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THE PRODUCERS NEWS

Join the United Farmers League

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Reject Demands of Minn. Farmers

MINN. FARMERS MEET DESPITE MANY THREATS

Commissioners Again Refuse Farmers' Demands for Road Work

STOP PROVOCATION

Farmers Support Veterans Demands for Bonus from Ruling Class

Bagley, Minn., June 11. — On June 7th farmers met at the Bagley court house regardless of the threats that were made by the boss class of Bagley and the rest of the hypocrite politicians. W. Wench, leader of the Bagley post of the American Legion, Eli Slaten of the Bagley Mercantile Co., and other tools of capitalism were there noseing around to see if they couldn't start trouble.

The meeting was called to order by the organizer who was made chairman for the day. Comrade George LaFauntain was elected acting secretary. The meeting no more than got under way when W. Wench came in through the court house carrying a typewriter into the county engineer's room as an excuse to look the crowd over. He wanted to see if it was safe to attack the meeting because a bunch of his kind were waiting in the clerk of court's room ready to come up. But the crowd was too big for them and too militant. When he heard the radical phrases of the farmer he went back down stairs.

Storekeeper Tries to Break Up Meeting

However, Eli Slaten of the Mercantile who is a great upholder of the capitalist laws broke the 18th amendment in order to get a few drinks to get more nerve to come up and disturb the UFL meeting. He kept butting in on the discussion that was on the floor and a motion was made from the floor that he either keep in order or get up and walk out if he didn't like the meeting. This motion was seconded and carried. Slater got so raving mad he jumped up swearing. He said, "I am going out, this crowd is too hot for me." He walked out amidst applause from the farmers.

Demand Road Work

A committee of three husky young farmers was elected to call on the county commissioner, demanding road work and work for farmers and their teams. When this committee got in the commissioners' room, Hugh Pattison became as meek as a sheep. He did not feel like hitting these farmers as he hit a woman at the previous meeting. But they refused the farmers' demands, stating that they already had voted to reject hand labor and team work.

The following resolution was passed on by the farmers:

Resolutions for U. F. L. Meeting of June 2, 1932.

"Whereas it has been proven to us workers and farmers of Clearwater county that the editor of the Farmers Independent has been taking dictation from the boss class of Bagley, and,

"Whereas it is proved that this editor in so doing has proved himself to be a tool in that he did not print the truth about Hugh Pattison hitting a farmer's wife, and

"Whereas, this editor under the false colors of the Farmer-Labor party has hypocritically supported the boss class,

"Therefore, be it resolved that we, the farmers and workers assembled in the Clearwater county court house June 7, 1932, numbering 100, condemn his actions and that we appoint at this meeting a committee of farmers and workers to deliver a copy of this desolution to him in person.

Resolution for U. F. L. Meeting of June 7.

"Whereas, we, the farmers and workers assembled in the county court house at Bagley, Minn., knowing that the representatives of the capitalist class at Washington, D. C., have refused to grant

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COMMUNISTS TO HOLD PICNIC IN WILLIAMS CO., N.D.

As part of the Communist party primary election campaign in Williams county, North Dakota a big picnic will be held in Bonetrail on July 4. The main speaker at this picnic will be Hans Rasmussen, manager of the Producers News, who will explain the program of the Communist party in the election campaign.

The Communist candidate for sheriff in Williams county is John Kjorstad, a farmer of Williston. Comrade Kjorstad is carrying on his campaign under the main slogan of the Communist party for the farmers.

"Emergency relief for the impoverished farmers without restrictions by the government or banks; exemption of impoverished farmers from taxes, and no forced collection of rents or debts."

The farmers of Williams county are beginning to realize that only the Communist party represents their class interests and it is probable that in the fall elections there will be in Williams county as well as in Burke and Mountrail, a Communist candidate and a capitalist candidate for sheriff.

ALA. LYNCHERS ARE DENOUNCED

French Workers Take Up Fight for Freedom of Scottsboro Boys

The following five cables from Paris sho whow the French workers are taking up the struggle for the freeing of the innocent Scottsboro boys:

June 4.—A demonstration of French workers, headed by the executive officers of the French Red Aid, greeted Mrs. Ada Wright, Scottsboro mother, and J. Louis Engdahl, general secretary of the International Labor Defense, upon their arrival in Paris. Meetings had previously been held in Prague, Czecho-Slovakia, despite the refusal of the authorities to allow Mrs. Wright of Engdahl to address those meetings.

June 6. (Monday Morning)—Parisian liberals and intellectuals attended the Scottsboro meeting held at the famous Club Du Faubourg, which was addressed by Mrs. Ada Wright and by J. Louis Engdahl. The audience pledged themselves to press the Scottsboro issue at the American embassy and to strengthen the Scottsboro committees throughout France.

June 6. (Monday afternoon)—

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ATTEMPT TO INTIMIDATE MARCHERS WITH BRUTAL SHOW OF ARMED FORCE

FARM 'LEADERS' JOIN IN ATTACK ON SOVIET UNION

Farm Bureau, Grange and Open Reactionaries Line Up Against U. S. S. R.

"FORCED LABOR"

Prepare for Attack of Wall Street on Workers' and Farmers' Fatherland

The Farm Bureau Federation and the National Grange, professional "friends of the farmer," again show their reactionary role through a slanderous attack on the Soviet Union. They have joined with the American Legion, the Daughters of the American Revolution, certain A. F. of L. leaders, oil and coal companies, and societies of Russian emigres—in all nearly 150 frankly reactionary organizations to present a petition to the secretary of the treasury demanding an embargo on imports from Soviet Russia (printed in the Congressional Record of June 17.)

Their pretext is the familiar lie that there is forced labor in the U. S. S. R., that the goods in question are produced under "conditions of virtual slavery." They make this brazen slander at a time when the slavery of American workers and farmers—the Negro croppers, the mine workers, Ford empolyees, and the rest of the exploited proletariat—is increasing at a ruthless rate. They ignore the fact that Russian workers and farmers have the seven and eight hour day, the most complete social insurance the world has known, and a rapidly rising standard of living.

The petition continues: "It is the belief of all these organizations (signers of the petition) that American political and economic institutions are imperiled as a result of the commercial war waged by the dictatorship in Moscow upon all civilized society." "The existence of forced labor thruout Russia is a matter of general knowledge." Supposedly as proof of their charge, they bring forth the article of the Soviet Constitution which declares that "labor is the duty of all citizens," in other words that no one can live by the profits from the labor of

(Continued on Last Page)

1500 FARMERS AT COURT HOUSE

Great Mass of Unemployed Greets St. Louis County Farmers In Demonstration at Duluth

JOINT FARMERS - JOBLESS COMMITTEE

Farmers and Unemployed Will Continue Struggle for Immediate Relief — Farmers Roard Approval of Tax Strike Against Plundering

Duluth, Minn., June 21.—Fifteen hundred farmers of St. Louis county, in 124 trucks, laid their demands befor the board of county commissioners today in Duluth at the conclusion of their hunger march. The demands laid before the commissioners included tax exemption for the impoverished farmers, cancellation of back taxes of toiling farmers, no sheriff sales, and immediate cash relief.

The farmers dismounted from their trucks at the top of the Duluth hill. Here they were met by a huge police force armed with riot guns, tear gas, and armored cars armed with machine guns.

The farmers showed the greatest militancy, refused to be intimidated by the police show of armed force, formed their lines and marched with banners three miles thru the city streets to the court house. Here they were greeted by fifteen hundred workers with cheers.

A joint worker-farmer delegation was elected to meet the commissioners. This delegation which presented the demands of the unemployed workers and of the impoverished farmers was led by Anderson, Bartley and Tanttila.. The crowds were meanwhile addressed by Mackie, Kuusista, Schneiderman, Harju and several others. Another delegation was later elected to go in and tell the commissioners to quit stalling.

After a meeting with the commissioners lasting one hour the delegation returned and Anderson, Bartley and Tanttila reported to the farmers and workers present. The commissioners refused or evaded all the demands which had been presented to them. They used the hypocritical excuse that they lacked jurisdiction. The Farmer-Labor commissioners had conveniently absented themselves from the meeting.

The indignant farmers and workers roared their approval of a resolution condemning the commissioners and pledged to continue the fight for relief for the farmers and unemployed workers, and to support the Communist party in the elections.

They also declared approval of an immediate tax strike.

The demonstrating farmers then marched back to their cars in a defiant spirit and returned home in organized fashion to continue the fght.

'NEGRO WORKER' SUPPRESSED BY WALL ST. GOV'T

Campaign on Against All Communist and Militant Publications

PROTEST BY THE I.L.D.

Ford, Communist Candidate for Vice-President Is Contributing Editor

The national capitalist government has begun a campaign of suppression of freedom of the press, aimed directly at Communist and militant publications. Most recently is the holding up in the customs of the Negro Worker, militant international Negro periodical published in Germany, of which J. W. Ford, Communist candidate for vice president, is a contributing editor. The notice from the Customs office in New York stated in a communication dated June 2nd, that the magazine was "prohibited under the provisions of Section 305 of the Tariff act of 1930" on the ground that it contains "seditious literature." The entire lot, consisting of approximately 300 copies, will according to the statement, be "seized and disposed of in due course as provided by law." However, the International Labor Defense, which is the American agent for the magazine, was asked to sign an assent to the "forfeiture and destruction of the copies which had been shipped to them, and to "waive any rights of proceedings" in the matter. This, the workers of the United States may be assured, the I. L. D. refused to do. The I. L. D. is fighting to secure possession of the magazines, and to smash the effort at fascist suppression of workers' literature.

On the cover of the NEGRO WORKER were two pictures of tractors, one used on a collective Soviet farm, the other in capitalist battle maneuvers. The first was labeled "Soviets for Peace", the second, "Capitalists for War." Articles in the magazine pointed out that Negro workers have nothing to gain by imperialist war.

This reveals the reason for the ruling about "seditious literature." It was the Anti-War number of

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FAKE FARM RELIEF BILL IS DEFEATED IN THE U. S. SENATE

On June 15 the senate recomitted the McNary "farm relief" plan to the committee which was considering it thus killing the bill. Thi. plan would have permitted the Farm Board to decide on which of the three means of "relief" i should employ after it had decided that an "emergency" existed. The three methods which could have been used in the bill were the equalization fee, the debenture plan, and the marketing allotment plan.

The hearings on this bill and the propaganda in its favor which has been flooded thruout the country by the "progressives" and the reactionary farm organizations, the Farmer Union, the Grange and the Farm Bureau, has been used to fool the farmers that in this way they could get some relief from the misery of the crisis.

UFL ORGANIZES IN BRANTWOOD

New Committee Elected to Push Work Neglected During the Winter

Brantwood, Wis., June 15.—The United Farmers League which was organized here last fall and was doing good work with regular meetings kind of went to sleep for the winter and on account of poor road conditions had not held any meetings. Recently, however, it was again revived on the 14th of June. A new committee of action was appointed which we hope will start the United Farmers League to do work for which it is intended.

At this meeting many subjects of discussion were raised and by which we can start demands for bettering our conditions here which surely are no good. Dairy products must be almost given away while taxes still remain skyhigh. Rent is high for farmers who do not own farms. Mortgaged farms are being foreclosed as fast as the farmer is unable to pay interest or pay his debts. So we see that a lot of good work can be done and is needed in Brantwood.

We are going to try to get subs for the Producers News soon and would like to get at least a few sample copies. We are very short of money at present in fact, broke but will hold a social soon to get a little funds.

Yours for the United Farmers League.

—HENRY HENDERSON,
Brantwood, Wis.

Chicago.—A second reduction of 10% in wages of Armour & Co. employees was announced effective June 11. Salaries of the packing company have been cut twice and wages once once previously.

THREE LEADERS FOUND GUILTY; RESISTING COP

Held Anti-War Demonstration in Ontonagon, Michigan on April 30

PROTECT SPEAKERS

Despite Lack of Evidence Judge Forces Trial for Leaders

By JOHN SPIEGEL

Toivola, Mich., June 12.— On June 4, a protest demonsrtation was held at Ontonagon, Michigan for the purpose of demanding the release of our Comrades Koski, Arvola and Gene Island who on April 30th were arrested for trying to hold an Anti-war Meeting. At this June 4th demonstration the prosecuting attorney of Ontonagon county, Donnelly, had herded a flock of American Legionnaires, together with some petty officials of the village and county, with the intention of again smashing the protest demonstration of the poor workers and farmers. But to their surprise they found that the poor workers and farmers ha gathered in a determined effort t put thu a successful demonstatio which they did.

Workers, Farmers Protect Speakers

Donnelley, anxious that something should be started, walked forward to size up the crowd. Then Dr. Blake took a turn at it. Finally Donnelley and Blake conversed and then the crowd of would-be demolishers moved up toward the speakers' stand. The workers and farmers, realizing that something was soon to take place closed in around the speakers and the would-be flunkies retreated to the intersection of the street and waited for the successful conclusion of the protest demonstration.

Jury Trial Despite Lack of Evidence

Then on June 6th came the trial of the three comrades. Donnelley for the people vs. MacDonald for the respondents.

MacDonald put up a good defense; in fact, he cornered the prosecutor and the many witnesses against the respondents. It was a clear case for the judge to overer rule a jury trial. The court advised the prosecutor that there was no evidence and not sufficient to warrant a jury trial. But thru some hokus pokus the judge decided on a jury trial.

MacDonald of Iron River, Mich., in his final plea for the respondents, made a complete somersault and "guilty of resisting an officer" was the jury's verdict. MacDonald used these same tactics during the Copper country strike in 1913-14.

The prosecuting attorney of Ontonagon county, Mr. Donnelley, gave notice thru the Ontonagon Herald that a Communist meeting was going to be held in the villare of Ontonagon on June 4 and that all those not in sympathy with Communism refrain from attending such meeting. But Mr. Donnelley forgot about the notice and naturally eager to learn something brought the whole gang of superpatriots with him. What is the common name of a public official who will say one thing and do the other?

Williams County, N. D., Agent Must Be Voted Out by Toiling Farmers

By ERIK SVEET

Bonetrail, N. D., June 10.— We are now drawing close to the June elections. Here in Williams county we have a county agent who pretends to be a friend of the toiling people. Comrades and friends, remember he is just a tool of the master class. This coming election it will be up for voting. We must carry this out in all our United Farmers League locals and spread it to the mass. **Be sure and Vote Him Out!**

This tool who pretends to be our friend who sits at a desk with crossed legs, who slams the door in our faces is cross when the farmers come in. Not only that but comes out and talks for the 4-H Club which is an organization of the ruling class to poison the minds of our children so that they can be used for gun fodder by the capitalist class. This bird has had an easy chair long enough.

From the toil and sweat of us poor farmers and workers he has eaten and drunk his whiskey. What have we to show for it? Nothing, have we? It's a safe bet that there is room for all he has done for us on the point of my pencil. Most of us like some whiskey once in a while. Come, let's kick him off and take a shot ourselves. Let him earn his own whiskey in an honest way.

We also have a heck of a set of county commissioners. While I'm on the war path, I'm going to make a remark on what they did this spring.

This spring the county had commenced to advance money on the seed loan checks. One farmer was turned down flat. That's just one case and God knows how many more. One reason maybe because he is a member of the United Farmers League. This farmer owes no more than the rest of us. We have had these boys on the carpet before where they shook at the baby knee. Next time we will take all the shaking out of them. We shall take no promise. There are no words that can express the misery of farmers and workers pushed on us by the Hoover war and hunger government, not only in this country but throughout the whole capitalist world.

From Hoover's hands and his administration drip the very sweat and blood of all starving and exploited millions in America.

Well, friends remember the June primaries. We have a Communist ticket in the field. Remember the Communist sheriff candidate, John Kjorstad, Williston, N. D.

Quit Socialist Party; Is Enemy of Workers

Seattle, Wash., June 9.— Four Socialist party members, very active in its ranks up until now and all officials, threw a bombshell into a mass meeting called by the Socialist party here on June 3 to hear the Socialist candidate, McKay, speak.

These four members, Olga Hoglund, secretary of the county executive committee; Ira Ball, member of the county committee; Winifred Black, secretary-treasurer of Local No. 2 and Anna Bolin, chairman of Local 2, presented a signed statement declaring that because of its treacheries against the working class, they were withdrawing from the Socialist party and joining the Communist party. (As finally issued the statement includes another signature, that of George Ferris of Local 2.)

EVADES CHALLENGE

During the consternation among the Socialist party leaders after the statement was read, Alex Norral, district organizer of the Communist party rose and pointed out further proof that the Socialist party was the third party of capitalism and not a workers' party andchallenged McKay to a debate.

McKay made a demagogic talk evading every issue facing the workers, evading the wage cuts, unemployment, imperialist war plans, etc., and completely overlooked the challenge by the Communists.

Socialist officials shouted that the worker reading the statement of the four who had quit the Socialist party should "be smacked" but the crowd, including many rank and file socialists, refused to permit it. Two more at the meeting immediately associated themselves with the four joining the Communist party, and took the same action they did.

The statement of those quitting

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New Soviet Tax Laws Aid Cultural Growth

The money income of the rural population in the U. S. S. R. is expected to increase to 24 billion rubles($12.3 billion) in 1932 as compared with 13.2 billion in 1930 and 19.1 billion in 1931 but the receipts of the agricultural tax for 1932 will remain the same as last year. The entire amount collected as taxes in rural districts is left in the local district budgets and half of this amount remains in the treasury of the village soviets. This will make possible increased appropriations for education and health work and for the economic and cultural needs of the village. Many new schools, hospitals and nurseries, roads, cinema theatres, libraries, etc., will be established by means of these funds.

A decree was passed early in May by the Central Executive Committee and the Council of People's Commissars covering the agricultural tax for 1932. It stipulates that the collective farms are to pay from 3½ to 5 per cent of their total income. The poorer, less well established collective farms are either partially or entirely exempt from taxation.

In order to stimulate livestock and dairy farming, no tax will be levied on the stock of the collectives or on forage and feed crops. The collectives are likewise exempt from taxes on their sugar beet crops. Cotton plantations in the new regions are not subject to taxation for the first five years, and kneaf, kendyr, rami, and southern hemp, new areas under vegetables, poultry breeding and bee keeping are also to be exempt.

Collective farms which fulfilled their procurement programs on schedule and conduct their accounting accurately are to receive 25 per cent discount from their total tax. To stimulate the development of collective farm trade all income of these farms from farm products sold through collective farm markets are exempted.

In addition to the tax levied on the collective farm as a whole, the members of a collective are taxed for the income derived from the non-socialized part of their households. If this income does not exceed 50 rubles, the peasant pays a fixed tax of 4 rubles, while for incomes in excess of 50 rubles a graduated scale of taxes is set. The tax on individual peasant households ranges from seven rubles up. Households with two or more non-working members are allowed special reductions. Members of collectives have the following

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Franco-German Strike

Berlin, June 7.— A big dam is being built on the Upper Rhine at Kembs. Both German and French building workers are engaged on the job and the strictest measures are taken to see that they do not come together. In reply to a wage cut of 24% the German building workers decided to go on strike and get in touch with their French colleagues. One hundred fifty German building workers succeeded in crossing the Rhine despite the sharp watch kept by the authorities and in meeting their French fellow workers. Strike arrangements were made and the whole staff both French and German are now out together.

Farmers and Workers! Subscribe for The Producers News, the fighting organ of the United Farmers League! Do it Right Now!

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ERIK BERT, Editor
HANS RASMUSSEN, Business Manager

Friday, June 24, 1932.

THE REPUBLICAN PLANK ON AGRICULTURE

One of the major parties of Wall Street, the Republican party, has concludede its convention. For the coming election campaign it renominated Hoover and Curtis for president and vice-president respectively.

In these renominations was emphasized the ruthless determination of the Republican party to carry foward the attack against the working class which was quite brazenly stated in its platform. After the statement of the depths of the crisis in which the country is now sunk the Republican party states baldly that what has been done by it during the course of the crisis is all that could have been done. The misery that the toiling masses of the country have suffered and are now suffering receives no further attention from the Hoover party, with the exception of some lying statements as to how this misery has been "mitigated."

BURDEN OF CRISIS ON WORKERS

For the toiling masses the Republican platform means in brief that as they have borne the burden of the crisis to the present time so will they be forced to bear the burden of the crisis as long as it lasts. This is the answer of the party of hunger and oppression to the mass misery and privation of the toiling masses of city and country thruout the United States. (We shall discuss next week the platform as a whole.)

For the present let us see what the program of this Wall Street party is for the toiling farmers of the country.

HIDE CAUSE OF CRISIS

Their first task is to hide from the farm masses of the country the cause of the present crisis. For that reason the Hoover platform starts off with the statement that "Farm distress in America has its root in the enormous expansion of agricultural production during the war, the deflation of 1919-20 and the dislocation of markets after the war."

What do they specifically want to hide? They want to hide the fact that the "enormous expansion of agricultural production during the war, the deflation of 1919-20 was a necessary result of the capitalist system of production that the capitalist class used all of its means to expand production during the last imperialist war and then deflated the millions of farmers, plundered them in the interests of the bankers.

CAPITALIST SYSTEM IS IN DECAY

They want to hide the fact that the "dislocation of markets after the war" is the result of the decay which has now set in under the capitalist system, and that this "dislocation" is a permanent feature of capitalism during the economic break up of the system.

Why do they want to hide these facts? Because they want to prevent the farmers from seeing that it is capitalism that is the cause of their misery. They want the farmers to believe that it is some friction in the otherwise perfect working of the capitalist system that causes crises and that bring such untold misery for the toilers of city and land. They want to prevent the farmers from realizing that it is the system that is at fault, that the system is in decay and that the decay of the system means even greater misery for the toiling masses.

TO PRESERVE CAPITALIST DICTATORSHIP

If they can make the farmers believe that it is some ill working of the capitalist system that is the cause of their exploitation and privation then these farmers can be ensnared by some "agricultural relief" plan. Otherwise, if the farmers realize that such a system as this can only mean misery, oppression and war, paid for by the toilers, then they will also begin to realize that misery, oppression and war can only be abolished by abolishing this system, by destroying the dictatorship of the capitalist class and establishing in its place a dictatorship of the proletariat, a workers' and farmers' government.

Brazen lying also has its part in the Republican attempt to mislead the farmers. After the deflation of 1919-20, says the Republican platform, "The position of agriculture was gradually improved," supposedly by means of a "long record of legislation in aid of the co-operative organization of farmers and in providing farm relief . . . under Republican administrations."

BRAZEN LIES

This Wall Street party just lies away the ten years of agrarian crisis that preceded the present world crisis. During these ten years the farmers of the country were being burdened with an ever greater load of mortgage indebtedness, thousands were driven into tenantry, thousands plundered of everything they owned to satisfy the demands of the capitalist class. The prices of agricultural products during this period were such that only by cutting their own standards of living could they pay the plunder the bankers demanded. These ten years of agrarian crisis are simply transformed by the platform writers of the Republican party into ten years of "gradually improved" conditions.

The platform recalls that in 1928 the Republicans pledged to create the Federal Farm Board and to give tariff protection to the farmers. Hoover called a special session of congress in the spring of 1929 which established the Farm Board.

REPUBLICAN PLEDGES REDEEMED

These Republican lackeys of Wall Street recall their pledges. **"They Have Been Redeemed."** And how have they been redeemed? Our present situation is ample evidence of just what the carrying out of these "pledges" has meant. The Farm Board was established. The speculators could thank the Wall Street government for this. Into the hands of Legge, machine trust capitalist, was given the leadership of the Farm Board to "benefit" the farmers. **Wheat on the farms under thirty cents, eggs at three and four cents a dozen, butterfat at 10-cents a pound—this is how the pledges of the Republican party have been carried out.**

THE TARIFF FOR THE FARMERS

The Hoover platform tells us that "the 1930 tariff act increased the rates on agricultural products by 30%, upon industrial only 12%. Out of the 30% increase on agricultural products we got not one cent of return, and the capitalists knew this when the law was drafted. The 12% increase of industrial products we have paid many fold out of the miserable prices which we have been getting. The 12% enriched the big trusts and monopolies by hundreds of millions at our expense and at the expense of the workers in the cities. The 30% was used to fool us into the belief that we could expect something from the capitalist class and its legislation.

In this way the Republican party has maintained "the parity of protection to agriculture with other industry." In this way the Republican party has maintained the outrageous plunder of the farmers thru monopoly prices for what they must buy and less than cost of production prices for what they must sell.

"The Republican party has also aided the American farmer . . . . by the strengthening of the extension system, and by the appropriation of $125,000,000 to recapitalize the Federal land banks and to enable them to extend time to worthy borrowers." The Republican party has strengthened the horde of stool pigeon county agnts who live like leeches off the backs of the toiling farmers. In the drouth stricken areas we have seen county agents used to break the militancy of the farmers thru discrimination in the feed and seed loans.

$125,000,000 FOR LAND BANK BOND HOLDERS

How much did you get of the 125 million given to the Federal Land Banks? **Not one miserable penny,** because this $125,000,000 was used not in relief of the farmers but to relieve the land banks which were near the cracking point. The $125,000,000 were used to back up the land bank bonds, to make the investments of the capitalist class secure, to assure them of their interest and principal. **This was relief for the capitalist class.**

"The Republican party pledges itself to the principle of assistance to co-operative marketing associations, owned and controlled by the farmers themselves, through the provisions of the agricultural marketing act, which will be promptly amended or modified to accomplish the objects set forth in the preamble of that act." **The Republican party pledges itself to crush the farmers by means of the power over the markets centralized in the hands of the Washington agency of Wall Street—the Farm Board.** The Republican party pledges itself—**with the aid of the "progressives" within its ranks**—to try and make the farmers believe that "co-operative" marketing under the dictatorship of the Farm Board is something besides most vicious deception of the toiling farm masses for the benefit of the speculators.

The Republican platform touches two other points in its agricultural plank—taxes and "land utilization."

> **"The time has come for a reconsideration of our tax system, federal state and local, with a view to developing a better co-ordination, reducing duplication and relieving unjust burdens. The Republican party pledges itself to this end."**

RELIEF OF UNJUST TAX BURDENS

The time has come, the Republican elephant said, to talk of many things, now let us talk of taxes. The "reconsideration" of the tax program of the capitalist class is evidenced in the broadening of the taxpayers by many hundreds of thousands in the latest tax measure. To the capitalist class the plundering of the small and middle farmers thru taxes is not an "unjust burden." The Republican party has "relieved unjust burdens" in taxation. It has repaid hundreds of millions of income taxes to the capitalist class—to the Mellons, the Morgans, the Rockefellers.

And finally comes the "fundamental problem of American agriculture" . . . . . "the control of production to such volume as will balance supply with demand." The Republican party boasts that "co-operation," the tariff, and the "control of the acreage of land under cultivation," are "vital" in this program. Told in understandable terms this means plowing under every third row of cotton and letting wheat fields lie idle while millions of workers starve and go ragged. This is the program of hunger midst riches.

While the impoverished farmers of the United States are being driven to coolie levels by the onslaught of the capitalist class the Republican party mocks their misery by stating that "the president has insisted upon the interest of the American farmer."

The president has insisted as he now insists, as the Republican party and the capitalists insist, that the small and middle farmers, and the workers in the cities, should be forced to bear the burden of the crisis.

Against these mocking plunderers only the united might of the toilers can avail. A vote for this party of oppression and misery is a vote for the system which it represents. Only a vote for the Communist party, for Foster and Ford, and for the local candidates of the Communist party is a vote for our class, is a vote against hunger and oppression and war.

International Briefs

Big Tin Firm Fails

London, June 6.— Dealings on the tin market here were suspended today, following the failure of Lewis Lazarus & Sons, one of the oldest firms in the tin business. The firm's commitments were estimated to be between 50 and 60 thousand pounds sterling, and it was facing the necessity of refinancing its holdings of 5,000 tons of tin.

Heavy Sentences for Soldiers

Madrid, June 5.— Soldiers of an engineer division in San Sebastian organised a protest demonstration against the poor quality food dished out to them. Disturbances occurred and 14 of the men came before a court martial yesterday. The public prosecutor demanded the death sentence for the Ringleader and 30 years imprisonment each for the others accused. The court dared not impose this horrible vindictive sentence but what it did was bad enough. The chief accused was sentenced to six years imprisonment, three soldiers to four years imprisonment each, five to three years each and the rest to shorter terms. The Communist party had conducted an energetic campaign on behalf of the accused soldiers and it was due to this that the sentences were not so heavy as demanded.

Second Magnitogorsk Blast Furnace

Moscow, June 7. — The second blast furnace at the new Magnitogorsk works was lighted yesterday. For the next five days the furnace is to supply from 300 to 350 tons daily and its workers will work the five day week. The production will then gradually be increased until towards the end of June the daily production is to reach about 900 tons. The third and fourth blast furnaces are gradually approaching completion also and will soon be at work.

Growing Unrest In Dombrova Mining Area

Warsaw, June 6.— The bourgeois newspaper Polonia warns the authorities that the revolutionary unrest in the Dombrova mining area is rapidly growing as a result of the growing unemployment and the repeated reductions in wages. The newspaper declares that outwardly the situation appears calm, but that it is a calm before the storm and that in reality the district is like a boiling volcano covered still with a thin crust. It then quotes a series of happenings at the pits and in the factories in support of its contentions and prophecies the wild outbreak of desperate strikes and revolutionary mass movements in the very near future.

Hitler Murder Gangs Made Legal

The "Storm Troops" of Hitler, the murder gangs of the German capitalist class, were made legal again on June 14 by a decree of the Papen government.

These gangs will be used to crush the militant resistance of the workers and farmers to a fascits dictatorship. The Red Front Fighters, the workers' defense organization, still remains illegal, in order to prevent the workers from taking militant action in defense of their rights against the planned fascist dictatorship.

Lousaane Conference Opens

The Lousanne conference of the various imperialist powers began on July 17. The first move of the conference was to suspend reparations payments from June 30 to the end of the conference. The Hoover moratorium which was declared a year ago expires on July 1 and the new agreement is actually a continuation of that.

Thirty Threshers a Day in Rostov

Moscow, June 7.— The agricultural machinery works in Rostov-on-the-Don reached the top of its projected production of threshers yesterday when it turned out 30.

OUIT SOCIALIST

(Continued from Front Page)

the Socialist party reads as follows:

"We the undersigned, members of the Socialist party and County Executive committee of the party, wish to make the following statement:

"In joining the Socialist party we were guided by the perspective of joining a fighting revolutionary organization, whose tasks are those of organizing and leading the workers in a struggle against capitalism which is responsible for the suffering and misery of the working class.

JIM CROW PARTY

"While actively participating in the work of the party, we have closely observed and carefully studied its program, methods and leadership, both national and local, the national and state conventions, etc. For instance: In the national convention in Milwaukee there was ot a single Negro delegate. They refused to call for struggle for the liberation of the class war prisoners in the capitalist prisons, while at the same time they demanded freedom for the food prisoners, saboteurs, counter revolutionaries and supporters of the war mongering capitalists in the Soviet Union. They nominated Norman Thomas who speaks over the same hook-up with J. P. Morgan in support of the block-aid system, and who openly supported the capitalis Reconstruction Finance Corporation. The party accepted the capitalist slogan in the last world war, "The war to end war," "The war for democracy," and now in the national convention we still raise the slogan of democracy, which can only be democracy for the ruling class, in fact supporting them, in their present preparations for war against the Soviet Union. Hillquit's famous lawsuit against the Soviet Union in the interests of Russian White Guards. Norman Thomas refusing to debate and defend the party's program and policies with Wm. Z. Foster, presidential candidate of the Communist party, and locally giving leadership to the Dix Chamber of Commerce Unemployed Citizens League, etc.

JOIN COMMUNISTS

"In view of these rank betrayals of the working class, we, the undersigned, have decided to break with the Socialist party, the third party of capitalism, and are joining the Communist party which has proved itself the only party fighting in a revolutionary way in the interests of the working class. We call upon the rank and file to join us in the Communist party in waging a struggle against capitalism, against starvation, against wage cuts and unemployment, against capitalist wars, and for the liberation of both Negro and white workers and for the proletarian dictatorship, for the defense of the Soviet Union and Soviet China.

(Signed):
WINIFRED BLACK,
Secretary-Treasurer, Local 2.
IRA BALL,
Member County Exec. Com.
OLGA HOGLUND,
Sec. County Exec. Com.
ANNA BOLIN,
Chairman, Local 2.
GEORGE FERRIE,
Member Local 2.

County News

WESTBY

Mission Circle was held at the Baptist Chaple Thursday afternoon. Mrs. Elmer Hultgren and Mrs. August Hultgren served.

Fred Gottwald of Crosby held a meeting at the Pentecostal Mission Wednesday evenign.

Mrs. Wm. Dominick and sons, Stanley and Julian, were Westby shoppers Thursday.

Olaf Oleson of Elkhorn was a visitor in Westby Tuesday.

Mr. Vandemark, Donald Wiley and James Buchanan motored to Noonan on Thursday where the latter consulted the doctor.

Miss Helen Jensen of Coalridge visited friends in Westby on Wednesday.

Dorothy Hjelm, who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. Ole Odegaard of McElroy returned to her home Tuesday evening.

Miss SIGRID TANGEN is assisting her sister, Mrs. Casper Dieroth with the housework this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. George and daughters, Ellene, Helen and Marion were Crosby shoppers Tuesday.

The Pentecostal Sunday school enjoyed a picnic Thursday. They all reported a good time.

The Rev. Emerson and wife, after having spent a week here holding Bible school, returned to their home in McCabe, Friday.

Agnes Stugeberg motored to Crosby, Friday.

Mr. Mellgaard returned home Wednesday after visiting friends and relatives in Minneapolis.

Oscar Helseth, Leonard, Ingvald and Raymond Olsen left Thursday morning for the western states.

E. C. Peterson and son, Harry, of Coalridge were Westby callers Friday.

Miss Agnes Juve of Lonetree is spending a few days visiting Miss Marjorie Enger this week.

The Rev. and Mrs. Emerson were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Luther Hultgren Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Kittleson, Gladys and Junior Swanson arrived from Minneapolis on Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Froisleben left Thursday morning for Wisconsin to spend their vacation.

Mrs. Myans is visiting relatives and friends in Daneville.

Jonas Jepson and son Clair of Daneville were Westby callers and visitors Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Skeels, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Helseth, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Jensen, Minnie Simenson and Vernon Kittleson returned from Lake Qu'appelle Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs Art Hetland and children, Mrs. Ole Hjelm and Alice Helseth were Crosby callers and shoppers on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Brodevein and daughters, Avis, and Carol Hoeck, left for Beach, N. D., where the latter will visit her grandmother.

Mr. and Mrs. Christ Nelson and son Lloyd were Crosby visitors on Monday.

Peter Miller and family visited Mr. and Mrs. George Miller of Columbus on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Miller of Daneville visited with friends in the city Friday.

Martin Nereson and family of Pleasant Valley spent a few days in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Rogstad and family of Elkhorn district were visitors and shoppers in Westby Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Hanson and Mrs. A. T. Olesen were Crosby callers Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Christ Holst left for Regina Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. McCallister and daughter, Florence, motored to Columbus Thursday.

Pete Hjelm of Comertown called on friends and relatives in the city on Monday.

Olaf Gunderson and family motored to Columbus on Saturday evening to visit friends and relatives, returning home on Sunday evening.

Bernie Freund and Miss Clara Gunderson motored out to the Alfred Overgaards home on Saturday afternoon to visit with Walter who has been on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. George Miller of Columbus visited at the Peter Miller home on Sunday, bringing back Donald and Dean who spent a week visiting there. Keat accompanied them back to Columbus.

Minnie Simerson of Daneville is clerking at the NelsonSSannerud stores Saturdays.

Oscar and Lloyd Tanberg of Columbus are visiting at the Olaf Gunderson home for a while.

Mr. and Mrs. Olaf Hanson of Alkabo called in the city on Saturday evening.

Hilmer Skramstad, Florence Johnson and Esther Nelson of Alkabo made a short call i nthe city on Friday evening.

Miss Alpha Hjelm visited at the Art Hetland home on Monday.

Ginard Jensen is up and around again after a seige of illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Art Nordhagen called on Agnes Stageberg on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Smith and family, Mrs. Ole Haugen, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Juve, Mr. and Mrs. Jonas Jepson and Mr. and Mrs. Johnnie Sather were shoppers and callers in the city Monday.

Martha and Oscar Gunderson are spending a few days visiting in Columgus, N. D.

A baseball game between Westby and Fortuna was played on the local grounds on Sunday. Fortuna lost by a score of seven to three.

Mrs. Roy Stageberg and Mr. and Mrs. Ole Grytness of Washburn, N. D. journeyed to Washington on Saturday where they will visit their mother for a while.

Olaf Gunderson and family motored out to the Ole Galerud farm on Monday evening.

Gurda Stageberg is assisting at the Roy Stageberg home during the absence of Mrs. Roy Stageberg.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Lein motored to Crosby on Monday.

Comertown-Dooley

A surprise party was given for Helen Steinke at the H. E. Steinke home on June 9. Miss Steinke left for Billings where she will attend summer school.

Mrs. Stubbe and daughter Jennie of Westby were also guests at the Steinke home. Miss Stubbe left for Dillon on June 10.

Miss Paulina Walsh from Cando, N. D. is here visiting with her sister, Mrs. Julius Roan and family.

Rodney William Roan, one-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Julius Roan had the misfortune to get his fingers caught in the clothes wringer. They are now healing up nicely.

There was a ball game Sunday between Rocky Spring and Muddy Flat. The Rocky boys were defeated.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Strand and family from north of Comertown, and Mrs. Strand and family of Comertown left for Glacier Park. Hazel Bergsbaken went along as far as Wolf Point where she will visit for a short time.

There was a dance at Dick Fitzgerald's barn Sunday nite, the 19th.

A party was held at the Henry Hagen home June 13th. A jolly good time was had by all. Yes?

Edwin Bergsbaken of Libby, Mont. is back for a short visit. He will return to Libby in a few days and Alvig Williams will go with him.

Mr. Holst, aged father of Mrs. Jens Ibsen of Dooley, who he has been making his home the past few years, passed away Tuesday the 21st after a short illness. He is the father of Pete, Ole, Chris and Oscar Holst of south of Comertown and E. C. Holst of Plentywood.

Mrs. Frank Heppner's father is visiting at her home now.

Mr. and Mrs. George Rebo were business callers in Plentywood last Saturday.

Tom Kelly of Comertown was a caller in Plentywood last Saturday.

Blondyna Steinke is helping Rev. Mohl teaching the summer school in the German Lutheran church.

EAST COALRIDGE

Mr. and Mrs. Gust Sather of Anceta, North Dakota and daughter Adeline, who has been attending high school at Grenora, and Mr. and Mrs. Ole Sather, were guests on Thursday at the J. C. Hansen home.

A party of young folks surprised Eleanore Hansen on her 11th birthday anniversary Thursday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Armstrong and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Dahl of Abbey, Sask., of the Swift Current country, arrived on Friday for a visit at the homes of Andrew Dahl and Edwin Dahl families. They report the Canadian crops looking favorable.

Prof. and Mrs. Ralph Micken of Cut Bank, Mont. arrived on Thursday for a few days' visit at the Martin Morken home. Mrs. Micken being a sister of Mr. Morken. They left on Saturday for Grand Forks and Osnabrook, N. D., to visit other relatives there.

Andrew Dahl and Ole Boe attended the annual directors meeting of the Acme Coal Mine at Coalridge on Friday. Director Lars Linn and Ole Boe were re-elected on the board of directors and a very satisfactory year of business was reported, in spite of the depression in other lines. George Harbarger will continue as general manager.

A well attended meeting of the Farmers Union was held Sunday afternoon, Andrew Dahl presiding. Plans for the coming county convention were discussed as well as for the annual picnic. The ladies served a cafeteria lunch. Members from the Parmar local were present. Thomas Sundsted, Martin Larsen, Daniel Pedersen, Chris Johansen and John Andreasen; also Mr. and Mrs. Will Armstrong, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Dahl and later Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Morken from Dakota.

Sig Bergum visited with his uncle, Hartvig Bergum and family of Westby Sunday afternoon.

NEW SOVIET TAX

(Continued from Front Page)

privileges, in addition to those granted individual peasants: All livestock for personal needs is exempt from taxation; the entire non-socialized part of the households, as well as the non agricultural income of those collective farm members who contract to work in state industry, transportation, construction work (state or co-operative), or on state farms, is tax exempt. Individual peasants under similar contracts have the wages received from such work taxed at half the regular rate.

Households of all peasants (individual or collective) who work for at least a year at underground coal mining are also completely exempted.

The incomes of the entire agricultural population of a number of northern sections of the U. S. S. R. are not to be taxed. Kulak households are taxed in accordance with their actual income on an individual basis. Middle peasant households are not to be subject to the individual method of taxation.

MINN. FARMERS

(Continued from Front Page)

the soldiers' back pay (the soldiers are sons of poor farmers and workers) and are on the verge of starvation and need the essentials of life, and,

Whereas, these soldiers are assembled in Washington under their rank and file leadership, and

"Whereas, the representatives of the boss class have made threats against these ex-service men,

"Therefore, be it resolved, that we workers and farmrs numbering 100 support the ex-soldiers in their fight, and

"Be it further resolved that we write a letter to the president of the United States and chief of police of Washington, D. C., condemning the actions of the capitalist class and hold them responsible for the lives and welfare of the ex-service men while in Washington, D. C. and that a copy of this resolution be copied and handed to the editor for publication in the Farmers Independent. The farmers are going back again next commissioners' meeting which will be July 5th.

—ELIZABETH BAUMAN,
Clearwater County Reporter.

LYNCHERS

(Continued from Front Page)

Two hundred delegates representing all the workers organizations in Paris, headed by Marcel Cachin, pledged to Mrs. Ada Wright and J. Louis Engdahl an intensification of the Scottsboro campaign on all fronts. Many mass demonstrations to free the nine innocent Negro youths of Scottsboro are planned in the French capital and adjoining centers.

June 7—Following a number of Scottsboro demonstrations in Paris, three suburbs of this city, Bezons, Ivry, and Dmitry Mory, respectively sent delegations from their local municipal councils to the American embassy to demand the unconditional release of the Scottsboro boys.

June 9—Four thousand French workers participated in a Scottsboro demonstration in the Communist municipality of St. Denis. They elected a delegation to demand from the British embassy in Paris that Mrs. Ada Wright, Scottsboro mother, and J. Louis Engdahl, general secretary of the International Labor Defense, be allowed to enter England. Also an elected delegation visited the American embassy in Paris and demanded the unconditional liberation of the Scottsboro Negro boys.

Doings of the Advance Guard

This week has been a busy one back here. We have printed four issues of the paper, each one different somewhat from the other ones. In order to put Art Rueber over as Communist candidate for the state legislature at the primary election, we have covered Koochiching county, Minnesota with 1500 papers, mailed one to each voter, with special articles prepared for the purpose.

We have printed a special edition with articles on the Farmers Hunger March to Duluth, June 21, and have sent a thousand papers to be distributed at this hunger march. Besides this we have printed our regular national and county editions.

These extra papers by the thousands are very effective—it's what counts. During your election campaign and when you have other big doings, prepare special articles of local interest and let us print them. Then order as many papers as you need and can afford. If you send us the names, we will address and mail them, but we must insist on getting paid for it at the rate of $20 per thousand. We have quite a time scimping along so you must help us all you can. Get more subs, more renewals, more bundles, more job work. Some of you are doing mightly well, others could do much better. **Things are moving fast. Prosperity is here now, compared with what it is going to be soon. Be among the live ones. Be among the Advance Guard.**

DOINGS OF LAST WEEK

Henry Keinonen, Vveleth, Minn., sends in one sub.

Marian E. Herrick, Warsaw, Indiana renews his subscription for another year and writes: "I find your paper most interesting in many ways and pass out my copies whenever I find someone who is willing to read this type of information."

STARTING CAMPAIGNING

J. Pearson, White Earth, N. D., sends in one sub and renews his own subscription: "More are coming later as Comrade Starr and me will begin our campaign next week in this county,'" Jim says.

Abe Sallman, Phelps, Wis., sends a check for a bundle of 50 papers.

Jacob Schneider, Kansas, Ohio, renews his subscription.

Roy Miller, Frederick, S. D., sends a money order for bundle of five to be sent each week.

Otto Wallin, Superior, Wis., pays for a bundle.

August Schlemmer, Chisago City, Minn., sends one sub and one renewal.

J. A. Blodgett, McCabe, Mont., sends one sub and one renewal.

Harold Olmstead, Superior, Wis. sends us two subs.

Bruce N. Taylor, Palisade, Minnesota, sends for bundle of papers for the Communist party state convention.

GET THEM AS HE GOES

Arvo Husa, Belden, N. D., sends in one sub and several names he picked up along the road on his way to the National Nominating Convention in Chicago.

Anton Hladish, Catawba, Wis., renews his subscription and says he can not do without the paper any more.

VERY MUCH INTERESTED

Steve M. Kurepa, Monro, Mich., writes: "I am interested very much in your organization, please send me a few copies of the Producers News."

Mrs. Chas. P. Jones of Peerless, Montana, sends one more sub.

Henry Henderson, Brantwood, Wis., writes for sample copies and says they are reviving their UFL and will get us some subs.

John K. Terpstra, Ogilvie, Min., sends stamps for sample copies.

Paul Niemela, Renton, Wash., sends us three subs.

Frank Witty, Larson, N. Dak., sends in eight 25c subscription cards.

The Southwest Press Clipping Bureau, Topeka, Kans., renews their subscription.

GETTING THEM BY THE

Fifteen hundred papers with special Minnesota articles are sent to all voters in Koochiching county, Minnesota.

Reino Tonttila, Virginia, Minn., sends in $20 to pay for 1,000 copies of the Producers News to be distributed at the Duluth Hunger March on June 21. He also sent two subs.

NEGRO WORKER

(Continued from Front Page)

the Communist International which was suppressed a couple of weeks ago, 800 copies being denied admission to the United States, though from a single copy which was fortunately secured, 4000 copies were immediately reprinted in the United States and widely sold. **MOPR'S Banners Abroad**, a well-known pamphlet often displayed and sold at Communist meetings in this country, was recently and suddenly held to be "seditious." The **Young Worker** had its second class mailing privileges removed because of its political content, which content consisted of sharp attacks on the United States war policy and of appeals to young workers to refuse to undertake military service. The **New Pioneer** has been refused second class mailing privileges because it is also militant in its anti-imperialist-war youth policy. The **Red International of Labor Unions**, emphatic in pointing out that the interests of labor are irreconcilably opposed to imperialist war, especially to war upon the Soviet Union, has had the last two issues held up in the customs.

It is unnecessary to comment. It is only suggested that these facts be studied carefully by two classes of workers, those who still believe that America has "freedom of the press' and of speech; and those who still imagine that the United States is in the favor of peace.

This attack comes, however, at a time with the International Labor Defense is extremely hard pressed. This organization directly acts as the agent of the Negro Worker, and defends the rights of the workers and of workers organizations, including the rights of free speech and a free press, but now, with the strenuous fight for the Scottsboro boys beginning a new phase, and with the collossal burden of hundreds of working class court battles all over the country resting on this single organization, the ILD needs funds. Never before has the fight been so keen. With many victories to its credit, and with the militant workers more than ever relying on its services, the ILD finds itself in desperate need. It appeals to you. Send money now to the International Labor Defense, Room 430, 799 Broadway, New York City.

ATTENTION!

— Voters of —

MOUNTRAIL COUNTY,
North Dakota

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of

COUNTY TREASURER

of Mountrail county, subject to the will of the voters at the June primaries.

PAUL T. BROSZ

Let's Give Paul T. Brosz a Big Vote! (pd. pol. ad)

R. N. HOLST DIES

Rasmus Nelson Holst was born May 14, 1844 at Hyrup, Denmark. He came to Illinois in 1879 and in 1880 moved to Viborg, South Dakota and took up a homestead on which he lived until 1921 when he came to Montana to make his home with his daughter, Mrs. Jens Ibsen at Dooley. He was married to Anne Marie Olesen on April 1, 1878 to which union was born 11 children, six of whom are still living. They are Peter, Olie, Chris who live south of Comertown, E. C. Holst of Plentywood and Mrs. Jens Ibsen of Dooley.

Mr. Holst was taken sick on June 10 and died Tuesday, June 21, 1932 at 7:30 p. m. at Dooley at the age of 88 years and one month. Funeral services were Thursday and interment made in the Dagmar cemetery. Besides his five sons and one daughter he leaves 13 grandchildren, all of whom live in Sheridan county. His wife died several years ago.

Mrs. Otto Donaldson and Leo, accompanied by Muriel Donaldson, Lois Goodman and Oscar Fossum, left Monday morning for Minneapolis and Winona, Minnesota where the Donaldsons will visit with relatives. Mr. Fossum is going as far as Minneapolis.

PLENTYWOOD to GLASGOW by TELEPHONE
75c
After 8:30 P. M. Only
45c
Station-to-Station rates. Ask Long Distance for others you may want.
TELEPHONE

Want Ads

FOUND — Pocketbook. Owner may have same by identifying, and paying for this adv. See Dr. C. M. Hall, city. 13-2tp

WANTED TO RENT— Piano, must be cheap. Rasmus Rasmussen, Comertown, Mont. (13-2t)

FOR SALE— Several registered Hereford bulls. These bulls are priced to sell. Could take cattle in trade. James M. Ostby, McCabe, Montana. (12-3t)

FOR RENT— House, partly furnished at reasonable rate—on west side. Inquire at Producers News or Phone Carl Hovdey, Outlook., Montana. (12-4t)

SALESMEN WANTED— Men wanted to establish and conduct Rawleigh City business in cities of Scobey and Poplar. Reliable hustler can start earning $35 weekly and increase rapidly. Write immediately. Rawleigh Co., Dept. MT-30-V, Minneapolis, Minn.

GUERNSEY BULLS, serviceable age for trade for other cattle. These bulls are state inspected, state of Minnesota. Also compel acd. registry. Dams 550 to 700 pounds butterfat cows. John Eggen, Archer, Montana. (13-2t)

PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY

DR. W. D. ROY
DENTIST
Phone 119 Plentywood

HOWARD M. LEWIS
LAWYER

A. C. ERICKSON
Attorney-at-Law
Practice in all Courts
Plentywood Montana

Johnson THE Abstractman
SHERIDAN COUNTY ABSTRACT COMPANY
Only the Best Abstracts of Title
Plentywood, Montana

FULKERSON-NELSON MORTUARY
EMBALMERS UNDERTAKERS
Day and Night Service
Phone 191 PLENTYWOOD

Local Brevities

Rudolph Steinberg of Westby visited in Plentywood aSturday.

Dick Fitzgerald of Comertown wa sa Plentywood caller last week.

Dan McCall of Comertown was a town visitor Monday.

Blair DeTray of Seattle is visiting at the DeTray home this week.

Billy Chandler of Medicine Lake is having medical treatment at the local hospital this week.

Geo. Rebo of Comertown called in the city with friends over Saturday.

Andy Omholt of Minot was in town the fore part of the week on business.

Master Carl Taylor went to Froid Sunday for a visit at the James Ostby home.

The local ball team broke their record Sunday by winning a game from Dooley. No explanation has been offered yet.

Ervin Nelson of Raymond stopped in Plentywood Thursday on his way to Minot, accompanying Chas. E. Taylor there.

Cecil Marsh and Bob Zeidler returned from points in Wisconsin and Minnesota with a new Chevrolet coach purchased by Irvin "Pud" Marsh.

Mrs. Dahlin and family left on Monday for the western part of the state where they will join Mr. Dahlin at Kevin where he is employed.

Willy Hagen, Oscar Fossum and Henry Goodman returned the latter part of last week from the western part of the state where they had been on a fishing trip. Incidentally few fish were caught but the boys had a mighty good outing at any rate.

Jack Van was brought to the hospital this week suffering from injuries received when a team he was driving on a sulky plow ran away. The plow struck a rock throwing him under the plow. In that position he was dragged for quite a distance cutting and bruising him considerably.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Tange and family of Outlook left Wednesday of this week for Ashley, North Dakota where Mrs. Tange will attend a meeting of the Wishek Investment Company. After a short visit with Mrs.Tange's mother,, Mrs. Nina F. Wishek, they will return home about July 10.

Donald Moore, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Moore, who has been confined to his bed for the past three months with heart trouble was taken to the local hospital on Tuesday where he had his tonsils removed. He is now recuperating at his home. His many friends among the younger set hope the operation will remedy the trouble and that he will soon be around again in his usual vigorous health.

Most everybody who listened in to the world's championship boxing match between Sharkey and Schmelling thinks the decision had an aroma to it similar to that of a pot of sour Boston baked beans mixed with Limburger cheese and flavored with a few shots of stale Canuck beer. Sharkey got the belt after a tame and uneventful 15 round fiasco in which the big bruisers played in the ring with Sharkey putting his left eye up as a target for the Dutchman to try to hit. The darn thing finally got in the way and closed up like a clam but there was no spew or gore upon the floor when the 72 thousand fans grumbled out thru the door.

ALIAS SUMMONS

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE TWENTIETH JUDICIAL DISRICT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SHERIDAN.

GLADYS BARNES, Plaintiff,
— versus —
ALBY BARNES, Defendant.

THE STATE OF MONTANA
Send greetings to the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court, a copy of which is herewith served upon you in the county wherein you reside, and to file you ranswer and serve a copy thereof upon the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after service of this Summons ,exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you, by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.

This is ar action for the annulment of the marriage between the plaintiff and defendant solemnized in Plentywood, Montana, on April 1, 1931 on the ground that the consent of the plaintiff was obtained by force and that said plaintiff has not cohabited with defendant as his wife.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court this 21st day of June A. D. 1932.

(SEAL OF THE)
(DISTRICT COURT)
C. B. PETERSON, Clerk.

ARTHUR C. ERICKSON,
Attorney for plaintiff
Plentywood Montana.
(First Publication June 24, 1932.)
(Last Publication July 15, 1932. 4t)

GREAT NORTHERN
JULY FOURTH EXCURSIONS
Take a trip somewhere—NOW! Bargain Fares: only 60% of one-way fare for the round trip in coaches (practically 1c a mile!). and for ticket good in sleeping cars one fare plus 25c, between all stations on Great Northern where one-way fare does not exceed $35.
Go any day June 30, July 1, 2, 3 or 4. Return limit midnight, July 12.
See Agent today.
CENT PER MILE

Argentine Farmers Aid Striking Workers

Farmers marching on Tucuman, Argentina on June 13 to aid striking sugar refinery workers were turned back by the police. The workers have been striking for the eight hour day and for higher wages. Workers' struggles with the police in Concepcion have resulted in a death toll of six.

First Fire in Many Moons Disturbs Napping Populace As Trysting Place Burns

Tuesday evening about 10:15 the villagers were roused from their peaceful slumbers by the fire siren. The small shack west of town formerly occupied by the Bob Chapman family was in flames. The firemen hurried out but the fire had too much headway so no attempt was made to stop it. It is not known how the fire originated but it is thought to have been set accidentally by members of a petting party whose car was seen parked there a short time before.

LUTHERAN CHURCH
O. M. Simundson, Pastor

Sunday, June 26.—Services at 9:30 a. m. at Plentywood; 11:15 at Dooley and 2:30 p. m. at Antelope.

Sunday, July 3.—Services at 9:30 a. m. at Plentywood; 11:15 at Outlook and 2:30 p. m. at Raymond. Kindly keep in mind this summer schedule of services.

Dooley people will kindly watch for the announcement of the summer school which will begin there soon. We would like to have every child ateend this school this summer.

ELMER E. HULTGREN
Republican Candidate for
SHERIFF
— of —
SHERIDAN COUNTY
Your vote and support will be Greatly Appreciated
(Paid Pol. Adv.)

— Vote for —
ARTHUR C. ERICKSON
— for —
COUNTY ATTORNEY
on the Republican Ticket
Primaries July 19, 1932
(Paid Pol. Adv.)

JACK J. GIBBONS
RESERVE, MONT.
Candidate for
STATE REPRESENTATIVE
on the
DEMOCRAT TICKET
Your vote and support will be appreciated at the Primary Election on July 19th. (Pd pol. adv)

POLITICAL POT STARTS TO BUBBLE

By HANS RASMUSSEN

Soon our telephone poles will be decorated with pictures in one confusing mess. The filing for office is over with and everybody will be handing out cards with pictures and nice readings on them. Everybody needs a job, and many have spent their last penny on filing fees. Some of them have not used any sense at all, some didn't have it—it's a wild scramble in which nearly all are going to lose out in the end.

The Democrat party in the state seems to be sound asleep. They holler about the Democrat candidates that are going to come. And they don't even see to it that their tickets are filled so people would be interested in voting it. But that's their business.

It's different with the Republican ticket. They don't pay any attention to the Democrat landslide. They all want to be good Republicans, just like Hoover.

Harry Polk trots out with one set of candidates and Joe Dolin another. Then there are others who don't know just who they are with—haven't had time to line up yet—had so hurry up and file. But they are all good Republicans—all satisfied with the present conditions that this party has brought about—all waving the flag and glad that Hoover got the nomination, otherwise they would not be good Republicans.

Many who had been laying behind the log, filed Saturday. Harry Sparling of Medicine Lake was escorted to the court house by Joe Dolin where he filed for state representative. When it leaked out that Miss Markuson was getting tired of her job and was not going to file for superintendent of schools, Henry Raaen filed and Harry Polk got busy and rounded up Miss Elliott of Redstone, brought her in here in the middle of the night and got her on the list.

The list as it stands now is like this:

State Representative: Andrew Ueland, Rasmus Ueland, Edgar I. Syverud and Harry Sparling.

County Commissioner: A. J. Olson and Frank French.

Clerk and Recorder: Niels Madsen and L. S. Olsen.

Sheriff: Hans Madsen, Joe Redmond, Bob Smith, Jud Matkin and Elmer E. Hultgren.

Treasurer:r James Michels and Paul Kurtz.

Clerk of Court: Carl Peterson and F. G. Fishbeck.

Assessor: George Bolster, Christ Christensen and Albert Kollman.

Supt. of Schools: Henry Raaen, and Miss Minnie P. Elliatt.

Surveyor: Robert Wheeler.

County Attorney: Grant Bakewell, A. C. Erickson, Paul Babcock and Vernon Hoven.

Judge Paul comes out without any opposition on the Republican ticket. J. J. Gunther is his only opponent, running on the Democrat ticket.

Only two county candidates filed on the Democrat ticket: Jack J. Gibbons for state representative, Miss Linda Hall for superintendent of schools. In the last paper we stated that W. D. Dooley had filed for sheriff on the Democrat ticket and was the only one of the bunch who had shown any smartness. We will take it all back. Mr. Dooley did not file at all, and still showed more sense by staying out of it all together.

CORRECTION

In last weeks' Producers News in the article entitled"" Political Pot is Simmering, the name of Paul Hultgren should have read: Elmer E. Hultgren for Sheriff, etc.

FROM AROUND THE COUNTY

Interesting bits of news gathered by live wire correspondents in the various communities of Sheridan County.

RESERVE

Mrs. Robb arrived in town last Wednesday to spend a few days among friends.

Anker Jensen returned from Iowa last Thursday. He plans to spend the summer here.

Gladys Allert returned to her home in Chicago last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Halvor Everson and two boys left for a three weeks' holiday thru Dakota last Saturday morning.

Carl Peterson and H. C. Riley attended a grain dealer's convention at Bainville last Monday. The Occident people treaaed their agents to a dinner at Culbertson Monday noon.

The Medicine Lake ball team took Culbertson to the cleaners last Sunday. The Lekers have several Reserve boys playing so this town was quite jubilant over the game.

Charley Bornsted played golf with the Medicine Lake crowd at the tournament in Plentywood last Sunday.

The G. N. carpenter crew returned to town last Saturday and will camp here for a couple of weeks more.

A junior rural team took the local Juniors 11 to 20 in a ball game here last Saturday.

Marge Petersen returned from College at Minot last Friday and on Tuesday morning Mr. and Mrs. Petersen, Marge and Norma, left for a three weeks' car trip thru the western part of the state. They will visit Yellowstone park also.

Mrs. Carl Hansen wept to Scobey on Monday after spending a few days among leatives in town.

N. J. Evensen loaded a car of horses for Chicago on Thursday and immediately left by car for a three weeks' trip thru Minnesota and Wisconsin.

The D. C. Murk family returned from their holiday on Tuesday evening.

Communit Oil Co's. Annual Meeting was held on Tuesday.

NORTH RAYMOND

Mr. and Mrs. Pete Fink and Eleanore Holland motored down to Minot where they attended to business matters Monday. They returned to their home Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ross and children were Plentywood shoppers and visitors Friday.

Thelma Wilson was taken to the Plentywood hospital Monday where she was operated on for appendicitis on Wednesday. She is getting along nicely at this writing.

Mavis Stadstad left for Outlook Sunday where she will attend parochial school.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Vold and Mrs. Vold's relatives from Minnesota motored up to Weyburn, Sask., Friday to surprise their friends and relatives with a visit. They returned Saturday night.

A big YCL meeting was held at the Wankel school last Friday nite when many members and visitors were present.

Roger Corkery of Outlook has been employed at the Alfred Stadstad home the past week.

A UFL meeting was held at the Gibson school Sunday afternoon. C. E. Taylor of Plentywood and Mrs. Taylor's father from Minnesota were the main speakers.

A close baseball game was played between Raymond and the YCL team at the Gibson school Sunday. The final score was 17 and 19 in favor of Raymond.

Elvin Clay met with a serious accident Friday while plowing. He struck a stone and was thrown in front of the plow scaring the horses and being dragged quite a distance. He was taken to a physician on Sunday returning home the same day. On Friday he was taken to the Plentywood hospital where he is now in a serious condition.

Mrs. Jake Zeitner has been quite ill the past month and is improving slowly.

Milton Brown, Chris Zeitner and Milton Evenson representing the Gibson school received their diplomas for passing the 8th grade last week.

Little Bernice Malcolm from Plentywood has been visiting at the Joe Brown home the past week.

RAYMOND

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Loutzenhiser and family left Monday morning for the Twin Cities and they will visit relatives on the way.

August Gibson and daughters Vivian and Lorene were dinner guests at the Sam Walkeden home Sunday.

Joe Olson and Mrs. Art Nolt and sons Donald and Bobby and Evelyn Johnson of Dooley visited at the Hannah home Wednesday evening.

Mrs. and Mr. Jack Stewart and daughters June, Muriel, Betty Lou and Jacquline, left on Saturday for Fish Lake where they will spend a few weeks camping.

Nathaniel Gaines of Outlook visited with friends in town Sunday.

Mrs. Tooke and Mrs. Jack Smith and daughters, Celo and Barbara visited at the Carl Fink hame Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Wm. Symes and her five youngest children returned to Plentywood Sunday where Mrs. Symes will stay for a month and send her children to parochial school.

Margaret and Herald Fink are staying at the Ed. Fink home in Outlook attending parochial school.

Mildred Tooke is employed at the L. G. Budke home.

Robert and Novella Larson of Scobey are visiting with their aunt, Mrs. Lloyd Bromberg.

Fern LaGrange spent a few days visiting at her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Pierce and daughter, Betty Lou, of Plentywood visited at the H. F. Nicholson home Friday.

The YCL held a dance at the Wankel school Friday evening. They report a good time.

Art Schuttgen returned Monday from Red Wood Falls, Minnesota where he spent the winter visiting with his sisters.

The UFL held a meeting at the Gibson school Sunday. C. E. Taylor spoke. After the meeting the YCL and Raymond played a game of ball the scores being 19 to 17 in favor of Raymond.

Henry Hill returned Friday from Fergus Falls where he visited old friends and relatives.

OUTLOOK

Barry Stevens and daughter Juanita of Minot were in town visiting friends and relatives Thursday of last week.

The Turn Vees base ball team of Viceroy, Sask., met the Outlook nine on the local diamond Sunday. They were defeated, the score being 7 to 2. After the game with Outlook the Turn Vees motored to Flaxville and battled with that team successfully. The score was 6 to 2.

Mr. and Mrs. Art Endersby and Mrs. Fellon of Daleview were Outlook visitors Sunday.

The Cosper girls assisted by Tebbs Gilmore entertained Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lund, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Saloneth and daughter Dorothy and Martin Homme at a lawn luncheon Sunday evening.

The dance at Baen's barn Saturday evening was very well attended. Wunderlich's gang furnished the music. They will play for a dance in the same place this coming Saturday night.

Jimmy Symes of Raymond was a visitor at the Wm. Corkery home on Thursday evening.

The farmers held their annual elevator meeting in the hall Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. I. Larson, old time residents of Outlook who are now living at Fargo, and their nephew, Bobby Larson and L. Brandtberg of Raymond were visiting at the Mary Crane home Tuesday.

Mr. Skar of Plentywood visited in Outlook over the week-end.

Dan Eggar and Jake and Pete Goodfaxon motored to Minot Monday where Mrs. Eggar has been receiving surgical care. Jake and Pete visited with their sister Vida and other relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Eggar and the Goodfaxon boys returned on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sy ... who have been taking care of the N. J. Nelson home and store during Nelson's absence left Wednesday for Fargo where they will visit other relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Nelson who have been visiting in Minnesota returned Tuesday. Mrs. E. Hiuland Mrs. Nelson's sister, came with the Nelsons to pay a visit.

Miss Mary Craig and her niece Louise were visitors at the Martin Lundeen home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Buzzard returned Monday from Grundl, Iowa where they went to get their daughter, Georgia, who has been attending college in that city.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Mills and son Frederick John and Mr. H. Dressell and son Richard were picnicing in the Redstone coulees Sunday. In the evening they motored to Flaxville where the yattended the show.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Vaucho were visitors in Dooley Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mike Flannery were Scobey visitors Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Myhres of Albany, Calif., who are the parents of Mrs. A. Johnson arrived at the Johnson home Sunday. After a short visit they are going on to Moorhead, Minn. where they will visit other relatives.

Henry Witte and Mrs. E. Cooke were quietly married last Tuesday. A number of friends dropped in on Sunday to pay them a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Alexander were visitors at the Jack Keogh ranch on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Nelson, Lena Otten and Grandma West were visitors at the Arthur Ueland home Wednesday.

Mrs. Charles Larter has been on the sick list this week.

Charles Larter, Mrs. R. Udy and daughter Phyllis, Mrs. R. Nelson and daughter Marjorie, Mr. and Mrs. James Larter and Mable and Edith were Plentywood shoppers last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charley Buzzard and Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Nelson were guests at the Ray Morris home Sunday.

Mrs. Koester returned home Sunday from Minot where she has been visiting her son, Bernard, and wife, who returned with her for a short visit.

Mrs. Louie Becker and Mrs. Frank Kowski of Whitetail entertained the Catholic Aid at the Becker home on Sunday.

Mrs. Ralph Thompson has been quite ill the past week. Vera Roden of Plentywood has been working there during Mrs. Thompson's illness.

Mrs. O. L. Frailey and Mrs. Walter Anholt left for Kenmare Saturday where they have been visiting relatives. Mrs. Frailey returned on Wednesday and Mrs. Anholt went on to Fortuna.

Mr. and Mrs. George Snuggins were visiting with their parents on Sunday.

Sunday, June 12, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Becker of Raymond celebrated their 25th wedding anniversary. A very delicious dinner and supper was served by Mrs. Becker and after supper the people enjoyed dancing. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. J. Erath, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Melle and daughter of Estevan, Mr. and Mrs. Uverski and the Brills family, Mr. and Mrs. J. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Kasimerre Melle and Mr. Toney Melle, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Braddock, Mr. and Mrs. F. Hoffart, Mr. and Mrs. Jake Smith and Mr. and Mrs. Schurkski. Very useful gifts were presented to Mr. and Mrs. Becker. Their many friends extended congratulations.

Frances Erath and William Melle of Estevan; Toney, Louis and Elmer Melle were supper guests at the Toney Melle home.

Mrs. Klofsky of Omaha, Neb. is visiting friends in the community.

There was a big crowd at the barn dance at Buck's Saturday nite.

McELROY

A party of eight left by car for Sand Point, Idaho June 17. They went to look over the country with the idea of locating in Idaho or another nearby state if they found things to their liking. Those who went were Oscar W. Olsen, Peter Olsen, Frank Anderson, Leonard Raymond and Ingwald Olsen, all of the Lone Tree community, Oscar Holseth of Westby and Emil Austad of Comertown.

Harold Griffin and family who have lived on the Ed. Nogard farm for the past three years have moved onto the Peter Holm farm north of McElroy and the Ed. Nogard family has moved from Comertown back to their farm.

Mrs. Walters made a trip to Minot the latter part of the week to consult an eye specialist.

The Ladies Club of the Lone Tree community was entertained Wednesday at the Harold Griffin home.

At the present writing there is still a little field work being done. Everything is growing that has had time to come out of the ground but now farmers are worried about cutworms, army worms, etc.

Leon Mahew and fmily accompanied by Mrs. Ole Hellum and daughter Pearl motored to Crosby Wednesday where Mr. Mahew consulted a dentist.

A special election was held in School District No. 42 on June 17 to vote on the additional levy. The levy now voted on and carried was an additional levy of eight mills.

Annual Meeting of Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co. to be Held Thurs., June 30

The Annual Meeting of the Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Company will be held on Thursday, June 30, 1932 at the Dagmar Store at one o'colck. All members are orged to attend. A free lunch will be served.

PLENTYWOOD to BOZEMAN by TELEPHONE
$1.75
After 8:30 P. M. Only
$1.00
Station-to-Station rates. Ask Long Distance for others you may want.
TELEPHONE

IT IS TIME FOR HAIL INSURANCE!

When grain gives promise of a fair crop.

No other single agency can destroy a crop so completely and quickley as hail.

The State Hail Insurance Fund is co-operative. Any grower may secure its benefits by applying to his county assessor and obligating himself to pay his share of the 1932 assessment.

More than $100,000 cash is in the fund to assist in payment of 1932 losses if needed.

For State Hail Insurance see your assessor. For full information see him or write the

STATE BOARD OF HAIL INSURANCE
HELENA, MONTANA

Redecorate
Renew the Beauty of Your Home

Paint up your home now to beautify and preserve it. Varnish or paint your floors and woodwork before the hot summer days come.

	Previous Price per Gallon	June Reduction Price
House Paint	2.98	2.48
Red Barn Paint	1.75	1.35
Kentucky Red Barn	1.95	1.55
Barn Paint— White, Green, Gray	2.25	1.78

FIVE GALLONS OF MOTOR OIL, FREE and FREIGHT PREPAID on orders of Seven Gallons or more of House Paint purchased during June.

PURE LINSEED OIL per gallon 90c

PURE TURPENTINE per gallon 75c

TRACTOR OIL Three Grades .55-Gallon Barrel $30.25

MOTOR OIL Five Grades 55-Gal. Barrel $27.50

(Prices f.o.b. your station)

Harry Williams
at Reserve

Foley's Bargain Corner
I still handle the Wonderful Four-Bottle Extract Deal
TWO 8-oz. BOTTLES — and — TWO 4-oz. BOTTLES for 99c
One 50c Golden Delicious, Dessert, FREE
See me or call at the Plentywood Hotel
Goods always on hand.
Albert Foley
Plentywood -:- Montana

Jewelry Repair Watches Work

Martin Homme
Twenty-five years experience in Watch and Jewelry Repairing
OUTLOOK, MONTANA
The Farmer's Friend and Comrade

Announcement

By F. G. FISHBECK, Sr.

Candidate for nomination for Clerk of Court of of Sheridan County, on the Republican ticket at the Primaries July 19, 1932

TO THE VOTERS OF SHERIDAN COUNTY:

I have announced myself as a candidate for the office of Clerk of Court on the pledge that I would conduct the office without the assistance of a deputy or clerk, except during court terms.

F. G. FISHBECK, Sr.

It has been called to my attention that some people have challenged this pledge claiming it can't be done. "It is a new departure," they say. "In all prior years this office has required the services of at least two persons, one of whom must be a competent stenographer."

In my 20 years experience in business coupled with six years' experience in clerical work with the Treasurer and County Clerk of Cook County, Chicago, Illinois, I feel amply qualified to gauge the duties of the Clerk of Court, so I am making this annuoncement to all voters who are interested in real economy, that if I am elected I will conduct the office on a one man's pay, except during the court terms, as above stated.

During my 24 years residence in Sheridan County I have paid to the Treasurer over $40,000.00 in taxes. I have never squawked on these high taxes, but during these stringent times I feel much the same as all other taxpayers: it is high time we get down to earth and curtail expenses to the minimum. My personal word or pledge has never been questioned heretofore and I assure you, as voters, that if I am elected my pledge will be strictly observed.

In my endeavor to lead the way to real economy I need your support and I respectfully solicit your votes.

F. G. FISHBECK. Sr.

(Pol. Adv. paid for by F. G. Fishbeck, Sr.)

Told In Brief

War Veterans Determined

Despite the rejection by the Senate of the demand of the war veterans for the bonus more and more are flocking to Washington. While some have left under the influence of enemies of the ex-soldiers' demand for a bonus the number of arrivals in Washington exceeds the number of those leaving. The Workers Ex-Serviemen's League is calling on the veterans to organize a mass demonseration bfore the White House. A bulletin issued by the League reads in part as follows: "A mass demonstration at the White House, an elected rank and file committee to present the demands of the marchers to the president—this is the way we must carry on our fight."

Carrying Thru the Attack on the Working Class

On June 10 a group of capitalists and their agents called on Hoover, in the form of a letter, to organize a Council of National Defense. This demand was for a more open dictatorship by the capitalist class for the carrying thru of the attack on the working class. "In the opinion of many thoughtful men," read the letter, "time is now the essence of our economic salvation. Are we to sink into the mire overwhelmed in the chaos of repudiation, bankruptcies, riots and receiverships?" What they mean is that with the capitalist system shaking in its foundations more open brutality against the working class must be resorted to.

Hoover answered the letter on the same day. He stated that he was opposed to the demand because the Council of National Defense was organized for war purposes only. "I am," says Hoover, "most desirous of receiving from yourself and your able associates suggestions of any specific action that might be taken by government or private agencies which would improve the situation."

Hoover told these capitalists and their lackeys that a new committee should not be organized now. This would be too openly a move toward fascism. He asks of them that they give him advice of **"any specific action"** that could be undertaken by the capitalist class thru one of its many present agencies. He points out that they should avoid the form of fascism at this time while carrying thru a fascist program.

Among those 80 who signed the letter to Hoover were Edsel Ford, son of "Bloody Henry," Wm. Green, and Matthew Woll, respectively president and vice-president of the American Federation of Labor; Jesse Strauss of R. H. Macy & Co., big New York department store; David B. Robertson, chairman of the Railway Labor Executives Association; Henry Stevens, national commander of the American Legion and other watch dogs for Wall Street.

Senate Rejects Bonus

By a vote of 62 to 18 the Senate on June 17 voted down the soldiers bonus bill. A motion to reconsider the vote was decisively rejected by a vote of 44 to 26. Among the Republican "progressives" voting against granting the soldiers' the bonus were Borah, Johnson, LaFollette, McNary, Norris. "Progressive" Democrats voting against the bonus included Costigan, Wagner and Walsh of Montana. Thirty-five Republicans united with 27 Democrats to reject the veterans' demand for the bonus.

Wheat Prices Fall 20%

During the past month the prices of wheat have fallen 14 cents or about 20%. It has been rumored that cheap offerings of wheat by the Federal Farm Board abroad have found no takers. This drastic decline in the prices of wheat has occurred in the face of a sharp drop in the winter wheat crop.

Steel Industry at New Low Levels

Unfilled orders of the United States Steel Corporation decreased 149,746 tons in May to a total of 2,177,162 tons. This is the 14th consecutive monthly decline in the unfilled orders of the Steel corporation. The present total is a new low record. Not since March 1931 has there been any upturn in the general downward movement. During May the steel industry as a whole was operating at 20.11% of capacity. The steel industry has been used by the capitalist economists as an index of the trend of the economy of the country. The index falls further and further as the crisis deepens.

Fakers Warn Capitalists

The misleaders of the working class are warning the capitalists that if relief is not given to the unemployed then the capitalist class will have to worry about its very existence.

E. F. McGrady, of the American Federation of Labor, speaking before the Senate committee on relief, stated this in the following words:

> **"The president and congress must realize that conditions are not going to get better but that they will get worse.**
>
> **"We are heading into very serious consequences and the leaders must understand that the situation should be met intelligently and boldly before congress adjourns.**
>
> **"If they do not, next winter it will not be a cry to save the needy, but a cry to save the government."**

The Rev. R. A. McGowan, of the National Catholic Welfare Committee warned the capitalists that, **"if congress adjourns without doing** something to aid unemployment they will come back facing a greater catastrophe than ever before."

The advice of these fakers to the bankers is, "Give the unemployed a few crumbs in order to prevent them from organizing in great masses because this may shake our entire system."

Tax Delinquency In Farm States Grows

While the department of agriculture is forced to admit the growing tax delinquency among the farm masses it tries to cover this up by lying statistics. It tries also to conceal the growing militant action that is developing among the farmers against the tax burdens of the capitalist state Douglas Jackson, of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics of the U. S. department of agriculture has attempted this in his article on "Land Delinquency a Growing Problem."

FALSE STATISTICS

In order to hide the extent of the tax delinquencies among the farm masses he gives the tax delinquency on all property subject to direct taxation. In Minnesota, for example he finds that at the "beginning of 1931 Minnesota property taxes payable in 1930 were 7.7% unpaid." He just lumps together the taxes paid by the steel trust and the capitalists with those of the farmers and gets this low percentage of delinquency. Actually the great mass of the farm taxes in Minnesota were delinquent though Jackson says nothing about it.

40,000,000 ACRES DELINQUENT

The department of agriculture is forced to admit though that "nearly 40 million acres in five states alone (Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin, South Dakota and Oregon) on which taxes were delinquent in 1931. This is about 16 per cent of the total area of these states." Jackson does not say what percentage of the FARM area of these states this delinquency constituted.

In speaking of "first year of 'temporary' delinquency" the department of agriculture states that "present indications are, however, that a smaller proportion than usual of these taxes will be paid with penalty, and that an increasing amount will be allowed to become absolutely or permanently delinquent. Large acreages of this are being offered at tax sales; private buyers of tax certificates are not plentiful (in some states, in fact, are very scarce indeed); and considerable areas of land are reverting to the counties and states. Four states show 16,000,000 acres (12 % of their total area) which have passed or are passing into public ownership as a result of delinquency."

DELINQUENCIES INCREASING

Even these data of the department of agriculture do not tell the rea lconditions as far as tax delinquency are concerned. A large amount of taxes on mortgaged farms which have not been paid by the owners do not enter the records as delinquent because the taxes have been paid by the mortgage holder. Furthermore, since the early part of 1931 to which the department of agriculture data relate, the tax burden on the oppressed farmers has been intensified sharply.

Out of the fact that "it is for the most part the poor lands which are going delinquent" Jackson draws the vicious conclusion that "this is usual, and indicates a relative over-assessment of land of low productivity. It emphasizes the fact that real estate tax delinquency **is to no slight extent a problem of equitable assessment."** He tries to cover up the tax plunder of all the toiling farmers that has gone on under capitalism by making of it a question of equitable assessment.

TRIES TO PREVENT TAX STRIKE

Jackson tries to console the capitalist class that tax strikes by the small and middle farmers are "neither numerous nor widespread." He wants, at the same time to prevent the farmers from recognizing the fact that this is the only effective means for getting tax relief.

"Legitimate protests by local tax associations and citizens' committees, it seems, are usually recognized as a more useful form of tax relief endeavor. These "strikes" suggest that the matter of abatements and accommodations to particular individuals may prove a delicate matter to handle in such a way as to give the intended relief without demoralizing the body of taxpayers who are able to pay."

LEGITIMATE PROTESTS

The "legitimate protests by local tax associations and citizens' committees, it seems, are usually recognized as a more useful form of tax relief endeavor," **useful to the capitalist class because they hinder the organiation of the toiling farm masses for EFFECTIVE relief from burdensome taxation thru the tax strike.** By one means or another the department of agriculture tells the tax collectors they should avoid "demoraliing the body of taxpayers who are able to pay," that is they should squeeze every last cent out of the toilers without permitting a militant spirit to arise.

PAMPHLETS ON ORGANIZATION OF COMMUNISTS

THREE PAMPHLETS EXPLAIN PROGRAM AND STRUCTURE OF PARTY AND Y. C. L.

THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN ACTION—By Alex Bittelman—10 Cents.

NOON-HOUR TALK ON THE COMMUNIST PARTY—By Harrison George—2 Cents.

WHO ARE THE YOUNG COMMUNISTS—Issued by the Young Communist League—2 Cents.

The masses of workers and farmers are becoming more and more interested in the Communist Party and the Young Communist League. Their growing misery and their growing readiness to struggle, drive them to seek leadership other than that in which they have become disillusioned. But many toilers do not know how the Party and League work, how these organizations can give them the leadership they seek. Here are three pamphlets that will explain all the workers and farmers want to know about how the Communist Party and the Young Communist League are organized, how they fight, and how they can lead these bewildered workers out of their plight.

The Communist Party in Action is addressed to the many new members who have joined the Party as a result of their realization that in the Party they have found the leader they were looking for. The style of the pamphlet is simple, friendly and clear. The pamphlet explains the structure of the Party, the main lines of struggle—in short it acquaints the worker in language anyone can understand, what the Communist Party is.

A Noon-Hour Talk on the Communist Party is a popular explanation of what the Communist Party stands for, written in the form of conversation between three workers. In the course of the conversation, an explanation is given of the Communist program of struggle on current campaigns and issues, and also how the Communist Party leads the workers in these struggles.

Who are the Young Communists achieves the same aim as the "Communist Party in Action," adapted to the special problems confronting the working class youth, and addressed to a larger audience—not only the League and the close periphery of the Party and League, but to the broad masses of young workers who perhaps have not even heard of the League or Party. It is skillfully based on actual conditions of the working class youth in America, and gives the League program of struggle on the basis of these conditions.

DISTRIBUTION OF WHEAT, COTTON AS "RELIEF" MEASURE

On June 16 the House passed the Fulmer bill authorizing the free distribution of 40 million bushels of wheat and 500,000 bales of cotton held respectively by the Grain Stabilization Corporation and the Cotton Stabilization Corporation, both subsidiaries of the Federal Farm Board. This will be distributed by the Red Cross which has the authority to exchange the cotton for cotton products of an equal value and to exchange the wheat for food products, for distribution.

Even if the bill finally becomes a law it will mean only a wretched pittance for the millions of unemployed and for the millions of destitute farmers. It is by such crumbs that the capitalist class is trying to prevent the masses from struggling for unemployment and social insurance and for emergency relief to the impoverished farmers.

FARM LEADERS

(Continued from Front Page)

others, that each must earn his own keep. Naturally this would seem like forced labor to American capitalists.

After its obvious misrepresentation of the Soviet constitution, the petition makes no mention of the fundamental principle of the same constitution—that the first duty of the government is to guard the welfare of the workers and farmers—to give them wages, as their right, the full value of their labor; to provide secure employment under decent conditions for all those able and willing to work.

This is the way the Farm Bureau and the Grange "fight" for the American farmer. By vicious attacks on the first workers' and farmers' republic. By throwing a smoke screen of lies around the great achievements of the Russian proletariat, who have shown the American workers and farmers the only way to end their exploitation and oppression.

UNITED FARMERS LEAGUE LOCAL MEETINGS

MONTANA

RAYMOND—
June 26, Sunday, Marsh school, 2:00 p. m.

QUITMEYER—
June 25, Saturday, Franklin school, 1:00 p. m.

OUTLOOK—
July 6th, Wednesday, A.O.U.W. hall 8 p. m. Program

Basic Changes Going on Among U.S. Farmers

Once in a while one of the clearer heads among the capitalist class talks out of school. Such a one is C. M. Harger, "editor, bank director, and expert on farming conditions," of Topeka, Kansas. Writing on the "Farmers Plight" in the New York Times of May 22 Harger tells his capitalist fellows that basic changes are going on in the agricultural communities of the country.

"Growing out of the pressing financial problems of the past two years the farm country is acquiring a new state of mind which has to do more with the underlying causes of today's conditions thai with the surface effects in price levels and markets."

The deepening of the crisis has brought with it a plundering of the last remaining property of the toiling farm masses. It is this degradation into tenancy and destitution that has "brought with it a deeper study of what may set the agricultural house in order."

"Preceding the collapse of values last summer this producer had some equity in land; he was at least meeting expenses in the operation of the farmstead. With wheat at 30 cents and live stock at the low of this century, two things happened—the equity in the farm decreased often to the vanishing point; limited short term bank credit remained. Continuation of the deflation, making liquidation of any sort hopeless except by some miraculous upturn in markets or by severe deprivation, has brought a deeper study of what method may set the agricultural house in order."

"As a result" of the inability of the farmer to get credit to keep operations going, he "comes gradually to an impasse with all the consequential anxieties and misgivings as to the future. In such mental attitude is he today."

ADMITS CLASS DIFFERENCE

Harger admits that among the farm masses of the country there are well defined class differences though he substitutes for the class differentiation of small, middle and rich farmers his own groupings which cover up these class groupings.

"It must be remembered that three general classes of producers must be considered: Those who owned thei rfarms before the deflation and own them yet, a going business on which they can live fairly well; the tenant, barely existing but mostly independent of charity; the man in debt who bought land at high prices, owes heavily and sees his life savings slipping away. A fair estimate is 20 per cent in the preferred class, 35 in the tenant class and 45 in the debtor class."

The falseness of his groupings of the farmers is revealed in his statement that "although economically their interests are identical, their attitude varies with the intensity of their situation." In this way he tries to hide the fact that the interests of the rich farmer are not the same as those of the samll and middle farmers. He is forced to admit, however, that there are different "attitudes" to the crisis among the farmers

DETERMINATION FOR CHANGE

There is not the "hectic wildness of the Populist period," says Harger. "Neither is there serene conservatism, for underneath is a determination to bring about in some manner a return of the farmer's position to stability."

Harger gives his fellow capitalists an idea of this "determination" of the toiling farmers, a warning of the struggles that are developing amon gthe farm masses thruout the country.

"When the implement man is told: 'I can not pay for that tractor I bought last year—go out to the farm and get it,' or when the banker gets no encouragement that a not will be reduced at renewal and perhaps never can be paid, it is merely a symptom. Behind it is the belief that implements are too high and that the dealer can stand the loss or that the bank is better able to charge off the note than the maker is to pay it."

He adds later on that "for one thing he, the farmer, is convinced that the government cannot solve his problem—he must do it himself." Harger means by this that the toiling farm masses will not ask relief of the federal government and of the capitalist class. He hopes that they will try to find some solution to the crisis at their own expense. He fails to see the meaning in his own words, and the example he gave of the "determination" developing among the masses.

He tries to hide the fact that among the most militant elements of the small and middle farmers a spirit of determination is developing. These farmers realize they cannot get the "government to solve (the farmer's) problem" by humble petition. They are learning that they can only get results thr umass organization and thru a determination to tell the capitalist class to go to hell with their brutal demands, and a determination to back up their demands with militant action.

YOUNG WORKER SUB DRIVE IS ON

Socialist Competition of Dakota and Montana Units Is Outlined

The Young Worker, our youth paper that fights for the interests of us poor working and farming youths is in great danger and we must do our utmost in the sub campaign that is going on at the present time. The sub campaign has started already on June 1 and will continue until July 15th.

Our district, including North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, has set it squota as 79 subs for the **Young Worker.**

The subs are as follows:

North Dakota

Belden 6, Van Hook 4, Sanish 2, Powers Lake 6, Flaxton 4, Columbus 3, White Earth 2, Williston, town unit, 4; country unit 2, Grand Forks 4 and Max 2.

Montana

Raymond 5, Northeast Raymond 5, Navajo 3, Plentywood 3, Froid 2, Roberts 5, Butte 5.

South Dakota

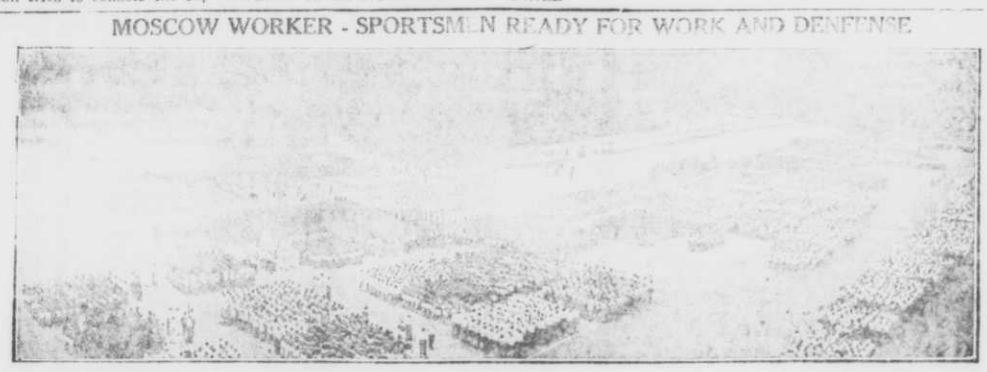
Frederick, town unit, 4; country unit 5; Newell 4.

Also in our district the Young Communist League units have gone into socialist competition with each other. The challenges are as follows:

Powers Lake, N. D.,	Belden, N.D.
Plentywood	Flaxton
Grand Forks	Williston, town
Raymond	N. E. Raymond
Williston, country,	Frederick, country unit.
Sanish,	Max and Frederick Country unit.
Newell	Froid
Columbus, N. D.,	Navajo, Mont.
Butte, Mont.,	Roberts, Mont.

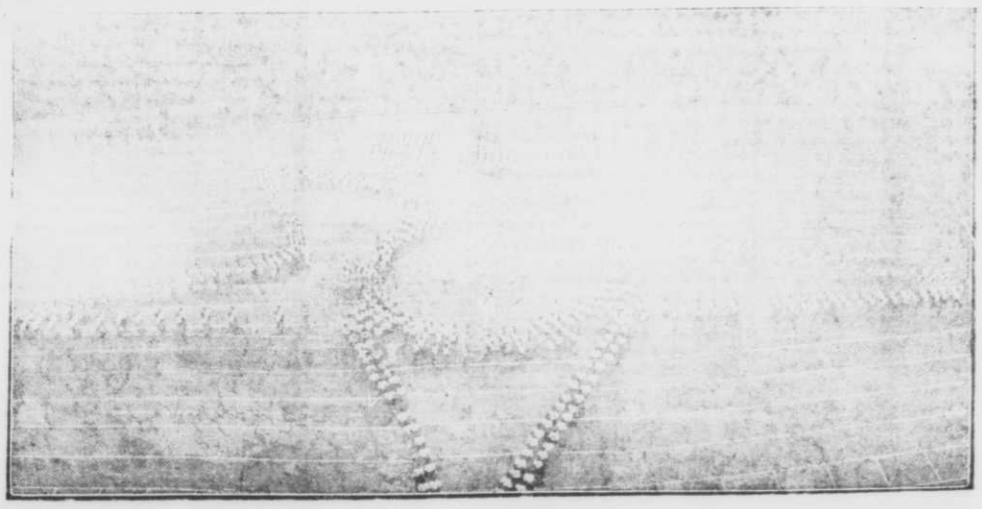
We have some individual competition too, some of the units have sent in their units challenged. All right, let's go, see which unit can fulfill their quota first before July 15th. The results will also be published. Send in all your subs to the district literature agent: Sadie Hill, Belden, N. D. Do your utmost to spread the Young Worker to the young farmers in this district.

MOSCOW WORKER - SPORTSMEN READY FOR WORK AND DEFENSE



The march of the various sport divisions at the beginning of the May 24th parade in Moscow

On May 24 a great sport parade took place in the Red Square in Moscow in Moscow in preparation for the world sports meet (Spartakiade) for 1932. Over 75,000 worker - sportsmen participated in this physical culture demonstration. The picture shows the panorama of one of the exercises, the "Red Star." The three groups in the foreground represent the initials GTO which represents in the Russion language the slogan of the worker sportsmen, "Ready for Work and Defense."



THRESHING IT OUT

Henry Ford, There's Blood on Your Hands!

On May 28 Henry Ford refused a loan of $75,000 to enable the Baraga County National Bank of L'Anse, Michigan, to reopen. Several hundred Ford employees lost thousands of dollars thru the closing of the bank. In refusing the loan Ford said:

> **"We have hundreds of similar requests and thus far we have not been convinced that it is wise to support a system that has so lamentably failed in protecting the savings which working people have entrusted to it."**

The workers and farmers of the United States are beginning to say much the same about Ford and the entire damnable system that he represents. They are beginning to say, **"We are Becoming Convinced that it is Not Wise to Support a System of Misery and Oppression as the Capitalist System, that has so Lamentably Failed to Guarantee even an existence for Millions of us Toilers."** They are realizing that support of capitalism means support of hunger, terror and war, means support of Ford's black hundreds who murdered four workers on March 7 for demanding relief from the horrible misery of the crisis.

The Workers Pay for the Crisis

Speaking at the annual meeting on June 6 of the stockholders of the International Mercantile Marine Company, huge shipping corporation, P. A. S. Franklin, president, stated that "there is nothing to indicate a better outlook" in the economic situation. "Economies in operation and management have been effected . . . . and every effort will be made in the future, as has been in the past, to reduce expenses to the minimum."

While the capitalist class sees no way out of the deepening economic crisis it intensifies its efforts to make the workers bear the burden of the crisis. Thousands of seamen "on the beach" in New York and other ports with wage cuts for those still working, this is "reducing expenses to the minimum."

We've Entered a Contest

Out here in Montana the latest red herring drawn across th path of the dairy farmers and other farmers milking a few cows is a "dairy month" during June, duly proclaimed by Governor Erickson, and pushed by press and otherwise by the Department of Agriculture, Labor and Industry.

Part of the "month" is an "Eat More Dairy Products" slogan contest: Three prizes will be offered for the best slogans, respectively $25, $15 and $10.

We have prize winning slogan but it isn't the kind that our Anaconda state government wants to hear about, in fact we're not even sending it in, so we wont get the prize: The slogan is "Unemployment and Social Insurance at the Expense of the State and the Employers." It has one more word than the limit of 12 allowed by the rules of the contest. But, our state government cares as little for one word of the 13 as for any of the other 12. If you don't believe it try it by sending in the first plank of the Communist party election program to the Department of Agriculture at Helena for their contest.

They don't want this slogan because it is the only one that really means relief for the workers and farmers at the expense of the exploiters. **If the workers had a living income the farmers wouldn't have to worry about selling their products.**

Foreclosed Land for the Unemployed

Recently the capitalist press carried the following item:

"Jerome, Idaho, June 12. — R. E. Shepherd, Jerome, chairman of the board of directors of the Spokane Federal Land Bank and president of the Idaho State Chamber of Commerce, has left for Chicago to attend a conference opening there on Tuesday with the purpose of inciting a new "back to the land" movement on the part of the unemployed millions of eastern cities. As planned, the movement would reach the man with little or no capital but with personal ability and a determination to wrest a livelihood for his family from some of the hundreds of thousands of acres of western land, already under cultivation but which holders are being compelled to turn back through inability to meet indebtedness.

"The Spokane bank, of which Shepherd is head, he explained, holds more than a million acres of cheap farm land mostly in Montana, Idaho and Washington, assumed on foreclosed mortgages, besides a large acreage of more valuable farms.

"He said he reached the conclusion "that millions of unemployed in the east would welcome a chance to make a new start in the west, if possible with little capital.""

What does this mean? It means that the Federal Land Bank is starting foreclosure proceedings every day on our land. Foreclosing on experienced farmers, homesteaders, people who have spent a lifetime of hard work trying to wrest a living from the soil, and have failed. It means that these people are now being driven off the land with no place to go. They are left to beg, starve or steal.

It means that the Federal Land Bank has already driven experienced farmers from more than a million acres of land. It means that this bank is now making a desperate effort to get people from the cities who are out of work, but people who still have a little money saved up. People who do not know the first thing about farming. Trying to get these people to move on to this vacant land, and get what little money they still have away from them.

It means that they are trying to fool the half starved city workers to come out here and make them believe they can make a living raising wheat at 27c per bushel, selling eggs at 3c per dozen or butter at 4c per pound when shipped to an eastern market. It means after the bank got all the the farmers money, it is now trying to gethold of what little there is still left among the workers in the cities, and they don't care how they get it.

By H. R.