a forum of protest against the imperialist war and against capitalist "justice."

In a detailed speech Clarence Miller (Continued on Page 3)

### BOSSES PINCH 662 TEXTILE STRIKERS OF NEW BEDFORD

#### Their "Crime" Was Fighting Starvation

##### RALLY TO THE DEFENSE

One of the biggest mass trials in the history of the American working class movement is about to take place at the bar of the Superior Court in New Bedford, Massachusetts. Six hundred and sixty-two strikers, who participated in the great struggle of the textile workers of New Bedford, will be tried before a court of the textile bosses.

Workers on the picket line were attacked by the police, without any cause except that they were strikers, and were mistreated, beaten up and persecuted in brutal fashion. Not satisfied with that, the bosses' "justice," directed by the mill owners' lawyers, manufacturers' out of the brutal interference of the police a trial against the textile workers.

In 888 indictments the accused strikers are charged with unlawful picketing, with picketing to riot, with resisting police officers, and with not obeying police instructions.

Every young workers' organization must back the drive of the International Labor Defense for the defense 662 accused strikers. Call meetings, adopt resolutions, protest, send donations to the I.L.D.

NEW YORK CITY, Nov. 13.—Joseph Katz, member of the Young Workers (Communist) League was released today after serving a 10 day sentence for distributing leaflets to hungry strikers.

### DRIVE FOR WEEKLY YOUNG WORKER

5,000 SUBS AND \$2,000!

WE are in a period now of increased struggles by the young workers of the immediate danger of war, of an increased reactionary offensive by the capitalists and the capitalist government. In such a period, a monthly or bi-monthly YOUNG WORKER is insufficient. We need a paper that will fight for and will be young workers every week. WE NEED A WEEKLY YOUNG WORKER.

If every one picks up a weekly, we can make the goal of 5,000 new subs and \$2,000! If you are a young class fighter you will pick it up and do your bit. GET SUBS! RAISE MONEY! FOR A WEEKLY "YOUNG WORKER!"

# Same Big Capitalist Government in Power

## HOOVER ELECTION ONLY TEMPORARY VICTORY FOR REACTION, YOUNG WORKERS MUST FIGHT MORE AND MORE

### HOOVER IS WALL STREET'S WAR AND RATIONALIZATION PRESIDENT

**By Gil Gilbert**

In the election campaign the two big capitalist parties fought a cat and dog fight for the honor of serving Wall Street. While in the past differences had existed between these two parties, in the last elections both the Republican and Democratic parties had essentially the same platforms. Humorously looked down, the only real difference between Smith and Hoover, was the broken derby versus the soft pan-dora. Unlike 1924 there was no capitalist "third" party in the field (the so-called progressives were supporting either Hoover or Smith). The Socialist Party showed its true colors as a party of small business men, petty-bourgeois intellectuals and liberals. The Workers (Communist) Party was the only party which fought in the elections under the banner of class against class.

The outcome of the elections is a big altho temporary victory for imperialist reaction. Hoover carried not less than 40 states and received 444 electoral votes, as against 8 states with 87 electoral votes for Smith. 22,000,000 people voted for Hoover and 16 to 17 million voted for Smith. About 38 to 39 million voters cast their ballots in the election. At the same time the growing strength of the Workers (Communist) Party was indicated by increased votes over 1924 in the returns to date.

#### Young Workers Will Fight

Altho the young workers up to 21 years of age were disfranchised in the elections, the intensity of the campaign, must have aroused the interest of millions of young workers. The fact that millions of young workers supported either Hoover or Smith (mainly Smith in the big cities of the East and North) should not in any way lead to the conclusion that the basis for the radicalization of the young workers does not exist. The present period of intense war preparations, of increased offensive of the bases is increasing the resistance of the young workers and is making ever larger numbers of them more militant (remember the youth strikes, young miners, textile workers and needle trades workers in their struggle, etc.). The elections merely indicated that the growing consciousness of ever larger masses of young workers has not yet matured into general political consciousness. The young workers who follow the strike leadership of the Communists are not yet prepared to follow the political leadership of the Communist and decisively break with the capitalist parties. The increased struggles of the coming days, the increased activity of the Party and League will break down this prejudice more and more.

#### Hoover And New War

During the past few years we see a gradual worsening of the conditions of

the young workers. Rationalization has resulted in speed-up, piece work, new efficiency methods, lower wages, longer hours, increased child labor, and a rapid growth in unemployment. The young workers more than anyone else have suffered from these conditions.

What effect will Hoover have upon the conditions of the young workers?

Hoover even more than Coolidge is a representative of Big Business. Coolidge was the puppet office boy of Wall Street. Hoover will be the political advisor and director for Wall Street. This can mean only one thing, added misery for the working youth. Already we see the results of Hoover's election. Immediately he proceeds to South America to further subjugate the toiling masses of South America under the heel of Yankee Imperialism. Coolidge in his Armistice Day speech openly admits the tremendous preparations for the coming war, and the necessity of having a "navy second to none" so as to assure complete world domination.

The election of Hoover will mean a still greater aggressiveness of U. S. Imperialism with an intensification of the contradictions between this country and England and increased antagonism to the Soviet Union. This aggressiveness will inevitably lead to another world war, in which the young workers of this country will again be called upon to sacrifice their lives for Wall Street.

#### Hoover and Rotten Conditions

Hoover, the efficient engineer, will increase the tempo of rationalization and continue the prosperity of Wall Street at the expense of not only the American workers, but those of the entire world. The conditions of the young workers, as bad as they are today, will inevitably grow worse. The ranks of the young unemployed will swell, and these will be used by the bosses for the building and strengthening of the armed forces in preparation for the coming war.

The Young Workers (Communist) League and the Workers (Communist) Party were the only organizations that in the last election fought for the interests of the young workers. The great mass of young workers have as yet not realized this, but the coming period of intensified class relations, of imminent war danger, will bring the young workers ever closer to the Young Workers (Communist) League. The young workers because of their conditions will be forced to take lead in the struggles of the workers on the economic and political fields. The answer to the present temporary activity of reaction will be the building of a mass Communist youth organization, to lead the struggle for the overthrow of the world's most powerful capitalist class.

## MUSTE'S SCHOOL EXPOSED AS ANTI-LABOR YOUTH INSTITUTION

### Young Worker Declines Scholarship On Basis of School's Policies

### BROOKWOOD TO APPEAL TO LABOR FAKERS FOR CONTINUED SUPPORT

The Brookwood Labor College, headed by J. A. Muste and situated in Katonah, N. Y. is a typical class collaboration school. Its main function is to mislead young left wing workers and make them seek "investigation" of labor conditions instead of class fighters. Its real role became clear a short time ago when it tried to prevent the Working Youth Conference in New York from taking any real steps of organizing the unorganized youth and when it tried to split the conference by denying representation to the Young Workers (Communist) League.

The Executive Council of the A.F. of L., however, is not satisfied with the "progressive" mantle with which Brookwood cloaks its anti-labor activities. It has therfore withdrawn its support from Brookwood. The College in order to prove that it is worthy of the support of the labor fakers will make an appeal to the next annual convention of the A.F. of L. in New Orleans, Nov. 19.

Meanwhile more militant young workers are becoming aware of the reactionary character of Brookwood. The following letter was written by a young worker and speaks for itself:

Mr. J. A. Muste,  
Brookwood Labor College  
Katonah, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

In reply to your letter of October I want to make clear the following: In addition to the personal reasons that hindered me in accepting the scholarship to Brookwood, I also changed my attitude to Brookwood as a Labor College.

It has come to my attention that at the Labor Youth Conference held last May under the auspices of Brookwood Labor College, the delegates of the Young Workers Communist League were not seated. In spite of the fact that the Young Workers Communist League is known for its active participation and leadership in practically every struggle in which young workers are involved. It is also the only organization that formulates a program for the unionization of the young workers.

Being a needle trades worker I resent the fact that the bureaucratic leaders of the various needle trades unions, having been repudiated by the workers in those unions because of their treachery, are placed high on the councils of advisers at Brookwood, at the same time the leaders proclaimed by the needle workers in the new unions are entirely excluded from the college.

These instances, and more which I did not mention here prove that the Brookwood Labor College today is trying to win progressive young workers from the left wing, under the guise of impartiality.

I expect to go to New York in order to attend the Workers School at night. I expect to gain more knowledge in the interests of the Working Class attending the Workers School at night, than I would at Brookwood day courses.

Respectfully yours,  
E. C.

## YOUNG SILK WORKERS PLAN TO AID STRIKE

### Youth Section of A. S. W. Organizes And Adopts Program

#### Silk Union Leaders Show Reactionary Colors

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 13--Frantic because they lost the support of the membership of the Associated Silk Workers' Union, the officialdom unmasked itself at the mass meeting to-night by assaulting left wing workers and dissolving the strike committee.

The strike committee is still continuing to lead the strike, despite the reactionary officials.

Pateron young silk workers are not going to stand on the sidelines and let the old-timers win the strike for them. They got together Thursday night and organized the Youth Section of the Associated Silk Workers to put the fighting spirit of youth into picket lines, mass meetings, settlements.

"The young workers more than any other group stand to lose or gain by the outcome of this strike and they want to bear their share of the strike burdens," said Nathan Liss, elected chairman at the organization meeting of the committee. "Unlike the old fellows whose lives have already been marred by unmerciful exploitation in the silk industry, young workers must fight for their own future. The wage increases, decent hours, and union recognition the strikers fight for mean to them all the difference between a good life and an intolerable life.

"To many of them who are still growing, winning the strike means also a great difference in their physical bodies. It means the difference between years of health and ill-health after they are fully grown. To hundreds it means a chance to finish grade school. To many more it means the difference between an eighth grade education and a high school education. To some--those less robust ones who can't stand years of long hours and poor food, it may mean the difference between life and death."



# Cops Break-Up Dance of Negroes and Whites

## Y. W. L. DEMANDS COMPLETE EQUALITY FOR THE NEGROES

On Saturday, Nov. 10th, 1928 the Pittsburgh local of the Young Workers (Communist) League held a dance at the International Lyceum, 805 James Street, Northside at which over a dozen young Negroes were present.



### Jim-Crow Police Arrive

During the dance a policeman appeared at the door and demanded to see the permit for the dance. A committee member immediately produced the permit to the satisfaction of the officer. However, shortly afterwards a patrol wagon with ten police of the Northside station arrived at the hall, broke up the dance and refused to submit reasons to the committee in charge. When asked for the reason it is stated to take the matter to court, the Sergeant refused to return the permit, stating that if reasons were necessary for breaking up the dance the Organization would get the same at the police station.

A committee was sent to the Northside station and interviewed the Superintendent of the Northside police force. He stated that the police had the full right to break up the dance at which white and colored persons were present. He insisted that it was in accord with the laws to disperse any gathering of both races.

### Fight For Complete Equality

The Young Workers (Communist) League which fights at all times for the complete racial, political and social equality for Negroes, emphatically protests against the actions of the police and the attempt to segregate Negroes and keep the working youth divided according to race lines. We will continue to fight for the rights of the young workers, irrespective of their race, creed or nationality and against race discrimination. It is only in the interests of the employers to divide the ranks of the workers and have done everything possible to build barriers between workers of both races. The Negro young workers must struggle hand in hand with the white workers for their rights, against the oppression and exploitation to which they are subjected today.

The Young Workers (Communist) League condemns the attitude of the ruling class which fosters race discrimination, legalizes lynching, passes Jim Crow laws and keeps the Negro worker in a state of complete slavery and oppression.

## Two Young Miners Form N. M. U. Local

### Young Worker Correspondent

Dear Brothers—

Two young miners, delegates to the Pittsburgh Convention organized a new local at Gross, Kansas. At the first meeting 80 miners joined. This shows that the young miners are militant and will lead the fight against the lawless crowd and operators.

The CC of the LYSLSU has issued an appeal to the League to organize an anti-subversive Substant. The money that will be obtained therefrom will be used for building of factory schools.

### YOUNG WORKER

An Organ of the Militant Young Workers of America

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KAPLAN, Editor

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and remit all funds to THE YOUNG WORKER

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## YOUNG COAL DIGGER INSTANTLY KILLED

By IRENE ALLARD

Young Worker Correspondent  
Dear Comrades:

A young coal miner, Raymond Hannebique, of Johnson City, Ill., was instantly killed at C. W. and F. Coal Co., mine number two recently. Being caught between a pit car and a coal rib was the nature of the accident that so immediately took the youth's life.

Young Hannebique was employed as a loader, but not having "no coal" that day he was riding trips as an extra. The accident occurred late in the day, as he was rounding up the days work.

The injuries received were such that he was not conscious of any hurt.

### Killed For Profits

After the body had been brought to the top, a fast run was made to the hospital. There apparently was no evidence of life and he was taken away with faint hopes that it was not all over as yet. The physicians dispelled any hopes his friends may have had, as they pronounced him dead after the examination.

Hannebique was well and favorably known around the parts of Southern Ill. and will be sadly missed by many.

### Dangerous Work

A great portion of the trip riders and motormen in the mines are just young boys, and among these occur numerous accidents and many deaths. Very often cases as the above mentioned do happen, but they are really expected under the high speed up system the workers in all industries have to undergo.

## What Servicemen Say

### WAR LORDS DISCHARGE A REBEL SOLDIER

To the Young Worker:—

I have served two and half years in the U. S. Army and was stationed in the Hawaiian Islands. While in the army I found out the true nature of the imperialist armed forces and started to tell my fellow soldiers that they were fooled by the recruiting agents and that the army was helping to oppress the people of the Philippines, Haiti, etc.

The officers evidently didn't like the truth being told and making the soldiers realize that they had no right fighting the workers in other lands. Before my term was up I was discharged and shipped back to the United States. However, many of my fellow soldiers remained and they will continue to spread the truth about the role of the army and convince the soldiers that they must fight the bosses of this country instead of being tools for the big business interests of Wall Street.

Recent I applied to the army for permission to re-enlist as I wanted to spread the fighting message of the Young Communist among the soldiers but the War Department rejected my application (of course, they didn't give the real reasons). I will continue, nevertheless, to tell the soldiers the truth and all the attempts of the War lords to keep the soldiers in ignorance and submission will fail as the message of the Young Workers (Communist) League reaches and penetrates the ranks of the imperialist forces.

A Rebel Soldier.

## Young Silk Striker's Plan

PATERSON, N. J.—On Nov. 1st the Youth Section of the Associated Silk Workers of America conducting the present strike here called a mass meeting of young silk workers. The youth section announced the following program:

1. To organize youth squads on every picket line.
2. To set aside a youth day once every week on picket lines.
3. To organize a youth chorus to lead the singing at the daily strike meetings.
4. To organize a House Committee of the Youth Section to handle the strike business.

The Young Worker Youth Section will be glad to hear from you.

## TERROR DRIVE IN JUNIOR HIGH 61 AGAINST PIONEERS

### Four Young Rebels Are Suspended

### "BALDY-BEAN MAGGY" SHIFTS

The campaign of terror instituted by Principal Maguire of Junior High School 61 Bronx, N. Y., against the Young Pioneers is typical of similar reaction in other parts of the country. The latest victims of Maguire's reaction are Nathan Singer and Louis Goldberg, Young Pioneers, who were suspended for the "crime" of distributing leaflets issued by the United Council of Working Class Women, calling upon the parents to organize against the persecutions of the Pioneers. Harry Eisman and Bernard Kaplan were indefinitely suspended some time ago.

### WHAT HAPPENED IN J.H.S. 61

By HARRY EISMAN (Age 15)

In Junior High School 61 the Pioneers of the Lenin Unit have been doing real Pioneer work for the last three terms. We have succeeded in issuing seven



school bulletins and many leaflets. This term the Pioneers started working at the beginning of the term by issuing the "Young Spark" an official organ of the young pioneers in this school, and a leaflet.

The principal of this school decided to get rid of the Pioneers in this school. So Mr. Maguire (Baldy-bean Maggy) began his campaign against the Pioneers by talking against the Pioneers in the School auditorium and raiding a Pioneer meeting. When he saw that these methods he used were unsuccessful he organized a secret service squad that would squeal on the Pioneers and take away their leaflets.

When Maguire saw that this was unsuccessful he started a campaign of terror against those who he knew that were Pioneers. He went and suspended two

### 29 DEMONSTRATORS

(Continued from Page 1)

Young Communist exposed the relation of Armistice Day to the preparations which the Hoover Wall Street government is making for a new war. He particularly exposed the danger of new capitalist attacks against the Soviet Union. It was clearly seen from his stand that the present anti-war demonstration was the first indications of the mass fury of the workers which would be let loose against a new imperialist war. The Communists will continue to fight for the young and adult workers interests whether they are in the industries or in the army.

### Fight Jim-Crow Methods

Karl Jones, militant Negro, revealed in his testimony that efforts were made to Jim-Crow him in jail. "The detective who arrested me demanded, 'What is that nigger doing here?'" Jones told the court, and I replied that I represented thousands of Negroes who are fighting together with the white workers against their common enemy.

Expecting that the court would try to

## Harry Eisman



Pioneers. Mr. Maguire suspended Bernard Kaplan and myself. Mr. Maguire tried to make us both make confessions that we will stop the Pioneer activities. But we refused to turn traitor to the Pioneer cause. Maguire tried to make Kaplan make a statement that he will get out of the Pioneers. Maguire wanted me to make a statement that the "Young Spark" will not be issued.

Maguire wanted to transfer Kaplan to another school. But instead of that he made a class. Maguire claims that he expelled Kaplan because he had bad marks. The Pioneers however say different. About me Maguire don't want to bother about all together. Mr. Maguire says that he suspended me because I am frequently absent, disrespectful. The Pioneers know that Mr. Maguire suspended me because of our Pioneer activities. Mr. Maguire denied Kaplan a hearing on his suspension. Maguire says that Kaplan can't return to school to his demoted grade or not at all.

On Wednesday Nov. 7th I had a hearing with the district superintendent of the school Dr. Wade, Mr. Maguire, Alexander Eisman, my brother and Jasque. But in front of the International Labor Defense, Maguire opened his charge against me in this fashion: "Eisman is not a bad boy, he has an excellent record, but he is disrespectful and fresh." These were Mr. Maguire's charges against me. Maguire forgot what he tried to make me do on the day he suspended me. The Pioneers know that these are not the real charges against me. Maguire suspended the Pioneers because they refused to consent to the Pioneers.

On the same day of the hearing a parent's council was formed by the Pioneers to fight against the terror against workers children. The Pioneers of 61 will fight on in spite of the terror that was put into the children by the school authorities.

workers in the army by the military court martial, Paul Crouch, declared that the fight for John Porter, will be intensified in spite of all opposition of the capitalist government to suppress the struggles of the workers.

### Class Struggle Despite Bow Law

"We have no respect for laws which are intended to prevent an effective struggle in behalf of the workers," declared Ben Thomas, militant marxist and representative of District 3, Workers (Communist) Party.

Karl Reeve, editor of the Labor Defender, told the court in conclusion that the workers will return to Washington to demonstrate against imperialism war no matter what laws capitalism may create or what penalties they may impose.

After Judge Hitts imposed the maximum sentence of \$100 or 60 days in jail for six of the leaders of the demonstration and \$50 or 30 days for the remaining the prisoners left the court room singing the "Internationale", while the majority of those present in the court, among whom were many Negroes, applauded.

# BIG GUNS OF THE CAPITALIST CONTROLLED SOCCER LEAGUE FIGHTING AMONG THEMSELVES

## Need For Workers' Control Of Soccer Game Clearly Seen

### BUILD L. S. U. SOCCER SECTION

The Labor Sports Union, 15 West 126th Street, New York City issued a statement which declares that the present fight between the U. S. Football Association and the Southern N. Y. State Football Association (both capitalist sport organizations) once again demonstrates the need for the workers taking sports into their own hands. The statement of the L.S.U. follows in part:

#### Fighting Over Spoils

The fight between the U.S.F.A. and the American Soccer League started over a month ago over the fact that the American Soccer League suspended and fined three of their teams \$1,000 for participation in a national cup tournament of the U.S.F.A. against the will of the League Officials. The three suspended teams with direct assistance of the U.S.F.A. went forward and organized the Eastern District Soccer League. In the meantime the U.S.F.A. suspended the American Soccer League for its refusal to reinstate the suspended teams. The organization of the new league proved quite successful, with the backing of the U.S.F.A. thru the press this league succeeded in winning over most of the spectators from the American Soccer League. In order to legalize this new league its baptism in the holy waters in the Southern New York State Football Ass'n had to be secured.

The Southern refused entrance of this newly formed League into its ranks and the facts as given below point out very clearly why.

#### "Amateurs" of Soccer Supply Business

It is of interest to note the composition of the S.N.Y.S.F.A. and its connections with both the amateur and professional soccer. N. Ager is the vice president of the outlawed Southern, also president of the Hebrew American League, a high official in the American Soccer League and the owner of the Brooklyn Wanderers, a member of the American Soccer League. Cunningham is the president of the referees association, president of the Empire State Soccer League "Amateur" and owner of a soccer supply store. His brother is president of the American Soccer League. W. Hollywood is president of the International Soccer League, (semi-pro) secretary of the New York State League and Southern New York State Football Association. He is also a partner of Cunningham in the soccer supply business.

All the above soccer leagues were members of the Southern at the time of its suspension. It is readily seen that men with their interests in the soccer supply business and the professional soccer league are the dictators of amateur soccer in this part of the state.

The interest of the officials of the Southern being so closely linked up with their interests in the American Soccer League they could not under such conditions admit into their membership a rival organization, nor could they relinquish their control of the Southern since it is necessary for them, in order to advance the interests of the professional league, to have control of the amateur leagues in order, firstly, not to have the schedules come into conflict with that of the professional league and secondly to use the amateur teams for the purpose of developing new players in their professional leagues. The officials of the U.S.F.A. financially heavily involved in the newly formed league, formally decared the Southern an amateur organization and are organizing a new amateur body, also a new referees association.

#### For Workers' Soccer League.

The Labor Sports Union repeats to these soccer players of New York and vicinity that want to play real amateur soccer for the love of the game, that their

place is not in the Southern of the Agers, Cunningham and Hollywoods, nor in the ranks of the corrupt U.S.F.A. Their place is in the ranks of the workers' soccer League of the National Soccer Department of the Labor Sports Union.

#### Partnership

John: Listen Mike, I have become a partner to the boss.

Mike: Since when?

John: Since the foreman told me to work harder and take an interest in the business.

#### Not So Bad

"He says he is in close touch with the heads of many organizations."

"Yes, he's a barber!" Selected.

#### Light Features

Y.W.L. Amateur Actor (dramatically): "A horse, a horse, my kingdom for a horse!"

Pronce (to gallery): "How will a donkey do?"

Y.W.L. A.A.: "Fine, come right down."

#### Leave It To Them

"I can't marry him, mother. He's an atheist and doesn't believe there is a hell."

"Marry him, my dear, and between us we'll convince him that he's wrong."

#### Puzzle Paster Winners

Up to date we have received more than fifty solutions to the last Puzzle Paster printed in the YOUNG WORKER and more are coming in daily. Why don't you join the bunch and also win a prize?

### QUESTIONS ANSWERED

The following are answers to the five questions printed in the last issue of the YOUNG WORKER

1) The main fundamental youth demand raised by the Y.W.L. in the election was the complete abolition of the exploitation of youth labor through the overthrow of the capitalist system and the establishment of the dictatorship of the proletariat (all our other demands were steps in this direction).

2) We put forward immediate demands as the means of rallying the masses against capitalism and making them more effective fighters in the every day struggle and in the final struggle for the complete destruction of capitalism. The Socialist Party puts forward immediate (not even demands) but suggestions for the reforming of capitalism, in order to make capitalism stronger.

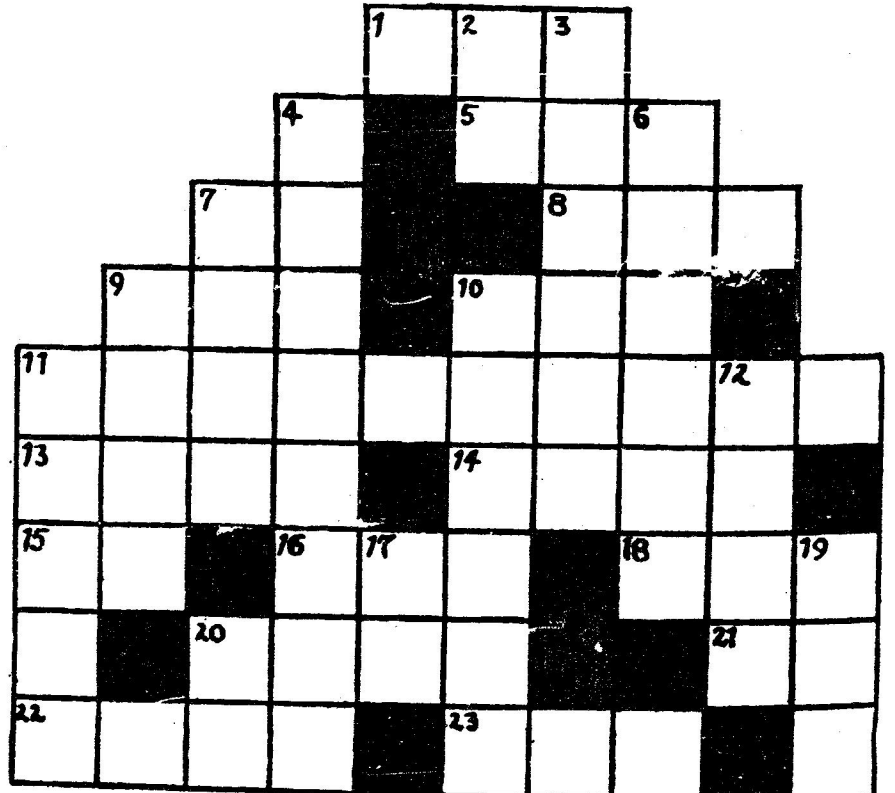
3) The S. P. proposes that certain industries, etc. shall be nationalized by the capitalist government (state capitalism) while the Communists declare that the industries, etc. shall be nationalized by the workers' government, that is, through the revolution. The socialist are against the overthrow of the capitalist government.

4) When the S. P. degenerated completely and more openly became a tool of the bosses, we increased our attacks against it. The United Front tactic from above (with SP officials) was abandoned, though the united front from below is permissible. Since there was no national movement for a Labor Party, in the period before the elections we changed the slogan from one of action to one of propaganda. The C.L. declared: "That the Party concentrates on the work in the trade unions, on organizing the unorganized, etc. and in this way lay the basis for the practical realization of the slogan of a broad labor party organized from below."

5) There is real democracy for the toilers under the dictatorship of the proletariat. Under the capitalist dictatorship the toilers have no democracy (662 textile strikers arrested in New Bedford, Y.W.L. members arrested, etc.).



NEW PUZZLE PASTER.—CUT THE PIECES OUT, PASTE THEM TOGETHER PROPERLY, SEND IT IN AND WIN A PRIZE. MANY WON PRIZES FOR THE LAST PUZZLE PASTER. YOU CAN DO IT TOO.



### TRY THIS PUZZLE

#### ACROSS

1. An amount.
5. A capitalist title.
7. Abbreviation of Street.
8. Opposite of old.
9. Opposite of against.
10. Abbreviation of telephone.
11. Striker's slogan, meaning organized strength.
13. Worker in a kitchen.
14. One that uses.
15. Abbreviation of advertisement.
16. What a hen lays.
18. Opposite of near.
20. Part of the foot.
21. Father.

22. What the sun does at the end of the day.
23. Number of years in a decade.

#### DOWN

2. To whom do strikers look for relief.
3. Those who work in mines.
4. Workers who go on strike.
6. What striking workers need.
9. What unemployed workers get very little off.
11. Strike breakers.
17. Initials for grafting capitalists.
20. Preposition.
7. Music by one person.
12. Past tense of teach.
10. Where miners are caught.
19. To knock at the door.

# For Comintern & Party, Against Trotzkyism

## NEC Calls for Unity Against Right Danger!

**"DEFEND THE COMINTERN AGAINST TROTZKYISM". "DOWN WITH TROTZKYISM, THE ENEMY OF THE PROLETARIAN REVOLUTION AND THE SOVIET UNION". "CARRY OUT ALL DECISIONS OF THE COMINTERN". STRUGGLE AGAINST THE RIGHT DANGER."**

**Resolution of the National Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of America Against the Trotzkyist Danger.**

1. The National Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of America considers as very serious the recent disclosures of the existence of Trotzkyist sentiment among members of the CEC of the Party and the effort to crystallize a Trotzkyist faction in the Party, initiated by a member of the Political Committee.

2. The NEC declares that Trotzkyism and Communism are incompatible. Trotzkyism has been characterized by the Comintern as a Social-Democratic, counter-revolutionary, anti-Soviet ideology. Any Party member adopting Trotzkyist beliefs places himself outside the ranks of the Comintern and the American Party. This is all the more serious in leading Party members, and the NEC requests the CEC to take the most drastic action against all comrades convicted of holding Trotzkyist views and of endeavoring to spread Trotzkyist sentiment thru the Party or of endeavoring to organize a Trotzkyist faction in the Party.

3. Trotzkyism especially because it found expression in a member of the Political Committee of the Party, presents at the present time the greatest danger to the Party and to the revolutionary movement. The Trotzkyist faction becomes the rallying center for all right wing elements in the Party. The NEC reiterates its complete agreement with the decisions of the 6th Congress of the Comintern that the right danger is the main danger and that the sharpest struggle must be conducted against it. In the American Party at the present time, the right danger is represented sharply by the Trotzkyists.

4. The NEC declares that it is necessary to unite the Party and the League in the struggle against Trotzkyism. We must rally the membership of the Party and the League to the defense of the Comintern against the attacks of Trotzkyism. The best way of fighting Trotzkyism is to defend the entire line of the Comintern, to support all the decisions of the Comintern and to fight against all deviations from that line.

5. Unity in the Party must be achieved on the basis of the Comintern decision and the struggle against the danger of Trotzkyism. Any struggle against the Comintern decision would hinder this unity and the struggle against Trotzkyism. At the same time, any attempts to label the CEC as the right wing, even as the most dangerous right wing in the Party, against whom it is necessary to struggle, is contrary to the Comintern decision, and would only render aid to the Trotzkyites.

6. The NEC calls upon the entire League to unite in the struggle against the enemies of the Comintern. On the basis of the decisions of the Comintern and the Communist Youth International, the League will go forward to unified action to rally the masses of the toiling youth against capitalism. The NEC will do its utmost to rally the League and the young workers around the slogans "Defend the Comintern against Trotzkyism." "Down with Trotzkyism the enemy of the Proletarian Revolution and the Soviet Union." "Carry out all decisions of the Comintern." "Struggle against the Right Danger."

## START DRIVE FOR A WEEKLY YOUNG WORKER

**CAPITALIST WAR MENACE AND INCREASED REACTION CREATE NEED FOR THE CHANGE**

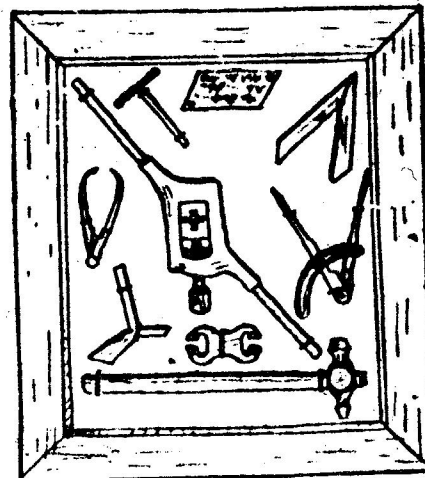
Dear Comrades:

Herbert Hoover, the millionaire, the expert in running war industries and in speeding up workers, is President. This means that the preparations for another imperialist war will be rushed. This means that the attacks against the young and adult workers will be intensified. More than ever before must the young workers be mobilized against the capitalist war danger and the capitalist attacks. For this we need, among other things, a REAL FIGHTING YOUTH PAPER, OUR OWN "YOUNG WORKER"

Larger numbers of young workers will become class fighters during the coming period. Greater struggles than ever before will loom up. For these increased struggles a paper coming out ONLY once a month cannot suffice. What we need is a paper THAT WILL COME OUT EVERY WEEK TO BATTLE AGAINST CAPITALISM. A weekly YOUNG WORKER, of the young workers, by the young workers and for the young workers, is OUR GREATEST IMMEDIATE NEED.

In the last drive for a semi-monthly paper we raised more than 96% of the quota set, namely, \$965. out of a \$1,000. goal. The National Executive Committee considers that we cannot be satisfied with this accomplishment. The National Executive Committee has decided to start a TWO MONTH DRIVE to make the YOUNG WORKER a weekly newspaper. A weekly paper will be one of our most effective weapons for rallying the masses of young workers to our banner. We need a weekly paper that will be able to voice the demands, the aims and spirit of every battle in which the young workers are engaged.

UNUSUAL PRIZE



The above is a drawing of a set of hand made tools presented by a work school in Kuluga, USSR to the American League. The district going over the top first in the Y. W. Drive will secure the custody of this present. Watch next issue for details.

In order to insure a Weekly YOUNG WORKER the entire League, every committee, every member must within the next two months raise \$2,000 and ADD 5000 new subscribers. Every ounce of energy must be put behind this drive. Only in this way can we build a WEEKLY YOUNG WORKER! You will later receive the detailed proposals for the drive. Prepare now to—

**BUILD A WEEKLY YOUNG WORKER! GET THOSE 5000 SUBS! RAISE THAT \$2,000!**  
Young Workers (Communist) League of America

## Change the Poor Social Composition of Y. W. L.!

THE NEC has repeatedly called the attention of the districts to the short coming in the social composition of our membership and the need for taking decisive measures to overcome this situation. Besides pointing out the achievements of the League, our February Enlarged Bureau Meeting recorded among our shortcomings: "The negative change in the social composition of the League. At the present time only 40% of the League's membership consists of industrial workers while 36% is made up of students. While the League has established more contacts with American elements, it has followed the road of least resistance towards the students and not orientated sufficiently towards the young workers in industry." In June of this year, we still had 44% industrial workers and 37% student. In recent months some achievements have been made in overcoming the poor social composition. (Some 657 new members gained in 41 new units of whom 507 are young workers), but this is still a very small step forward and the old established units have not decisively tackled this problem.

**Less Excuses, More Efforts, More Action!**  
The question of changing the social composition of the League is not a separate problem, but is connected with the need for a general improvement of the entire work of our DEC's and units, with the increase of factory work (particularly large shops), increase of shop nucleus work, overcoming of the membership situation, overcoming of erroneous and pessimistic ideas on building of League, etc. The NEC has already sharply criticized the attitude that the League cannot be built during periods of struggle, that we must wait until after the struggle to

build the League, to set up our factory nuclei—an attitude which is largely responsible for the disproportion between the political influence of the League and its organizational strength and for the poor social composition.

We must just as emphatically struggle against the overemphasis of objective difficulties as an excuse for not making greater effort in winning over the young industrial workers. While the CYI said in a recent bulletin on the problem of overcoming fluctuation in membership, applies equally as well to the problem of overcoming our poor social composition, namely: "There is a tendency in the League to explain the fluctuation exclusively by these objective causes: (interference of the employers, the police, unemployment, etc.). This however, must be energetically combatted." For example, in winning over the young miners we cannot adopt the attitude that the main reason why we are not doing sufficient work is because: "The miners are scared after the Lewis betrayal they will not fight now, that we must have a perspective of many years before Youth Sections, a Children's Auxiliaries, will be built in the local unions, etc." Our attitude must be that despite the objective difficulties we will buckle down to the task of organizing the young miners and winning them to our League. Our own lack of efforts, our own failure to rectify shortcomings in our work, are mainly responsible for the lack of a greater response and it is precisely these things which must be overcome. This need holds true for our work in the other industries as well.

**Increase Factory Work, Orientate Towards Large Shops**  
The face of the entire League was

again turned towards this activity thru the Org Conferences held in every district of the League, at which despite many shortcomings, more than 550 delegates participated. It must be clearly understood that the basic requirement for the overcoming of the poor social composition is the increase in factory work and the building of shop nuclei. It must be stated, however, that insufficient work was done in carrying out the decisions of the Organization Conferences. There is too much hesitancy in taking concrete organizational steps to build shop nuclei where we have prospects and to set up Young Workers League initiative groups, youth initiative groups of Party nuclei, etc.

An important reason for this is our lack of a cadre of trained leaders in shop nucleus work and the fact that the DO and the DEC cannot itself supply the necessary detailed leadership for every step towards building shop nuclei. Also we have all-together insufficient efforts in the development of proletarian functionaries in our League, which retards our shop nucleus work. The Org Commission of the 5th Congress of the CYI in discussing this question decided to instruct all Leagues to create A BODY OF INSTRUCTORS FOR THE FACTORY NUCLEI. The NEC proposes that this body of instructors shall be organized as follows:

(a) It shall be organized in each district as a special body which functions under the supervision of the DEC.

(b) This staff shall be composed of the

DEC Org head, comrades engaged in organization work, shop nucleus organizers, comrades working in large shops, etc., and a representative from the Party DEC Org Department. This body of instructors shall meet as often as possible.

(c) The functions of this instructors body will be: (1) To train and educate its own members on Org. work connected with the building of shop nuclei and the guidance of existing nuclei. (2) To supply instructors to work with existing nuclei, with YWL initiative groups with youth initiative groups of Party nuclei, to help form mine nuclei and work with them after formation, to work with individual comrades in factories who are taking first steps in building nuclei, etc.

(d) The instructors body shall make recommendations to the DEC on steps for building of shop nuclei such as building an initiative group for a certain factory, etc. Being a special body, all recommendations (which involve new policies, etc.) become decisions thru the DEC.

(e) The National Org. Department will supply regular material for these instructors bodies to the DEC and generally supervise its work.

These bodies must be constituted without delay and an immediate report sent to the NEC on what has been done. It will be a permanent broad apparatus, a collective cadre of leaders for shop nucleus work, which will be able to follow up the Org. conferences with concrete achievements. (Other phases of the problem will be dealt with in later issues.)

The Party received following cable from Comintern:

"The political secretariat confirms energetic measures taken against leaders of the Trotzkyist Opposition and calls on all workers who formerly supported this opposition to repudiate it publicly and definitely."

# :: Eleventh Anniversary Russian Revolution ::

**I**N order to judge the achievements gained by the Russian Young Workers as a result of the October Revolution it is necessary to turn back and relate the situation of the Young Workers in Czarist Russia, before October.

### Before Revolution

The Czarist Labor Code permitted the employment of children beginning with the age of 12, the code stated "children between the ages of 12 and 15 are not permitted to work more than 8 hours per day, not counting time necessary for meals, school and rest."

Illiteracy among Young Workers took on extraordinary dimensions. In Moscow province alone—and Moscow was considered one of the best provinces—45% of the Young Workers were totally illiterate. Training of the Youth usually took place after working hours; there was no fixed wage scale and each employer had the right to pay the Young Worker as he pleased. The average pay of the Young Worker amounted to 4 roubles 21 kopeks per month.

The Soviet Government immediately upon taking power made great changes in the position of the working class youth. The Soviet Labor Code states "Employment of people under 16 years of age is forbidden" and only in exceptional case the labor inspectors have the right "to grant permission to employ people no younger than 14 years."

### New Youth Conditions

**T**HE Youth between 14 and 16 years of age as a general rule, is in the factory schools. In allowing the employment of Young Workers from the age of 14 the proletarian government takes care that their work should in no way affect their health. Clause 136 of the Labor Code says people under the age of 16, previously employed or only entering employment under supplement clause 135, must work only 4 hours per day. The



working day for people between the ages of 16 and 18 must not exceed 6 hours."

Although the Czarist Law permitted the work of juveniles 8 hours per day, in reality they worked 15 hours. In Soviet Conditions it is impossible to violate the labor code because besides the administration each enterprise has its factory committee, protection of labor commission, Party and YCL nuclei, which are always defending the immediate interests of the workers.

Even under Soviet Conditions overtime is sometimes necessary. But young work-

ers under 18 are not allowed to work overtime.

If in the capitalist enterprises vacations for the Youth are a private matter to be decided by the employer, in the USSR the entire Youth—whether employed in government, private, cooperative or concession enterprises—receives an annual month's holiday.

In order to protect the health of the Youth the organs of social insurance and the trade unions have established many rest homes, sanatoria, etc. In the last year, for example, 30,000 young workers

were sent to rest homes, more than 2,000 to sanatoria and over 1,500 to the resorts of Crimea and Caucasus.

### Real Social Insurance

**B**efore the revolution the Young Workers never heard of social insurance. But at present Soviet Law has introduced social insurance which to a great extent improves the conditions of labor of the workers. Social insurance guarantees the workers free medical aid, material aid in cases of pregnancy, child birth, illness, death; allowances during periods of unemployment, for nursing mothers in cases of death for the support of the family, etc. The workers do not pay one kopek towards social insurance funds, the entire contributions are paid by the factory administration.

The YCL of the USSR as far back as 1921 brought up the questions of the necessity of such a factory school which would be the first grade in the socialist reorganization of youth labor. Such a school has been founded. In the factory schools, the youth receives not only a vocational training but also a general theoretical education which helps to raise the cultural level of the Young Workers. At present 48% of the Young Workers are studying in such schools, 41% receive an individual training and 10 1/2% are not yet catered for.

Immediately after the October revolution the law established that Young Workers, working 4 and 6 hours per day receive the same wages as adult workers i. e. receive the same pay for a shorter day as for a full 8 hour day. No such law exists in any country but the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

Vocational training without pay is forbidden—all factories and mills of the U.S.S.R. The average wage is 26 roubles 90 kopeks per month, besides this young workers may use the communal houses attached to the schools, and dining rooms for a minimum pay.

## TASKS OF THE REVOLUTION

(Formulated by Lenin after the Kornilov Mutiny)

### POWER TO THE SOVIETS

**A**ll power in the State must be transferred exclusively to the representatives of the Councils of Workers' Soldiers' and Peasants' Deputies on the basis of a definite program and the complete responsibility of the authorities to the Soviets. The Soviets must be re-elected immediately, both for the purpose of regularizing the experience of the people during the weeks of the revolution which have been so rich in content, as well as for the purpose of removing the crying injustices (abnormalities, inequalities in elections, etc.) which still remain uncorrected in certain places.

In all localities where democratically elected bodies still exist, and in the case of all power must be transferred exclusively to the local Soviets and to the Comsoms and other institutions which they have elected, but only to elected ones.

Everywhere and without any reserve, with the complete support of the State, arms must be given to the workers and revolutionaries, i. e. to those who have by their deeds proved their capability of suppressing the Kornilov troops.

### PEACE TO THE PEOPLE

**T**HE Soviet Government must immediately propose to all belligerent peoples (i. e. simultaneously to the governments, the workers, and to the masses of the peasantry) to conclude an immediate general peace on democratic conditions and on immediate armistice (say three months).

The principal condition for a democratic peace is the abandonment of annexations, but not in the wrong sense that all States will have their lost annexed territories restored to them, but in the only correct sense that every nation, without exception in Europe as well as in the colonies will obtain the liberty and possibility itself to determine whether it will exist as a separate state or unite with any other State.

In making its peace proposals, the Soviet Government must immediately get to work, itself to bring it about, i. e. it must publish and annul the secret treaties by which we have been bound hitherto, which were conducted by the Tsar and which promise the Russian capitalists the plunder of Turkey, Austria, etc. We are further obliged immediately to satisfy the Ukrainians and Finns, guarantee to them as well as to all the other nationalities in Russia complete liberty, including the right of separation, applying the same to the WHOLE of Armenia, undertake to evacuate that country as well as the Turkish territories, etc. that we now occupy.

### LAND TO THE TOILERS

**T**HE Soviet Government must immediately declare that the private ownership of land is abolished without compensation, and transfer the land to the control of the peasant committees until the matter is settled by the Constituent Assembly. The same peasant committees must have place at their disposal for all the inventory of the landlords' estates in order that they may be utilized primarily and free of charge by the poorest peasants.

### COMBATING STARVATION & RUIN

**T**HE Soviet Government must immediately establish workers' control over production and consumption on a national scale.

It is necessary immediately to nationalize the banks and insurance companies as well as the most important branches of industry (oil and steel, coal, metallurgical, sugar, etc.). At the same time commercial sectors must be abolished without reserve and the persistent control by the workers and peasants must be established over the important minority of capitalists who are profiteering on government contracts and who evade proper control and a fair taxation of their profits and property.

### COMBATING COUNTER-REVOLUTIONARY LANDLORDS AND CAPITALISTS

**N**OTHING has been done to suppress the counter-revolution or even to investigate it, nor can anything seriously be done until power is transferred to the Soviets. No Commission that does not possess governmental power can institute a complete investigation arrest culprits, etc. Only the Soviet Government can and must carry this out. It alone can guarantee Russia against a repetition of "Kornilov" attempts.

(Lenin: "Tasks of the Revolution," Vol. XIV, p. 111.)

### STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912

Of Young Worker published monthly at New York, N. Y. for Oct. 1, 1928.  
State of New York  
County of New York ss.

Before me a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared Miriam Silver, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that she is the Business Manager of the Young Worker and that the following is, to the best of her knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the above publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 411, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to-wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are:

Publisher, Young Workers (Communist) League of America, 43 E. 125th St., New York, N. Y.  
Editor, No. Kagan, 43 E. 125th St., New York, N. Y.  
Business Manager, Miriam Silver, 43 E. 125th St., New York, N. Y.

That the ownership (if owned by a corporation, its name and address must be stated and immediately hereunder the names and addresses of all stockholders owning or holding one per cent or more of total amount of stock. If not owned by a corporation, the names and addresses of the individual owners must be given. If owned by a partnership or other unincorporated firm, its name and address, as well as those of each individual must be given. If owned by a trustee or other person, the name and address of the owner must be given.)

Young Workers (Communist) League of America, 43 E. 125th St., New York, N. Y.

Name: Miriam Silver, Secretary, Non-profit organization.

That the amount of capital stock, or other funds, owned by the corporation, partnership, or other unincorporated firm, or by the individual owner or owners, and a list of the names and addresses of the owners thereof, must be given.

### 10TH ANNIVERSARY RUSSIAN Y. C. L.

By I. AMDUR  
(Moscow Correspondent)

**T**H E Young Communist League of the Soviet Union is this week (Oct. 27th, 1928) celebrating the 10th Anniversary of its existence. The



Central Committee of the League has issued a stirring appeal to the Organization and to the wide masses of worker and peasant youth calling upon them to continue unflinchingly the construction of a new human society hitherto unprecedented in the history of mankind.

"PEACE, LAND, BREAD, POWER TO THE SOVIETS! Such are the demands of the Bolshevik Party in 1917, such are the cries of the wide masses of workers and peasants; such are the ever insistent demands of the army at the front, ragged, barefoot, without arms, without food.

Kornilov advances on Petrograd—the Dictator, the Man of Iron, when Kerensky and the Provisional Government, and the bourgeoisie have appealed to for aid against the revolutionary workers who have declared their determination to carry on the struggle to a victorious end, to a Proletarian Dictatorship. The revolutionary leaders have been flung into jail, the bolsheviks are accused, by the Mensheviks, of treachery, with whom to go, whom to follow; for whom to vote, the Bolsheviks? The Mensheviks? the SR's... Such is the question that faces the work-

(Continued on Page 7)

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 1st day of October, 1928.

(Seal) MAX KITZES  
(My commission expires March 30, 1930.)

# FIFTH CONGRESS of C. Y. I.

**T**HE V. Congress of the Communist Youth International (C.Y.I.) has done its work on the lines laid down by the VI. Congress of the Comintern. It received a report on this Congress, it familiarized itself with the estimate of the political situation given by the Comintern Congress and adopted as the basis of its whole work the same main tasks—struggle against the coming imperialist war and for the defense of the Soviet Union. The Congress has also declared that the Young Communist Leagues must accentuate their struggle against social democracy and has pointed out that, under the pressure of the capitalist stabilization and the split tactics of reformists, in the Young Communist Leagues too, the danger of right deviations is the main danger against which a determined struggle must be carried.

Although the Congress did its work on the same lines as the Comintern Congress it did not transfer mechanically the tasks of the Comintern to the C.Y.I. In this respect it was in full agreement with the Comintern Congress which gave the C.Y.I. the advice to adopt more youthlike methods in its work and to struggle against the tendency of assuming the role of a second "young Party."

The centre of the work of the C.Y.I. was the question of our mass work, critical examination of our former work and methods of work from the standpoint of capturing the mass of the working youth and the development of the YCLs into mass organizations.

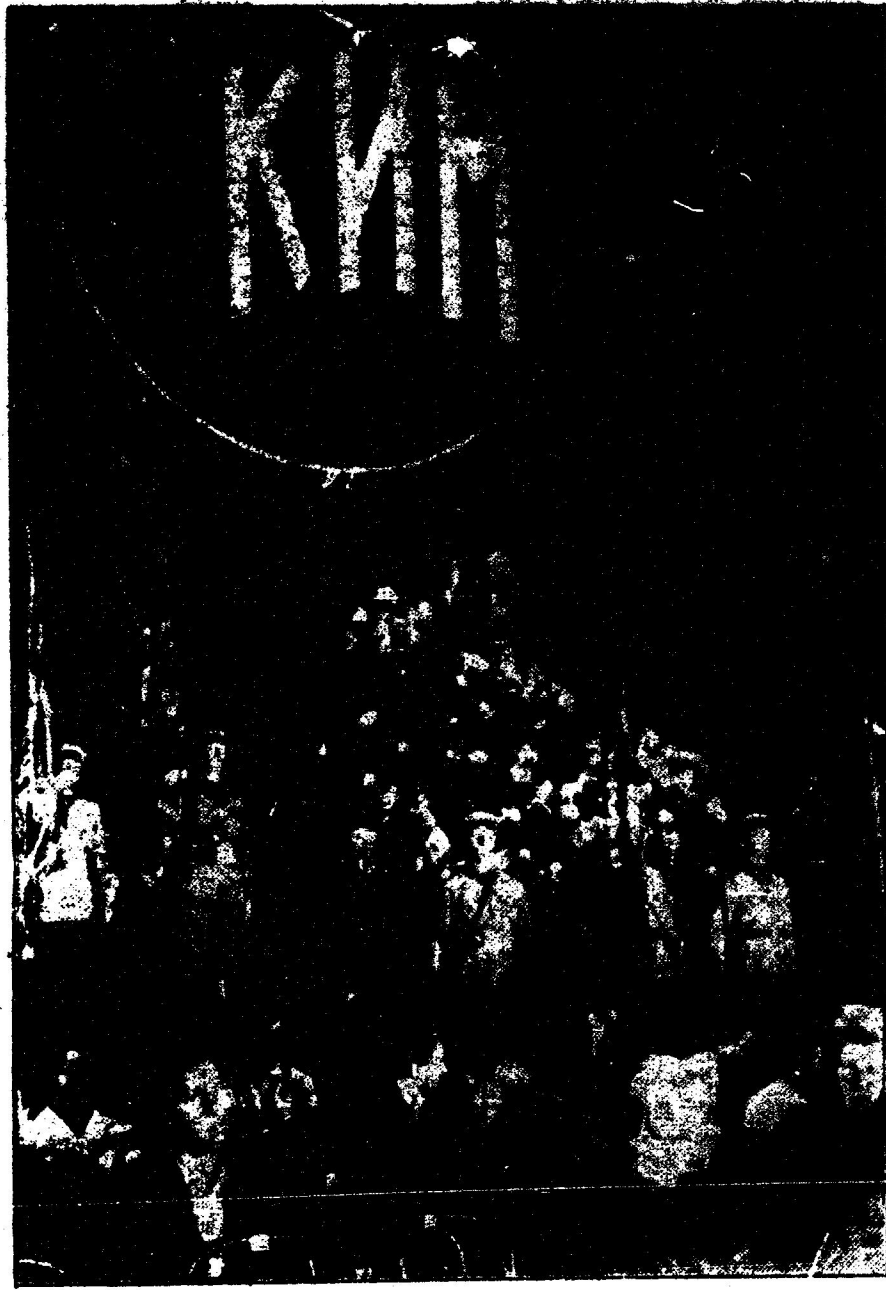
Development into mass organizations was already decided upon at the II. Congress of the C.Y.I. and was repeatedly discussed since then. The V. Congress gave again prominence to this question because 1) None of the YCLs (except the YCL Soviet Union) have as yet done justice to this task, and, 2) because owing to the more important role of the working youth in the class struggle and the accentuated struggle for the working youth between the bourgeoisie and the proletariat, the mass work of the YCLs and their development into mass organizations has assumed increased importance.

### The Position of the working youth— Growing Fighting Strength and Will to Fight

**T**HE Congress gave an analysis of the position of the working youth and declared that it has become worse during the capitalist rationalization. The real wages of young workers has been reduced, their working hours have been lengthened, youth protection legislation is being interfered with and a series of new laws directed against the working youth have been promulgated. The position of the working youth and its vocational training has deteriorated, the number of apprentices is generally speaking, decreasing whereas the number of unskilled and semi-skilled young workers is increasing, and only a very small and ever diminishing section of young workers are given a real and good vocational training.

But the capitalist rationalization has also other effects: it has changed the role of the youth in the process of production, owing to capitalist rationalization, mechanization, division of labor and tech-

**Same line as Comintern Congress. For youthlike methods against making League second "Young Party". Mass work is central problem. Position of working youth became worse under rationalization. Specific weight of young workers in industry grew. Young workers fighting strength and will to fight also grew. Struggle between capitalists and workers to capture youth intensified. C.Y.I. records successes since IV Congress. YCLs fought For LENINIST LINE OF COMINTERN AGAINST TROTZKYISM.**



nical progress an ever-growing number of young workers are drawn into the process of production and the specific weight of the young workers in the enterprises is steadily increasing.

Owing to the more important role of the youth in the process of production its fighting strength and will to fight has also grown. A strong resistance on the part of the working youth has been noticeable in the last years. This took the form of youth strikes which took place in a number of countries. It was also expressed in the fact, admitted by the bourgeoisie, that

at the recent elections a considerable section of the young electorate voted for the Communists. The regression of the Young Socialist International as well as the left oppositional currents and movements in some of its sections, are also due to a certain extent to this radicalization.

### The Struggle for the Working Youth

**A** special feature of the role of the youth in the present situation apart from its growing fighting strength and radicalization—its importance for the war preparations of the bourgeoisie. In the coming imperialist war, the youth will be

the decisive factor. All this compels the bourgeoisie to pay more attention to the capture of the mass of the working youth. This struggle for the youth is carried on in various ways by the bourgeoisie:

1) By increased persecutions of revolutionary youth organizations, not only in the countries where fascism and white terror reign supreme and where YCLs are illegal, but also in "democratic" countries (arrest of YCL members, suppression of Communist children's organization, employers' terrorism, etc.)

2) By measures for the militarization and fascisation of the youth, compulsory and also "voluntary" military training, school and cultural reaction, legislation against "pernicious" literature, etc.

3) By bourgeois youth organizations which apply manifold methods of work and forms of organization. These organizations have been very active in the last years and receive every manner of support from the bourgeoisie and its governments. The Young Socialist International too is helping the bourgeoisie and is cooperating openly or surreptitiously with the bourgeois organizations.

These efforts of the bourgeoisie make it incumbent on the revolutionary proletariat to work more energetically for the capture of the youth and place great responsibilities on the shoulders of the C.Y.I.

### Our Work Since the Fourth Congress

**H**OW did the C.Y.I. cope with its tasks under these circumstances? It has a series of successes to its credit in the four years which have passed since the IV. Congress.

The Political Activity of the YCLs has grown. They participated energetically in all the struggles of the revolutionary proletariat: in the Chinese Revolution, in the general and coal-strikes in Great Britain, in the actions against the war in Morocco and Syria, against intervention in China and the danger of war against the Soviet Union, in the industrial struggles against the effects of capitalist rationalization, etc. The C.Y.I. has strengthened and extended its anti-militarist work on the bourgeois armies. YCLs carried on successful and important work within the Communist movement through their STRUGGLE AGAINST DEVIATIONS FROM THE LENINIST POLICY OF THE COMINTERN AND ESPECIALLY AGAINST INTERNATIONAL TROTZKYISM.

Mass work has been strengthened although not to a sufficient extent especially through work in trade unions and through the establishment of auxiliary organizations (Red Youth Front).

The development of the Chinese YCL into a mass organization of young workers and peasants which played an important role throughout the Chinese revolution was effected with the help of the C.Y.I.

The C.Y.I. has been also strengthened internally, the ideological level of the leagues and the C.Y.I. as a whole has been raised and new circles of work have been elaborated and put to the test.

(Other problems and decisions of the V. Congress of the C.Y.I. will be dealt with in the next issue of the YOUNG WORKER.)

### TENTH YEAR Y. C. I. S. U.

(Continued from Page 6)

the youth, and they, without hesitation, for the Bolsheviks. WITH RIFLE IN HAND THE YOUNG WORKERS GAVE THEIR VOTE FOR OCTOBER, FOR THE SOVIET POWER, FOR THE PARTY OF PROLETARIAN REVOLUTION.

In the heat of the short-lived bourgeois republic (from March to October 1917), there sprang up socialist organizations in the industrial centers of Petersburg, Moscow, Vladimir, Kuznetsk-Voznesensk following the banner of Bolshevism.

On September 3rd, 1917 a Conference of the youth of the Viborg district issued the following declaration:

"We demand the transfer of all land to the revolutionary proletariat and..."

"We demand the arming of the whole population and first of all of the working class."

"We demand the transference of all land to the toiling masses."

"We demand workers' control of the industries."

Such was the position of the youth. And the Party replied. A letter written by Lenin to the Party leaders has the following striking passage: "Change must come among the worker, the young determined elements and especially of the WORKING YOUTH. Give them the task together with the pick of the soldiers, setting all strategical points in the city, the stations, telegraph and telephone stations, food warehouses, etc. For the carrying out of all the important operations..."

And this was carried out. At all barricades, at all vital points, the young workers proved a powerful strength.

ON THE NIGHT OF OCTOBER

26th, THE WINTER PALACE (Lenin's headquarters) FELL INTO THE HANDS OF THE WORKERS AND PEASANTS THAT SAME NIGHT WAS DRAWN UP THE DECREES FOR PEACE AND SOCIALIZATION OF LAND. A WORKER PEASANT MOVEMENT WAS CREATED.

But there was little time for rest. From the North, South, from the East and West, came the Deneking, the Kéréns, Koltchak, Udenatsov, came the armies of capitalist intervention, Czarist, Slav, the British, the French, Germans.

And the youth rose to meet this new danger. At the First Congress (October 2nd, 1918), was unanimously carried a resolution calling for a 30% mobilization in the Red Army of all members of the League under 16 years of age. The Congress also renewed the organization of Communist Youth Leagues.

In 1919 Red and youth were thrown against the covering German Army. At

Kazan, at Svzhask, at Novorossk they fought and with them thousands of heroic young workers from Moscow, the Ural, laid down their lives so that the factories, the land, the mines, so recently won, may remain in the hands of the toiling masses.

Come peace and with it the much needed rest for peaceful reconstructive work. Industrialization of the country, the building of powerful industries, the laying of a new technical foundation for national economy, the coöperation of millions of peasants, the unification of small landholders into mighty collectives, to develop the State Farms, to battle with and overcome the capitalist element in town and village, to strengthen the bond between worker and poor peasant with the middle peasantry, "to create such a Society as will guarantee the maximum development of all human possibilities." (Marx)

Such is the task that history has laid upon us, such is the task before our youth.

# GREENBAUM FACTORY IN ANTHRACITE START YOUNG GIRLS AT \$5.50 WEEKLY

## Factory Building Is Regular Fire Trap MUST FIGHT SWEAT SHOP SYSTEM

By Young Worker Correspondent  
Dear Comrade Editor—



**T**HE hard coal region is becoming more and more popular for its low wages, long hours and free for all gansterism. In the Greenbaum Sewing Factory, which is located in Nanticoke, girls from 12 to 16 years of age are working 11 hours a day, for the most miserable wages.

### 13 Bucks Maximum

Mr. Greenbaum, the big boss of the factory, has set the "living standard" of very interesting variety for his employees: \$5.50 a week for the beginners, \$7 for the girls with 3 months of experience, \$11 for the girls with 6 months of experience and maximum wage is \$13 for the girls with two years of experience. But the girls who begin to earn \$13 or more are given poorer work with the result that their wages are kept down anyhow. Usually girls, working for 2 years are being fired, because Mr. Greenbaum considers that \$13 is nothing else but a luxury and therefore it corrupts the morals of the youth. If sometimes, the workers will voice their dissatisfaction of getting this "pin money," out they go.

The factory is in very unsanitary conditions, without any visible ventilation, but windows which are kept closed all day. The air is full of dust and mule driver's vocabulary of Mr. Greenbaum, like "pop up", "step on it", "come on" etc., and with this kind of whip, he is forcing the girls to adopt the non rules of speed-up system. Wash room is so filthy, that girls are refraining to go there all together and the building itself, having only one door is a genuine fire trap.

### Labor Fakery Silent

The trade union bureaucracy of A.F. of L. is not doing anything to organize those young workers.

Republicans and democrats political parties of the big capital are wholeheartedly ignoring the young workers and in time of struggles are helping the bosses to defeat the workers.

The only way, young workers can improve their conditions, the only way they can get better wages and shorter hours is to be organized under the leadership of militant working class organization. The Young Workers (Communist) League, the only organization, which is fighting for the demands of the young workers and which is participating in the daily struggles of the young workers.

Young workers, join the Young Workers (Communist) League. Join your own working class organization and learn how to fight your enemy.

## BILL HAYWOOD

The urn containing the ashes of William D. Haywood, noted American revolutionary, militant leader of working class struggles of the country since 1900, is was buried in Chicago beside the graves of the Chicago Haymarket Martyrs. This Haywood's last request, that half of his ashes be buried in the Kremlin Wall, in the Red Square, Moscow, and the other half near the graves of the Haymarket Martyrs who gave Haywood inspiration at the beginning of his career is to be fulfilled.

The funeral of Haywood's remains in Chicago comes just at the twentieth anniversary of the execution of Parsons, Spies and the other Haymarket Martyrs who were executed because they led the struggle of that day in Chicago to secure the eight hour day.

## Build Youth Sections For Miners' Union

By J. P. TASHINSKY  
(From Coal Digger)



**T**HE National Miners Union is making great progress in drawing in large masses of miners into its ranks. With the establishment of local unions in various parts of the country, it is the duty of every local union to remember the decisions of the National Convention held on September 9th in Pittsburgh. The Convention went on record in favor of creating a youth section as a means of drawing the young miners into more active participation of the work and life of the union.

Every local union must proceed with the organization of the youth sections by the calling of all the young miners under 23 years of age to a meeting and establishing a section for the youth. At this meeting of young members of the NMU, a special executive committee (or if the meeting is not large enough one or two officers) must be elected to direct the activities of the youth section.

The establishment of the youth section does not mean, however, that the young miners are to be deprived of the privileges of an adult members, but on the contrary every union member must become an active member of the NMU and this is especially the task of the young miner. The Youth Section should immediately communicate with the Youth Committee of the National Executive Board and work under the guidance and supervision of the National Youth Committee.

The Youth section, once organized, must proceed at once with the winning of ever larger numbers of the young miners to join the union and become members of the youth section. The youth section must discuss the conditions of the young miners in their respective localities and wage a fight for the improvement of the lot of the youth. The youth section should organize football teams, basketball teams, and other forms of sports and see that the local union will give all possible support to the development of sports among the young miners under the auspices of the youth section of the union.

It will also be the duty of the youth section to see that the young miners are given ample recreation by starting all forms of social activity—arranging of dances, hikes, picnics, etc. The education of the young miners should also be one of the main tasks of the youth section by inviting speakers from various youth clubs and working class organizations, staging debates on subjects of interest to the mining youth and the training of the young miners in the spirit of loyal unionism and working class solidarity.

The youth sections must also keep in

## U. S. RUSHES WAR

(Continued from Page 1)

would continue the policy advocated by Coolidge and the navy department.

An American navy "second to none" is the goal of the General Board of the Navy.

In a statement of policy drawn up by the board and approved by Secretary of the Navy Wibur, the following principle of naval construction was presented:

The navy of the United States should be maintained in sufficient strength to support its policies and its commerce and to guard its continental and overseas possessions.

This means to be able to fight British and other imperialisms which threaten its

# CAPITALIST RATIONALIZATION HITS YOUNG AUTO WORKERS IN OAKLAND

## NINE AND TEN HOURS AT UNHEALTHY WORK

### Strong Union Badly Needed

By Young Worker Correspondent  
Fellow workers—



## FALL RIVER YOUTH MUST FIGHT FOR \$20 WAGE DEMAND

### Many Work in Dangerous Jobs

#### Y. W. L. GROWS DAILY

By Young Worker Correspondent  
(20 years old)

Dear Comrade—In Fall River we organized a Young Worker (Communist) League when the strike started. Our membership is growing every day. We have now about 50 members. Every member is trying to be active in the League and the Union. Our sport director has arranged a dance but the cops closed the halls on us, and we could not hold it. This just shows how they are scared of us.

The young workers here are beginning to realize what class struggle means. We had our first class on fundamentals of the class struggle which proved to be very successful. About the conditions of the young workers here, well they are very terrible.

The majority of the mills the young workers are working at night from 55 to 66 hours a week. The wages for night work are as follows: \$14.65, \$16, \$15.60, \$17.25 and very few get \$18. Day work which the young workers are getting the following wages for 48 and 60 hours a week. \$9, \$10.89, \$12.63, \$11.29, \$8.48, \$13 and \$14 and many get as low as \$4.60 a week. In some mills in which the young workers sleep in a room with the temperature of 98 and 102 degrees. All these mills look like old time dungeons with double windows, bad odors, intense heat, and the rumbling machinery. In some mills they have to work with rubber boots to walk in the Kormin water in the bleach house in which many contract contagious sickness. In the color shops where the chemicals are very dangerous to youth they are receiving a miserable wage of \$12 a week.

The Young Workers League has a good field to work in. All these young workers want to be organized, and that is our job. The spirit of our League here in Fall River, is very energetic and we are willing to fight against the bad conditions of the youth.

touch with the District Executive Boards and see that the Youth Committee of the District Board gives the necessary leadership and assistance to all youth sections. If every local union will carry out the decisions of the National Convention and carry out the tasks set before the local unions in the fighting spirit which prevailed at the Convention it will not be long before every young miner will be enrolled in the ranks of the National Miners Union. Every young miner will then feel that the NMU is really fighting in his behalf and the youth section of the Union will become a rallying point for the entire mining youth of this country.

policies and to continue oppressing the people in American "over-seas possessions."

The Young Workers (Communist) League has been pointing out for some time that these are the indications of hectic rush to force the young workers into another war which would only benefit the big capitalists. The young workers will be the first called upon to lay down their lives in order to make the American imperialism the unchallenged boss of the world.

Every young worker must line up behind the Communists in a mass struggle against the imperialist war. An effective way of joining the struggle against capitalist war is to join the Young Workers (Communist) League.

**A**BOUT 5000 workers, most of them young workers, are employed in the automobile industry in Oakland, Cal. The

largest plants are Durant, and Chevrolet. In the Chevrolet plant, about 1500 workers are employed. All of these automobile workers are unorganized and while other organized workers are fighting for their unions the automobile workers have not taken any action in organizing. In all plants and particularly in Chevrolet as unorganized workers we are exploited to the highest degree. Our working conditions are miserable. Working nine and ten hours a day in a closed dusty place without any ventilation is hard to stand for anyone and hurts our health badly.

### Unhealthy Work

In the wood department due to the speed-up system the workers are compelled to keep a mouth full of greasy nail all day long, from which one may get different dangerous diseases. In the repairing department, the speed is such that just a few workers catch up with all the lines. Finishing is done mostly by electric and air buffers, which is also very unhealthy work because most of the falling dust enters the lungs while heating.

In the whole body department piece work system is used and by such a system the workers themselves drive each other on to faster work. And if we work too fast the boss thinks that we are making too much so he cuts down the price. Then we have to work still faster and make less. In the last six months they have cut down the price almost in half. The bosses just see that the work is done right. They do not care how much we work and how many times they make us lose lots of time in repairing something which doesn't belong to us.

### Nine To Twelve Hour Day

The standard factory day is nine hours, but that is not even applied always because they make us work as long as they please. Some days we work ten or twelve hours and others, six or eight. One day we work very fast and make on an average \$6.65 per hour and other days we work slow and many times wait for hours for a job to come and then make only \$3.5 an hour.

## TIRED HANDS AND BODIES FOR YOUTH IN AMER. PRINT CO.

By Young Worker Correspondent  
(15 years old)

Dear Comrade—I worked in the American Printing Company of Fall River before the strike was called. I worked in the cotton division. I was a spare hand there. I had to clean forty sides a day. The young workers who do this work are always in danger of getting caught in the machines, and we always hurt our fingers doing this work. I worked one week there, and received one dollar for the weeks work. This was not my steady job, I was just helping out, but anyway, I worked as hard as the others.

When I would come home my hands would be so tired, I could hardly eat supper. I worked a short time, and had to quit cause I was getting terribly sick. The Young Workers League, is going to organize these young workers. All the young workers are beginning to realize the bad conditions and are fighting against it.

### A Big-hearted Boss

Boss: From now on you shall have shorter hours.

Young worker: (surprised) Yahh?

Bow: Yes, shorter lunch hours.