## SPANISH BRANI MAKES BIG GA N MEXICAN M

## Fight for Protection of Latin Workers Fighting

Fighting every inch of the way for a program of action based upon the class struggle and for a militant fight against American imperialism, the Chicago Spanish-speaking branch of Chicago Spanish-speaking branch of the Workers (Communist) Party made itself a leading factor in the convention of organizations of Mexi-cans in this country which has been meeting over a period of weeks, at 1616 W. Taylor St., Chicago, and

which adjourned Sunday, after creating the Confederation of Mexican So cieties. Many delegates, as well as visitors to the convention went up to

the Communists and congratulated them on the stand they were taking. Good Support For Program Manuel Gomez and Jose Espinosa, delegates from the Spanish-speaking branch of the Workers Party, succeeded in rallying considerable support for their program in spite of the efforts of the Mexican consul, the Lunion who attended every seek

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Luis Lupian, who attended every session and whose influence was strong enough to keep the majority to the safe and sane path of bourgeois patriotism. The left wing elements will continue to work in close co-operation with the Workers Party.

The convention was called on the initiative of the Club Benito Juaraz and the Sociedad Hispano-Americano for the expressed purpose of

and the Sociedad Hispano-Americano for the expressed purpose of taking steps for the protection of the Mexican worker in the United States, but except for the Workers, Party delegates and their supporters, it paid no attention to this import ant problem, notwithstanding the fact that the Mexican-born workers in this country constitute one of the worst exploited sections of the working class. The consul kept reminding the delegates that they were in a strange country and told them that a strange country and told them that if they did anything at all radical the police would immediately interfere.

He put the fear of god into them so strongly that they shied even at the mention of the word "worker," which they refused to include in the name of the new confederation. All Workers' Organizations Inasmuch as all the affiliated or-ganizations are composed of workers, the Communist delegates did not

withdraw, but will work within the confederation for a program of action which will really protect the Mexican workers in this country by building upon their own strength and uniting it with the power of the American

working class as a whole Comrade Gomez, who led he militant minority in the convention, pointed out that the great mass of the Mexicans in this country are workers. He said that the first step toword bettering their condition is to recognize their special character as workers as a section of the working

as a section of the vorkers, working class. He said further, that one of he elementary duties of the new conthat one of federation, a duty owed to themselves, to their fellow countrymen in Mexico and to the Latin-American peoples in general, is to carry out a fight against merican imperialism. Communist Program.

program proposed by the Party delegates contained The Workers

the following points:

1. Unionization of the unorganized
Mexican workers in this country;
propaganda to get Mexicans to join unorganized Mexicans to to assist the the trade unions and unions to carry out a c the

a campaign of organization among them.

2. Struggle against the prevailing discrimination in the matter of housing, whereby Mexicans are obliged to pay higher rents than other workers

r poorer dwellings. 3. Equal pay with for 3. Equal pay with workers of other nationalities for equal work done.
4. No scabbing; no taking the ting the when on

place of other workers strike.

5. Abolition of the present system contract labor, or "engancho," as result of which thousands of Mexiof a result of

cans are lured from their homes by false promises and brought to this country, where they are given their choice between being left stranded or going to work at wages far below the wage agreed on—often in the midst of a strike

or going to work at wages far below the wage agreed on—often in the midst of a strike.

6. Vigorous resistance to attempts on the part of the United States government to deport workers for their political activities; the Mexican embassy and consulates to give the same protection to Mexican workers as it now gives to Mexican business men.

7. Against the so-called criminal syndicalist laws prevailing in many states; freedom for all political prisoners.

oners. 8. Struggle against the "American-ization" propaganda, as a scheme for converting all foreign-born workers into docile slaves of American capital-

9. Uncompromising struggle against American imperialism.