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PRODUCERS NEWS

THE PRODUCERS NEWS

Join the
United Farmers
League

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PLENTYWOOD, SHERIDAN COUNTY, MONTANA, FRIDAY, JUNE 3, 1932

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Support Fighting Beet Workers With Relief!

TOILERS NOMINATE FOSTER AND FORD, COMMUNIST CANDIDATES

ADOPT PLATFORM

Fifty Worker Delegates
Speak From Platform
On Second Day

HOLD CONFERENCES

Groups Meet to Discuss
Negro, Unemployment,
Other Questions

Chicago, May 29—A platform calling for granting of unemployment and social insurance at expense of the state and employers was adopted unanimously by the delegates to the national nominating convention of the Communist party on the second and final day of its sessions in the Peoples Auditorium here on Sunday.

"Equal rights for the Negroes and self determination for the black belt," and emergency relief for the impoverished farmers, constitute other important points in the platform. The program stresses also the need for a struggle against imperialist war and for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

More than fifty worker delegates from mill, mine, field and factory took the platform on the final day of the convention. Women and Negro workers were prominent among the speakers. A woman worker from the stockyards of Chicago; a boy striker from the Colorado beet fields; a Pennsylvania miner; a share cropper from Camp Hill and a tenant farmer from Florida—these delegates and many others took the floor to describe the conditions of workers and farmers in their sections and to pledge their support to the communist candidates, William Z. Foster of New York and James W. Ford, Negro worker of Alabama.

Groups of delegates assembled at the close of the afternoon session for special meetings on their special problems. One hundred four women delegates met in a conference to stress the need of special demands for the working women in the various cities and states—equal pay for equal work, a fight against the high cost of living, and maternity insurance.

Over 150 Negro delegates from north and south met for several hours to endorse the platform of the Communist party in the election campaign and to consider how the Negro and white workers could be won for the slogan of equal rights and self determination for the black belt. A conference on unemployment made proposals for the propagation of the importance of the first point in the platform of the party—the demand for unemployment insurance at the expense of state and bosses, for the 12 million jobless Negro and white workers in the country.

C. A. Hathaway, who is the national campaign manager for the Communist party, reported on the plans for the coming months. He urged the delegates to return to their homes determined to carry the platform of the party into every shop, factory and mine.

The convention closed with the delegates rising to sing the International.

Further Drop of 26%
In Automobile Output
of World During 1931

World automobile production during 1931 showed a drop of 26.3% from the output in 1930. Total production in 1931 amounted to 3,042,069 which was 1,084,041 units less than in 1930. In the year previous the drop in production had amounted to 34.3%. As a result the production during 1931 was less than half the total world production of 6,277,451 for 1929.

The department of commerce is forced to admit that the outstanding movement contrary to this general sharpening crisis was in the Soviet Union. "The outstanding increase was shown by Russia, the output of 23,400 machines being 174% higher than in 1930 which in turn was 73% above 1929."

UFL LOCALS ARE
MOBILIZING FOR
ST. LOUIS MARCH

Virginia, Minn., May 28.—The United Farmers League of St. Louis county is making intensive preparations thruout the county in organizing the farmers and workers for a Hunger March to Duluth on June 21st. According to the reports coming into the St. Louis county headquarters of the United Farmers League there will be farmers and workers represented from 50 different localities participating in the Hunger March. Three thousand workers and farmers are expected to take part in this Hunger March.

Every local of the UFL is making preparations to mobilize the poor and middle class farmers around the demands for:

1. Tax exemption for the poor farmers; 2. Against mortgage foreclosures and evictions of the poor and middle class farmers; 3. Against discrimination in letting county road work; 4. Immediate relief for the poverty ridden farmers and workers; 5. Raising of the taxes on all large property owners (banks, railroads, mining companies, large land owners, insurance companies, and corporations). These will constitute the main demands that will be presented to the county board of commissioners by a committee of workers and farmers.

MOTHER BLOOR AT
BIG U.F.L. MEETING
IN FORBES, N. DAK.

Forbes, N. D., May 25.—A large crowd of farmers gathered at the Community Hall to hear the state organizer of the United Farmers League, Ella Reeve Bloor, on Sunday night, May 28. The Forbes territory has been a stronghold of the Farmers Union, being the stamping grounds of its state president, Talbot. Now the farmers are awakening to the fact that the Farmers Union has failed them and they are therefore turning to the United Farmers League and its militant program of struggle for leadership. A good UFL local has been established here. The next meeting will be held Friday night, June 3.

Eliminate Small Farmers Is Advice of
Farm Board Member to Southern Bankers

Complete approval of the program of the southern bankers to put the "cotton-producing industry on a basis of at least reasonable prosperity" thru elimination of small croppers and poor farmers was given by George R. James, member of the Federal Reserve Board at the joint convention of the bankers' associations of Arkansas, Tennessee, and Mississippi in Memphis on May 26.

James introduced the plunder program of the Hoover Hunger government with an attempt to hide the extreme misery to which the farm masses have been driven in the south. "As I look back over the last 20 years, I am wondering if in that time any real progress has been made." He wonders about "progress" at a time when the Negro and white farm masses of the south have been driven to levels of greater misery than at any time since the Civil War.

Eliminate Small Farmers
The program which this Wall Street agent laid out plainly before the southern bankers is the elimination of the small farmers in the south.

"The fact is, my friends, the South has been kept poor since the Civil War trying to get along (and keep alive) with the 'morphine of credit' those so-called farmers who are producing 125 pounds or less of lint cotton per acre. No matter what the price of cotton may be, those folks never produce as much value as they consume. Aside from the economic there is a social situation

15,000 PRESENT

1200 Delegates Represent
Every Industrial and Farm
Center of U. S.

CHEER CANDIDATES

Mass Meeting Boos Chicago
Red Squad, Forced to
Leave Hall

CHICAGO, May 28.—Twelve hundred delegates from every industrial and farm center in America, at least 25% of them Negroes, convened today at the Nominating convention of the Communist Party, to intensify their struggle against unemployment, wage-cuts and war. Their proposed vice-presidential candidate, James W. Ford, drew a thundering ovation and the entire assemblage broke into the strains of the International when he and Wm. Z. Foster, candidate for president, appeared on the platform.

The red-festooned hall, flaming in banners, calling for a "Fight against Imperialist War," "Negroes and white, unite and fight," "Defend the Soviet Union" and "We demand unemployment insurance" resounded continuously with cheers for the proposed platform of the Communist Party.

The Communist platform presented for the approval of the delegates, consisted of the following six points:

1. Unemployment and social insurance at the expense of the state and employers.
2. Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.
3. Emergency relief for the impoverished farmers, without restrictions by the government and banks; exemption of impoverished farmers from taxes, and from forced collections of rents and debts.
4. Equal rights for the Negroes, and self-determination for the Black Belt.
5. Against capitalist error; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of the workers.
6. Against Imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.
The keynote of the Convention, the largest in the Party's history, (Continued on Last Page)Eliminate Small Farmers Is Advice of
Farm Board Member to Southern Bankers

involved that puts women and children in a condition that is little short of abject slavery. "Is not then the folly of extending production credit to this class of people perfectly obvious? Is it not perfectly clear to you, individually and collectively, that our country cannot possibly prosper until we learn the absolute necessity of following the Divine injunction to 'replenish the earth and subdue it'?"

Freedom to Starve
It is not the earth that this bankers' agent is calling on the bankers to "subdue," but the tolling farm masses. He calls on them to "eliminate" "those people" who produce less than 125 pounds of cotton per acre. This starvation program he gives divine blessing and hypocritically supports with the fact that at present "women and children" are "in a condition that is little short of abject slavery" by refusing them the right to live. He proposes to make them free to starve to death.Cut Out Production Loans
Complete refusal of production loans to the tolling farm masses of the south is the Wall Street program of "putting the cotton-producing industry on a basis of at least reasonable prosperity."

"In my judgment, you are fully justified in demanding of your borrowers that, along with their application for a loan, they present a budget of their actual and possible income as well as their estimated and (Continued on Page Two)

WILLIAM Z. FOSTER



The Communist candidate for president will speak at four meetings in the Dakotas and in eastern Montana during the next week. The first of these meetings will be held in Frederick, South Dakota, in the Savo Hall on June 10, 2:00 p. m.

On Saturday, June 11 in the afternoon, Foster will speak in Bismarck, N. D., at 420 Second St. In the evening of June 11, he will speak in Minot, N. D., in Calvary Hall at Third St. and Second Ave. S. E.

On Sunday, June 12, a monster mass meeting will be held at Brush Lake, Montana. This will be the opening of the Brush Lake resort and will be one of the largest meetings ever held there.

COMMITTEE OF BANKERS PLANS
NEW TAX LAWSOnly Plan Found Suitable
Is Further Attack on
Working Class

CRISIS DEEPENING

Banks, Insurance Companies
and Other Institutions
Weakening Further

The meeting of the Young Committee of Wall Street bankers which was held on May 27 showed that despite all of the capitalist press propaganda the committee has only one "plan" for getting out of the crisis—further attacks on the living standards of the working class. The capitalist press in reporting the meeting states that "the crisis, in the view of bankers, is virtually out of the hands of the financiers, because it is a crisis in confidence produced by the Congressional impasse."

The capitalist class is forced to admit that it knows of nothing which will be effective in stopping the further sharpening of the crisis. They attempt, however, to make the present situation in Congress the cause of the sharpening of the crisis rather than its result. The real present task of the Young committee is to give the White House and Congress the directives of Wall Street for carrying on the attack against the working class.

Orders for Washington
The capitalist press reports that "it was expected that the next move of the Young committee would be to convey to administrative and legislative circles in Washington an expression of its opinion as to what measures of fiscal legislation should be undertaken at once to restore confidence." The way in which they plan to "restore confidence" is thru the "balancing of the budget and the enactment of sound and effective tax legislation," which mean, briefly, further attacks on the working class.

The New York Times is forced (Continued on Page Two)

OPEN MOVES IN
JAPAN FOR WAR
ON SOVIET UNIONPreparations to Seize
Chinese Eastern Road Exposed In Press

WILL ATTACK USSR

Japanese Warned In Soviet
Press of Vigilance of
Red Army

Moscow, May 30.—In connection with the recently intensified anti-Soviet campaign in imperialist circles, the Japanese militarists and press are conducting the most open propaganda in preparation for armed intervention against the Soviet Union.

So manifest is the Japanese drive for war against the Soviet Union that "Izvestia" and "Pravda" are devoting a number of articles exposing the tendencies of the Japanese military and their open attempts to seize the Chinese Eastern Railway.

Quoting a number of extracts from articles by Japanese military men and journalists, Izvestia particularly dwells on an article by Hirota Hiromori which appeared in the Japanese press under the caption: "Final Aim Our Actions."

The author bases his views on the prerequisite of the danger of joint war actions by the United States and the U. S. S. R. He pictures the actions of the Japanese army in northern Manchuria and the Japanese fleet at Shanghai as a preliminary action for war against the Soviet Union and the United States. "Izvestia" quotes the following extract from this meaningful article:

"Before when war was presumed between the U.S.S.R. and Japan it was impossible to think that the first stage of the military operations would be the occupation of Tsitsihar or Harbin. The present situation is such as if this first stage would have passed already."

Quoting this passage, Izvestia says: Under cover of the mask of (Continued on Page Two)

RANKS WILL HOLD DESPITE
TERROR IF RELIEF IS SENTTRADE UNION UNITY LEAGUE
URGES AID TO BEET STRIKE

Statement of the Trade Union Unity League

To All Toilers:

The strike of 18,000 workers is the largest strike of agricultural workers since the World War, and the first big struggle of the Colorado beet workers. It is a heroic struggle, in the face of great odds.

The Great Western Sugar Co. and other large sugar interests, who dictate to the farmers, are trying to keep the beet workers in conditions of actual slavery, forced labor, starvation wages and use every form of persecution and discrimination.

This year they are trying to further reduce a starvation wage by cutting it nearly one-half. In addition, the beet workers who toil long hours with their whole families, wives and children to earn even a piece of bread are often not paid for work done, and are forced to trade at company stores which rob them. The overwhelming majority of the workers are Mexicans, and are threatened with jail and deportation unless they accept whatever conditions are offered by the sugar kings.

This strike can be won. The whole crop in the Colorado fields may be lost if the workers are not back in the fields shortly. This has great advantages for the strikers. But it also calls forth every form of intimidation and terror and every starvation scheme of the sugar interests. For weeks before the strike, the beet workers who refused to sign the new contracts for a wage cut were denied credit at the stores. Hundreds have been evicted.

The outcome of the strike is in the balance! Victory depends on the amount of immediate support given by the workers of the rest of the country. There is no time for building elaborate relief machinery. Action is necessary now. Later will be too late.

This is one of the most important struggles in the resistance of the nation-wide attack on workers' standards of living. It is the concern of every worker.

Rush tents, food and cash at once, directly to United Front Relief Committee, 1154 Eleventh St., Denver, Col., or to P. O. Box 2023, Denver, Colorado.

Adopt resolutions of solidarity and protest against wholesale arrests, terror and deportations in Colorado. Hold mass meetings and adopt such resolutions. Send them at once to the United Front Strike Committee, P. O. Box 2023, Denver, Colorado.

TO HONOR FOUR
FORD WORKERSMonument to Be Built In
Honor of Four Workers
Murdered March 7

From all over the world letters of help and encouragement have come to Detroit for the building of a monument to the four workers, murdered at Ford's on Bloody Monday, March 7th, 1932. Prominent proletarian artists have volunteered designs for this monument and workers and sympathizers send in contributions to help with the work. The important task in building this monument is to symbolize the struggle against Fordism and to make a strong plea for union among all workers.

To effectively carry on this work, both money and designs are necessary. The site of the common grave of the four murdered workers lies just opposite the looming stacks of the Ford River Rouge plant, the scene of the massacre. Thousands of workers pass the grave daily on their way to work or seeking work. Here, it is necessary to build our monument.

Sponsored By John Reed Club
The John Reed Club of Detroit and the Auto Workers Union sponsors an international competition, open to proletarian artists of all countries. Artists, workers and farmers should immediately send plans and sketches picturing their idea of the monument. These sketches should be drawn in charcoal or ink on full-sheet drawing paper. The size of the monument is to be not over twenty feet long, by seven feet wide. The artistsUse Garden Projects
to Stop Demands for
Unemployment Relief

In order to still the demands for unemployment relief and in order to lower wages still further, the B. F. Goodrich company has started a "co-operative" gardening project near Akron, Ohio. The project will be "for the benefit of part-time and former employees" and to "assure their families an adequate food supply by utilizing idle time."

The Goodrich company is trying to make its employees believe that while they cannot hope to make a decent living from their jobs, they can do so by cultivating small gardens. It wants, also, to prevent its former employees from demanding relief at the expense of the company.

have the widest choice in the matter of design and material. Workers and proletarian artists should send their designs as soon as possible, writing their names and addresses and organizational affiliations on the back of the sketches. These sketches will be submitted to a Workers Jury, and to workers all over the United States, and will become parts of traveling exhibits, the final design being chosen by a vote of the workers.

Workers, artists, and proletarian sympathizers! Enter into this competition, and if you are not artists, help immediately with funds. Symbolize the world-wide struggle against exploitation and Fordism. Send funds and designs to the Ford Massacre Monument Committee, 3115 Barlum Tower, Detroit, Michigan.

33 ARE ARRESTED

Strike At Critical Stage In
Some Areas Due to Mass
Starvation

RUSH TENTS, FOOD

Local Support Prevented By
Company Control of Entire
Communities

DENVER, Colo., May 27—Thirty-three strikers were arrested on the picket line in Avondale yesterday after farmers armed and organized had threatened to shoot them down. Ismael Vega and one other are held incommunicado for deportation and are also facing criminal charges. In Greeley six were given sentences of thirty days for violation of the state anti-picketing law after the state had been forced to withdraw other charges of intimidation, trespassing, and disturbance when the evidence completely collapsed under a vigorous attack from Pat Toohey, who was defending the strikers.

DENVER, Colo., May 27—In spite of continued terror and further arrests throughout the beet fields, the future of the strike has narrowed down almost entirely to the question of relief. A telegram received yesterday from organizers Guynn and Sanchez who are touring the southern field, reads as follows: "Situation Pueblo and surrounding region critical. Imperative relief must reach them immediately or front will be broken, due to mass starvation. Meetings good, splendid spirit, very few working under police guard." Toohey back from northern field reports an even worse situation. Where no relief has been sent there are already signs of a break. This is due to absolutely nothing but lack of relief and tents. Not one tent has reached the strike area. There has been a driving rain for two days during which many workers had no place but the side of the road to put their furniture. Four families are living in one room.

Normally in strikes it is possible to collect food locally from farmers and sympathetic storekeepers but in this strike all but the poorest farmers are fighting the strike. Due to race prejudice against Mexicans and tie up with sugar companies and growers it is equally impossible to get anything from the small towns in Colorado. From outside of Colorado exactly \$2.50 has been received.

No Relief In Many Sections
Two small truck loads of food have gone in to feed 18,000 strikers. In spite of the fact that from a material point of view this has not been enough to actually alleviate the starvation at all yet the fact of knowing they have some support and are not entirely deserted by the working class has been enough to hold those sections which received something absolutely firm. But for dozens of colonies there has been no relief of any kind. There the break is beginning and unless food and tents come within a few days it cannot but mean the defeat of the strike. These workers have heroically fought against terror, deportations, intimidations and incredible starvation, they absolutely cannot hold out any longer unless help comes. If the workers fail them they will be forced back to their slave conditions, their wages in some cases amount to as little as 20 cents a day for a 10-hour day. They have done their best. The success or failure of the strike lies with the response workers elsewhere give to their desperate appeal for food. Flour and lard to make tortillas and barely keep alive is all they ask. Workers do not fail them. Rush food, money and tents to 1154 Eleventh Street, Denver, Colorado, immediately.

DENVER, Colo., May 25.—The center of the terror against the striking beet-workers has now shifted to Fort Lupton. This was until a day or so ago, one of the (Continued on Page Two)

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ERIK BERT, Editor
HANS RASMUSSEN, Business Manager

Friday, June 3, 1932

AFTER THE BUDGET HAS BEEN BALANCED

President Hoover issued a statement on May 28 denouncing the Democratic "relief" proposals made by Representative Garner. The main part of Hoover's statement is concerned with a denunciation of the Democratic measures as a "gigantic pork barrel." The Democratic and the Republican "relief" measures are measures for further immediate relief for the toiling masses. The struggles of the politicians around these measures, to which the capitalist press gives so much attention, are designed to make political capital for the job hunters of both parties thru most vicious mockery of the misery of the masses.

The real program of the Hoover government is contained in the first sentence of his statement.

"THE URGENT QUESTION TODAY IS THE PROMPT BALANCING OF THE BUDGET. WHEN THAT IS ACCOMPLISHED I PROPOSE TO SUPPORT ADEQUATE MEASURES FOR RELIEF OF DISTRESS AND UNEMPLOYMENT."

For WHOM is the "urgent question today the balancing of the budget"? For the capitalist class. For them the fact that the budget is out of balance means that the capitalist state is being shaken in its foundations. It means that the capitalist state apparatus is not functioning as the capitalist class would have it.

What is the urgent question facing the toiling masses of city and farm? It is the question of the necessities of life. It is the question of existence.

For Wall Street and its state this is a question of secondary importance. The question of prime importance is the interests of the capitalist class. The lives of the toiling masses are secondary to the interests of the capitalist class.

While Hoover's vicious statement tells the

working class in brutal frankness that they can starve until the budget plan is balanced, Hoover lies even when talking about the most important interest of the capitalist class. Important as the federal budget is for the entire capitalist class, there is a question of even greater immediate importance for the capitalists and that is their interests as individual plunderers and exploiters. The Hoover government has handed out millions of dollars to the capitalists in tax returns and in gifts from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. This has intensified the budgetary crisis of the federal government.

What is the program of the capitalist class? To plunder the federal treasury to as great an extent as possible in order that the capitalist class may get its interest and dividends paid. The federal budget has been severely shaken by the crisis. This has been intensified by the plundering of the treasury by the capitalist class. Hoover's program, the program of Wall Street, is that the working class must be robbed thru new taxes, to fill up the widening gap in the budget.

But the working class is suffering direct privation. Millions of unemployed workers face actual starvation. So do their wives and children. Millions of farmers are destitute. What is Hoover's answer to this misery, this misery on a scale never before heard of or dreamt of in the United States?

"WHEN THAT (BALANCING OF THE BUDGET) IS ACCOMPLISHED I PROPOSE TO SUPPORT ADEQUATE MEASURES FOR RELIEF OF DISTRESS AND UNEMPLOYMENT."

When the capitalist class has been satisfied, then Hoover will do something for the working class. The capitalist class has never been satisfied. It has plundered and exploited the toiling masses beyond bearing it. It has condemned millions on millions of toilers and their families to death so that it might coin profits out of their life blood. Hoover's hypocritical promise of relief for the toiling masses after the wishes of his masters, the Wall Street bankers, have been satisfied is a promise of starvation and death to millions of American workers and farmers.

This promise we must crush down the throat of this bloodhound of the exploiters. This heavy jowled mastiff weighs our lives against the budget of the capitalist state and finds that we have not suffered enough yet, finds that we must suffer more dire want, so that the budget may be balanced.

We must intensify our efforts many fold to organize the toiling farmers for united militant struggle for relief. Relief for the small and middle farmers. To the millions of city workers organized for struggle against the hunger program of the capitalist class we must unite in solidarity the millions of the farm masses.

"UNEMPLOYMENT AND SOCIAL INSURANCE AT THE EXPENSE OF THE STATE AND EMPLOYERS."

"EMERGENCY RELIEF FOR THE IMPOVERISHED FARMERS, WITHOUT RESTRICTIONS BY THE GOVERNMENT AND BANKS; EXEMPTION OF IMPOVERISHED FARMERS FROM TAXES, AND FROM FORCED COLLECTION OF RENTS AND DEBTS."

Workers Co-operative Is Hit a Vicious Blow

EBEN JUNCTION, Mich., May 23—The Eben Farmers' Co-operative Store Company's Board received a long awaited decision handed down by Judge Rannels of the Eleventh Judicial Circuit Court that the Eben Co-operative Store must be dissolved. The suit brought about by the handful of stockholders has now come to a close. Judge Rannels has handed down a decision declaring the solvent Eben Co-operative, which has over \$45,000.00 of Net Worth, into the hands of a Receiver to be dissolved and, if possible, disposed of as soon as possible.

The decision of the Court makes it impossible for the membership to appeal the case as there is a twenty-five thousand dollar bond required to guarantee that the assets of the organization shall not diminish.

Instigated by the Halonenites The suit which now has been concluded was brought about at the instigation of the Halonenite leadership of the Central Co-operative Wholesale, using as plaintiff some of their followers in the Eben territory who had a long time before already organized a competitive organization in Chatham, Michigan.

According to the decision, Judge Rannels had no other excuse but that the leadership in the Eben Co-operative are Communists according to his opinion, and therefore, he declares the dissolution of this solvent co-operative organization of Michigan. After receiving this class decision of the Eleventh Judicial Circuit Court of Michigan, the Eben Farmers' Co-operative Store membership held a Conference on May 17th, where the matter was thoroughly discussed.

Attack on Working Class It was pointed out at the conference where the decision was read, that the declaration of the Eben Co-operative Store into the hands of receivers and to be dissolved, is an unjustified and open attack by the Halonenite leadership through the courts against the Eben Co-operative and the working class as a whole.

At the conference there were about 350 stockholders present. At this meeting it was decided that everything possible must be done by the Board to safeguard the interests of the supporters of the store and its membership as it was deemed impossible to appeal the case to the Supreme Court of the State of Michigan, because of the large bond that was required and because of the prohibitive leg-

al and court expenses that would be involved.

The conference went on record to make this class decision of Judge Rannels known throughout the country in the co-operative centers and to expose the whole affair before the working class.

Organize New Co-operative In view of the fact that the Judge has in mind the destruction completely of the working class co-operative movement in Eben Junction and surrounding communities, the conference went on record to immediately organize a new co-operative to take care of the needs of the workers and farmers when the old one is dissolved; that in spite of the efforts of the Halonenite leadership and the court, there will always be a working class co-operative in the Eben territory.

The following letter was unanimously adopted by the conference to be sent to Judge Rannels and the court which is self-explanatory:

Eben Junction, Mich., May 17th, 1932.
Herbert W. Rannels, Circuit Judge
Eleventh Judicial Circuit Court of Michigan,
Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan.
Dear Sir:

We are in receipt of your decision concerning the Eben Farmers' Co-operative Store Company. We, the membership, assembled in conference vigorously protest against the decision handed down by your court as unjust and based on your antagonism toward the present legally and unanimously elected Board because of their political beliefs.

The very fact that your court has declared the Store to be placed into the hands of a Receiver at the behest of wreckers and open enemies within the ranks of our organization, to be liquidated at a time when it will result in tremendous losses to the membership, when there is no necessity for such action, shows that it is an outright attack by your court to destroy the Eben Farmers' Co-operative Store Company, a solvent Michigan Co-operative Corporation.

In view of this fact, the membership of the Eben Farmers' Co-operative Store Company, hereby declare that we shall expose this unjust action with all the means at our disposal. We further state that we hold you, as Judge of the Eleventh Judicial Circuit Court of Michigan, responsible for all the losses which are bound to occur to

EAST COALRIDGE

Little Shirley Dahl, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Dahl had her thumb badly smashed in the pump machinery early last week which necessitated a doctor's care.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hansen were busy the past week with the summer's supply of meats for their large farm.

Albert Melby has been assisting at the Ole Bakke farm the past week, running the horse outfit. Andrew Dahl, Martin Morken, Henry and Edgar Syverud went on an auto party that attended the taxpayers meeting in Plentywood on Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hansen and family were also visitors at the county seat on that day.

Donald French and Miss Opal Karhoff of Osnobrock, N. D., accompanied home by Arnold and Emma Boe who have been attending High School there arrived Saturday afternoon at the Ole Boe home. The former returned on Sunday morning to Douglas, N. D. A surprise party was tendered at the Ole Bakke farm the past week. Mrs. Melby home on Saturday evening by the neighbors and patrons of our school where she has just completed her fourth term of teaching. Several hours of visiting and dancing coupled with a dainty lunch served as the entertainment.

On Sunday morning quite a number of the friends as well as relatives Miss Agnes Johnson at the Oscar Melby home on Saturday evening by the neighbors and patrons of our school where she has just completed her fourth term of teaching. Several hours of visiting and dancing coupled with a dainty lunch served as the entertainment.

The membership resulting from this action.

Owing to the fact that it has been made impossible for us to appeal this case on account of the demand by your court of a twenty-five thousand dollar bond and the prohibitive legal expense, which in any case can only result in additional loss to the membership, we state that since the Receiver will be appointed, we suggest that the hearing on the matter be held at Munising, Michigan after June 6th, 1932. In all events, we demand that the hearing date be communicated to us in due time.

The Conference further instructs that copies of this communication be sent to the press and all workers' and farmers' organizations in Michigan and surrounding countries.

For the Membership Conference
Eben Farmers' Co-operative Store Company,
Per: Alfred Backman, Chairman.
Present: 350 Stockholders.

Doings of the Advance Guard

The farmers now have the seed in the ground, that part of their task in the struggle for existence is over with. In some places it has rained, in some places it hasn't. In many places wind and sand storms have made the fields into barren deserts. Thistles and other weeds are taking the lead and leaving the grain behind. Before long, grasshoppers, cutworms, army worms and other pests will take their toll. Farmers are again living in hopes, hoping against odds that this fall will bring them big crops and better prices, so they can pay their taxes and obligations.

Even the luckiest ones, the few with the big crop, are going to be sadly disappointed. This fall there will be fewer taxes paid than ever before. Many farmers are hollering for a moratorium: Just at present we can not pay, but if you will only wait a few years, then we will pay it all, they say.

You must go out and organize the farmers and tell them, and make them understand, that these back taxes and interest piling up can never be paid. That not only the farmers but our counties, our states and our whole nation is so hopelessly in debt that we can not even begin to pay the interest on what we owe. Postponing these payments is not going to solve the problem, it is only going to make it still worse. We must take the bull by the horns and wipe these obligations off the slate, slick and clean.

In order to do this, we must organize together, for our own protection as well as our neighbors. We have come to a point where we can no longer pay. If we are properly organized we can save our homes, if we are not, then we will be kicked out of house and home with no place to go.

The capitalists know that something is going to happen soon. They know they have kept on piling burdens on the people's back until they have broken their backs. Here in Sheridan county, our registered county warrants cannot be sold at any price, which proves that the capitalists do not believe our delinquent taxes will ever be paid, otherwise they would be glad to buy them as long as they can get them at their own figures.

In "our" great state of Montana, supposed to be rich and financially better fixed than most other states, the debenture bonds cannot be sold, nobody wants to buy them. These bonds are guaranteed by a 5c per gallon gasoline tax, not only for this year, but for many years to come. This shows plainly that the capitalists are not going to take any chances on the future. They are not going to invest and wait even a few years before they can collect. They are expecting something to happen before that time, expecting a wiping off.

Organize the farmers, and by all means spread the Producers News and let us tell them some more about it.

DOINGS OF LAST WEEK

H. Walter, Salinas, Calif., writes for sample copies of the Producers News and for information about the U. F. L.

Dr. J. J. Moffet, Geneseo, Ill., is also interested in the Producers News and wants to know some more about it.

W. J. Huse, Belden, N. Dak., sends in one sub and orders 10-25c sub cards: "We shall try to keep the ball rolling from now on," he says.

Henry Keinonen, Eveleth, Minn., sends one sub.

Richard Koski, Richwood, Minn., sends two subs.

F. F. Brinkman, Dagmar, Mont., renews his subscription.

Organ of Militant Farmers Venice Brink, Nashville, Ill., writes: "Having heard that the Producers News is the organ of militant farmers organization, and that it fights for the true interest of the farming class, I should like to have some information about the U. F. L. and a couple of copies of the paper. Farmers in this region are about getting fed up on fake 'farmers' organizations."

A. R. Rebo, Comertown, Mont., sends in two renewals.

Wm. Lapinoja, Enumclaw, Wash.,

is here again with two more subs and an order for bundles.

L. A. Bjornahl, Arlington, Wash., sends money for a bundle to be sent weekly.

Rudolph Harju, Superior, Wis., sends \$2.00 for 10-25c sub cards, each good for 6 weeks, and one sub.

K. S. Laesch, Montpelier, N. D., sends us five subs.

Robert Prettyman, West Allis, Wis., writes for information about paper and the U. F. L. He is trying to organize farmers in northern Wisconsin.

A. B. Pfeiffer, Missoula, Mont., writes for information about the Producers News and the U. F. L.

Much Valuable News

Wm. Engelbert, Himes, Ill., digs down in his own pocket and subscribes for a farmer friend in Minnesota. "The Producers News is giving much valuable news," he says.

Frank A. Salo, Iron, Minn., pays for a bundle.

Oluf Hoff, Dagmar, turns in four renewals.

Al Boss, Williston, N. Dak., sends one sub.

Fred Young, Prosser, Wash., subscribes.

SUPPORT FIGHTING BEET WORKERS WITH RELIEF

(Continued from Front Page)

few beet centers in which the strike had made little headway. Saturday there were only six on strike. Monday four carloads of pickets came from nearby towns and 150 were pulled. Today no one is working. Samuel W. Lee of the State Law Enforcement Department sent into the area by Governor Adams personally, conducted raids on workers' homes without warrant. Three workers were arrested yesterday and three today including Gould of the Young Communist League. They are being held incommunicado for investigation. Several women and children were arrested for picketing this morning but were later released. Lee openly announces he has told farmers to shoot at anyone coming on their fields. This of course includes women and children who are among the most active picketers in this section.

Support United Front Demands The United Front's change in policy, putting forth the guarantee in wages as the most important demand and allowing wage contracts which shall be no lower than last year in place of a straight demands for \$23 an acre, has met with a favorable response. The successful settlement with some Fort Morgan growers on these terms has also had a most favorable reaction.

The beets are already three times the size proper for thinning; they are becoming choked. They are also becoming afflicted with a disease known as black root from lack of care.

Farmers Response Growing

Detailed reports from the Northern field show that in Fort Morgan the German and Russian workers are actually walking off the fields even where there is no picketing. A particularly successful meeting was held there yesterday, the sentiment was excellent and the strike committee greatly strengthened. An interesting thing here and at some of the other meetings was the presence of a number of the poorer farmers. A great effort has been made by the United Front to enlist them on the side of the beet-worker against the sugar company at least to the extent of neutralizing them in the strike. Their attendance and response at these meetings shows considerable headway has been made. In Hillrose a meeting of 125 was held and 100 of these were poor tenant farmers. Present at all the meetings also are always the superintendents, manager or fieldman of the sugar companies; there for the purpose of intimidating the workers. In spite of this all meetings have been splendidly attended and

the speakers received with tremendous enthusiasm. Women and Children Active in Picketing

In Brush the situation is very similar to Fort Morgan with especially active picketing. There are a large number of women and children on the picket lines. In Brush, one of the local preachers launched a bitter attack on the strike and also attacked the Communists with particular vehemence. He aroused such general and bitter indignation that he has been forced to subside.

Greeley is 100% solid in spite of continuous propaganda in the capitalist press to the contrary. Besides picketing the surrounding fields they have sent carloads of pickets for ten and fifteen miles around. The relief and evictions are particularly bad here however and it is practically impossible to raise money locally in the beet fields since the only farmers who are sympathetic are those that are themselves starving. The merchants and most townspeople are tied up with the sugar companies and big growers.

Misleaders Betraying Strikers

In Fort Collins, the United Front has had to fight the Spanish-American leaders who are betraying the workers in the most shameful fashion, opposing the strike and agitating for deportation of the Mexican workers. A meeting of about 150 was held there and a sharp attack launched against the fascist leadership. At the same time an effort was made to draw the rank and file closer into the United Front and union with the Mexican and other workers. Strike committees were strengthened here and a picket committee of 15 will lead the picketing if money can be raised for gas and oil. This is one of the poorest sections—the workers are utterly destitute.

In Johnstown the starvation is literally tragic. Workers are dying on their feet dividing their one tortilla (a kind of Mexican pancake food and water) between a whole family. The Red Cross has cut off the government flour from the strikers. They had been existing on this meagre help and are now absolutely desperate.

In Longmont, home of Thomas Mahony, Catholic welfare faker, there has been a persistent attempt on the part of the press and the Catholics to raise the Red issue. The workers' speakers attacked this as a strike-breaking tactic on the part of Mahony and explained the whole character of the United Front. Here the Great Western Sugar Co. has issued statements to the press and carefully circulated the report that sugar was so low and business so bad they didn't care whether or not beets were grown and that they were advising the farmer to plow them under. When however, a farmer took them at their word and started to do this, the field man for the company got the marshal and threatened to arrest him, showing up their scheme to try and demoralize the workers.

Workers For United Front Program

The beginning of the second week of the strike shows, in spite of the desperate need of relief that the strike is still on the up grade, the sentiment excellent, the workers 100% for the policy of the United Front. In the few places where they are working it is because they are literally dying of hunger and the first bit of relief will bring them out. Tents are equally important, especially in the districts where there are no colonies and they live on the land of the individual farmer, and are therefore at his mercy. In Weldonia for example though fifty are working, they have told the strike committee they will come out the moment there is any hope of tents. Everything depends on relief, particularly at this moment the question of whether a retrogressive movement will creep in some places depends entirely on relief. At least a hundred tents must be donated, borrowed or rented by tomorrow. Workers must rush contributions to the new address of the relief headquarters, 1154 Eleventh St., Denver, Colo., for packages, P. O. Box 2023 for letters.

JAPAN FOR WAR

(Continued from Front Page)

strategic discussions regarding preparations for defense in case of attack by the U. S. S. R., Hiro informs Japan that the first stage of the preparation for war against the U. S. S. R. has been completed. He reports the same preparation for war with America.

He relates that during the Japanese operations near Ussuri during the week from the last days of January to first days of February the uneasiness evident in the operative department of the American fleet was undoubtedly unusual. Meanwhile the Japanese fleet headed by Admiral Prince Fushino, chief of the operative department, was ready according to its sentiments to fight and kept in full readiness while the entire army maintained formal silence.

The Japanese fleet, he says, shows determination to destroy any enemy which will break in the western part of the Pacific. The Japanese army and navy, he says, will undoubtedly clear

ELIMINATE SMALL FARMERS IS ADVICE OF FARM BOARD MEMBER TO SO. BANKERS

(Continued from Front Page)

probable expenditures. That such a budget should show a reasonable margin of excess income over the estimated amount of the expenditures before you make loans to the customer is, of course, self-evident."

He proposes that the bankers of the south get "busy with your influence and leadership at home" to force the Hoover government to stop any further federal loans to the small farmers and croppers of the south. He indicated that the Hoover government was preparing to carry this into effect immediately.

"Of course, I am assuming that the production loans extended by the Government thru the Department of Agriculture are merely temporary and that

the Far Eastern continent and the western part of the Pacific of all hostile elements."

If Hiroto Hiromori considered it a question regarding preparation for defense by Japan in case of an attack by the U. S. S. R. and the United States, the reactionary "Nihon" throws away all conventionalities in publishing articles by Kamaichi captioned "Japan-American or Japan-Soviet War."

Izvestia in exposing this article of the Japanese fascist journalist quotes numerous passages showing manifest tendencies of Japanese militarists towards capturing Siberia. Izvestia says:

"Nihon's articles will not frighten the Soviet Union. The U. S. S. R. demands nothing of Japan but respect for her borders and interests. The U. S. S. R. is striving towards peaceful good-neighborly relations with Japan, towards strengthening economic relations which are equally advantageous for both countries and which may find for the Japanese nation a way out from the difficult situation in which it is presently placed."

Pointing out that there are in Japan more sober politicians who see the whole danger of such an adventure on the part of the Japanese imperialist circles, Izvestia concludes:

"Japanese... imperialists... have been already in Siberia. That visit costs the Japanese nation a billion rubles and much blood and the imperialists had to go home. This was when the Red Army was just organizing and when the U. S. S. R. did not produce coal and iron three times as much as Japan. Should the Japanese imperialists now succeed in involving the Japanese nation into a fresh adventure, they

this menace to the welfare of our entire community will not be long continued. But if governmental aid is to be continued in an effort to care for the inefficient farmers on poor lands, why should not this credit be expended in a retraining scheme, since by so doing there would be a chance of getting a real return of and on the money loaned and at the same time cut down the over-production of cotton?"

This Hunger Program of the capitalist class which will gain a "real return of and on the money loaned" will "at the same time cut down the over-production of cotton" will be accomplished at the increased misery of the toiling farm masses. They will be eliminated from production and left to starve.

would break their teeth against Siberia which knows and remembers the Japanese imperialists and will meet them accordingly.

"Siberia is no street along which imperialist plunderers and murderers may take walks unquestioned. But unfortunately, not only the imperialists would have to pay for their adventures but also the national masses of both countries. Therefore the population of the U. S. S. R. watches with tension the struggle of the adventurer elements in Japan and urges most insistently all elements in Japan having common sense to put an end to this unprecedented bloody agitation."

COMMITTEE OF

(Continued from Front Page)

to admit that the only one of the many "plans" which had been submitted to the Young committee during its existence had any merit to it at all and that did not touch the basic questions of the deepening crisis.

"It was pointed out that the Young committee had been in existence for more than a week and that during that time it had considered a large number of specific proposals for dealing with the deflation, many of them the carefully thought-out work of leading bankers and economists. Nevertheless it had been able to find only one practical outlet—the plan for placing funds at the disposal of the savings and loan associations of the State, a project which, while of the utmost value, scarcely brushed the core of the major financial problem. Yesterday, it was emphasized, the committee put aside altogether, the consideration of specific plans, having agreed, apparently, that none of them could be effective while the major cause of the trouble, loss of confidence in the ability of Congress to carry out its difficult task, was unrelieved.

Bond Market Falls While the Young committee is forced to admit that it has no new "plan" that promises the slightest change in the deepening of the crisis, the bond market, "the heart of the financial system," has been weakening steadily. As a result of this weakening of the bond market, the "banks, insurance companies and other financial institutions of the country" are being shaken as severely now as any time during the crisis.

The Supreme Court has already allowed the Yokinen case to go over till next October, the decision to be given then, as is usual and indeed the rule in all appeal cases brought during the last few days before its summer recess.

UNITED FARMERS LEAGUE LOCAL MEETINGS MONTANA

RAYMOND—June 5, Sunday, Brightman school, 3:00 p. m.
June 19, Sunday, Gibson school, 2:00 p. m.
June 26, Sunday, Marsh school, 2:00 p. m.
COMERTOWN—June 11, Saturday, 8:00 p. m.
QUITMEYER—June 25, Saturday, Franklin school, 1:00 p. m.

We call on all other United Farmers League locals to send us the dates of their meetings so that they can be advertised for several weeks.

Hear William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for President. Grand Opening of Brush Lake, Sunday, the 12th of June at 2:00 p. m. Other speakers include C. E. Taylor of Plentywood and "Mother" Ella Reeve Bloor, communist candidate for congress from N. D.

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MOONEY-SCOTTSBORO MEETING WILL BE LARGEST EVER HELD IN FARMER-LABOR TEMPLE

Mother Mooney, 84 Years Old, and Richard B. Moore
Will Appear In Campaign to Free All Class
War Prisoners

The interest in the Mother Mooney meeting which will be held at the Farmer Labor Temple on Thursday, June 9, at 8:00 p. m., was spread so rapidly since it was announced that it is expected to draw the largest crowd in the history of the temple. Mother Mooney, who is 84 years old, has been fighting for the freedom of her son, Tom, during the entire sixteen years, during which he has been kept in the California dungeons, framed by the bosses because he was a militant leader of the workers.

Mother Mooney comes not only to free her son Tom, but to help to free all war prisoners. The main speaker will be Richard B. Moore, of the International Labor Defense and militant Negro working class leader. Moore will expose the Mooney and Scottsboro frame-up and show why and how the capitalist class of the United States is intensifying its terrorism against the working class. We must show farmers of Sheridan County, we are solidly behind her in the fight for the freeing of Tom Mooney, the eight innocent Scottsboro boys, and all class war prisoners. Thursday, June 9th, is the day. The time is 8:00 p. m. and the place is the Farmer Labor Temple.

Want Ads

LOST—April 15th, Red Heifer calf, white spot on face, year old. Finder will be paid \$25.00. Write or call O. D. SCHULTZ, 10-11.

FOR SALE—Young pigs, \$2.00 each, 1 mile north of Dooley. Write or call O. D. SCHULTZ, 10-11.

WANTED—Men wanted to conduct world renowned Swedish Home Service, business in Counties of Sheridan, East Roosevelt, Cities of Scooby, Wolf Point and Poplar. Reliable hustlers can start earning \$25 weekly and increase rapidly. Write immediately. Rawleigh Co., Dept. W-34-S, Minneapolis, Minn. 11

NEED—Have on hand some fine Seed Corn, Fodder Corn, Siberian Mill Hog Millet and Oats. FARMERS ELEVATOR CO., Reserve, Mont. 7-13-c

WANTED—Second hand bureau or chest of drawers and kerosene stove. Write or call The Producers News.

FOR SALE—Purebred milking strain Shorthorn Bull calves. Two to twelve months old. Well bred and well fed. H. A. HUFFMAN, Raymond, Mont. 1-11-c

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Albert Foley
Plentywood Montana

Ex-Service Men Should Get Booklet on Laws Af- fecting World War Vets

Every veteran who has joined, or becomes a member of the American Legion for 1932, and whose card and dues are of record with the national organization by July 10, will receive without charge a 32-page booklet describing in plain language, all federal and state laws pertaining to World War veterans.

This announcement was made by "Hank" Leverenz, post commander of the local Legion post, following advice received from national headquarters.

Not only will there be a full description of all such laws in words that any person will be able to understand, but all confusing technicalities, such as "202-10," will be eliminated.

SUGGESTIONS ON CLAIMS
One of the most important features of the booklet will be suggestions as to how claims may be started and followed thru.

The booklet cannot be purchased and is available only to members of the Legion. Distribution will be made with the August issue of the American Legion Monthly as a supplement of that publication and goes each month to every member of the organization. This means that all members will receive a copy of the booklet. This means that all members must be cleared thru posts actually in the Legion Monthly office on July 10. This means that they should leave Plentywood not later than July 1st.

The booklet has been produced by the highest class of writers in the country, men who have followed each law as it was proposed, introduced, passed, amended, and then put into operation.

For more details see "Hank" Leverenz or Dick Frank, officials of the Plentywood post.

TAKING OUR RELIGION AWAY

By HANS RASMUSSEN

"You better look out! They are going to take your religion away from you!" That's the first thing you hear somebody holler as soon as the producing class—the farmers and workers—organize themselves into a political body for the purpose of bettering their conditions.

You heard it years ago when the Socialists got into the field; you heard the same thing in the days of the Nonpartisan League. And the same people are hollering louder than ever, because there is a party the capitalist class is really afraid of.

The Communist party is now ruling one sixth of the earth. Let us see what they have done. Remember, doing away with all exploitation is one of their main fundamental rules. Remember also, that the church was the biggest land owner in Russia; that it kept the poor people in ignorance and exploited them. These people were not supporting the church voluntarily, it was compulsory.

What did the Communists do when they got into power? They did not take the church away from the people, but they took the land away from the church. Prevented the church from exploiting the people and living high on others' misery. The people still have their churches, but now it is up to the people themselves to voluntarily support them, and the fact is that support is coming in very slow and many churches are standing empty or used for something else.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE TWENTIETH JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SHERIDAN.

In the Matter of the Estate of JOHN H. HANSEN, also known as JOHANNES HAROLD HANSEN, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, by the undersigned, J. C. Hansen, administrator of the estate of John H. Hansen, also known as Johannes Harold Hansen, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said J. C. Hansen at Dagmar, Montana.

J. C. HANSEN, Administrator.

NOTICE OF HEARING PETITION FOR PROBATE OF WILL.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE TWENTIETH JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SHERIDAN.

In the Matter of the Estate of BENJAMIN DAVIES, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that Lizzie Davies has presented to the Clerk of the District Court of the Twentieth Judicial District of the State of Montana, in and for the County of Sheridan, for filing, an instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Benjamin Davies, deceased, and that the 4th day of June, 1932, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., at the courtroom of said Court, in the Courthouse, in the City of Plentywood, Sheridan County, Montana, has been fixed as the time and place for hearing the petition of Lizzie Davies for proving said Will and appointing the said Lizzie Davies, executrix, at which time and place, any person interested in said estate may appear and object to the granting of said petition and admitting said will to probate.

Dated this 16th day of May, A. D. 1932.

C. B. PETERSON, Clerk of the District Court.

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empty or used for something else.

In Russia, they did just what Christ did many years ago; and what he is praised for today: they chased the money lenders out of the Temple. They did the very same thing in Mexico a few years ago, took the land away from the church. They did the same thing in Spain a couple of years ago, at the time they chased the king out of the country. In these places, it was a different class of people who did it, and there hasn't been very much said about it. In Russia it was the working class who did it, and the rest of the world hollers: "Crucify them! Just the same as the money lenders did years ago when they were chased out of the Temple."

If Christianity can be confined into the few words: "Do unto others as you want others to do unto you," then there is no doubt but what Russia is producing a more Christian and cleaner people than they ever had before. And I agree with a noted preacher and lecturer when I heard him say, "If Christ come to earth today, he would very likely point his finger towards Russia and say: 'This is my people.'"

That the class opposed to the world being ruled and run for the benefit of those who do the work, again brings around the same old bogey-man as they did before, is no more than can be expected. Using bogey-men has always been what they have resorted to whenever their arguments failed.

The Communist Party stands for doing away with all graft and giving to the working people all they produce. That they are laying down rules for how people should worship their God, how they should confirm their children and bury their dead, any more than any other political party, is just that much capitalist propaganda.

That the church can be criticized for putting the money lenders in their front pew and advocating war, as not being in harmony with Christianity, is something that can not be denied.

You remember as soon as the war was declared, how President Wilson sent word to all the ministers and told them to preach war on a certain Sunday. And practically every preacher in the land responded. On that very Sunday I was sitting in our little church out in the country. Our minister, and he was a good fellow at that, and I liked him, up to that date had preached peace on earth and told us we must not kill. But on that very day he stood on the pulpit and preached war; told us the Germans were bad people, they were Huns; told us it was our duty to send our young boys over there and kill them; told us that God was with us and against the Germans. And he wound up by praying to God, asking him to bless our boys and give them strength to kill. Practically every preacher in the land did the very same thing that our dad, and laid themselves open to criticism from a Christian standpoint.

During the war, many years after the war, I saw banners displayed in our churches. They were red banners too. They were covered with blue stars, with a sprinkle of golden ones in between. The blue stars told how many young men this church and community had sent out to kill somebody who never had done them any harm. The golden stars indicated those who had never come back.

These are things that some of our best people resent and say: "If Christ came to earth today and did the very same thing he is praised for doing years ago. If he again chased the money lenders out of our temple, he would be crucified just as sure and much sooner than he was 1900 years ago."

FROM AROUND THE COUNTY

OUTLOOK

The Graduation exercises held in the hall last Monday were very well attended.

Marjorie Tooke of Raymond spent the week end visiting with Mildred and Stanley.

Karl J. Karlson was a business caller in town Thursday.

The Outlook baseball team played at Viceroy, Canada, Sunday the score being 8-4 in Outlook's favor.

The Keogh family were in from the ranch visiting friends in Outlook.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ladd Jr. were Plentywood callers Saturday.

The second baseball team of Outlook played the Daleview team, the score being 13 to 6 in Outlook's favor.

The school picnic was held in the Kohler coleslaw last Friday.

The Catholic Ladies' Aid was held at Viceroy, Canada, Sunday the score being 8-4 in Outlook's favor.

The Wonderful orchestra played for a dance in Daleview Saturday. A number of boys went and Noll Keogh were Plentywood callers Friday.

The Senior class of Outlook motored to Plentywood Wednesday, where they had their class picture taken.

A party was given Mr. Westphal last Sunday, the occasion being his birthday. Those attending were Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lund, Margaret and Lois Cosper, Mrs. Martin, Lindbloms, and Miss Kennedy.

Mrs. Hovstenhoven was a successful operation at Rochester, Minn.

The Outlook H. S. boys played the Canadians Sunday across the line.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Scott, Jr., from Dodson are now visiting at the Scott home in Outlook.

Mrs. Ralph Thompson has been on the sick list the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Saloni, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lund, Margaret and Lois Cosper were Plentywood callers Sunday.

F. Roderick and son Charles motored to Scooby Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott and family attended the show in Flaxville Monday.

Mrs. Mads Billet and son Joe were dinner guests at the Charles Ross home Sunday.

Margaret and Lois Cosper were dinner guests at the Andrew Ueland home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hanson of Flaxville visited at the Snuggins home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Anderson, Mrs. Shalbetter and Mrs. Fred Hanson left for Marshall, N. D., when they will attend the wedding of Miss Agnes Karlson and Mr. John Early.

Miss Karlson is Mr. Anderson's niece.

The McHarry and Snuggins schools had a joint picnic in the coleslaw west of Outlook last Sunday. The picnicers enjoyed games and lunch with lots of ice cream. Miss Michael of the McHenry school went to her home south of Plentywood and Miss Helen Karlson and Mr. John Early will attend Summer School at Missoula.

RACINE VALLEY

The 26th of May, Mr. and Mrs. George Johnson celebrated their 40th wedding anniversary. Guests in the evening were Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, the Wm. Johnson family and Nels Sundstedt. Mr. Johnson is 81 years old and Mrs. Johnson is 79.

Mr. Johnson is a well known and highly respected by the people of this community.

"Pick-Ups" won a double-header ball game. The first game was a five-inning game with the "Pick-Ups" winning by a score of 7 to 3. The second was played against the "Non-Smokers" and was a seven inning game. Here the "Pick-Ups" were up against some good players, but due to their ability at making home runs, they won by a 17 to 14 score.

Chris Rasmussen made two home runs and Carl Johansen pelted the ball for two more, making a total of four and at the same time bringing in as many more scores. Batteries for "Pick-Ups" were: Carl Johansen, catcher and Arne Nelson and Delmar Anderson, pitchers; for the "Non-Smokers": Bill Anderson, catcher and Alfred Olson and Charles Anderson, pitchers.

There will be a Club meeting and another ball game at Chris Johansen's on June 19th.

The church will hold their annual "Mid-Summer Fest" on June 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th. Rev. Rasmussen from Flaxton will also be here. This will be the 25th Anniversary of the church in Dagmar and will be celebrated.

McLEROY

A goodly number of friends and neighbors descended on the Ole Helton home the evening of May twenty-seventh, the occasion being Mr. Helton's birthday. The party was spent in playing whist and visiting. Refreshments were served.

Miss Edna Pele entertained about thirty friends at her home May twenty-fourth, the occasion being her birthday. The entertainment consisted of dancing and cards.

Several young people of the McElroy territory were numbered among the graduates of the Westby Normal school. They are as follows: Katherine Holm, Treva Motved, Walter Overgaard, Mildred Spokkie, Rachel Spokkie, Solveig Hove.

RAYMOND

Miss Marjorie Tooke and Ed Hanah family motored to LeRoy, Sask. Canada, where they will spend a week visiting friends and relatives.

Miss Mildred Tooke spent the week end at the Pink's home.

Miss Nancy Marron completed her school term as teacher of the Raymond school Friday, May 27.

Jack Smith is assisting Emil Severson with the field work for a few days.

Local Brevities

Mrs. Carl Tange of Outlook has a display at the Sheridan County library. The display consists of oil paintings, three of which depict the first prize at the North Dakota State Fair in Great Falls.

During the summer, Mrs. Tange will spend much time making paintings from local scenes around Outlook and Plentywood.

George M. Elstad, former teacher at the local high school for two years, is visiting with friends in this city. He drove up from Minnewaukon, N. D., and from here expects to tour Yellowstone Park.

Mrs. L. J. Onstad and daughter Clara motored up from Broadus, Mont., the first of the week. The Onstad family expect to move to Broadus, where they will make their future home. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Raean will occupy their home this summer.

"Cap" Beglinger of Raymond has been seen driving his sporty new Plymouth coupe which he received recently from Duluth.

"Sprout" McCall of Comertown is visiting with friends in this city this week.

Miss Linda Hall, formerly employed at the County Superintendent's office, is visiting here with her many friends.

Misses Metheny and O'Hara, former teachers at the Plentywood schools, are visiting with friends in this city.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Mehl at their home, a son, Sunday, May 28th.

Sam Fough of the south Homestead country, was a Plentywood visitor Monday.

Mrs. Simon Swanson left Thursday afternoon for Blaine, N. D., where she will spend her vacation visiting friends and relatives.

Carl Christensen of Antelope was a county seat caller Tuesday.

Harry Hoffman of Raymond transacted business in the county capital Tuesday.

Hans Rasmussen left Tuesday for the Homestead country, where he will stucco a house for Sam Fough.

Clarence Reinertson and Gladys Smith have announced that they have stolen a real march on their friends, having been married for over three months. They were secretly married at Williston January 23d according to reports and have kept it in the dark until now.

Clarence is one of Plentywood's popular young men, son of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Reinertson. The bride is the charming and winsome daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Smith. Their many friends offer congratulations and wish them much happiness and prosperity.

Muriel Sorensen of Ambrose visited the fore part of the week with Helen Larson.

Amie Sala, Shirley Von Eschen and Henry Hilling from Bainville visited with friends here a few days.

Mrs. J. A. Johnson and daughter Ruby left Sunday for Minneapolis by car where they will purchase new stock for the store.

They were accompanied by Cecil Marsh and Bob Zeidler, who will return with a new Chevrolet car.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis J. Moe and family left for Minnetonka this week, where they will spend their vacation visiting friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Hallsey are the proud parents of a son born Saturday at the local hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. E. I. Miller are visiting a few days this week with relatives and friends at Malta.

Northeastern Montana was visited with a million dollar rain this week, and gardens and fields are in much better condition than a few days ago. The rain came in time to save many crops, and it is thought that many grain fields will recover that had been given up for lost. About an inch of rain fell in this vicinity.

It is reported that James Loda and family of Dagmar expect to leave in the near future for California, by car, where they will visit for a time and where Ruby, who graduated from Plentywood high school this week, contemplates entering college or taking up vocational work. The Lodas expect to be gone about two months.

LUTHERAN CHURCH

O. M. Stinson, Pastor.

Sunday June 12
Services at Plentywood at 9:30 A. M. At Antelope at 11:15 A. M. and at Dooley at 2:30 P. M. Please keep in mind this change of time.

Summer schools begins Monday, June 13. Perfect attendance will count toward your Sunday School awards. Come every day, children, and work for your Bible or Hymnary.

Plentywood Aid meets at the Harry Larson home on June 16. Rev. Amie of Westby will talk on Youth and Leisure Moments.

Sunday, June 19
Services at Plentywood at 9:30 A. M. At Outlook at 11:15 A. M. and at Archer at 2:30 P. M.

Attendance at U. F. L. Meetings at Outlook Continues to Increase

The United Farmers League met at Outlook at the A. O. U. W. hall May 27th.

It is pleasing to report that the attendance is growing at such a rate that there is scarcely standing room. Very good interest is noticeable. The Leaguers, both men and women, are ready to work on committees and do their share to make the Outlook local an outstanding unit of the United Farmers League.

Petty differences are bound to creep in a League as large as the Outlook local, but our aim is to cast aside these snafus and work not individually but collectively for the good of the whole League.

The business part of the meeting was taken care of, after which our orchestra, the Wunderlich and the Garrick brothers assisted with the program which consisted of music and songs.

The Cosper sisters are back from Dodson and pleased the audience by singing "Glow Worm." These young ladies add still more talent for the U. F. L. at Outlook. (Fine for the League girls.)

On account of the reporter getting dates mixed, we were unable to have Mr. Hans Hardersen with us for our speaker. We regret this, but hope to have Mr. Hardersen at the next gathering.

After the program was over, dancing was enjoyed. A basket lunch was partaken of, the League serving coffee.

We cordially invited all farmers and workers to attend these meetings at Outlook. We will welcome you and help you have a good time.

On account of meetings at Plentywood and Brush Lake, a date was not set for our next meeting. Notice will be given later.

Alene Snuggins, Reporter.

TRY A WANT AD.

TAXPAYERS ASSOCIATION MEETS

Saturday afternoon the Taxpayers Association met in the court room with about 40 members present, consisting of lawyers, business men, politicians and farmers.

Secretary Syverud gave a report on the activity of the Association, in which it seems they had come to the conclusion that Joe Dolin had robbed the county out of a thousand dollars on his printing contract, but that they never had been able to get Joe to admit his guilt. Being that an election is coming, and some of the leaders of the T. A. will be looking for Joe's support, it was decided not to push this delicate matter any further. If Joe ever lost any sleep over this, he just wasted that much time.

That the land classification had turned out to be an entangled mess was another part of the report, but it was decided to try it again some years from now and see if better luck could be had.

Carl Holje, Reserve, spoke about our present inefficient county government and advocated the county manager plan, but the idea was knocked in the head and laid aside.

Someone said an honest man for the job could not be found. Others would not trust the county commissioners with making the appointment.

Senator Lars Angvik quoted some statistics and gave a lot of figures. Attorney Gunther spoke for half an hour, giving more figures and more statistics and quoted a lot of nice things our forefathers had said.

Township organization was another question discussed on which no action was taken, and most members left the meeting not knowing what they came there for and not much wiser than when they came.

Frank French Coming Out for Commissioner

That Frank French was going to file for county commissioner is something we have predicted all the time. In the last issue of the Medicine Lake Wave, Joe Dolin comes out and tells us that Frank has been "drafted" to do so.

At the Polk-Collins convention, Harry Polk probably figured that he had gotten out of Frank French as much as he was ever going to get, so Frank was left out in the cold and Olson from Homestead was nominated to take his place.

That this made Frank French sore, after he had given to Harry Polk the county printing contract at the highest bid presented, is not hard to understand, but is no more than what could be expected when you are dealing with double-crossers.

That Frank French and Joe Dolin would come out and admit they were licked by the Harry Polk gang is more than could be expected. And a hard fought battle is going to be fought out between the French-Olson crowds in the primary.

From what we have been able to find out so far, Frank French has not fled yet, but is going to do so in the near future.

FOR PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE, LIGHTNING, TORNADO or WINDSTORM — GET A POLICY — IN THE — NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL

FOR RATES SEE "JERRY" THE LITTLE AGENT

Call or Address G. G. POWELL Plentywood Montana

WILLIAM Z. FOSTER, COMMUNIST CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT. TO SPEAK AT BRUSH LAKE JUNE 12

Meeting Will Be Grand Opening of Popular Summer Resort In Eastern Montana

On Sunday, June 12, 2:00 P. M., William Z. Foster, nominated for president by the Communist Party at the convention held in Chicago May 28 and 29, will bring the message of the Communist Party to the toiling farmers of northwestern North Dakota and eastern Montana at a monster mass meeting to be held at Brush Lake.

Foster will not only explain the fundamental causes of the present crisis, but will show that the only way out of capitalist misery is the revolutionary way out, thru the establishment of a Workers and Farmers government.

Chairman of the meeting will be Charles E. Taylor, of Plentywood, and former editor of the Producers News. Other speakers will include Fred Dalskog, young North Dakota farmer and Communist candidate for the legislature, and Mother Ella Reeve Bloor, Communist candidate for Congress from North Dakota. Mother Bloor seconded the nominations of Foster for president and of Ford for vice president at the Chicago convention.

This meeting will be the opening of Brush Lake, the most popular resort in eastern Montana. On the program there will be songs by the Young Pioneers and other musical numbers. In the evening there will be a big dance in the pavilion. June 12th is a day on which the whole family must be at Brush Lake. In addition to the vital message which Foster will bring, it will be the first day on which the children can enjoy all the advantages of the lake.

Later in the afternoon, a ball game was played between the Raymond unit and one of the locals of Flaxton.

An anti-war demonstration was held on Monday and the celebration was closed with a big barn dance that evening.</

Told In Brief

Fascist Attack on Communists In Prussian Diet Was Planned

BERLIN, May 25.—The veteran Communist leader Pieck, colleague of Liebknecht and Luxemburg, declared in the Prussian Diet today that the fascists introduced murder into the political movement and that their ranks are full of murderers. The Diet was discussing the fascist motion to institute an inquiry against the Prussian legal authorities alleged unwarranted severity against the fascists.

The fascist faction then attacked Pieck. The Communist faction of 57 rushed to the rescue, defending Pieck pluckily against the 162 fascists. Five Communists received severe injuries, including a serious skull injury. The scene was unparalleled.

!!!!!!

BERLIN, May 26.—The Communist Party issued an appeal to the German workers in connection with yesterday's attack of the fascists in the Prussian Diet. The appeal declares that the attack was planned and organized, quoting statements of the fascist leader, Kube, and the fascist newspaper, "Angriff," showing a deliberate intention to provoke the disturbances in the Diet.

The appeal condemns the cowardly attitude of the Socialist deputies who fled from the Diet immediately without helping to repulse the fascists. It points out that the attack occurred immediately prior to the discussion of the Communist demands on behalf of the unemployed which would have revealed the emptiness of the fascist bombastic promises.

It warns all workers that the fascist attack is a sign of the times. It calls for the immediate formation of the revolutionary anti-fascist front of all workers irrespective of party, political or union membership.

German Workers Raid Food Stores

HAMBURG, May 26.—Bloody collisions between police and unemployed occurred here yesterday between police and unemployed. Several thousand unemployed workers marched through the fashionable streets, shouting "We are hungry. Give us bread." They smashed windows of elegant shops, cafes, and overturned automobiles.

The police attack with clubs and revolvers, injuring and arresting many. However, they were unable to clear the streets.

A number of food stores were raided and food stuffs seized. Today the demonstrations continued. The police fired a hail of shots wounding 15 workers and hitting an oil truck, causing fire and destruction. One policeman was killed and many workers were arrested.

Unemployed and Police Clash

DORTMUND, May 26.—Collisions occurred between unemployed and police yesterday evening. Many workers and two policemen were injured. Twenty-two workers were arrested.

Communists Give Fascists Beating

BERLIN, May 26.—Fierce collisions occurred between young Communists and fascists in various parts of the city here today. The fascists were seriously mauled. One was sent to the hospital. Police clubbed energetically, making a number of arrests.

Attack War Veterans With Tear Gas

Police attacked a crowd of 400 world war veterans and sympathizers in New Orleans on May 29 with tear gas and threatened to shoot if they did not disperse. The war veterans were planning to go to Washington to demand the soldiers bonus from the Hunger Congress.

Half of German Factories Closed

More than fifty per cent of the factories in Germany are idle at the present time, according to a speech of Stegerwald, German Minister of Labor, before the German Economic Society on May 27. He admitted also that more than half of the population is dependent in one way or another on the miserable relief the German capitalist class is handing out.

Starvation Faces Mexican Workers

MEXICO CITY, May 27.—The important mining company of Col. Boleo in Santa Rosalia, Lower California, is likely in the near future to close down, throwing more than 2,200 men out of work, according to rumors reported telegraphically to Mexico City.

The families of the workers number approximately 10,000 persons and a shut-down would mean starvation in the near-by region which depends economically entirely on the wages paid by the company.

Postal Telegraph Cuts Wages Again

The Postal Telegraph and Cable Corporation has announced reductions in wages of approximately 10 per cent, effective on June 1, applicable to all employees except messengers.

Predicts Capitalist Collapse

LONDON, May 27.—"We are likely to have a complete economic collapse in Europe within the next few months," said L. S. Amery, member of the House of Commons and former Secretary of State for Dominions, in addressing the Conservative Association of Oxford University tonight.

Death to Enemies of Working Class

NOVOSIBIRSK, U. S. S. R., May 27.—Four employees of the Consumers' Cooperative Company of the city of Barnaul, who were accused of sabotage by stealing 1,500 bushels of grain and other foodstuffs, were sentenced to be shot to death today by the local court.

The Consumers' Cooperative is a retail distributing organization formed in each municipality for distribution of foods and manufactured articles. Membership in the organization, held by those in good standing among the populace, entitles the holder to buy supplies at the lowest prices.

This is the answer of the Workers and Farmers government to grafting enemies of the working class. Under capitalism, grafters become cabinet members, judges, mayors, and presidents.

COPS BEAT FRANK JACKSON LEADER OF TAMPA PIONEERS

Arrested May 15 At Anti-War Demonstration, Beaten and Told Not to Return to Tampa

"It takes more than the police of Tampa to scare me out of the city."

That's what Frank Jackson, Pioneer leader in Tampa, Florida, says to the cops and Legionnaires—of the American Legion—who thought they could get rid of him. And how they tried!

Frankie is a real Pioneer and he's trying to train all the workers' kids in Tampa to be real Pioneers too. Just like he did in Red Hook, Brooklyn. His Pioneer troop there certainly showed some real Pioneer work. They invited all the kids in the neighborhood to a meeting at their headquarters. You see, clubs in Red Hook had been forced to pay for the use of the school gym for meetings after school hours. The Pioneers knew how wrong this was and how hard it was. So at this meeting they organized all the boys and girls present into a parade and they marched through the streets to the school shouting, "We want a free gym—We demand a free gym."

They stood in front of the school for half an hour shouting and shouting. Finally the principal had to let them in. And the end of the story was that they did get a free gym.

Well, when Frankie got to Tampa, he got busy on the job immediately. The Young Communist League called an Anti-War and Scottsboro protest meeting a few days ago. Frankie was one of the speakers. He was just in the middle of his speech when the Chief of Police accompanied by cops and members of the American Legion walked in and ordered him to stop speaking. He refused.

A gang of them jumped on him and dragged him off to jail. There they beat him up something awful. Both his eyes were blackened and his nose was broken. Then they released him—into the hands of the American Legion. These thugs took him outside the city where they beat him on the back with horse whips and left him unconscious, in the middle of the road. "Better stay out of Tampa," they said to him.

Lucky for Frankie there was a lake near by. When he came to, he crawled over to it and bathed his wounds. He spent the rest of the night in the woods and in the morning, battered up as he was, he walked the 15 miles back to Tampa.

Right now he's in bed recovering and getting ready to carry on the fight. Thee's plenty of fighting to do in Tampa where the Spanish speaking cigar workers are discriminated against like the Negroes in the South and where their every effort to better their condition is answered by wholesale arrests and deportations.

So Frankie isn't listening to the police order to stay out of Tampa and his only worry is that the Pioneer work may go a little slower in his absence.

15,000 PRESENT

(Continued from Front Page)

was struck by Earl Browder, speaking for the Central Committee of the Communist Party who declared that the capitalist way out

of the greatest crisis ever known is "Billions for the banks and corporations; hunger, starvation, oppression and imperialist war for the workers and farmers."

To Browder's question "Will the American workers submit to this

trial took place and the sentence was passed. This hatred rages in Alabama, and demands its victims. To satisfy this lust, eight young Negroes are to be burned at the stake.

Because of the looming possibility of death in the electric chair, we must strain all our energies, we must act swiftly, we must lose no time, we must utilize every moment, so that eight young lives may be saved from the terrible fate of being bled alive in the electric chair.

Members and friends of the International Red Aid, and all of you who still have a human conscience and in whose breast a human heart still beats: unite to prevent a most horrible legal crime, so horrible that it is hardly possible even to imagine it. Unless you act with speed and decision, another murder will go down in the annals of legal crime in the United States, whose history is already filled with horrors and cruelty.

The indignation and wrath aroused by the burning of Sacco and Vanzetti at the modern stake—the electric chair—has not yet died down. Those two workers were innocent, and would have been acquitted even by bourgeois class law, if they had been impartially tried. Now the hangmen stand ready to deliver up at one blow, to a horrible death by means

of this murderous instrument, eight more innocent workers.

In the state of Alabama, eight young Negroes—mere boys—the oldest of them hardly 20—have been condemned to death.

And this, although it has been proved that they did not commit the crime of which they were accused—of having "raped" two white prostitutes. The accusation is a deliberate lie, which was made in order to serve the dark ends of property owners and manufacturers. These people want to have the young Negroes burned alive, in order to terrorize the toiling Negro masses who are rising against exploitation and who, together with their white brothers and sisters, are building a united front against hunger, imperialism and the bloody white terror.

The serious charge of which the boys are accused showed itself from the very beginning to be groundless, and does not stand serious examination. One of the prostitutes later definitely repudiated her testimony. The judges proceeded to ignore this fact as if it were impossible; you must still further increase your selfish, energetic work to save the eight Negro boys. Thus you will remain in the struggle against the crime of race hatred, lynch justice and greed. But in order to block the

legal murder of the eight boys, murder of eight young Negroes, to

County News

WESTBY

Mrs. Gust Stubbe entertained a group of ladies at luncheon Tuesday. Mrs. E. Iverson and daughter, Helen, were the honor guests at the Civic League meeting held at Espeland's of McIntire Wednesday.

Miss Alice Lokken, who has been visiting with friends and relatives in Westby for a few weeks returned to her home in Canada Sunday.

A number of young people from Westby attended the commencement exercises held at Alkabo Thursday evening.

Mrs. and Mrs. Lloyd Kittleson visited Mr. and Mrs. Kittleson of Daneville Wednesday.

Mrs. R. Stubbe entertained the Mesdames Chas. Johnson, Otto Enger, and Anton Nelson at luncheon Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. and Mrs. Peter Nelson of Alkabo were Westby callers Wednesday evening.

The Auxiliary met at the home of Mrs. Fred Campbell Thursday evening. The American Legion met at the Peterson rooming house.

Mrs. Otto Enger and Mrs. Anton Nelson visited with Mrs. Ole Hjelm Friday evening.

Mrs. and Mr. Ed. Lein and family and Alpha Hjelm motored to Crosby Saturday.

Mrs. Gust Stubbe motored to Clarence Nelson school Saturday. Mrs. and Mrs. Jonas Johanson were guests at the Roy Stageberg home Friday.

Mrs. and Mrs. Nels Nelson and daughter, Myrtle, were guests of Mrs. and Mrs. Ed. Lein Saturday.

Mrs. and Mrs. Ed. Lein and family were city callers and shoppers Saturday.

Mrs. and Mrs. Morris Johnson were Daneville visitors Sunday.

Mrs. and Mrs. Hudson of Roberts, Mont., arrived here Saturday and their daughter, Miss Mary, who has been teaching the primary grades, will accompany them home.

Henry Stenstrom of Ambrose Sunday to bring home his wife who has been a patient at the hospital.

Mrs. and Mrs. Gustav of Alkabo visited at the Rohwer home Sunday.

Mrs. and Mrs. Alvin Stageberg, Ed. Lein and Mrs. Otto Enger attended the meeting at Crosby Sunday.

Mrs. and Mrs. Henry Jensen and Ed. Nordhagen motored to Minot on Sunday where the latter will be under a physician's care for a few days.

Mrs. and Mrs. Matt Mattson of Daneville visited Mr. and Mrs. Palmer Jensen Sunday.

A number of young folks from here were at the weiner roast at Coiridge Sunday evening.

Mrs. and Mrs. A. T. Olsen, Mr. and Mrs. Hans Hanson and families were Sidney visitors Sunday.

Chester Mattson and Roy Johnson of Daneville were Westby callers on Sunday.

Miss Irene Rosum of Alkabo visited at the Rohwer home Sunday.

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Mr. and Mrs. Frank Anderson of near Comertown were visitors at the Oscar Helseth home Monday.

Hilmer Stranstad, Arthur Tanberg and Julius Norby of Alkabo motored to Westby Sunday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole Galsrud and children of Alkabo were visitors at the Ole Gunderson home on Monday evening.

Mrs. Elda Hamilton called on Mrs. Walter Erickson on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole Galsrud of Crosby visited at the Nels Nelson home on Monday evening.

LaVerne Peterson and Oscar, Paul and Glen Gunderson called at the E. Rukke home Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Bunte and family of Crosby have moved into the house owned by Ole Nereson. Mr. Bunte is employed in the Westby Meat Market.

Elna Peterson returned to her home at Coiridge Sunday. She has been working at the Millinery Shop during the illness of Grandma Anderson.

Irma and Delmer Hultgren are visiting at the August Hultgren farm this week.

RESERVE

Astrid Petersen arrived from Chicago last Thursday and will spend a month visiting her relatives here. Miss O'Hara arrived last Thursday to spend a few days at the Connel home.

The Wake Club met at the home of Mrs. Lars Angvik last Thursday. After the business meeting, Mrs. Angvik served a delicious lunch to the members.

Mr. and Mrs. George Andersen of Brockton were visitors in town last Saturday.

Dave Murk received word last Saturday of the sudden death of his sister, Mrs. O'Hara. The Murk family left by car on Sunday morning for Ottetill, Minn.

Bernhard Nielsen went to Plentywood on Saturday for medical attention. He got a hot cinder in his eye Friday.

Jens Lind left on Monday for Fort Harrison for medical attention at the Vet Hospital there.

Henry Lege returned from the Ft. Harrison hospital last Friday, feeling much improved in health.

A half inch rainfall on Tuesday made things look much better in a general way.

Mr. and Mrs. Lund and family drove to Wolf Point last Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Forstad returned from California last Friday evening after spending the winter on the coast.

Comertown-Dooley Summer school has begun in the German Lutheran church.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Mikkelsen are back from Iowa.

William Mack, who has been staying with his grandfather the past year, is leaving with his father, for Arizona May 31st.

Everyone is feeling more hopeful after the rain of the 30th and 31st.

without a fight?" twelve hundred voices roared "No."

Kentucky Gunmen Slug Delegation

In attacking the prevailing terror, Browder announced that the Kentucky delegation of fifteen to the Communist Nominating Convention, was halted by a band of gunmen in the pay of coal operators and beaten up. Three of the delegation managed to escape and appear at the Convention. One of them, Bige Wilson, appeared on the platform in a thunder of applause.

Fifteen Thousand at Coliseum Meeting

At the Coliseum meeting in the evening, at which 15 thousand attended, B. D. Ami, a Negro worker and Ohio District Organizer of the Communist Party, proposed Wm. Z. Foster as president; C. A. Hathaway nominated J. W. Ford, Alabama Negro workers as vice-president. The Communist Party proposed to destroy the "Solid South," Hathaway said, "as well as Hooverism's 'Lily Whiteness'."

We propose to do this by establishing the fighting solidarity of the Negro and white toilers—the workers and tenant farmers." Both candidates received ovations in which hundreds of red banners waved throughout the huge hall, women, men, and children. Negro and white, joined in the fifteen minute parade around the hall, singing the Party's fighting song, the International.

When the Chicago police forces

strong, firm masses forces must be organized everywhere!

All of you who still have a conscience, and in whose breast a human heart still beats: to the rescue of these eight youths, whom the executioners are preparing to drag to the electric chair! Whose only guilt is that they were born with black skins! Speak! Act! In your front ranks will be uncounted human beings from the United States. You have not forgotten that in the United States, men and women of lofty minds, courage and character, staked their names, their social status, their health, their whole personality, and often their very lives—for the abolition of Negro slavery, for liberation and equality for their black brothers and sisters. Do not let the great example of these heroes remain dead facts in school textbooks! Let them now exert their influence as a living force. The great deeds of those heroic men and women who, in the struggle of the masses for human rights against prejudice and hatred, fearlessly unfurled and carried high the banner of complete equality and liberation for all those deprived of their rights, for the despoiled and the oppressed—these deeds are indelibly inscribed on the pages of history!

Do not allow a dark crime, the murder of eight young Negroes, to

be added, next to these illustrious pages, to the dark, bloody record of lynching and legal crime. Picture the inexpressible suffering of the long period of imprisonment before the final decision, when the prisoners are daily and hourly tortured by the terrible thought that tomorrow or the day after, the executioners may come to their cells in order to lead the eight victims as sacrifices to the altar of race hatred. The cry of the countless masses must be clenched into one giant fist, that will tear to pieces the sentence of death and will hurl away the electric chair!

Every man or woman who is silent, passive or indifferent during the struggle for the freedom of the eight young Negroes, will be an accomplice to this unpardonable crime. This crime will be an indelible, shameful stain on the history of the United States and on the history of humanity.

The struggle to save the eight young lives from suffering and from murder in the electric chair becomes a historical struggle of enormous significance between unprejudiced humanity and high culture, against brutal, blood-thirsty race hatred.

In this struggle, humanity must be triumphant. Its triumph is assured if every man and woman will conscientiously and bravely fulfill his or her duty to the very end. All for the cause! Into the fight!

And fight for a strong Red Aid, hardened in the battle against the white terror and for the international solidarity of all races and nationalities!

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HOLD NATIONAL YOUTH DAY IN FLAXTON, N. D. DESPITE SHERIFF

American Legion, Boy Scouts, and National Guard Fail to Prevent Meeting

Despite the united attempt of the sheriff, the American Legion, Boy Scouts and National Guard the National Youth Day Meeting for North Dakota and eastern Montana was held May 30 in Flaxton, North Dakota. These anti-working class organizations did everything possible to prevent the meeting from taking place.

The American Legion had called in about 20 posts to attend the Memorial Day celebration and a company of National Guardsmen came from Minot, as much in order to terrorize the farmers and workers in and around Flaxton as to celebrate Memorial Day.

The National Youth Day met started at 4:30 p. m. on one of the streets near the edge of town. The chairman, Russell Jensen, of Flaxton, introduced the first speaker, Sadie Hill of Belden, North Dakota.

red squad appeared in the hall, the fifteen thousand rose in their chairs and in a storm of hisses and cat-calls, the squad withdrew.

Speaking in the name of thousands of suffering poor farmers, Mother Ella Reeve Bloor seconded the nominations of Foster and Ford.

"The imperialist powers with Japan in the lead, are rapidly developing their war against the Soviet Union," Foster declared in his speech of acceptance. They think they can turn back the clock of history by wiping out the beginnings of the new world order of Socialism in the Soviet Union."

Foster explained the six points of the Communist Party's platform, "unemployment and social insurance, the fight against wage cuts, emergency relief for farmers and exemption from taxes, equal rights for Negroes and self-determination for the black belt, the struggle against terror, and the fight against imperialism war."

In his speech of acceptance, Ford cited the danger of war against the Soviet Union, the treatment of Negro soldiers in the last war, and called for a common struggle for Negro and white workers as the only way out of the crisis.

NORTHWEST YOUTH AT FLAXTON, N. D.

A lively track meet was held at Flaxton, N. D., May 29 as part of the National Youth Rally held May 29 and 30. Entrants competed from various parts of the northwest in the meet which opened at 3:00 p. m.

Winners of events were: BROAD JUMP—1st place, Irvin Nelson; 2d place, Herbert Bulky; BASEBALL THROW—1st place, Helen Stumprow; 2d place, Clara Nelson; HIGH JUMP—1st place, Sadie Hill; 2d place, Della Negard; 60-YARD DASH—1st place, Sadie Hill; 2d place, Carl Nelson.

These events were followed by a baseball game between the Raymond Y. C. L. baseball team and a Columbus team. The Raymond players were badly trimmed by the Columbus comrades in a score of 37 to 7.

After the field meet the comrades went to Ingerson's farm house near Flaxton for a big supper and an informal meeting.

It did not suit the officers at all that the guardsmen should hear the picture of the conditions of the working class youth that the speaker was describing. The Guardsmen were ordered to clear the pasture. The speaker announced that the owner of the pasture, Mrs. Fred Christiansen, invited everyone to stay who wanted to. Nobody moved.

After this failure to break up the meeting the National Guard, together with the Legion heads, consulted a while and then ordered the National Guard to fall into line and marched them off. When the Guardsmen left some of the Legionnaires and Boy Scouts also left, as well as town folks who were terrorized into leaving.

The meeting continued without interruption to the end. Bert pointed out that the tactics used against the farmers and workers at the meeting was the same as that used by the capitalist class all thru the country to prevent the masses from organizing for struggle.

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