Model Youth Congress Votes On Its Bills

Y.C.L. Gives Support to Declaration of Principles

By Francis Franklin (Special to the Dally Worker)
MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 5. Hundreds of bills dealing with youth problems were ground out of the committees of the Model Youth Congress yesterday. Today they are being voted upon by a joint session of the Senate and House of Representatives.

The first session of the Senate The first session of the Senate last night ratified the declaration of principles as modified to meet the conditions of 1937. This declaration reaffirms the right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. It calls for the strengthening of peace movement, condemns fascist brutality in Spain, takes a strong stand for demogracy, labor organisation for demogracy, labor organisation for demogracy, labor organisms. stand for democracy, labor organization, free educational and recrea-

tional facilities. The only group to oppose the declaration of principles was the Young Peoples Socialist League. No substitute declaration was offered. Y.P.S. opposition was offered solely on the grounds of insufficient militancy.

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The statement of the opposition was met by a veritable avalanche

of statements of support from the Senators representing numerous trade unions, and religious groups. Carl Ross, Secretary of Young Communist League, stated simply that the Young Communist League (tage 15 and 15 a

gives its full support to the declara-tion of principles.

The peace legislation passed by the Congress this afternoon reaf-firmed the admirence of the United States to the Kellogg Peace Pact and made a series of provisions to supplement this pact. Governments giving aid to the fascists against legal democratic governments were defined as aggressors. The neutral-ity bill was amended so as not to apply against nations under attack aggressor nations.
Resolutions were adopted to ex-

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tend aid to the struggle of the Chinese youth and sympathy to the Spanish people in their fight for democracy.

A resolution for the Congress to support and to be instrumental in achieving unity in the labor movement and to urge the continuance of organizing the mass production industries along industrial lines was unanimously adopted.

Bills were adopted guaranteeing collective bargaining to all groups including WPA workers. A special teachers' and students' Wagner La-

bor Relations Act was passed. Labor's right to strike was legal-

ized. Spies and vigilante groups were outlawed. Laws against the possession, use and transportation of tear gas and arms by employers were adopted.

One Harrison-Fletcher-Black bill to provide Federal aid to education was adopted as amended by the American Federation of Teachers and the National Association for Advancement of Colored People.

A resolution requested the addition of representatives of the American Federation of Teachers and the Model Youth Congress to Presi-dent Roosevelt's sommittee to in-

vestigate education.

Other bills called for the inclusion of courses on peace, trade union history, Negro history, and sex in school curricula. A subcommittee was formed to study the whole question of curr rulum rewhat a teachers' union spokesman called a people's culture.