



The Full List of Sixth Anniversary Celebrations Will Be Found on Page Three

THE WORKER

Entered as second-class matter September 21, 1923, at the Post Office at Chicago, Illinois, under the act of March 3, 1879.

Vol. VI, No. 299. Subscription Rates: One year, \$2.00; six months, \$1.00; Foreign, \$2.50; Bundle rates, \$3.50 per 100.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1923

Published weekly by Central Executive Committee, Workers Party, 1009 N. State St., Chicago, Ill. Price 5 cents

Hands Off Workers' Germany!

MANIFESTO OF THE WORKERS PARTY OF AMERICA.

The hungry and starving workers of Germany are rising against their oppressors and exploiters. They are preparing for the struggle to establish in Germany the rule of the workers and farmers in place of the rule of the capitalists who starve and oppress them.

The hour of decisive struggle draws nearer daily. In Red Saxony and Thuringia the workers rule. The Berlin government of the capitalists and the Bavarian dictatorship of Ludendorff and his autocratic generals are moving to destroy these governments of the workers with the sword. The German working masses will not permit the White Guard generals, the Ludendorffs and Hindenburgs, to re-establish their rule over all Germany without a bitter struggle.

During the four years of imperialist war the German workers served as cannon fodder for the autocrats who ruled them. When, in 1918, they overthrew the government of these autocrats, they were betrayed by the Yellow Socialist leaders and found victory snatched from their hands by the capitalists.

For nearly five years the German workers have paid the price of the Socialist betrayal. The Allies demanded their pound of flesh in the form of reparation. Germany was stripped of movable wealth to satisfy their demands. The capitalist government of Germany knew well how to shift the cost of paying reparation to France, England and Belgium to the shoulders of the workers.

The German capitalists have flourished and grown richer while the German workers slowly starved to death. Each time France has turned the thumb-screws to compel Germany to pay more, the capitalist government of Germany has forced down the standard of living of the workers. Germany today is a financial wreck. The process of destruction of

the capitalist system, let loose upon capitalism by the world war, is nearing completion in Germany.

The German workers cannot suffer any longer. They have reached the limit of endurance. They cannot pay—pay—PAY, in misery and suffering, in hunger and starvation for the crimes of capitalism. Their only recourse is to resort to the mass strength of the workers to throw their capitalist rulers from their backs and to establish a Soviet republic in Germany.

When the workers and peasants of Russia established their Soviet government, the whole pack of imperialist capitalist nations made common cause to destroy it.

These same Allied imperialist nations, which for four years preached hatred of the Kaiser and his generals, will ally themselves with these generals, with the autocrats, with the capitalists of Germany, in an effort to destroy the workers' and peasants' rule in Germany.

For three years of the World War, the role of the United States was to furnish money and munitions to the Allies. Then tens of hundreds of thousands of American soldiers followed when the loans of the international bankers and the accounts of the munition makers were endangered. The United States entered "the war for democracy," "the war to end war," slogans which everybody now knows were lies.

When Soviet Germany arises and the allied imperialist nations move to destroy it, the United States will again become the banker and munition maker for Europe. And soon again will come the demand from the American capitalists that the American soldiers follow the money and munitions. The government of the bankers and munition makers—of the capitalists—in this country, will make common cause with the German generals against the German workers.

Only the mass opposition of the workers and farmers of this country will prevent the capitalists of the United States from sacrificing the lives of the workers and farmers to aid in preserving capitalism in Europe.

Now is the time for the workers and farmers to organize their strength to stop American capitalism from involving them in new wars.

Let the voices of the workers and farmers rise against a war of imperialist capitalist nations against the workers and peasants of Germany struggling to preserve themselves from the slow starvation which Capitalism has brought upon them.

STAND BY WORKERS' GERMANY!

The workers and farmers of the United States must speak now. They must voice their unalterable opposition to support, in any form, by the United States, of a war against workers' Germany.

Every workers' organization, every farmers' organization, must express itself in resolutions and demonstrations in opposition to intervention against workers' Germany.

On November 7th, the SIXTH ANNIVERSARY of the establishment of Soviet Russia, will be celebrated. The Workers Party of America has called mass meetings in all the large cities for this celebration. It calls upon the workers and farmers to join in these meetings and to rally around the slogans:

NO INTERVENTION IN GERMANY!

NO LOANS FOR WAR AGAINST THE GERMAN WORKERS!

NO MUNITIONS FOR USE AGAINST THE GERMAN WORKERS!

HANDS OFF WORKERS' GERMANY!

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

WORKERS PARTY OF AMERICA

C. E. Ruthenberg, Executive Secretary.

Gompers Regime in Rhode Island Shows Treachery

By H. M. WICKS.

(Special to "The Worker") PROVIDENCE, R. I.—The convention of the Rhode Island State Federation of Labor closed in this city with nothing accomplished in the way of solving the problems that confront the masses of labor in this domain of the textile octopus. Although the smallest state, geographically, in the Union, Rhode Island has a population of 400,000, the immense majority the poorest paid slaves in the United States. Here discontent is widespread and in January, 1922, flared up in a spontaneous strike that swept the great industrial sections known as Pawtucket and Blackstone Valleys. The rank and file of the workers were

(Continued on Page Four)

Chicago Trade Union Activity. The Trade Union Educational League, Local Chicago, holds its next general meeting in Wicker Park (small) Hall, Wednesday, Oct. 31st, 8 P. M.

Leland Olds, of the Federated Press, will speak on "The Coming Economic Crisis and Unemployment." All militant workers should not fail to attend.

Baltimore on Record. On Oct. 8th, Baltimore, Md., Lodge No. 186, International Association of Machinists, went on record to demand, by wire, the A. F. of L. convention at Portland, Ore., to adopt resolutions for amalgamation and recognition of Soviet Russia.

Robert Minor will speak at the Douglas Park Branch, Workers Party, Oct. 29th, on the subject: "Why Every Worker Should Become a Communist." Place of meeting, 3322 Douglas Blvd. Everybody Welcome.

WORKERS SHOULD READ THIS COPY OF THE WORKER. KEEP IT IN CIRCULATION.

THIS ISSUE IS No. 299

LOOK AT YOUR ADDRESS LABEL! If the number appearing on your address label is the same as above, your subscription expires with this issue. Watch your expiration number. Renew your subscription before it expires.

A Challenge to the Lewis-Searles Machine

In the October 15th issue of the United Mine Workers Journal, there appears in an article defending the issuance of the infamous attack on the Communists by the United Mine Workers officials the following statement: "There is still much more to be uncovered and learned about the work of these reds in this country, and the Miners Union believes that a thorough investigation of the matter should be undertaken by a Committee of the United States Senate. If the Senate will undertake such an inquiry and go to the bottom of the entire subject, the International Union of the United Mine Workers of America will place before the Senate Committee all of its information and data and co-operate in every way."

The Workers Party will welcome an investigation of the Communist movement in the United States by the Senate, the labor unions, or any other organization. It desires nothing more than that all the facts about Communism and the activities of the Communist organization in this country, the Workers Party, should be spread broadcast among the industrial workers and exploited farmers.

To tell the truth about Communism and the Workers Party to the working masses in this country even though it be through a Senate investigation will show these working masses that there is not a single proposal nor a single policy of the Communists which is not in the interests of these working masses.

The Workers Party challenges the United Mine Workers' officials to go ahead with their proposed investigation. It is even willing that these officials use part of the governmental machine of the capitalists, which has proven itself the bitter enemy of the United Mine Workers for this purpose. Representatives of the Communists of the Workers Party, have faced the Capitalist court and stood unflinchingly for their principles. They are ready to face the capitalist Senate and state their principles to the working masses of this country.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE WORKERS PARTY OF AMERICA.

C. E. Ruthenberg, Executive Secretary.

Henry Ford—Friend of Labor

By HARRISON GEORGE.

Those among the Gompers family who, while bitterly opposing an independent political party for labor, hail the idea of Henry Ford for president in 1924, these may profit in wisdom from the experience of organized labor in St. Paul, Minn., where there is now weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth.

The Ford Motor Company is constructing a plant and a high dam in the Mississippi River at the Twin Cities. St. Paul labor and its spokesmen did all in their power to get the power rights for Ford as against the Northern States Power Company. The St. Paul Trades and Labor Assembly, which fought for the Ford company now expresses "disappointment" that labor did not prevent the water power grant to Ford.

Why all this regret over "aiding a friend of labor"? It lies in this: The Ford Motor Company, after receiving the support of St. Paul labor, refuses to meet the requests of organized labor in the Twin Cities that all the construction work be paid the union scale and given union conditions. Labor did not dare, or even dream of asking a full recognition of the union and the closed shop from this "friend of labor." Labor went, hat in hand, to ask only that union wages and conditions might prevail on the jobs. The "friend of labor" refuses to consider the request and labor in the Twin Cities faces the prospect of itself undercutting the union scale or watch the mass of unemployed take the jobs and work nine or ten hours at less than union wages. Unemployment will drive the building trades of

Negro Workers' Open Forum.

Negro workers on Chicago's south side have established an open forum at 3201 S. Wabash Ave., for every Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. J. Louis Engdahl, editor of "The Worker," was last Sunday's speaker. An excellent program of speakers is being secured for the whole winter season. The talks are followed by an open discussion.

Chicago Workers Display Spirit in Defiance to Reaction

Chicago's workers are not satisfied with the slipping backward of some of the officials, shown in their repudiation of amalgamation, the Labor Party and recognition of Soviet Russia, both at the Decatur convention of the Illinois Federation of Labor, and at a recent meeting of the Chicago Federation of Labor. The rank and file persists in maintaining its progressive stand.

This was shown in a letter sent the Chicago Federation of Labor meeting, Sunday, by Carmen's Union, Local No. 453, which William Z. Foster represents, protesting against the malicious attacks against Foster at the previous meeting. The union expressed its full confidence in Foster.

Four motions greeted the appearance of the letter as follows: to receive and file, to receive and enter in the minutes, to receive and make notation in the minutes and to table. The last motion cut off the debate and was carried by vote of 64 to 43, showing that the line-up that supported the reactionaries at the previous meeting is already dissolving. The temper of the rank and file workers is also shown in resolutions adopted and forwarded to the Chicago Federation of Labor by Painters' Union, Local No. 275, as follows:

WHEREAS, The Illinois State Federation of Labor, meeting in Decatur, September 10th to 15th, voted against amalgamation, recognition of Soviet Russia and the organization of a labor party, and

WHEREAS, The Chicago Federation of Labor, at its meeting, October 7th, voted on recommendation of its delegates to endorse the action of the Illinois Federation of Labor, thereby repudiating principles for which the Chicago Federation of Labor has stood for years, and

WHEREAS, This is a reactionary and backward step for the labor movement and comes at a time when the trade unions are in dire need of more solidarity, then amalgamation of related crafts, then opening up of the Russian nation to the world and to the establishment of a powerful labor party, and such a repudiation is most harmful to the labor movement, therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the Local Union 275 of the Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers of America protests against the action of the Chicago Federation of Labor and declares itself emphatically in favor of amalgamation, recognition of Soviet Russia and a labor party, and be it further

RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be sent to the Chicago Federation of Labor.

Browder in Ohio.

Earl R. Browder, editor of "The Labor Herald," spoke at open forums, Sunday, at Youngstown and Cleveland, in Ohio, reporting great responses in both places.

Germany,—Field of the Decisive Battle

By JOHN PEPPER.

The following description of the German situation is a part of Comrade John Pepper's article, "The New Wave of World Revolution," which will appear in the November issue of "The Liberator."

The greatest and most important battle of the world revolution and world counter-revolution is now being fought out to a finish in Germany. The German working class is today the vanguard of the world proletariat. The victory of the German revolution means a whole series of new revolutionary movements in Poland, in Czechoslovakia, in hopeless Austria, in suppressed Hungary—it is the best guarantee for the definite victory of Soviet Russia. The victory of the German capitalists will mean the triumph of military dictatorship throughout Europe, will mean a new invasion against Soviet Russia.

The German capitalists, the present ruling class, are losing more and more the leadership of this nation. Capitalism, the Bankrupt Leader. The German capitalists are not in a position to assure the continuity of production. Every week thousands of factories close down; unemployment is increasing at the average rate of 400,000 more workers per week losing employment. The inflation of paper money grows to astronomical figures. The dollar is now one, two, six, eight, ten billion marks. Credit has ceased to exist. Prices change with the rapidity and unreasonableness of the thoughts of a madman.

The capitalist class is no longer in a position to provide the most elementary needs of the masses. The workers, the petty bourgeois and intellectuals literally haven't anything to eat. Shopping for bread & potatoes has assumed in Germany the form of raids, robbery and hunger-riots.

The capitalist state power is in process of decomposition. Armed (Continued on Page 3)

THE AMERICAN LEGION.

Next week's issue of "The Worker" will contain a complete story of the gathering, just adjourned, of the American Legion, at San Francisco. The article is written by James H. Dolsen, editor of San Francisco Labor Unity, one of the best writers in the labor movement. This issue, therefore, in addition to its being our Soviet Anniversary Edition, should have a specially large circulation.

Order Your Sixth Birthday Bundle

Next week's issue of "The Worker," dated Saturday, November 3, will be a special issue, celebrating the Sixth Anniversary of the Russian Soviet Republic. It should be unnecessary to urge a wide distribution of this issue. This should be done as part of the work set apart for this day. Large bundles should be ordered for all the Sixth Anniversary Celebrations, wherever held. There will be cartoons by Minor, Ellis, Young and others; articles by Ruthenberg, Pepper, Engdahl, Foster, Browder, Dunne, Lovestone and other comrades who always have a message worth while for the workers. Send in your order now. The price is 3 cents per copy, \$3 per 100. Order from "THE WORKER," Room 214, 1009 N. State St., Chicago, Illinois.

Manley Shows Federated Party Making Progress

By JOSEPH MANLEY.

The Federated Farmer-Labor Party is steadily and surely forging ahead. It has recently organized two new branches, one in Allegheny County, Pa., and the other in Essex County, New Jersey. The barely in its infancy it is acquiring an international reputation. Its Vice-Chairman, W. H. Green, a well known figure amongst the progressive farmers of Nebraska, is in Moscow attending the first world congress of farmers. He has been elected to the Presidium, the governing body of the first farmers' international.

The Allegheny County Branch of the Federated Farmer-Labor Party is located in Pittsburgh the home of the steel trust and headquarters of the Lewis machine. It is here that Philo Murray, Vice-President of the U. M. W. of A. won his spurs as a politician in the circles of the labor movement presided over by Al. Hamilton, millionaire mine owner.

The Allegheny County Branch has affiliated with its local unions of bakers, machinists, clothing workers, steel workers, miners, independent workmen's circle, Workers Party and other elements. The branch is holding regular meetings and is preparing an aggressive campaign for the affiliation of workers' organizations in this most important industrial section, the steel heart of America.

The Branch in Essex County, N. J., includes the great city of Newark with its tremendous manufactures, large working class population. Many unions and workers' organizations are affiliated with it and is entering the coming elections with real workers running for state senator, assemblymen, sheriff, coroner and freeholders.

W. H. Green, who has just been elected to the executive of the first world farmers' international, is well known in the state of Nebraska. He is the chairman of the Nebraska Progressive Party, an organization of typical western working farmers and city workers. Green is a good speaker and on his return will give to the farmers of the great West the new message of their brothers throughout the world. This message will be of peculiar significance to the American farmers as it will represent a world point of view in handling the many complicated problems of the American farmer.

This world point of view and program (Continued on Page 2)

"DAILY WORKER" ENTERTAINMENT AND DANCE

COME WITH THE CROWD!

SUNDAY
OCTOBER 28
Afternoon and Evening

Big Concert, etc. Begins at 3:30 P. M.

Dance with Sol Wagners Band at 8:30 P. M.

Tickets 50c, at Door 75c

Admit to Both Entertainment and Dance

ASHLAND
AUDITORIUM
Ashland and Van Buren St.

Rakovsky Now in London to Speak for the Soviets

(Special to "The Worker.")

LONDON, ENGLAND.—Christian Rakovsky, the leader of the Ukrainian workers and peasants through revolution, civil war, and famine, and now the envoy of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, has arrived in London. The accusations made against him have been proved to be the usual mixture of lies and forgeries.

Christian Rakovsky was born at Kotel, a small town in the Dobruja, now Roumanian territory, but then belonging to Bulgaria. He left Bulgaria early, having already as a schoolboy incurred persecution for translating a work of Engels, and studied in various universities in Switzerland, Germany, and France. He came during this period into contact with Plekhanoff, Axelrod, and Zaslouitch, the leaders of Russian Social Democracy.

From 1900 on Rakovsky gave his best energies engineering the labor movement in Roumania. He was repeatedly imprisoned and driven from the country, but finally in 1907, a rising of the workers of the organized labor compelled the government to come to terms and to release him.

Rakovsky's connection with the Ukraine began with his protection of the Ukrainian crew of the Russian battleship "Potemkin," who mutinied in 1905 and were compelled to take refuge in Roumania. His name became a household word throughout the Ukraine.

With Lenin and Trotsky he was among those chiefly responsible for calling the International Socialist Conference at Zimmerwald in 1915. He was again imprisoned in Roumania for his propaganda against the war, but was released by Russian soldiers when the Russian revolution broke out in March 1917. He at once went to Odessa and began a "stop the war" campaign. This was, however, stopped by the Kerensky government. After the outbreak of the November revolution, he was found at the head of the fight against counter-revolution both in Russia and in the Ukraine. In 1919 he became President of the Council of People's Commissars in the newly-founded Ukrainian Soviet Republic.

In this office he proved his worth both as a statesman and as an economist. He himself says that the bulk of his energy has been devoted to the task of feeding the population of an area repeatedly devastated by civil war and invasion, and then stricken by famine and disease, and to the restoration of its agriculture and industry. At the same time, he was one of the most prominent figures at the Genoa Conference, and later sent to Lausanne. It was his success in these posts that marked him out for the post of representative in London in succession to Krassin.

TEN WORKERS SHOULD READ THIS COPY OF THE WORKER. KEEP IT IN CIRCULATION.

American Imperialists Preparing for Big Struggles

By JAY LOVESTONE

The breath of imperialist battles and wars is in the air. While Germany is crumpling, England faces a new industrial stagnation, and France, groaning under staggering taxation, the war poison of an intensely aggressive imperialism is seeping into the very tissues of our own capitalist economic body. Everywhere preparations are afoot which will give America the undisputed position of being the bell-wether of the world imperialist flock.

Yankee Imperialists Extend Sway. J. P. Morgan has been away to Europe for quite some time and nothing has been heard from him publicly. But in the Street there is loud talk of big things coming. Morgan is a doer.

Cuno, Stresemann's predecessor, was closeted with Coolidge and Hughes the other day on "important matters." Next morning the press carried optimistic stories about making a huge German loan here. Kuhn, Lock & Company were mentioned as the probable leading agents.

In Austria, American capitalists have done more than their share to turn the country into a cooley colony. J. P. Morgan & Company have bitten off a mighty substantial slice of the international loan chaining Austria as a galley slave to the imperialist oars.

And now our capitalists are landing heavily on Italian resources, making gigantic investments in Italy, rallying to Mussolini in economic despair, and displacing the French, German and Swiss exploiters. The other day there was announced the organization of the Italian Power Company—a hundred percent American corporation organized to finance light and power enterprises in Italy. Among the directors of this new American imperialist outpost are J. E. Aldred

of Aldred & Company, bankers, Chairman of the Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Company of Baltimore, and the Pennsylvania Water & Power Company; A. C. Bedford, Chairman of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey; A. W. Burdard, President of the International General Electric Company; A. V. Davis, President of the Aluminum Company of America; F. P. Royce, Vice-President of Stone & Webster, Inc.; A. A. Tilney, President of the Bankers' Trust Company of New York; Philip Stockton, president of the Old Colony Trust Company of Boston; and D. G. Wing, president of the First National Bank of Boston. That this corporation is only the entering wedge of heavy American interest in Italy and the Balkans is plainly seen from the fact that the Italian Power Company is neither a holding nor an operating corporation, but "will confine its activities to providing a vehicle for the practical investment of American capital abroad under the supervision of a specialized group of American business men."

Of course since Secretary of the Treasury Mellon's Aluminum Trust is represented here and President Coolidge's Boston bankers are on the board of directors, we can safely assume that this new venture has got the undivided support of the Government behind it.

Getting into Africa, and the Far East. American capitalists are interested even in the wildest thickets of the jungles of African investments. In the present Tanager controversy involving about half a dozen European countries, the United States, that is the Stone & Webster Electric and Power interests, are represented by Father Denfing, who is supposed to be bringing the light of Christianity and the power of the Savior to the backward tribesmen.

In China our imperialists are on their guard. At the conference of the Associated American Chamber of Commerce of China and Manila just closed at Shanghai our capitalists passed a resolution demanding that Washington immediately strengthen the American marine, naval and military patrol in China to the fullest requirements. It is said that this was "the most important meeting in the Far East has ever held."

At the same time the Department of Commerce has sent out four groups of experts to serve as scouts for the American Rubber, interests seeking new rubber lands. These experts to serve as scouts for the American Rubber possibilities in the Philippines, the Caribbean regions, along the Amazon in South America, and in the middle east including the Dutch East Indies. Our imperialists are bent on ending the present conditions under which they are losing hundreds of millions of dollars in profits, since the United States does not grow any rubber, tho it is the greatest rubber consumer in the world.

Trouble Ahead For American Imperialism. But things are not moving so smoothly for the American interests. The best proof of the "disturbed sensitivity" now prevailing in some of our spheres of influence and investment areas was brought to light recently by Secretary of State Hughes in a speech before the American Bar Association. When so important a public officer speaking before so important a public body chooses colonialism as the theme of his address it is the best proof that colonial affairs have come to the forefront as a paramount issue in our political arena. Hughes minced no words as to America's role in the colonies and backward countries.

In Europe there is no peaceful outlook anywhere. Lloyd George concluded his Chicago speech by declaring: "The skies are full of menace. Storm clouds are gathering over Europe. It will be all the wisdom, the calm, all the judgment of the mariners who are guiding the ship of civilization to navigate it, or else it will be wrecked."

The World War, the Versailles Peace, the League of Nations, the children of capitalist imperialism, all helped wreck capitalist civilization in Europe. It hasn't a chance to survive. The capitalist mariners are on the rocks in Europe, and all the pleas of the Lloyd Georges, the Clemenceaus, the Hallers, the Apponyis, the Cunos, and others of their kind, to American capitalism will be of no avail.

Lloyd George asks, "Red or White?" We answer, "Red!"

Bentall and Tallentire Speak. Comrade J. O. Bentall will speak in Stamford, Conn., on Oct. 28; in Bridgeport, Conn., Oct. 29; in New Haven, Conn., on Oct. 30. From Connecticut state he will proceed to New England states where he will spend until middle of November.

From New England Comrade Bentall will proceed to District 3, where he is to speak in the following cities: Nov. 16, Scranston; 17, Wilkes-Barre; 18, Bethlehem; 19, Trenton, (N. J.); 20, Wilmington, Del.; 21, Baltimore, Md.; 22, Washington, D. C. From District Three, Comrade Bentall will go to District Five where he will spend several days.

Comrade Tallentire is completing the first part of speaking tour arranged for him addressing the following cities: Friday, Oct. 26 Bovey, Minn., at Finnish Workers' Hall; Saturday, Oct. 27, Cloquet, Minn., Finnish Hall.

Between November 12-25 Comrade Tallentire will speak at the following cities in Michigan, spending one day in each city: Ironwood, Bessemer, Iron River, Michigan, Neegaunee, Marquette, Ishpeming, (2 days), Hancock, South Range, (2 days), L'Ance, Hancock (2 days).

NEW YORK CITY.—The Federated Farmer-Labor Party of New York City is winding up its campaign with a series of indoor ratification meetings to be held in all sections of the city.

Meetings will be held in the: 23rd Assembly District, Kings, Tuesday, Oct. 24th, 8 p.m., at AMBASSADOR PALACE, 60 Oldborn St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Speakers: Charles Brower, candidate for Assembly; Ludwig Lora, for 60th Assembly District; S. Epstein, at 60th Assembly District; 5th Assembly District, Manhattan, Friday, Nov. 2nd, 8 p.m., at STUYVESANT CASINO, 140 Second Ave. Speakers: M. J. Olin, Rose Pastor Stokes, candidate for Assembly and Alderman respectively; Ben Gitlow and S. Epstein.

3rd and 5th Assembly Districts, Bronx, Friday, Nov. 2nd, 8 p.m., at STUYVESANT CASINO, 140 Second Ave. Speakers: Nathan Wilkes and Paul A. Amiel for Assembly and Alderman respectively; Poyntz, Bittelman, Witlasky and A. Wattenberg.

14th Assembly District, Kings. Meetings will be announced later.

There is surely no security for the wicked. After the German social democrats crushed the workers revolution in 1919, and acted as the gendarmes of capitalism ever since the big bosses are not satisfied. Dictator Von Kahr of Bavaria threatens to rid the country of them. This would be a fitting punishment for their infamy. To be kicked out after their masters no longer find them useful.

New York T. U. E. L. Dance. The New York Trade Union Educational League will celebrate Thanksgiving Eve by a dance and concert which will be held at the Harlem Educational Center, 62 E. 106th St.

moment. In Europe there is no peaceful outlook anywhere. Lloyd George concluded his Chicago speech by declaring: "The skies are full of menace. Storm clouds are gathering over Europe. It will be all the wisdom, the calm, all the judgment of the mariners who are guiding the ship of civilization to navigate it, or else it will be wrecked."

The World War, the Versailles Peace, the League of Nations, the children of capitalist imperialism, all helped wreck capitalist civilization in Europe. It hasn't a chance to survive. The capitalist mariners are on the rocks in Europe, and all the pleas of the Lloyd Georges, the Clemenceaus, the Hallers, the Apponyis, the Cunos, and others of their kind, to American capitalism will be of no avail.

Lloyd George asks, "Red or White?" We answer, "Red!"

Bentall and Tallentire Speak. Comrade J. O. Bentall will speak in Stamford, Conn., on Oct. 28; in Bridgeport, Conn., Oct. 29; in New Haven, Conn., on Oct. 30. From Connecticut state he will proceed to New England states where he will spend until middle of November.

From New England Comrade Bentall will proceed to District 3, where he is to speak in the following cities: Nov. 16, Scranston; 17, Wilkes-Barre; 18, Bethlehem; 19, Trenton, (N. J.); 20, Wilmington, Del.; 21, Baltimore, Md.; 22, Washington, D. C. From District Three, Comrade Bentall will go to District Five where he will spend several days.

Comrade Tallentire is completing the first part of speaking tour arranged for him addressing the following cities: Friday, Oct. 26 Bovey, Minn., at Finnish Workers' Hall; Saturday, Oct. 27, Cloquet, Minn., Finnish Hall.

Between November 12-25 Comrade Tallentire will speak at the following cities in Michigan, spending one day in each city: Ironwood, Bessemer, Iron River, Michigan, Neegaunee, Marquette, Ishpeming, (2 days), Hancock, South Range, (2 days), L'Ance, Hancock (2 days).

NEW YORK CITY.—The Federated Farmer-Labor Party of New York City is winding up its campaign with a series of indoor ratification meetings to be held in all sections of the city.

Meetings will be held in the: 23rd Assembly District, Kings, Tuesday, Oct. 24th, 8 p.m., at AMBASSADOR PALACE, 60 Oldborn St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Speakers: Charles Brower, candidate for Assembly; Ludwig Lora, for 60th Assembly District; S. Epstein, at 60th Assembly District; 5th Assembly District, Manhattan, Friday, Nov. 2nd, 8 p.m., at STUYVESANT CASINO, 140 Second Ave. Speakers: M. J. Olin, Rose Pastor Stokes, candidate for Assembly and Alderman respectively; Ben Gitlow and S. Epstein.

3rd and 5th Assembly Districts, Bronx, Friday, Nov. 2nd, 8 p.m., at STUYVESANT CASINO, 140 Second Ave. Speakers: Nathan Wilkes and Paul A. Amiel for Assembly and Alderman respectively; Poyntz, Bittelman, Witlasky and A. Wattenberg.

14th Assembly District, Kings. Meetings will be announced later.

There is surely no security for the wicked. After the German social democrats crushed the workers revolution in 1919, and acted as the gendarmes of capitalism ever since the big bosses are not satisfied. Dictator Von Kahr of Bavaria threatens to rid the country of them. This would be a fitting punishment for their infamy. To be kicked out after their masters no longer find them useful.

New York T. U. E. L. Dance. The New York Trade Union Educational League will celebrate Thanksgiving Eve by a dance and concert which will be held at the Harlem Educational Center, 62 E. 106th St.

moment. In Europe there is no peaceful outlook anywhere. Lloyd George concluded his Chicago speech by declaring: "The skies are full of menace. Storm clouds are gathering over Europe. It will be all the wisdom, the calm, all the judgment of the mariners who are guiding the ship of civilization to navigate it, or else it will be wrecked."

The World War, the Versailles Peace, the League of Nations, the children of capitalist imperialism, all helped wreck capitalist civilization in Europe. It hasn't a chance to survive. The capitalist mariners are on the rocks in Europe, and all the pleas of the Lloyd Georges, the Clemenceaus, the Hallers, the Apponyis, the Cunos, and others of their kind, to American capitalism will be of no avail.

Lloyd George asks, "Red or White?" We answer, "Red!"

Bentall and Tallentire Speak. Comrade J. O. Bentall will speak in Stamford, Conn., on Oct. 28; in Bridgeport, Conn., Oct. 29; in New Haven, Conn., on Oct. 30. From Connecticut state he will proceed to New England states where he will spend until middle of November.

From New England Comrade Bentall will proceed to District 3, where he is to speak in the following cities: Nov. 16, Scranston; 17, Wilkes-Barre; 18, Bethlehem; 19, Trenton, (N. J.); 20, Wilmington, Del.; 21, Baltimore, Md.; 22, Washington, D. C. From District Three, Comrade Bentall will go to District Five where he will spend several days.

Comrade Tallentire is completing the first part of speaking tour arranged for him addressing the following cities: Friday, Oct. 26 Bovey, Minn., at Finnish Workers' Hall; Saturday, Oct. 27, Cloquet, Minn., Finnish Hall.

Between November 12-25 Comrade Tallentire will speak at the following cities in Michigan, spending one day in each city: Ironwood, Bessemer, Iron River, Michigan, Neegaunee, Marquette, Ishpeming, (2 days), Hancock, South Range, (2 days), L'Ance, Hancock (2 days).

NEW YORK CITY.—The Federated Farmer-Labor Party of New York City is winding up its campaign with a series of indoor ratification meetings to be held in all sections of the city.

Meetings will be held in the: 23rd Assembly District, Kings, Tuesday, Oct. 24th, 8 p.m., at AMBASSADOR PALACE, 60 Oldborn St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Speakers: Charles Brower, candidate for Assembly; Ludwig Lora, for 60th Assembly District; S. Epstein, at 60th Assembly District; 5th Assembly District, Manhattan, Friday, Nov. 2nd, 8 p.m., at STUYVESANT CASINO, 140 Second Ave. Speakers: M. J. Olin, Rose Pastor Stokes, candidate for Assembly and Alderman respectively; Ben Gitlow and S. Epstein.

3rd and 5th Assembly Districts, Bronx, Friday, Nov. 2nd, 8 p.m., at STUYVESANT CASINO, 140 Second Ave. Speakers: Nathan Wilkes and Paul A. Amiel for Assembly and Alderman respectively; Poyntz, Bittelman, Witlasky and A. Wattenberg.

14th Assembly District, Kings. Meetings will be announced later.

There is surely no security for the wicked. After the German social democrats crushed the workers revolution in 1919, and acted as the gendarmes of capitalism ever since the big bosses are not satisfied. Dictator Von Kahr of Bavaria threatens to rid the country of them. This would be a fitting punishment for their infamy. To be kicked out after their masters no longer find them useful.

New York T. U. E. L. Dance. The New York Trade Union Educational League will celebrate Thanksgiving Eve by a dance and concert which will be held at the Harlem Educational Center, 62 E. 106th St.

moment. In Europe there is no peaceful outlook anywhere. Lloyd George concluded his Chicago speech by declaring: "The skies are full of menace. Storm clouds are gathering over Europe. It will be all the wisdom, the calm, all the judgment of the mariners who are guiding the ship of civilization to navigate it, or else it will be wrecked."

The World War, the Versailles Peace, the League of Nations, the children of capitalist imperialism, all helped wreck capitalist civilization in Europe. It hasn't a chance to survive. The capitalist mariners are on the rocks in Europe, and all the pleas of the Lloyd Georges, the Clemenceaus, the Hallers, the Apponyis, the Cunos, and others of their kind, to American capitalism will be of no avail.

Lloyd George asks, "Red or White?" We answer, "Red!"

Bentall and Tallentire Speak. Comrade J. O. Bentall will speak in Stamford, Conn., on Oct. 28; in Bridgeport, Conn., Oct. 29; in New Haven, Conn., on Oct. 30. From Connecticut state he will proceed to New England states where he will spend until middle of November.

From New England Comrade Bentall will proceed to District 3, where he is to speak in the following cities: Nov. 16, Scranston; 17, Wilkes-Barre; 18, Bethlehem; 19, Trenton, (N. J.); 20, Wilmington, Del.; 21, Baltimore, Md.; 22, Washington, D. C. From District Three, Comrade Bentall will go to District Five where he will spend several days.

Comrade Tallentire is completing the first part of speaking tour arranged for him addressing the following cities: Friday, Oct. 26 Bovey, Minn., at Finnish Workers' Hall; Saturday, Oct. 27, Cloquet, Minn., Finnish Hall.

Between November 12-25 Comrade Tallentire will speak at the following cities in Michigan, spending one day in each city: Ironwood, Bessemer, Iron River, Michigan, Neegaunee, Marquette, Ishpeming, (2 days), Hancock, South Range, (2 days), L'Ance, Hancock (2 days).

NEW YORK CITY.—The Federated Farmer-Labor Party of New York City is winding up its campaign with a series of indoor ratification meetings to be held in all sections of the city.

Meetings will be held in the: 23rd Assembly District, Kings, Tuesday, Oct. 24th, 8 p.m., at AMBASSADOR PALACE, 60 Oldborn St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Speakers: Charles Brower, candidate for Assembly; Ludwig Lora, for 60th Assembly District; S. Epstein, at 60th Assembly District; 5th Assembly District, Manhattan, Friday, Nov. 2nd, 8 p.m., at STUYVESANT CASINO, 140 Second Ave. Speakers: M. J. Olin, Rose Pastor Stokes, candidate for Assembly and Alderman respectively; Ben Gitlow and S. Epstein.

3rd and 5th Assembly Districts, Bronx, Friday, Nov. 2nd, 8 p.m., at STUYVESANT CASINO, 140 Second Ave. Speakers: Nathan Wilkes and Paul A. Amiel for Assembly and Alderman respectively; Poyntz, Bittelman, Witlasky and A. Wattenberg.

14th Assembly District, Kings. Meetings will be announced later.

There is surely no security for the wicked. After the German social democrats crushed the workers revolution in 1919, and acted as the gendarmes of capitalism ever since the big bosses are not satisfied. Dictator Von Kahr of Bavaria threatens to rid the country of them. This would be a fitting punishment for their infamy. To be kicked out after their masters no longer find them useful.

New York T. U. E. L. Dance. The New York Trade Union Educational League will celebrate Thanksgiving Eve by a dance and concert which will be held at the Harlem Educational Center, 62 E. 106th St.

moment. In Europe there is no peaceful outlook anywhere. Lloyd George concluded his Chicago speech by declaring: "The skies are full of menace. Storm clouds are gathering over Europe. It will be all the wisdom, the calm, all the judgment of the mariners who are guiding the ship of civilization to navigate it, or else it will be wrecked."

The World War, the Versailles Peace, the League of Nations, the children of capitalist imperialism, all helped wreck capitalist civilization in Europe. It hasn't a chance to survive. The capitalist mariners are on the rocks in Europe, and all the pleas of the Lloyd Georges, the Clemenceaus, the Hallers, the Apponyis, the Cunos, and others of their kind, to American capitalism will be of no avail.

Lloyd George asks, "Red or White?" We answer, "Red!"

Bentall and Tallentire Speak. Comrade J. O. Bentall will speak in Stamford, Conn., on Oct. 28; in Bridgeport, Conn., Oct. 29; in New Haven, Conn., on Oct. 30. From Connecticut state he will proceed to New England states where he will spend until middle of November.

From New England Comrade Bentall will proceed to District 3, where he is to speak in the following cities: Nov. 16, Scranston; 17, Wilkes-Barre; 18, Bethlehem; 19, Trenton, (N. J.); 20, Wilmington, Del.; 21, Baltimore, Md.; 22, Washington, D. C. From District Three, Comrade Bentall will go to District Five where he will spend several days.

Comrade Tallentire is completing the first part of speaking tour arranged for him addressing the following cities: Friday, Oct. 26 Bovey, Minn., at Finnish Workers' Hall; Saturday, Oct. 27, Cloquet, Minn., Finnish Hall.

Between November 12-25 Comrade Tallentire will speak at the following cities in Michigan, spending one day in each city: Ironwood, Bessemer, Iron River, Michigan, Neegaunee, Marquette, Ishpeming, (2 days), Hancock, South Range, (2 days), L'Ance, Hancock (2 days).

NEW YORK CITY.—The Federated Farmer-Labor Party of New York City is winding up its campaign with a series of indoor ratification meetings to be held in all sections of the city.

Meetings will be held in the: 23rd Assembly District, Kings, Tuesday, Oct. 24th, 8 p.m., at AMBASSADOR PALACE, 60 Oldborn St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Speakers: Charles Brower, candidate for Assembly; Ludwig Lora, for 60th Assembly District; S. Epstein, at 60th Assembly District; 5th Assembly District, Manhattan, Friday, Nov. 2nd, 8 p.m., at STUYVESANT CASINO, 140 Second Ave. Speakers: M. J. Olin, Rose Pastor Stokes, candidate for Assembly and Alderman respectively; Ben Gitlow and S. Epstein.

3rd and 5th Assembly Districts, Bronx, Friday, Nov. 2nd, 8 p.m., at STUYVESANT CASINO, 140 Second Ave. Speakers: Nathan Wilkes and Paul A. Amiel for Assembly and Alderman respectively; Poyntz, Bittelman, Witlasky and A. Wattenberg.

14th Assembly District, Kings. Meetings will be announced later.

There is surely no security for the wicked. After the German social democrats crushed the workers revolution in 1919, and acted as the gendarmes of capitalism ever since the big bosses are not satisfied. Dictator Von Kahr of Bavaria threatens to rid the country of them. This would be a fitting punishment for their infamy. To be kicked out after their masters no longer find them useful.

New York T. U. E. L. Dance. The New York Trade Union Educational League will celebrate Thanksgiving Eve by a dance and concert which will be held at the Harlem Educational Center, 62 E. 106th St.

moment. In Europe there is no peaceful outlook anywhere. Lloyd George concluded his Chicago speech by declaring: "The skies are full of menace. Storm clouds are gathering over Europe. It will be all the wisdom, the calm, all the judgment of the mariners who are guiding the ship of civilization to navigate it, or else it will be wrecked."

The World War, the Versailles Peace, the League of Nations, the children of capitalist imperialism, all helped wreck capitalist civilization in Europe. It hasn't a chance to survive. The capitalist mariners are on the rocks in Europe, and all the pleas of the Lloyd Georges, the Clemenceaus, the Hallers, the Apponyis, the Cunos, and others of their kind, to American capitalism will be of no avail.

Lloyd George asks, "Red or White?" We answer, "Red!"

Bentall and Tallentire Speak. Comrade J. O. Bentall will speak in Stamford, Conn., on Oct. 28; in Bridgeport, Conn., Oct. 29; in New Haven, Conn., on Oct. 30. From Connecticut state he will proceed to New England states where he will spend until middle of November.

From New England Comrade Bentall will proceed to District 3, where he is to speak in the following cities: Nov. 16, Scranston; 17, Wilkes-Barre; 18, Bethlehem; 19, Trenton, (N. J.); 20, Wilmington, Del.; 21, Baltimore, Md.; 22, Washington, D. C. From District Three, Comrade Bentall will go to District Five where he will spend several days.

Comrade Tallentire is completing the first part of speaking tour arranged for him addressing the following cities: Friday, Oct. 26 Bovey, Minn., at Finnish Workers' Hall; Saturday, Oct. 27, Cloquet, Minn., Finnish Hall.

Between November 12-25 Comrade Tallentire will speak at the following cities in Michigan, spending one day in each city: Ironwood, Bessemer, Iron River, Michigan, Neegaunee, Marquette, Ishpeming, (2 days), Hancock, South Range, (2 days), L'Ance, Hancock (2 days).

NEW YORK CITY.—The Federated Farmer-Labor Party of New York City is winding up its campaign with a series of indoor ratification meetings to be held in all sections of the city.

Meetings will be held in the: 23rd Assembly District, Kings, Tuesday, Oct. 24th, 8 p.m., at AMBASSADOR PALACE, 60 Oldborn St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Speakers: Charles Brower, candidate for Assembly; Ludwig Lora, for 60th Assembly District; S. Epstein, at 60th Assembly District; 5th Assembly District, Manhattan, Friday, Nov. 2nd, 8 p.m., at STUYVESANT CASINO, 140 Second Ave. Speakers: M. J. Olin, Rose Pastor Stokes, candidate for Assembly and Alderman respectively; Ben Gitlow and S. Epstein.

3rd and 5th Assembly Districts, Bronx, Friday, Nov. 2nd, 8 p.m., at STUYVESANT CASINO, 140 Second Ave. Speakers: Nathan Wilkes and Paul A. Amiel for Assembly and Alderman respectively; Poyntz, Bittelman, Witlasky and A. Wattenberg.

14th Assembly District, Kings. Meetings will be announced later.

There is surely no security for the wicked. After the German social democrats crushed the workers revolution in 1919, and acted as the gendarmes of capitalism ever since the big bosses are not satisfied. Dictator Von Kahr of Bavaria threatens to rid the country of them. This would be a fitting punishment for their infamy. To be kicked out after their masters no longer find them useful.

New York T. U. E. L. Dance. The New York Trade Union Educational League will celebrate Thanksgiving Eve by a dance and concert which will be held at the Harlem Educational Center, 62 E. 106th St.

moment. In Europe there is no peaceful outlook anywhere. Lloyd George concluded his Chicago speech by declaring: "The skies are full of menace. Storm clouds are gathering over Europe. It will be all the wisdom, the calm, all the judgment of the mariners who are guiding the ship of civilization to navigate it, or else it will be wrecked."

The World War, the Versailles Peace, the League of Nations, the children of capitalist imperialism, all helped wreck capitalist civilization in Europe. It hasn't a chance to survive. The capitalist mariners are on the rocks in Europe, and all the pleas of the Lloyd Georges, the Clemenceaus, the Hallers, the Apponyis, the Cunos, and others of their kind, to American capitalism will be of no avail.

Lloyd George asks, "Red or White?" We answer, "Red!"

Bentall and Tallentire Speak. Comrade J. O. Bentall will speak in Stamford, Conn., on Oct. 28; in Bridgeport, Conn., Oct. 29; in New Haven, Conn., on Oct. 30. From Connecticut state he will proceed to New England states where he will spend until middle of November.

From New England Comrade Bentall will proceed to District 3, where he is to speak in the following cities: Nov. 16, Scranston; 17, Wilkes-Barre; 18, Bethlehem; 19, Trenton, (N. J.); 20, Wilmington, Del.; 21, Baltimore, Md.; 22, Washington, D. C. From District Three, Comrade Bentall will go to District Five where he will spend several days.

Comrade Tallentire is completing the first part of speaking tour arranged for him addressing the following cities: Friday, Oct. 26 Bovey, Minn., at Finnish Workers' Hall; Saturday, Oct. 27, Cloquet, Minn., Finnish Hall.

Between November 12-25 Comrade Tallentire will speak at the following cities in Michigan, spending one day in each city: Ironwood, Bessemer, Iron River, Michigan, Neegaunee, Marquette, Ishpeming, (2 days), Hancock, South Range, (2 days), L'Ance, Hancock (2 days).

NEW YORK CITY.—The Federated Farmer-Labor Party of New York City is winding up its campaign with a series of indoor ratification meetings to be held in all sections of the city.

Meetings will be held in the: 23rd Assembly District, Kings, Tuesday, Oct. 24th, 8 p.m., at AMBASSADOR PALACE, 60 Oldborn St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Speakers: Charles Brower, candidate for Assembly; Ludwig Lora, for 60th Assembly District; S. Epstein, at 60th Assembly District; 5th Assembly District, Manhattan, Friday, Nov. 2nd, 8 p.m., at STUYVESANT CASINO, 140 Second Ave. Speakers: M. J. Olin, Rose Pastor Stokes, candidate for Assembly and Alderman respectively; Ben Gitlow and S. Epstein.

3rd and 5th Assembly Districts, Bronx, Friday, Nov. 2nd, 8 p.m., at STUYVESANT CASINO, 140 Second Ave. Speakers: Nathan Wilkes and Paul A. Amiel for Assembly and Alderman respectively; Poyntz, Bittelman, Witlasky and A. Wattenberg.

14th Assembly District, Kings. Meetings will be announced later.

There is surely no security for the wicked. After the German social democrats crushed the workers revolution in 1919, and acted as the gendarmes of capitalism ever since the big bosses are not satisfied. Dictator Von Kahr of Bavaria threatens to rid the country of them. This would be a fitting punishment for their infamy. To be kicked out after their masters no longer find them useful.

New York T. U. E. L. Dance. The New York Trade Union Educational League will celebrate Thanksgiving Eve by a dance and concert which will be held at the Harlem Educational Center, 62 E. 106th St.

moment. In Europe there is no peaceful outlook anywhere. Lloyd George concluded his Chicago speech by declaring: "The skies are full of menace. Storm clouds are gathering over Europe. It will be all the wisdom, the calm, all the judgment of the mariners who are guiding the ship of civilization to navigate it, or else it will be wrecked."

The World War, the Versailles Peace, the League of Nations, the children of capitalist imperialism, all helped wreck capitalist civilization in Europe. It hasn't a chance to survive. The capitalist mariners are on the rocks in Europe, and all the pleas of the Lloyd Georges, the Clemenceaus, the Hallers, the Apponyis, the Cunos, and others of their kind, to American capitalism will be of no avail.

Lloyd George asks, "Red or White

N.D. Non-Partisan League Helpless as Farmers Face Woes

By JOSEPH MANLEY.

(Special to "The Worker.")

BISMARCK, N. D.—"Practical politics" seemed to rule at the recent convention of the North Dakota Non-Partisan League here. Two hundred and thirty delegates attended, a large proportion of whom were actual working farmers, many were anxious to subscribe to a real program, but were prevented from doing so by the factional fights and the lack of real leadership all of which indicated the disintegration of the Non-Partisan League.

This convention accomplished nothing for the working farmers of North Dakota. It had an opportunity to follow the lead of other states by launching a Farmer-Labor Party. The "practical" politicians prevented this, for they say: "We are the Republican Party of North Dakota."

On Labor Day at Fargo, several grade union political clubs attempted to form a provisional Farmer-Labor Party, this organization had delegates at the Bismarck Non-Partisan League convention, they were prevailed on to drop the word "Farmer" and simply call themselves the Labor Party.

Some facts brought out in this convention were that 13,000 farmers in the state are leaving the land, bankrupt and are moving to the cities where they will compete with the wage earners. Last year's wheat crop of North Dakota was 123 million bushels and this year it will only be about 50 million. Thirty six farmers and their families left a single community in North Dakota after driving their horses and cattle in front of the bank of a small town, telling the bankers to take them and feed them as the burden was too great for them. The people of the state are mostly farmers and are between 50 or 60 millions of dollars in arrears in payment of their taxes. Prices of farm products are much below the cost of production. The mention of these facts caused a lively discussion and debate but little of a constructive nature was proposed by the leaders of the League.

Alfred Knutson, Secretary of the United Farmers' Educational League, proposed a program which called for the formation of "a political party representing the interests of the farmers and workers." This was able.

The question of the Federated Farmer-Labor Party did not come before the convention. Many of its supporters were in this gathering. It was they who were most militant in the demand for a genuine state Farmer-Labor Party. It was they who pointed out the dangers of playing the old "non-partisan" game and the foolishness of trying to solve problems growing out of a national condition on a state basis.

The next convention to be held in February will be looked forward to by that time the wholesale bankrupt condition of the farmers will be even worse and the sentiment for a state party of the rank and file of the farmers and workers of North Dakota will be greater. In the meantime the United Farmers' Educational League will carry on a vigorous organizational and educational campaign. The Federated Farmer-Labor Party will cooperate so that the coming convention will witness a much more militant attempt to organize a North Dakota Farmer-Labor Party.

Engdahl to Speak at Chicago YWL

With the issuance of the "Daily Worker" the Young Workers League of Chicago will be faced with new ways and means of reaching the working youth of Chicago.

In order that the Chicago membership of the Young Workers League may be familiarized with their committee tasks, the directors of the various departments that make up the city executive committee will report on past and future activities.

J. Louis Engdahl, editor of "The Worker" will point out the numerous recent events in the labor movement and its effect upon the Young Workers League.

This meeting has been called for the fifth Monday, Oct. 29, inasmuch as this is the best evening for such a meeting since there are no other functions for YWL members on that night. It is urged upon all members that their presence is imperative, due to the nature of the meeting, at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch Blvd., 8 p. m.

TWO COMRADES

wanted to share steam-heated FLAT, phone, h. w., electric light, garage, etc. Call or write, R. LIEBICH, 3917 West Grenshaw. Phone, Van Buren 638.

From Palmer to Gompers By JOHN PEPPER

The Gompers bureaucracy is at work. No one can say that the \$25,000 labor leaders draw their salaries for nothing. Of course, they do not fight against the capitalists, but at least they work hard fighting against the Communists. Indeed they are not working to enlarge the trade unions; but at least they are exerting themselves to the utmost to ruin the trade unions.

Red-hunting has become the favorite sport of the trade union bureaucrats. And really no one can blame them if they want a little exercise for their bodies, which have grown cumbersome thru years of office work at their desks.

Gompers has become the successor to Palmer. The Attorney General in Wilson's cabinet tried to destroy the Communist movement in the United States by means of persecution. His weapons were wholesale deportation and shameless and unscrupulous terrorism. He had such a great ultimate success that Gompers is forced to start all over again, the persecution of the Communists. He cannot deport the Communists, therefore, wants to expel them. He cannot take away their citizenship papers, and so he threatens to take away their charters. He cannot employ detectives, but he mobilizes his slugs.

It is a long way from Palmer to Gompers. There lies a good bit of political and social history between the two persecutions. The persecution by Palmer could not indeed exterminate the Communists, but it was able to drive them underground. What will be the result of the persecution by Gompers? Has the bureaucracy of the American Federation of Labor the power or possibility to drive the Communists from the labor movement?

From the "Outside" to "Boring from Within."

In order to be able to give a clear answer to this question we must examine the conditions of the period of Palmer and of the period of Gompers. The chief source of the old persecution by Palmer was the weakness of the Communist movement. The chief source of the new persecution by Gompers is on the contrary the tremendous growth and strengthening of the Communist movement.

At the time of the old persecution by Palmer the Communists were a small, insignificant sect with a great, unscientific idea, but with almost no following in the labor movement. Now, the new persecution by Gompers reveals an entirely different picture. The Communist Party, the Workers Party, is not as yet a mass party, but is on the way to becoming the party of the masses. It has not as yet the masses inside of the party organization, but it does have its party members inside of the masses.

At the time of the old persecution

the small aggregation of Communists stood isolated and alone, like a small, brave company of soldiers, which is on a large plain and without any fort or shelter, is exposed to the machine-gun fire of the enemy. What a tremendous change of scene today! The militant regiments of Communists are today entrenched in the labor movement, they have their fortifications everywhere, in every trade union and labor organization and they can laugh with tranquility at the badly aimed bullets of the red-hunters. It is a great change indeed! The small, unsheltered company of Communists at the time of the persecution by Palmer lacked unity, was torn into factions and could not read the political map of the country! The strong Communist regiments of today are unified, disciplined and, not only can they read the political map of the country, but they can also maneuver, attack and retreat at the right moment.

In the period of the old persecution the masses of workers and farmers were either absolutely indifferent towards the Communists or were directly hostile towards the "reds." The Communist Party could be driven underground because it was an element outside of the masses. Today, on the contrary, the chief reason for the new persecution by Gompers is also the chief reason for the new persecution by Gompers. The Communists have broken through the old barriers of isolation, that they are too much within the masses. The six articles of the United Mine Workers' SOS call, not only of the Lewis machine, but of the whole Gompers bureaucracy—aims to alarm public opinion with the discovery that the Communists at present influence and lead no less than a million workers.

Comrade C. E. Ruthenberg has characterized the series of articles of the machine of the Miners' Union as "101 John L. Lewis Lies," and he was right. But this one claim of the Lewis machine is not a lie—the Communists influence the masses, the Communists are a menace for the labor bureaucracy, the Communists want to wrest control of the labor movement from the hands of the treacherous agents of capitalism within the ranks of the workers.

The Year 1923 Is Not the Year 1919.

What tremendous changes the political situation reveals. At the time of the persecution by Palmer, the great waves of war hysteria were inundating the country. All classes of society saw in capitalism their natural leader, and the internal unity of the capitalist class had its climax in the November elections of 1920, where, Harding, the agent of Wall Street, won by a majority of seven million. The offensive of capital on the economic field started in 1919. The labor movement suffered one defeat after another, one wage-cut followed the other, the workers did not dare to fight back, the open shop movement

became the "American Plan." And at the same time in Europe, the first great wave of the world revolution had come to an end. The Hungarian and Bavarian Soviet republics were overthrown in 1919, and the last attack of the working class in Italy with the occupation of the factories by the proletariat, ended in failure.

Palmer had an easy task in the persecution of the Communists. But Mr. Samuel Gompers today has a very difficult task. He has not the machine of the Federal government, but only the much weaker machine of the American Federation of Labor. The glorious unity of the capitalist class is now shattered into a hundred fragments. Farmers and small businessmen no longer see their natural leaders in the old capitalist parties. The Republican Party, which in 1920 had a seven million majority is today being harrowed by internal factional fights, and may expect its greatest defeat in 1924. And the situation of the other capitalist party, the Democratic, is not any more favorable. The Democrats have their LaFollette as leader of the Western farmers. The Democrats have their Hearst and Hylan as leaders of the Eastern lower middle class against the capitalist machine of the old parties. The Third Party and Laborationist movements as political Labors on the one hand of lower middle class and well-to-do farmers, and on the other hand of workers and exploited farmers, against the capitalists, are becoming more and more crystallized.

The offensive of the capitalists on the economic field is steeper today. Not only could the workers fight against wage-cuts, but in certain industries they have secured a raise in wages and reduction of hours, and they might even have been able to enlarge the trade unions, but for the treacherous policy of Gompers.

And we perceive at last in Europe a new wave of revolution. Capitalism cannot save Europe from political and economic chaos, and not even from actual hunger. At the same time the will to power is again growing in the proletariat. Soviet Russia has victoriously overcome the famine, and the German working class has begun its decisive struggle to save itself from the starvation which capitalism Germany brought upon them, and to establish the rule of the workers and farmers.

We communists have nothing to fear from the persecution by Gompers. Mr. Samuel Gompers is not Palmer, and the years 1923-24 are not the years 1919-20. And if Gompers lives another few years (in the interest of the Communist movement, we wish him a long life) he will live to see his Forty Years' rule in the American labor movement overthrown, and his vanquishers will be the same Communists whom he decisively annihilated in Portland.

that only the working class in Germany can safeguard the unity of the nation against separatist efforts and can save Germany from the fate of becoming a colony of France. The passive resistance conducted in the Ruhr by the German capitalists has proved a complete failure. Stines, the most powerful representative of German capitalism, is negotiating in open high treason with the French general, Degoutte. The only counterbalance against the treacherous Separatists in the Rhineland is the working class. All the diplomatic tricks and cunning of the German capitalists, all the negotiations with France, Belgium and England have remained futile. Only the working class, only the victorious proletarian revolution can lift Germany out of hopeless isolation, can secure for it the alliance of Soviet Russia, the support of the Red Army and the help of the agricultural surplus of the great Russian plains for the starving populations of the German cities.

In the measure that the German Capitalists are split in more and more factions, the German working class is becoming ever more unified under Communist leadership. In the measure that the capitalist class is forced to abandon the leadership of the nation and to become an open traitor, in the same measure does the working class assume leadership of the nation and constitute itself as the leading class of the entire nation.

Two Centers: Bavaria and Saxony.

The decision in Germany cannot be held in abeyance very long. More and more clearly do we see two centers of power concentrate themselves—the center of power of the counter-revolution—Bavaria, and the center of power of the revolution—Saxony.

The deciding phase of the revolutionary struggle shows in Germany a new feature, different from the Russian and Hungarian revolution. The struggle of the Russian and Hungarian workers for seizing power was openly the fight of the suppressed workers against the oppressing state power. In Germany the deciding battle of the class struggle of workers and capitalists will assume the form of a struggle and war between two state powers—between counter-revolutionary Bavaria and revolutionary Saxony.

The decisive battle of the new period of world revolution is being fought out in Germany now. The fate of the whole working class of the world depends on this battle. But for that very reason it is not sufficient to look on with bated breath; we must give out active aid. The victorious German revolution will have against it the enemy of the entire capitalist world. The government of the United States in the White House and Stock Exchange will attempt to send money, ammunition and perhaps even troops against the German revolution. We must alarm the American working class today. We must proclaim today the solidarity of the American and German working class. Not a cent, not a ship, not a gun, not a case of munitions against the German revolution!

It is becoming constantly clearer the majority of the working class around itself around the organs of the united front, but it is succeeding more and more in winning over the strata of society between the capitalists and the workers—the farmers, lower middle class and intellectuals, as allies of the working class, or at least in neutralizing them. The great lower middle class masses in Germany are losing more and more their faith in the leadership of the capitalists, and are putting their hope more and more in the working class, as the only savior from political and economic chaos.

It is becoming constantly clearer

Celebrate 6th Birthday of the Russian Soviet Republic

The Russian workers and peasants have triumphed over imperialist intervention, counter-revolution, famine, the blockade and pestilence. The Russian workers, thru unheard of sacrifices and toil have made Soviet Russia the beacon light and hope of the world's toilers.

The wall of lies that has been built up between the workers of Russia and the workers of America must be broken down. The magnificent achievements of the Russian Revolution must be brought to the attention of the American workers and farmers.

The Workers Party is carrying on a campaign thru The Daily Worker Campaign Committee to establish a great daily newspaper of national circulation printed in the English language which will mobilize American opinion for the recognition of Soviet Russia, and lead the workers in all their struggles against the capitalist class. The story of the effort to establish The Daily Worker will be told at all Russian Revolution Anniversary meetings. Come out in thousands—bring your shop-mates and friends—make these meetings the most successful ever held by our party.

The story of the Russian Revolution and its triumphs will be told as well as the story of the world-wide struggle of the workers against Fascism, the danger of new imperialist wars and the betrayal of the workers in all capitalist countries by the social-democrats and the labor lieutenants of the capitalists. The struggle to establish in Germany the rule of the workers and farmers in place of the capitalists who starve and oppress them, and of their betrayal by the Yellow Socialist leaders will be told at these meetings where the slogan of "Hands Off Workers' Germany" will be raised.

Soviet Russia faces its sixth year erect and fearless while the capitalist countries of Europe are crumbling to pieces.

All class conscious workers will celebrate the sixth year of the Russian Revolution. All militants in America will attend these meetings in thousands.

Long Live Soviet Russia! Long Live the Communist International! Long Live the Workers Party of America! Hall to The Daily Worker!

HERE IS THE LIST OF MEETINGS FOR THE SIXTH YEAR CELEBRATION.

CHICAGO, ILL.—Wednesday, Nov. 7th, at 8 p. m., in Carleton's Hall, corner Ashland and Webster. Addresses and grand concert. Speakers: William Z. Foster, Rose Pastor Stokes and others. Morris Leeb, chairman.

CHICAGO, ILL.—Sunday, Nov. 4th, at 2 p. m., in Soviet School Hall, 1902 W. Division St. Russian speakers and concert. Admission free. Arranged by Society for Technical Aid to U. S. S. R.

CHICAGO, ILL.—Sunday, Nov. 4th, German branches, Prudential Hall, Halsted St. and North Ave. Speaker: Max Bedacht (in German).

NEW YORK CITY.—Wednesday, Nov. 7th, 8 p. m., New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave. Addresses and grand concert. Speakers: Benjamin Gitlow, Harry Winikay and others. Chairman: Juliet Stuart Poyntz. Solists: Jeanette Keane, soprano, and Joseph Fuld, baritone. Tickets 50 cents.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—Wednesday, Nov. 7th, at Amalgamated Temple, 21 Arton Place. Speakers: Benjamin Gitlow, Harry Winikay and I. A. Goldstone. Concert with Jeanette Keane and Joseph Fuld of the Cathedral Quartet. Tickets 25 cents.

YOUNGSTOWN, OHIO.—Sunday, Nov. 4th, at 7:30 p. m., in Bushnell Hall, 127 W. Federal St. Speakers: Alfred Wagenknecht and others.

OMAHA, NEBR.—Sunday, Nov. 4th, at 8 p. m., in Swedish Auditorium, 15th and Chicago St. Speaker: William F. Dunne.

PITTSBURGH, PA.—Sunday, Nov. 4th, at 2 p. m., in Labor Lyceum, 25 Miller St. Speaker: Harry M. Wicks and Fred H. Merrick.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Sunday, Nov. 11th, at Educational Hall, Jackson, cor. Orange. Speakers: Franklin P. Dril and B. Vodenoff.

SEATTLE, WA.—Sunday, Nov. 4th, at 2:30 p. m., in Siebenburger Hall, E. 21st and French Sts. Speaker: Ludwig Lore and others.

DETROIT, MICH.—Wednesday, Nov. 7th, at 8 p. m., in House of the Masses, 2101 Grand Ave. Speakers: Ludwig Lore and others.

NEW HAVEN, CONN.—Wednesday, Nov. 7th, at 8 p. m., in Labor Lyceum, 38 Howe St.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Wednesday, Nov. 7th, at 8 p. m., in Hall No. 1, 5th floor, Fraternal Bldg., 11th and Franklin Sts. Speaker: Earl R. Browder.

ANSONIA, CONN.—Wednesday, Nov. 7th, at 8 p. m., in Workers Hall, 401 Main St. Ukrainian and English speakers.

PORTLAND, OREG.—Saturday, Nov. 3rd, at 8 p. m. (Hall announced later). Speakers: Earl R. Browder and others.

LOS ANGELES, CALIF.—Sunday, Nov. 11th, at 2:30 p. m. (Hall to be announced later). Speakers: Ellis Reeves Bloer and others.

ZEIGLER, ILL.—Wednesday, Nov. 7th, at 8 p. m., in Skating Rink. Speakers: L. K. England.

SEATTLE, WASH.—Sunday, Nov. 4th, at 2 p. m. (Hall to be announced later). Speaker: E. R. Bloer.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Sunday, Nov. 4th, at Engineers' Hall. Speakers: E. P. Stokes and F. P. Hill.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Saturday, Nov. 10th, at 8 p. m., in Musical Fund Hall, 8th and Locust Sts. Speakers: Alfred Wagenknecht and others in foreign languages.

BOSTON, MASS.—Sunday, Nov. 11th, at 2 p. m., in Seaside Auditorium, corner Berkeley and Tremont Sts. Speakers: Jacob O. Benall and others.

TOLEDO, OHIO.—Sunday, Nov. 4th, at 8 p. m., in The Labor Temple. Speakers: Michael J. Olin and Max Lerner.

MAYNARD, MASS.—Wednesday, Nov. 7th, at 8 p. m., in Waltham Street Hall. Speakers: Jacob O. Benall and Finnish speaker.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—Thursday, Nov. 8th, at 8 p. m., in Minnehaha Hall, 180 West 9th St. Speakers: William F. Dunne and Norman Tallentire.

PASSAIC, N. J.—Saturday, Nov. 3rd, at 8 p. m., in Labor Hall, 128 Third St. Speaker: Juliet Stuart Poyntz.

DENVER, COLO.—Friday, Nov. 2nd, at 8 p. m., in Grace Church, 13th and Bannock Sts. Speaker: William F. Dunne.

BELLEVILLE, ILL.—Thursday, Nov. 8th, at 8 p. m., in Belleville City Hall. Speaker: Earl Browder.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.—Wednesday, Nov. 7th, at 8 p. m., in First Unitarian Church, La Salle Ave. and 8th Sts. Speakers: William F. Dunne.

MADISON, ILL.—Friday, Nov. 9th, at 8 p. m., in Seika's Hall, 13th and Madison Ave. Speaker: Earl Browder.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—Sunday, Nov. 4th, at 8 p. m., Brillon Liberty Hall, 8th and Walnut Sts. Speaker: C. E. Ruthenberg.

AKRON, OHIO.—Sunday, Nov. 4th. Speaker: W. W. Weinstein.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.—Wednesday, Nov. 7th. Speaker: W. W. Weinstein.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.—Nov. 7th, 7:30 p. m., Moose Hall, 1000 Walnut Ave. Speaker: Molsay J. Olin.

BROWNVILLE, BROOKLYN, N. Y.—Friday, Nov. 9th, at 8 p. m., Independence Hall, 81 Avenue St. Speakers: Ben Gitlow, Juliet Stuart Poyntz, Isaac Goldstone and Alexander Bittelman.

WALKEETOWN, PA.—Nov. 7, 7:30 p. m., Spanish Hall. English and Finnish speakers.

MONESSEN, PA.—Sunday, Nov. 4, at 7:30 p. m.

All Units of Party Report Growth

Reports received by the National Organization of the Party, from Party units in all parts of the country, show that the campaign for 10,000 members is gaining headway everywhere.

Branches in different districts are reporting new members accepted at the rate of from 4 to 10 at a meeting. One Chicago branch recently initiated 16 new members at a single meeting.

All the Federations are participating in securing similar results.

The English membership in the Party shows an increase of 500 during the month of September, according to dues payments, and the total number of dues paid for the month of September shows an increase of 1,400 members over August.

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Party Arranges Many Meetings

Public and membership meetings arranged by the national office of the Workers Party are as follows: Comrade H. M. Wicks as speaker—Oct. 27, membership meeting in Pittsburgh, Pa. at International Socialist Lyceum, corner James and Foreland Sts., N. S. 23, Pittsburgh, mass meeting, International Socialist Lyceum, corner James and Foreland Sts., N. S. 23, Monessen, Pa., mass meeting, Italian Hall, Charleroi, Pa.; 30, Monessen, Pa., membership meeting, Italian Hall, Charleroi, Pa.; 31, E. Pittsburgh, Pa., mass meeting, Workers Home, Electric and North Ave.; Nov. 1, E. Pittsburgh, Pa., membership meeting, Comrade Jay Lovestone will address the Open Forum of Cleveland, Ohio, Oct. 28, at the Labor Temple, 2528 Euclid Ave. Forums are being planned at Toledo and Detroit.

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

New York Planning Big Celebration of Soviet Anniversary

(Special to "The Worker")

NEW YORK CITY.—The sixth anniversary of the Russian Revolution will be celebrated in New York, at the New Star Casino, 107th Street and Park Avenue. A record-breaking crowd is expected to attend. The program that has been arranged should bring out all the spirit and enthusiasm suited to such an occasion.

Nov. 7, is the date on which the class conscious workers of the world celebrate the founding of the first Workers' Republic. On that day, our achievements and progress for the year are recorded. It is a holiday which in time will become universal. New York prizes this date highly and is making arrangements accordingly.

Jeanette Keane, well known soprano, formerly of the Century Opera Co., will sing revolutionary airs.

Joseph Fuchs, whose recitals in Town Hall and more recently at Carnegie Hall met with such marked success, and who has been highly praised by all the music critics, will render a full concert program.

The speakers will be Juliet Stuart Poyntz, who has recently returned from a long residence in Germany, Ben Gitlow and Harry Winikay.

Good News From New England.

New branches have been organized at Ludlow, Mass., Ukrainian; Seymour, Conn., Russian; Hartford, Conn., English; New Haven, Conn., Polish, Hungarian. A meeting will be organized in New Haven, Oct. 28th. In Bridgeport a Young Workers' League of 22 members has been organized.

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

A Serious Task for World's Workers

By ISRAEL AMTER.

(Our European Staff Correspondent.)

MOSCOW, SOVIET RUSSIA.—The workers of France, England, Poland, Czechoslovakia and Italy has a serious task before them in the present crisis in Germany. Their governments will try to crush the German Revolution. They will immediately mobilize the border states against Germany. They will supply arms, ammunition and men. "A world war far more terrible and destructive than that of 1914 stands before us."

The workers of the United States, too, have a most important duty. The U. S. Government, as in the last war, will furnish credits, guns, ammunition and supplies—and do good business. While Europe is busy with revolution, it will continue its manufacturing expeditions. The Japanese master puts barriers in the path of American imperialism and opens up tremendous perspectives for American penetration of Asia. America will preserve her man-power for later operations in the European turmoil. It is the duty of the revolutionary workers of America, therefore, immediately to carry on a campaign to prevent America's interference with the German Revolution. They must not allow a single ship to leave the

Socialist Rank and File in N. J. Faces Iron Fist

(Special to "The Worker.")

NEW YORK CITY.—The State Committee of the Socialist Party in New Jersey suspended the North Hudson Branch No. 1, one of the liveliest English branches in New Jersey, because it dared send a delegate, who merely acted as an observer, to the Sep. 16th conference of the Federated Farmer-Labor Party of New York City, and also because it committed the crime of donating \$5.00 to the Daily Worker fund.

The State machine of the Socialist Party came down to a meeting of the branch Tuesday, Oct. 16th to carry out the holy work of disrupting the branch and of threatening the members with expulsion if they in any way furthered the cause of unity of the forces of labor.

Instead of discussing the question, the State Committee proceeded to dissolve and break up the branch. The membership refused to be cowed, stating that the branch was not officially informed of the suspension and that they therefore still considered themselves a branch of the Socialist Party with all rights, and by a vote of 18 to 2 refused to turn over the meeting to the representatives of the State Committee. Thereupon the officials left the hall with a few of their supporters and held a caucus outside of the meeting place. This, however, did not disturb the comrades and they proceeded with their regular order of business.

Under unfinished business, the branch again took up the question of the ultimatum of the State Committee—that they turn over funds, books and charter of the Socialist Party and invited the Socialist Party Trial Committee to return and present their case. The branch was not so much interested in this, the question of funds, as they were in hearing what Benjamin Lifshitz, a representative of the Federated Farmer-Labor Party, had to say concerning the statement published in the New York Leader by Mr. Schwartz, State Secretary of the Socialist Party, of New Jersey, to the effect that the credential of the branch to the F. F. L. P. Conference was a forgery. It was generally known that the "New York Leader," after examining the credential in question, acknowledged that it was genuine and proper.

The Socialist Party machine seeing that the branch was overwhelmingly in favor of giving the representative of the other side an opportunity to present his case threatened physical force and created a turmoil with the purpose of breaking up the meeting. This lasted for some time until the few that backed the official machine of the Socialist Party left the meeting and then a discussion followed in which the majority of those present stated that they were sick of the policies of the Socialist Party bureaucracy and that they would like to affiliate with a real working class organization. They decided to have a special meeting of the branch next Tuesday to lay plans for the future of the branch.

Party Arranges Many Meetings

Public and membership meetings arranged by the national office of the Workers Party are as follows: Comrade H. M. Wicks as speaker—Oct. 27, membership meeting in Pittsburgh, Pa. at International Socialist Lyceum, corner James and Foreland Sts., N. S. 23, Pittsburgh, mass meeting, International Socialist Lyceum, corner James and Foreland Sts., N. S. 23, Monessen, Pa., mass meeting, Italian Hall, Charleroi, Pa.; 30, Monessen, Pa., membership meeting, Italian Hall, Charleroi, Pa.; 31, E. Pittsburgh, Pa., mass meeting, Workers Home, Electric and North Ave.; Nov. 1, E. Pittsburgh, Pa., membership meeting, Comrade Jay Lovestone will address the Open Forum of Cleveland, Ohio, Oct. 28, at the Labor Temple, 2528 Euclid Ave. Forums are being planned at Toledo and Detroit.

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

The Backbone of the Famine Is Broken--But

A NEW FAMINE IS ON

EUROPE is on the brink of bankruptcy. RUSSIA is on the road to recovery. The FRANC and the MARK are dancing the mad dance of disintegration. The RUBLE is steadily forging upward. With a little help Russia can fully reconstruct herself.

Upon a reconstructed RUSSIA depends the condition of the world market.

Upon the condition of the world market depends

Five Years Have Passed

Leninism is the highest expression of revolutionary Marxism in the epoch of the direct struggle for power on the part of the working class. Leninism is an incomparable weapon possessed by the workers, and renders the working class invincible. During a whole historical epoch Leninism will be the powerful torch which lights the way for the serried ranks of the labor army of the whole world. Leninism is the gospel of that generation of the world proletariat which is destined to be the grave digger of the capitalist social order.

We do not know of any other leader of the people, in the whole history of the world, whose name has become so dear to the masses of the people, so near to their hearts, so closely bound up with them, as the name of our Comrade Lenin. The months of Comrade Lenin's last severe illness have been accompanied by the restless and anxious expectation of millions of workers, not only in Russia, but all over the world. The improvement which has taken place in Comrade Lenin's health during the last few days has called forth profound and genuine joy throughout the world. It is high time that the captain was once more at the helm.

Five years have passed since the treacherous deed was committed, since an attempt was made upon his life. During these years the idea of Leninism has borne rich fruits in proletarian Europe, and has attained its culmination in the mighty movement of the Communist proletariat of Germany. Five years more, and the seeds scattered by the great sower will spring up throughout the entire East; that East where hundreds of millions of human beings live lives of unspeakable misery, and where the fate of the proletarian world revolution will be finally decided.

Today all the love of millions and millions of proletarians is given to Vladimir Ilyich Lenin, the spirit of proletarian world revolution.

Ignorance and Treachery of Gompers Regime Shown at R. I. Convention

(Continued from Page One)

anxious for effective organization, but the leadership of labor in this state was so ossified, so wedded to its reactionary past, that it was unable to consolidate the forces of this spontaneous movement into a definite organization. As the result of this failure there is today no organization worth mentioning among the textile slaves.

When one looks at the delegates to the Rhode Island Federation of Labor convention and listens to the puerile and insipid speeches from the so-called labor leaders of the state one almost despairs of the future of labor in this section. It is certain that the present leadership of labor here has neither the will nor the intelligence to organize the exploited masses in these dismal valleys.

The two-day convention was consumed in futile talk for the most part was directed toward convincing the capitalist class and the old party politicians that the labor leaders of Rhode Island could be trusted to play the scullions to the employers on all occasions.

Repudiate Labor Party.

The calibre of the delegation was revealed when the resolutions committee reported unfavorably on a resolution introduced by Delegate W. J. Smith, of the Painters' Union, in favor of a political party of labor. The chairman of the resolutions committee was one John H. Powers, who represented the Loom Fixers' Union, and who is a state senator, elected on the Republican ticket. In his report on the resolution he declared that in his opinion "no explanation of the action of the committee is necessary." Delegate Smith took the floor and defended his motion and appealed for a state labor party under control of the Federation of Labor. His remarks were received with applause from the delegates. Then Powers took the floor and launched into a childish attack upon the resolution, accusing Smith of being "one of them bidders from within." An individual with a receding forehead and a raucous voice, Powers proceeded with his crude, ungrammatical attack upon radicals in general and screeched that he was holding a political office and that he always defended labor. He was followed by another labor politician, one Costigan, who is a member of the state legislature—also an illi-

erate blatherskite—who harranged the delegates about his own superior virtues and the efficacy of the policy of "reward your friends and punish your enemies" and wound up with hurrying defiance at the "bidders from within." Both of these creatures are so-called 100 per cent Americans—unable to speak the English language and not being able to speak any other language, they are typical of the "American" leadership of labor in this section—ignorant, vicious, blatant, they use their positions in the labor movement, as spring boards to jobs in the ranks of the capitalist class political parties. For years it has been notorious that the State Federation of Labor has been a hand maid of the Republican machine in this state. Naturally the proposal to create an independent political party of labor draws fire from the beneficiaries of this spoils system. Labor fakirs fight desperately to the last ditch for their graft in the old parties, and for a time Sunday the whole crew of ward heisters, business agents and politicians, were on the defensive. Thus a campaign of personal terrorism among the delegates the report of the resolutions committee was sustained.

A resolution in favor of recognition of Russia was also defeated in the same manner. This resolution was introduced by Delegate Slavin, of Machinists' Union No. 119 of Newport, R. I.

Organize the Unorganized.

Every reactionary on the floor loudly proclaimed that nothing sponsored by red "bidders from within" would get through that convention. However, this same resolutions committee reported favorably a resolution to organize the unorganized, and it passed without debate. The morning, Powers, evidently never heard that the Workers Party has sponsored this campaign to organize the unorganized, otherwise he might have fought against that proposition.

It is clear that nothing will be done by the State Federation to enforce the resolution, as the labor fakirs of this state dare not jeopardize their political jobs in the ranks of the old parties by taking steps toward organizing the textile slaves. There is a very close connection between the non-union conditions in the textile mills here and the old party activities of the labor lieutenants of the capitalist class masquerading as leaders of labor. The textile mill owners finance the state political machine of the Republican Party and they will not permit these political machines to grant favors to labor leaders who really make an effort to organize their slaves. These labor leaders understand this perfectly well, so they merely pay lip service to textile organization, but never take any action that will produce results. Powers belongs to the loom fixers' organization, a weakling that never did function as a union, while Costigan belongs to the weavers. Both of these organizations are craft unions absolutely without power and are only tolerated by the employers because the so-called leaders are bound to them thru ties in the old parties.

The Rhode Island State Federation of Labor has a total affiliated membership of less than 13,000, out of this tremendous mass of labor. These include the skilled trades, such as printing, building trades, etc. These trades, enjoying fair conditions in other parts of the country, are fighting a losing struggle for their existence in this city and state. Their leadership is of the same low level as that of the textile unions.

Militants Gaining.

But in spite of the depressing reaction and dark outlook for labor in this section there is a small, militant element at work that is gradually gaining in strength. There is a large militant sentiment throughout the textile industry and it is the task of this militant nucleus to crystallize that sentiment into organization. With proper direction victory over the reaction here ought to be easy, as there is not one man of ability in the whole crew. Two militants capable of putting up a fight at this state convention could have routed the whole machine. Powers was the leader of the reaction, and after he beat the air with his fists in denunciation of the "reds," if there had been a genuine red in the convention who could fight, the reaction would have been disastrously routed. There was a large percentage of business agents and political adventurers, willing to sell labor to the highest bidder, but there was also a large representation of the rank and file—confused, baffled by the incessant windjamming of the reaction—that could have been swept into a fight against the politicians.

Before another convention rolls around the militants should conduct an intensive campaign against the reaction and prepare to defeat them, thus clearing the movement of its barnacles so that it can proceed to the organization of the seething masses of workers who vegetate in unutterable misery in this state.

Young Workers Are on the Job in the Rhode Island Party

By H. M. WICKS.

(Special to "The Worker")
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—The Young Workers League in this city is rapidly developing into a dynamic force in the labor movement. It really does things. At the mass meeting held in this city on Sunday night they were much in evidence. They not only helped in the preliminary work of arranging and advertising the meeting in order to ensure a good attendance, but they actively participated in the meeting, opening it with songs and creating enthusiasm from the start.

The meeting was successful, there being four new members added to the Workers Party from the ranks of the former Socialists, Socialist Laborites and I. W. W.'s in this section. Many union members were present, some of them delegates to the State Federation of Labor, which just closed in a nearby hall.

The Young Workers do not confine their activity to singing songs and arranging meetings. They also fight in the ranks of labor. Some of the most active were leaders in the great textile revolts of last year—one of them being the leader of the famous "Iron Battalion" that marched from mill to mill through two large valleys, carrying the message of solidarity to the wage slaves and rallying them to the struggle against the despotism of the mill owners.

One of the delegates to the State Federation of Labor who attended the meeting remarked that there was a vast contrast between the old, staid, ignorant reactionaries who imagine they control the labor movement of the state, and the young, aggressive, intelligent militants who helped in the Workers Party meetings. He said he wished the reactionaries could have seen the determination of the Young Workers as they sang the Red Flag and the International and participated in other features of the meeting.

Indeed, the two meetings—that of the Federation of Labor and that of the Workers Party—were symbolic. One represents the dead past with its forty years' betrayal of the working class while the other represents the living, vibrant present of the struggle against reaction and also heralds the victorious future of labor.

Red Apples

A Look at the October Liberator.

As brilliant as the leaves of the Autumn forest, the new number of the Liberator magazine flashes from the news stand for the month of October. There has been something about that "red" magazine that gives it a way over the imagination, ever since the old days when Max Eastman and Floyd Dell, with a bunch of young, and somewhat wild artists started it under the former name of "The Masses." The queer thing about the Liberator is its power to find the dramatic quality in everything it touches and to flash out a picture of it in a way that captures our love of romance.

It is interesting to notice that the Liberator has brought forward to the public eye more young geniuses of poetry, of pictures and of short stories than have ever been introduced by any other modern, present-day publication. This month, for instance, appears for the first time in the Liberator a young sign-painter, a plain working man engaged daily in his trade of painting signboards to instruct the public to "Chew Star Tobacco," and to "Wear Arrow Collars." The man is Fred Ellis, and he shows here in a full double-page cartoon which marks him immediately as one of the ablest cartoonists of America. The subtle delicacy of drawing and the romantic atmosphere in his cartoon of Sam Gompers marching to Portland in an "Uncovered Wagon" loaded with red paint and with signs reading "Damn Russia," "Damn the Labor Party," and "Damn Amalgamation," puts Ellis high among the best of the traditionally good artists that have always found the Liberator their heart's outlet.

George Sterling is only one of the brilliant American poets that appears again and he does it with a verse called "Paradox" that touches the heart and mind. With striking simplicity, J. Louis Engdahl, who was once the editor of the famous old "Chicago Daily Socialist," tells of the real romance that lay behind that audacious experiment, the first time that workingmen ever attempted to buck the game with a big daily newspaper in the English language. He tells of the phenomenal rise of the old "Daily Socialist," how it lived vividly, even becoming for a few short days the biggest thing in Chicago, and then how it died, and why. The same peculiar flash of illumination is thrown upon the Labor Party movement by John Pepper, a writer whose original thinking always startles the reader. Harrison George, a famous member of the I. W. W., tells a story from the inside of Leavenworth Prison—we think it is for the first time told—of how Ricardo Flores Magón, the famous Mexican Anarchist, came to his death in that hideous dungeon; and we'll say that Monte Cristo has nothing on it for interest.

But the pictures, after all, are the first things that strikes you. Art Young takes a fall out of J. P. Morgan, the "King of the United States," with a sketch from life of that august billionaire, and a humorous biography. Maurice Becker, famous cartoonist of the old "Masses," shines with a very amusing cartoon taking off John Lewis' recent "exposure" of the Communists.

All of this fruit of art and literature appears in a whimsical cover designed by Lydia Gibson—a drawing of fantastic peddler of Red Apples. Red apples they are.

TEN WORKERS SHOULD READ THIS COPY OF THE WORKER. KEEP IT IN CIRCULATION.

"What Do You Mean—Free Speech?"

By HARRISON GEORGE.

To ask a fellow who served five years at Leavenworth for lese majeste in 1917, to write something on free speech for Americans! The very ideal of free speech? which is put out by the Civil Liberties Union, 100 Fifth Ave., New York City, I find some of the most convincing and readable arguments to kill off that provincial intolerance which pervades American life.

With all sorts of gag laws being spawned by dominant intolerance the threat to labor is real as we have seen in the cases of "syndicalist laws" in Michigan and California. But public officials, as the pamphlet concedes, "have gotten the habit of interfering with speakers they don't like." Are we to expect these public officials to prosecute themselves?

"The cry of free speech," says the Civil Liberties Union, "is raised in most conflicts between employers and employees." Correct, but not by the employers. They have all the "free speech" they need under the above noted custom of public officials suppressing with any speaker "they don't like." Thus the only real basis for law—general custom—is against the workers.

So, the Civil Liberties Union in this excellent little treatise answers its own question, its own postulate that free speech is "the one means of saving their interests (the conservatives) from ultimate violent attack," by adding that "But the conservatives don't want change by any method, violent or peaceful." So they oppose all radicalism by repression. All through history they have always behaved true to that form. Why should a Communist say any more?

Chicago Daily Campaign Activities

By GUS SCHULENBERG.

The Daily Worker Campaign in Chicago is not looked upon as a mere money raising proposition. The results of this campaign, as well as of any other campaigns, which the Party has carried on during the past two years or which it is carrying on at the present time, must be judged in the light of its effect in consolidating our organization and increasing our influence among the masses of city workers and working farmers in this country.

Can this be done? While the Party must and will raise the \$100,000 required to establish the first Communist Daily in the English language in this country, it cannot and must not neglect its other campaigns. In endeavoring to raise this sum, we are merely putting on an extra effort. And while we are doing so we are, at the same time, furthering our other campaigns. In getting subscriptions for shares or donations for the campaign, we further the membership drive, the industrial campaign, and all the others. With the establishment of the "Daily," the Party will have attained its greatest accomplishment thus far. This will make possible still greater attainments, an intensification of our propaganda, a consolidation of the Communist movement, not possible without an English Daily.

With various other campaigns partly under way in Chicago, when the campaign for the Daily Worker started (among others the campaigns of various language papers), the Daily drive was a little slow in starting. Chicago has now consolidated its forces and the language units are beginning to realize that an English Communist Daily is the supreme need of the hour. Past campaigns have shown Chicago in the forefront and while its Party membership is but 60 per cent of that of New York City and with a smaller English speaking membership, it nevertheless bids fair to not only do its share now, but exceed its allotment assigned by the National Campaign Committee. With a great drive and membership meetings by the language units between Oct. 24th and Nov. 6th, it will justify the confidence placed in it by the establishment of the "Daily" in the city of Chicago.

The English branches are ahead in the subscriptions for shares thus far. The North Side English has turned in \$145.00 with the North West Eng-

Shortell Is Freed After Four Years In San Quentin

The Native Sons of the Golden West have many times marred the fair lustre of their highly burnished escutcheon, and the fact they would permit of such barbaric treatment to a free-born American citizen as was accorded to A. J. Shortell, the writer of the following brief tale, is not altogether unbelievable.

By A. J. SHORTELL.

To be blinded by red pepper, to have one's entire lower teeth knocked out in the space of a trice, while ostensibly under the protection of the Oakland police department, while speaking under a permit at Tenth Street and Broadway, Oakland, Calif., in the fall of 1920; to be thrown in Oakland's majestic city prison on a charge of Criminal Syndicalism, and to be sentenced still-blind, to San Quentin prison for a period of five years, would read more like a charade, or a piece of fiction, than the actual experience in Russia, under the old Czaristic regime than that of one under the standard of our vaunted "Old Glory."

All of this happened to me merely because—with many others—I tried to tell the good people the truth about Charles M. Fickert's frame-up on Tom Mooney, now languishing in San Quentin prison, wrongfully condemned to a life sentence there. That the thumbscrew and jibbet are not now in use in California is not the fault of the vested authorities there. Nay, verily, they are not used there because there are those living within the state's fair boundaries who dare to turn the searchlight of Truth upon the fawning scoundrels; the panders to capitalist favor, who spend sleepless nights inventing some new form of devilishness to tickle the vanity of those unholty masters whose coffers are stuffed and bulging to the bursting point from the life's blood of the worker.

I remained totally blind from the effects of the red pepper nearly four months after my entrance into the San Quentin prison, after which I was introduced to the jute mill, where no fresh air ever enters; where many contract tuberculosis and die from the flying particles which cloud the air. Later I was transferred to the kitchen, where, with others, I helped peel daily some seven barrels of potatoes—the piece de resistance in Quentin's menu. I was later pedagogue in the prison school, where I had more than 100 pupils ranging from 17 to 70 years in ages. I left the prison last August, having spent three years and seven months within the serried ranks of those whom the masters' grinding system have converted into unassimilated floatsam. The tale is told.

MULLER'S RESTAURANT

A good place to eat.

1010 RUSH STREET

Tel. Sup. 7079

Downstairs of National Office.

HOW MUCH DO YOU SPEND FOR CLOTHES?

You can dress well and do it on a surprisingly small investment. Come in and see for yourself. A Suit or Overcoat to Order \$35, \$40, \$45 AND UP

JENSEN & BERGSTROM TAILORS

1548 N. Kedzie, just south of North

Phone Belmont 9181

Open until 9 P. M. Mon., Tues.

Thurs. Until 10 P. M. Sat.

N. B. WOLD Established 1867

Residence Phone Belmont 0168

WOLD & WOLD

UNDERTAKERS

Chapel Free to Our Patrons

3337-39 W. North Ave.

Tel. Albany 2748

4112 Armitage Ave.

Tel. Belmont 0948

Established 1899

JOHN B. HESSLER

SHOES

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

2720 North Avenue

Chicago

F. Lundquist & Sons

We have been doing

Modern Shoe Repairing

since 1900

at

1625 N. California Av., Chicago

3 doors North of Humboldt

"L" Station

Literature

of all kinds

BOOKS, MAGAZINES, PAPERS

Stationery, Notions, etc.

Tabacco, Cigars, Soft Drinks

HORSLEY & BOHILLS

1638 W. Madison St.

Phone Armitage 8529

CHRIST BORNER

UNION BARBER SHOP

1631 N. CALIFORNIA AVE.

Did You?

Look at the address label for the expiration number of your subscription? This issue is No. 298. If the same number appears on the address label, your subscription expires with this issue. Don't miss an issue. Send your remittance now. We are pleased to offer the following:

SUBSCRIPTION PREMIUMS:

(Applies also to new subscriptions)

OFFER NUMBER ONE

Send the amount opposite the books listed here and you will receive "THE WORKER" for one year and the book checked.

The Government—Strike, breaker, by Jay Lovestone, cloth binding—\$3.00

The Government—Strike, breaker, paper—2.25

Dictatorship vs. Democracy, by Leon Trotsky, cloth binding—2.50

Dictatorship vs. Democracy, paper—2.00

Imperial Washington, by F. M. Pettigrew, cloth binding—2.75

Imperial Washington, by F. M. Pettigrew, cloth binding—2.75

OFFER NUMBER TWO

Send \$1.00 and check 25 cents worth of these pamphlets and we will send you "THE WORKER" for six months. You get the pamphlets free.

Underground Radicalism, An Open Letter to Debs, by John Pepper—\$0.10

The American Foreign-Born Workers, by Clara S. Ware—0.15

Blood and Steel, by Jay Lovestone—0.10

Amalgamation, by Jay Fox—0.15

Imperial Washington, by F. M. Pettigrew—0.25

Communism and Christianity, by Bishop Wm. M. Brown—0.25

USE THIS ORDER-BLANK

THE WORKER, 1009 N. State St., Room 214, Chicago, Ill.

Enclosed please find \$_____ for which please send me "The Worker" for _____ months.

Check Here NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

CITY _____ STATE _____

☐ New ☐ Renewal

Dear Friend:—

This is the time of the year when men think of new shirts, ties and underwear. In order to induce you to visit my store I will refund your car fare with any purchase of \$1 or more if you mention this ad.

My goods are of the best quality and priced to please you.

Yours truly, MARTIN.

Meet me at

MARTIN'S

DRY GOODS STORE

728 West North Avenue

Just east of Halsted St.

Cigars, Cigarettes, Candles

M. KAPLAN

DELICATESSEN AND

ICE CREAM PARLOR

Orders taken for Parties,

Weddings, Picnics, etc.

2557 W. Division St., Chicago

Phone Humboldt 8285

RESTAURANT

Ben Nurak Kafe

2741-45 West North Avenue

Entire 2nd Floor

Good cooking served in a homey

atmosphere.

Math Pedersen Orchestra

Sunday Evenings

SPECIAL BANQUET ROOM

Phone Armitage 4706

Open—11 A. M. to 12 P. M.

I want

TO introduce to you

LA VERTURA

A FINE cigar

YOU'LL enjoy smoking.

IT IS Union Made

OF BEST quality tobacco

FOR THE price, 10c.

I ALSO make cigars

TO SELL for 5c, 6c, 2 for 15c & 15c.

WHOLESALE to organizations.

THANK you!

EMIL SCHULZ

1810 Milwaukee Avenue

Near Western Chicago

Orders filled at the store or I will deliver

if you drop me a card.

Buy Your Books of Every Kind

From the

NEW WORKERS BOOK STORE

Jimmie Higgins Book Shop

127 University Place

New York City

Mail orders promptly filled

Elmer T. Allison, Manager

GAS X-RAY

Dr. ZIMMERMAN

DENTIST

Extraction Specialist

2000 N. California Avenue

Phone Armitage 7466

FOR AN ENGLISH COMMUNIST DAILY NEWSPAPER!

Gala Entertainment and Dance

—Arr

Russia Prepares to Help Workers' Rule in Germany

An Associated Press dispatch from Moscow, dated Oct. 17, that was published in full in the New York Times, but received very little space in the remainder of the kept press, is republished here because of the many interesting facts it contains for all workers and farmers in this country:

Soviet Russia, today called up the area military classes of 1898, 1899 and 1900 for territorial army training. Simultaneously there appeared in the official newspaper, Izvestia, a striking cartoon depicting a stern-faced Red soldier watching the Polish border, with the caption: "They are risking it to pass the frontier of patience."

The call-up of the territorials is in line with the long-contemplated militia training plan and probably has no particular significance, but it is obvious from declarations made on all sides that the Moscow government, while seeking to avoid participation in the German struggle, nevertheless takes no chances that it will be imperiled by foreign intervention.

The so-called "White Terror" in Poland, where Communists are apparently suspected of causing the disastrous explosion in one of the Warsaw forts, occupies a prominent place in the newspaper, and the efforts of "the German reactionaries" to crush the budding workers' governments in Saxony and Thuringia are being given the close attention of the Communists here.

G. S. Zinoviev, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Third International, said in a speech to the peasants' International that Premier Lenin was greatly interested in the inference which was likely to be a inference of history. Meanwhile, Zinoviev, the present slogan could be "Down with imperialism!" and long live the great proletarian German revolution, which approaches us and which, like a refreshing storm, will pass over decayed Europe and discharge the atmosphere."

The newspaper Laboring Moscow plays a symposium of the views of various leaders of the Third International on the question of "the German revolution." One of those quoted is Israel Amter, representative of the Workers' Party of America, who predicts that a revolution in Germany will occur in the near future and cannot be avoided.

"The capitalist governments of Europe," Amter is quoted as saying, "certainly will attempt to intervene, and England and Italy will be the first to stab the revolution in the back, while America will play the role as she did in the great war, applying the imperialists with unlimited credit and ammunition, keeping her army in reserve and entering when the spoils of war are in sight."

"It is our duty to see that the American workers do not allow any tips to leave American ports laden with ammunition destined for the oppression of the German revolution. We shall strive to induce the American workers to refuse to manufacture munitions for use against the German proletariat."

Others, representative of France, England, Italy, Switzerland and Poland, indicate a similar view, all expressing the hope that the proletariat in their countries will be able to help the Germans when the time comes. Efforts of the Communists to gain support of peasants, throughout the world, which hitherto have been more or less spasmodic and uncentralized, are now to be directed with the same energy that the red trade unions employ to win city workmen to their standards.

This is the immediate net result of the first international peasants' conference, which closed at the Kremlin yesterday with the adoption of a program the effect of which will be to give the Communists a new auxiliary in their world struggle.

The keynote motto of the new Red peasants' International will be "Peasants and Workers of the World, unite!" instead of the original Marx slogan, "Workers of the World, unite!"

W. H. Green, Vice-President of the derided Farmer-Labor Party, and Nor Gavran, President of the Mexican Peasants' League, were elected to the permanent presidium of the peasants' International, together with nine other delegates representing various countries.

What Soviet Russia Holds

One-seventh of the land surface of the world.
One-sixth of the world's white population.
Coal deposits in the Donetz Basin, twice the anthracite reserves of the United States, three times those of Great Britain.
World's greatest source of platinum.
Two out of every three trees in Europe.
Most valuable fisheries in Europe.
Largest potential wheat supply in the world.
Second largest oil and beet sugar supplies in the world.
One-fifth of the world's pre-war cotton supplies.
Minerals of all kinds, base metals and precious stones.
Flax fields larger than those of all other countries combined.
Every kind of cereal, vegetable and fruit.
No nation with such colossal resources in materials and man power can long be ignored by the rest of the world.

Smash Censorship of I. W. W. Bureaucracy!

By HARRISON GEORGE.

It is a shame that a member of the Industrial Workers of the World is compelled to use the columns of papers other than those of the I. W. W. to set forth his ideas to his fellow workers. I have offered articles to the I. W. W. press, after being impressed with the necessity of contradicting an error in official publications which bore upon matters of vital interest to the membership. Publication has been refused my comments, written in the spirit of fellowship, which I feel toward the ideals of the I. W. W. and its superbly courageous membership.

Very well, I am not egotistic enough to think that articles must be printed because I wrote them. Hence I was silent. But events recently make me feel that the time for silence has passed. I claim no special right to speak to or for the membership of the I. W. W. But I believe that my record of membership and activity entitles me to speak as a member to members—and I say that I have watched with an increasing sense of shame and indignation the reign of narrowness, bigotry, heretic hunting and organizational tyranny which is making the I. W. W. ideological position a monstrous and ridiculous cross between Sam Gompers and Emma Goldman, while prostituting to the purposes of cliques the revolutionary traditions of the old I. W. W., the glory and the pride of every revolutionary worker on this continent.

As long as mine was the only voice raised against the sectarian articles published by officials of the organization, who were hostile to everything represented by Soviet Russia, that long I remained silent. But I learn that other members are denied publication of their letters and articles, that editors dare not print things they know to be facts, if those facts are favorable to Soviet Russia or to the Red International of Labor Unions, that the I. W. W. "cheka" allows nothing friendly to the Soviets to be published but permits the small minded editor of the Industrial Worker to attack Russia at will. I have watched the best members of the I. W. W. hounded out of activity, even the old self-sacrificing war-horse Ben Williams, by those who so conceive their revolutionary responsibility to history to be a fanatical allegiance to a formula or what is worse—those who respond to the clarion call of the class struggle for solidarity of the exploited masses by a cynical and contemptuous dismissal of all and any attempts to attain unity of action on the battlefield regardless of differing theories. If the membership approves of all this well and good—but as long as members are denied the right of expression in the I. W. W. organs, there is no knowing how many others are cowed into silence by the censorious clique that assumes the right to tell the membership what it shall write and what it shall read as well as what it shall think and do.

The last straw is the following letter, written by Ray Becker, one of those magnificent workers who, when the white guard of the American Legion and the gunmen of the Lumber Trust attacked their hall at Centralia, knew how to rise to the revolutionary duty as workers and as members of the fighting I. W. W. and met the blood thirsty attack with guns in hand and answered them shot for shot. For that heroic deed, which will live in American history when we and they both are dust—eight members of the I. W. W. today lie behind the walls at Walla Walla penitentiary. Now—shame to the I. W. W. these men must write to the Communist paper to set forth their thoughts, their complaints—which, justified or not—should have obtained instant attention and all publicity requested. I do not sponsor the assertions of Fellow Worker Becker, I differ with him in that I know Archie Sinclair and Harry Feinberg to be class conscious rebels. Becker's use of the term "fink" is unsupported and unjustified except it can be put down to hasty and intemperate language. Becker's charges are not mine, except that of censorship, which is the base of all the unhealthy conditions in the I. W. W. I do not even agree with Becker that C. E. Payne, present editor of the Industrial Worker, is a self-seeking and designing demon unfit to live; but I do think that Payne is a petty-minded, small farmer who, like the small farmers the world around tend, in a revolutionary atmosphere, to mere anarchistic liberalism, to sentiment instead of science and counter revolution rather than proletarian and revolutionary discipline. But these and other things we may say later about Fellow Worker Payne are subordinate to the assertion of Becker's that the heroes of Centralia are ignored by Payne whom they raised to authority, their letters unpublished, themselves left uninformed and unvisited and the space which should be given to the complaints of imprisoned members is placed at the disposal of Fritz Kaer's "Black International" of anarchists at Berlin, which never did anything for the I. W. W. and does not even consider industrial unionism as of any

spite of everything that had been done by the mercenary machine in control of the organization. The I. W. W. has the machine isolated the Industrial Workers of the World from other working-class organizations (patronism being the last refuge of a scoundrel), but that machine has even divided the class war prisoners who are members, into many separate groups to create a multiplicity of pie-cards, and now thru its control of the papers the crooked clique that is trying to make those pie-cards last forever is balk-ing the movement for liberation of imprisoned members whose martyrdom is being commercialized with the rotten propaganda that they must be released by strikes conducted on the "instant plan."

(Since I read a resolution passed at the Communist convention which called for the release of all workers imprisoned as a result of any phase of the class struggle, I have been hoping that it would be made one big issue, and unite the divided ranks of the workers. But my hopes have been disappointed by the retrograde gang who take refuge in patriotism to the three letters, Sectarian dogma, centralization that has placed too much power in the hands of a reactionary G. E. B. that is killing the initiative of the rank and file, and rampant censorship, this is my answer to "What is wrong with the I. W. W. Yours most Comradely, "Ray Becker."

Fellow workers! As a last resort I appeal to you here to end the censorship of our officials who conceive, the same as the Gompers clique in the A. F. of L., that criticism of them is disruption or "treason" to the organization. However sincere they may be in their dogmas, they are our servants, not our masters; the I. W. W. press is ours, not theirs. I do not condemn persons, only policies. To the policy of anti-Soviet censorship, for one thing, can be charged the widespread belief of the grossest canard—the mistaken idea that the Red International of Labor Unions wishes (or ever wished) to "liquidate" the I. W. W. This idea, like our "conspiracy" against the war in 1917, has been tortured out of a phrase regarding dual unionism generally, contained in a report presented to the R. I. L. U. Congress in 1921. Censorship is poisoning our whole framework. Let us have a healthy I. W. W.!

account. But here is Ray Becker's letter:

T. J. O'Flaherty, Editor,
Voice of Labor, Chicago, Ill.
Dear Comrade—The article concerning the controlled press of the I. W. W., printed by the Voice of Labor under the signature of W. Bennett, has given me reasons to believe that not unacceptable to you will be the following lines from a victim of the treachery of the reptile editor who, under the headline "Government of Communist Politicians Crucify Labor"—put two columns of vilification of our Russian comrades, who were the first to break down the barriers of international capitalism, on the front page of the Industrial Worker, in which there is no space for a letter signed by six of the eight members of the group, to which I belong.

Am in a recent issue of the Industrial Worker was printed part of a communication from a comrade in captivity the changed meaning of which, given to the part that was printed by the suppression of the part that was left unprinted, was deliberately misleading.

To these facts I could add many other indications of a rampant censorship, but the easily verifiable facts already mentioned prove beyond the palest shadow of a doubt that with a tyrannical censorship C. E. Payne has kept the rank and file blindly uninformed of the double-dealing of the retrograde gang that has gained control of the organization. Lying promises and underhand tactics are the stock in trade of the mercenary machine that is commercializing the martyrdom of imprisoned members.

The same C. E. Payne is one of the hypocrites who have misnamed themselves the "Centralia Publicity Committee," and who, during the many months they have been posing as representatives of ours, have never put themselves in touch with us. Only a few days ago did a friend, to whom I sent a hunk of my mind concerning these hypocrites, make known to me the names of the members on the so-called "publicity committee," by which the Centralia frame-up is being kept from being a dead issue only to the degree that it can be used to make business for the Equity Printing Company, in which C. E. Payne is a stockholder.

During the short time he was within the walls of Walla Walla, where he was sentenced to serve not less than six months and not more than a year, he figured a thousand ways to court popularity among his imprisoned fellow workers, and, like a politician of the worst kind, he was for whatever would give him the votes he wanted, and on other questions he was non-committal, until he got what he desired above all other things—a nomination for the editorship of the Industrial Worker from his fellow prisoners, who—after having, at his instigation, put themselves on record as being against the acceptance of a parole—depended upon him to use the position attained through them to make an overwhelming issue of the boys who are behind the bars.

Subsequent to the publication of our nomination of him he disappointed our expectations with the declaration that the ones who are on the outside must consider that those inside have fallen by the way. In the papers published by the Industrial Workers of the World there is no space for anything about penitentiaries or prisoners, those papers are for propaganda that will reduce hours and increase wages—and "for nothing else."

"To my argument that on the banner I am holding aloft is emblazoned 'The abolition of the wage system,' and that nothing could do more toward advancement of the workers to that goal than the emptying of the jails of all class-war prisoners—because the fear of imprisonment kept the miners and railway shopmen from concerted action in violation of injunctions that would have completely changed in a few days the complexion of the contest between labor and capital—to this answer of mine, his reply was the howl of a yellow cur. Upon his release he raised the cry that I was not sane, and that consequently my friends who were keeping me in touch with the outside world, should send no more letters to me."

"As editor of the Industrial Worker, by keeping out of the columns news about the strike, the main demand of which was the release of class war prisoners, until it was ancient history, he helped the secretary of the General Defense Committee fix things so that the strike was scabbed on: to wit, Harry Feinberg sent from Chicago to Seattle; Archie Sinclair, his fellow fink who, while he was passing himself off as our representative, although he, too, has never put himself in touch with the strike which was still spreading by telling the strikers that the strike would be more of a success back on than off the job. Please understand that, beginning on April 25th, that strike was called in

Back with the Same Stuff. Abraham Cahan, editor the New York Jewish Daily (Socialist) Forward, is back from Europe after another six months vacation. To be sure, he again obliterates the European Communist movement, just as he has done on previous occasions. But the workers go on throwing their lot with Communism just the same. Cahan certainly has a taste of "The Socialist Blues." He doesn't like to see the workers going red, or even pale pink, for that matter. It is yellow, or nothing. Ask Sigman or Perlstein, they know.

Copper Barons Back Lewis. William F. Dunne, editor of the Butter, Mont. Bulletin, has started a libel suit for \$25,000, against The Butte Miner, organ of the Montana copper miners' union. The libel suit is based on vicious charges against Dunne contained in the Lewis-Sarnelli anti-Communist publicity doped out to the capitalist press. This shows what use the bosses are making of this stuff sent out by the labor fakirs. The copper barons back Lewis in his fight on the militants.

Chicago's Biggest Affair

The biggest and liveliest entertainment and dance of the season will be that given by the Daily Worker Campaign Committee of Chicago at the Ashland Auditorium, Van Buren and Ashland, Oct. 28, Sunday, beginning at 3:30 in the afternoon and continuing until midnight.

The Ashland Auditorium is a fine hall and, on Oct. 28, the Chicago comrades are expected to fill it to capacity by bringing their friends and kiddies along to take in both the afternoon and the evening program.

Besides some speakers, which—like the poor—we have always with us, the committee has engaged for a concert by the Krokowsky-Toradsky Trio, a movie show of labor demonstrations, the superb Italian Grand X Band, besides eats and other things for the afternoon. Then, in the evening, the young folks and the young-old folks will dance on the best floor in Chicago to the famous Sol Wagner "Syncopators" music—which all concede is the greatest jazz music in the city. Tickets are 50 cents in advance from party comrades at all branches and book shops, and 75 cents at the door. Come enjoy yourself and help the DAILY WORKER.

Lewis Henschman Brings Charges Against Popular President of Local Miners' Union

Charges were brought against Charles Sarnelli, the popular president of Local Union 1642 of the United Mine Workers of Monongahela, West Virginia, because he allowed J. A. Hamilton, representing the International Committee of Progressive Miners, to speak at a local union meeting, and because he appointed a committee to take a collection for the Progressive Miners' Committee.

The man who brought the charges is Perry Burton, a would-be Trained Ram, who is trying to please Head Ram Lewis and who believed he could display his ramming ability by butting the wayward local back into the Lewis ranks. In this he had the help of Ram Pat Hannaway, who is another champion of the Lewis machine and usually does his butting in the Pittsburgh district.

When J. A. Hamilton spoke at the local union meeting he was given an enthusiastic reception and arrangements were made for a collection the next pay day for the benefit of the progressive movement. The Monongahela local union includes the miners at three large mines of the Consolidation Coal Company, and is the largest in northern West Virginia; and Perry Burton, who is known as a chronic job hunter, having been a deputy sheriff during part of the 1922 strike, believes he can get himself a place at the Lewis Trained Ram feed trough by keeping the speakers of the Progressive Miners' Committee away from this large local union.

Burton repeated the bah-bah of Head Ram Lewis, that the Progressive Committee is a dual union. The only evidence Burton could offer was that the progressives criticize the officials, and, of course, he hasn't a single supporter among the rank and file miners. Seeing the sentiment was against him, Burton failed to appear on the night of the trial against Sarnelli. The case was discussed any way, for educational purposes, and the members were thoroughly satisfied that the charges were groundless, and that it was wrong to hold Sarnelli personally responsible for action approved and ordered by the local union.

The butting in of would-be Ram Burton has only served to direct the Monongahela local farther away, rather than closer to the ranks being led to slaughter by Head Trained Ram Lewis.

Activity in Chicago District. The district membership has been quite active in the campaigns of our party. However, during the winter months the membership must do better.

Charles Krumbein has now begun his work as field organizer in the Chicago district and will visit many cities during the winter months.

The Daily Campaign Committee reports up to Oct. 1 more than \$15,000 definitely pledged in the district, with part of the money already paid in. Our industrial organizers are on the job helping our members join the unions and assisting the militants in the fight of expulsions levied upon them by the reactionaries.

The last three months show that we have made considerable gains. A total of six new branches were organized in the district. The district membership is approximately 2,450 in good standing.

Pittsburgh, Take Notice! The Workers Party in Pittsburgh is holding two great mass meetings, one on the Workers Party and the Federated Farmer-Labor Party, to be held Sunday, Oct. 28, at 8 p. m. at the International Socialist Lyceum, James and Foreland Sts. N. S., and the other will be the celebration of the sixth anniversary of the Russian Revolution, to be held Nov. 4th, at 2 p. m., Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller St. H. M. Wicks, labor editor of the "Worker," will speak at both meetings. All workers invited to come.

He Is Perfectly Safe. It is announced that Victor L. Berger, the lone Socialist congressman from Milwaukee, Wis., will not be challenged when congress convenes in December. The old parties no longer consider him seriously a danger. Berger calls himself Socialist, but he is as anti-Communist as Gompers himself, so big business should worry.

Chicago Workers! Follow the Crowd to THE "DAILY WORKER" ENTERTAINMENT AND DANCE at Ashland Auditorium Ashland and Van Buren begins at 8:30 P. M. with Sol Wagners Dance Orchestra Good checkroom service if desired. — Best of refreshments.

CONCERT begins at 3:30 P. M. Clarke-Horodesky TRIO in Classic, Folk Russian Songs and Music Grand X. Italian Band C. E. Ruthenberg, speaker Motion Pictures of recent labor demonstrations in America and Germany.

Tickets 50c, at Door 75c Admit to both Entm't & Dance GOOD FOOD SERVED Auspices "Daily Worker" Campaign Committee

Telephone Humboldt 0932

Nordahl & Olson

Established 1869

JEWELERS AND WATCHMAKERS

2735 W. North Avenue
Corner of Fairfield

Russian Anniversary Celebration
New Star Casino, New York
107th St. & Park Ave.
Wednesday, November 7th
November 7th Celebration
Sixth Anniversary
Soloists: Jeanette Keane, Ben Glitow, Joseph E. Kahan, Harry Wintzky, Joseph E. Kahan, Juliet Stancu, Concert Violinist, Poyntz
Tickets 50 Cents
Auspices, Daily Worker Campaign Committee District 2, W. P.

BUFFALO, N. Y.
Hallow'en Dance and Entertainment
For the benefit of
The Daily Worker
Frohman Hall 421 Genesee St.
FRIDAY, OCT. 26th 8:15 P. M.
PRIZE FOR BEST COSTUME
Auspices of The Daily Worker Club
Admission—25 Cents

Chapgo Hand Lotion
Cleanses, Softens and Whens the Hands, Soothing and Healing
25c and 50c
H. N. BRUUN, Druggist,
3401 W. North Ave. Chicago, Ill.

Don't Throw This Paper Away
Pass it on to Your Neighbor

AN EXTRAORDINARY OFFER IN Pamphlets
WHICH EVERY WORKER SHOULD READ.
Offer stands good till December 1, 1923.
Go over the list and act immediately.

The Bankruptcy of the American Labor Movement.
By Wm. Z. Foster.....25c
A keen analysis of the American labor movement itself.

Blood and Steel.
By Jay Lovestone.....10c
About Gary's millions and miseries of the steel workers, etc.

Railroaders' Next Step—Amalgamation.
By Wm. Z. Foster.....25c
What is necessary for the Railroaders is also necessary for workers in other allied industries: coal, steel, marine, etc.

Amalgamation.
By J. Fox.....15c
The crying need of the hour for the American labor movement.

The American Foreign Born Workers.
By Clarissa S. Ware.....15c
Who are the Americans and who are the Foreigners; their relations in industry, etc.

Struggle of the Trade Unions Against Fascism.
By Andreas Nin.....15c
Origin, character, aims and purposes of the black shirt assassins, supported and promoted by capitalism in all lands.

President Coolidge—The Strikebreaker.
By Jay Lovestone.....5c
Every worker should be familiar with the record of the man now President of the U. S. and why the big interests made him what he is today. Be sure to know before the next election.

The Great Steel Strike.
By Wm. Z. Foster.....25c
A great lesson of past experiences and a warning for future struggles. All labor is interested in the organization of the steel workers. What about it?

The Russian Trade Unions In 1923.
By M. Tomskey.....10c
This pamphlet is a complete refutation of all the slanders propagated in the trade union press of America by Samuel Gompers and other reactionaries, against the Russian Trade Unions. It deserves a wide trade union circulation.

The Role of Labor Unions In Russia.
By A. Losovsky.....5c
Read what the Russian trade unions did during and after the revolutionary days in Russia.

Communism and Christianity.
By Bishop Wm. M. Brown.....25c
"We hope that you will read, mark, learn and inwardly digest its salutary teachings concerning religion and politics."

Imperial Washington.
By former U. S. Senator from S. Dak., R. F. Pettigrew.....25c
Says the author: "We have a government of the thieves, for the thieves and by the thieves."

The total cost of these pamphlets is \$2.00.
Send us \$1.00 in cash, check or money order before Nov. 1, 1923, and the set of these pamphlets will be sent to any address in the United States.

JUST \$1.00 DO IT NOW.
Address:
W. P. Literature Department
1009 N. STATE ST., ROOM 214 CHICAGO, ILL.

Convenient Hall For Rent
for meetings, lectures, entertainments, etc. Also rooms for small meetings.
SOCIETY FOR TECHNICAL AID TO U. S. S. R.
902 W. Division St. Near Lincoln
Phone Humboldt 1573

Phone: Armitage 0372
Dr. W. T. Whitley
FOOT SPECIALIST
Chiropodist
Corns, Callouses, Bunions and Ingrown Nails, Removed Without Pain
9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sunday 9 to 12
2800 W. NORTH AVE.

JOHN REED MEMORIAL MEETING
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27
VENETIAN HALL, LABOR LYCEUM
Ogden and Kedzie Avenue
Speaker: BOB MINOR.
Auspices Young Workers League

THE WORKER

Published by the Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party of America, C. E. Ruthenberg, Executive Secretary, Room 214, 1009 N. State Street, Chicago, Ill.

ONE YEAR \$2.00 BUNDLE RATES \$3.50 per hundred SIX MONTHS \$1.00

Address all mail and make remittances to THE WORKER, Room 214, 1009 N. State Street, Chicago, Ill.

J. LOUIS ENGBAHL, Managing Editor
H. M. WICKS, Labor Editor
ROBERT MINOR, Cartoonist
ART YOUNG, Cartoonist
NICHOLAS DOZENBERG, Business Manager

Entered as second-class matter September 21, 1923, at the Post Office at Chicago, Illinois, under the Act of March 3rd, 1879.

Advertising rates upon application.

Dollar Rule in the Courts

Not long ago it was the Stillmans. Now it is the Stokeses. Soon it will be some other millionaire family fighting out its domestic troubles in the divorce courts. All of which has no vital interest to labor, except that these court battles show that the millionaires use some of the same frame-up tactics against their own wives, that they use against the workers.

The parade of chauffeurs, maids, errand boys, red light habitués and others, high and low, that the aged millionaire, W. E. D. Stokes, has paraded over the witness stand to incriminate his wife, Helen Elwood Stokes, reminds one of the underworld characters that the open shop bosses, supporting the frame-up of Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings, trotted thru the courts of San Francisco to secure the conviction of these young militant workers.

There is this big difference, however. Because of the great wealth of their husbands, large attorneys' fees and huge court costs were ordered given the wives attacked, by the judges hearing the cases. Mrs. Stillman and Mrs. Elwood, therefore, were able to shatter the conspiracies launched against them.

But the defense forces fighting for the lives of Mooney and Billings, of Sacco and Vanzetti, of the victims in the Centralia, Wash., case, to mention only a few, had but meager funds. The facts of these frame-ups came to light only after these workers had been convicted when, as in the case of Sacco and Vanzetti, these victims of capitalist justice were about to be put to death in the electric chair.

The real judge, that plays with the scales of justice, in every American courtroom, is the Almighty American Dollar. The sooner labor realizes this fact, the sooner will the struggle to change this condition gain strength and make progress.

The Lugubrious Gompers

Sam Gompers and his henchmen get an attack of the Anti-Bolshevik Blues every time the Soviet Republic is mentioned. Note the unanimity of their wail at the Portland Convention of the American Federation of Labor.

We take it that Gompers will rally Woll, Lewis, Berry, Tobin et al. to his midst and shed copious tears over the fate of the British workers who, thru the British Co-operative Wholesale Society, are creating, with the Russian workers and peasants, the Russo-British Grain Export Company.

One of the objects of this export company is to immediately arrange for the export of 2,000,000 tons of wheat, about 70,000,000 bushels, from Soviet Russia, to Great Britain, France, Italy and Southern Europe. Gompers will, no doubt, feel relieved that none of it is coming to the United States, because he sees, we are sure, in every kernel of grain, some hidden Communist propaganda.

The British workers are not worried, like Gompers, that the Russian workers do not pay the czarist debts, that they helped themselves to the estates of the landlords and that they run industry without profiteering bosses. The British workers know that the sale of those two million tons of Russian wheat will give the Soviet Government funds with which to purchase the things the Russian workers and peasants need. That will help keep British factories and workers busy. Gompers looks thru the other end of the telescope. He would rather safeguard the international loans of the Wall Street bankers than provide jobs for America's workers. British labor will have the big laugh on America's toilers if Gompers can keep up his Wall Street alliance without losing his job.

They Shouldn't Be Surprised

It looked like such a good joke, that both Chinese and foreign-language papers, outside the censored Peking area in China, laughed openly in their columns when the United States diplomatic corps recognized Marshal Tsao Kun as president.

Tsao Kun was elected thru open bribery and it is charged that he won recognition in the same manner. The diplomats of the powers, thru their Suchow note, demanded punishment of all officials in bandit-infested Shantung, whereas it is claimed that Tsao Kun is the chief bandit and responsible for conditions in Shantung.

Yet the Chinese should not be surprised at all this. American diplomacy has always been happy to deal with the men it could buy. This is but a phase of the old party politics in this country that hands out the jobs to the highest bidder. Tsao Kun had no doubt heard of Newberry and Lorimer, two senators among many others, who bribed their way into the U. S. Congress, and ex-Governor Frank O. Lowden, of Illinois, who tried to buy the presidency in 1920. He evidently thought they were good examples to follow in an effort to get a little power and cash for himself.

But the Chinese masses are not as self-satisfied as the American "poo-poo." They do not intend to accept the decisions of Standard Oil gold, or those of whatever American trust it was that put up as long as one of the Standard Oil regimes in Mexico, or an American Fruit Company's dictatorship in one of the Central American republics. The great American monopolies, seeking foreign fields of exploitation, find it is not as easy to keep subject peoples down; not as easy as it was once, especially before the Soviet Revolution in Russia.

The 65 Cent Dollar

While America's workers are laughing at the wild plunges of the German mark, while they view with humor the antics of the Italian lire, the French franc, also the Belgian franc, while not forgetting the more sober British pound, they might study the value of the American dollar. There is plenty of cheap money on this side of the Atlantic Ocean.

The Department of Labor, at Washington, D. C., which is very conservative, under the administration of the Pittsburgh banker, Davis, tells us that the purchasing power of the still Almighty Dollar is only 65 cents.

The result of a ten years' survey of the dollar's varying value, based upon fluctuations from 1913 to 1923, shows that at times the dollar has been able to purchase only 40 cents worth of goods in the American market. It was down to this low figure in 1920.

It is stated that in foodstuffs the low point of 40 cents was reached in May, 1920, with gradually rising power thereafter, the average today being 70 cents. When purchasing clothing the dollar was worth less than the proverbial 80 cents, in 1920, but we are assured that it has now crept back to an average of 50 cents this year.

The latest government statistics, however, assure us that the cost of all living commodities is increasing, which puts the dollar on the toboggan for a downward trip once more. It is with this gloomy outlook for the whole working class that the open shop bosses are again clamoring for reductions in wages. The French army in the Ruhr and the jobless army of almost two millions in England, are battering down living conditions in Germany and Great Britain. But the American worker will also feel the pinch of increasing poverty this winter if he does not develop greater solidarity in his ranks and present a stronger front to the bosses. The time for laughing at the plight of Europe's oppressed should be about over. The time for a little real thinking and more realistic action is at hand.

The Drive Toward Unity

Danger of a Fascisti dictatorship in Germany is driving the workers together thruout Europe. Where the Communist plea for the United Front has failed in the past, it is succeeding now.

In Red Saxony and in Red Thuringia the Left Socialists stand solid with the Communists against the threatening Fascism. The Socialist Trade Union Congress, at Berlin, was forced to issue the demand for the general strike in case the Stresemann capitalist coalition sent white armies against the two red German states.

Edo Fimmen, recently resigned as secretary of the Amsterdam Trade Union International, who urged British aid to the German workers' revolution, has now appeared before the workers of Czecho-Slovakia with the same message, that "The German workers will be crushed in the coming fight unless the united working class of all countries comes to its aid."

One of the first results of Fimmen's plea to the Czecho-Slovaks was that the Red Trade Unions were invited to meet and act jointly with the Miners' Strike Committee. The miners have been out on strike for six weeks against reductions in wages, but the offer of the Red Trade Unions to help them has hitherto been refused. The workers failed to present a united front in the recent elections and lost heavily to the reactionary parties. This is also pushing the Czecho-Slovak workers towards unity. It was in these elections that the Communist proved the strongest single party among the workers, getting over 500,000 votes. Both the Czech and the German Social-Democrats suffered heavy losses.

In spite of the yellow social democratic leadership, that has held them in leash to capitalism much too long, European labor will win the united front that will triumph over Fascism everywhere, that will usher in, in time, the All-European Workers' and Peasants' Republic.

A Threat to All

There is a threat to all foreign-born in this country, who insist on doing their own thinking, in the order to deport Paul Glaser, an attorney who has stuck it out in the midst of labor's struggle in the United States Steel Corporation town—Gary, Indiana.

They couldn't chain Glaser to a work place in a steel mill. Glaser readily adapted himself to conditions in this country, became a lawyer, but retained his working class viewpoint. He organized the first Socialist Party branch in Gary. He came into the Workers Party when it was created. He stood by the steel strikers in 1919. He unmasked the attempt, during the railroad strike, to twist a fatal wreck on the Michigan Central Railroad into a "red plot." At every turn he proved himself a valiant defender of the workers, a dangerous enemy of the bosses.

And now the bosses have hit back. The bosses were not satisfied to revoke Glaser's right to practice law. They were not satisfied to withdraw his citizenship rights. They have gone to the extreme of securing his deportation from the country. Glaser fought the case thru to the United States Supreme Court. He knew that a great principle was at stake, a principle involving the future of millions of foreign-born workers in this country. So he carried the case to Washington, D. C. But the Supreme Court refused to interfere, thus endorsing, without rendering an opinion itself, the decisions of the lower courts, that Glaser must be driven out of the country. Glaser will go back to Russia, now under Soviet Rule, and he will not object. But if the precedent established in his case is upheld it will mean that foreign-born workers in this country, accepted citizens of the United States, may have their citizenship revoked and be returned to lands in Europe now under murderous Fascisti rule.

The fight for the rights of the foreign-born in the United States must be waged with increased vigor with the opening of the new Congress. The power of the courts to deliver workers to the Mussolini-hangmen of Europe must be abolished. The Glaser case must not be allowed to stand as a precedent for successful attacks against those who have the courage and the will to champion the rights of the American working class.

New York's Big Daily Celebration

(Special to "The Worker")

NEW YORK CITY.—The second "Daily Worker Demonstration," this time at the New Star Casino, surpassed the first one held at the Central Opera House. There were 1,500 paid admissions. More than \$800 was paid in for shares, with additional pledges. The collection totalled \$460, making a total income of more than \$2,000.

With the Children

By PETER HERD

The Communist Children's Groups, our basic form of organization, differ fundamentally from the Sunday Schools, as such. Firstly, they are Groups—not study classes formed along capitalist lines, and, second, no parents' organizations dictate or in any other way encumber or retard our work amongst these young comrades. Furthermore, in these groups the leaders come into their own. Here at last, has a start been made to center in the hands of the Communist Youth the leadership and guidance of working class children. These youthful comrades by virtue of age and experience are best adapted to assume this control over the younger movement. "And the Young Workers League is beginning to assert itself in this as in other regards."

The Children's movement, or Junior Section of the Young Workers League, must not be conceived of as a water-boy to the YWL. It is not this by any means. On the contrary, the children's movement, at least during its first stages, must be considered as a self-sufficing entity, even as the YWL is absorbed in its own particular problems, apart from the Workers Party.

Since the child spends the greater part of his time in school, the school room must be the basis upon which our Junior Groups must work. Moreover, the capitalist class, thru its educational institutions, take good care to work for the complete mental control of the working class child, even as it now completely controls both old and young workers, physically.

Before we can become sufficiently enlightened on the actual school situation, the children themselves must be drawn-out. This will be accomplished by having each member of the group prepare a written or verbal report on school conditions, generally, including: lighting, insufficient or badly constructed windows; ventilation, not sufficient air, seating conditions, overcrowding; methods of teaching, tyrannical or other distasteful features; the trend of religious or patriotic teaching; whether patriotic and religious songs are in vogue in the school; the procedure in celebrating "hol'days" of different kinds: the extent of military, or potential military training; the nature of bourgeois history, geography and arithmetic, composition, language study, etc.; the attitude of the teacher towards the working class movement and its leaders; the teachers' attitude toward the European situation and so on.

When this work is carried to a successful conclusion the practical side of the struggle will be developed within the school as such. Definite plans for the latter phase of this task have not yet been drawn up, but this will be accomplished in due time.

Apart from the actual educational, or class struggle, in its narrow sense, of the group activity, social affairs will also be included in. Trips to the wealthy residence districts and those of the poor will be planned. Games, plays, etc., all of a Communist nature will be part of our activities. Organizational campaigns, apart from those existing thru school contacts will also be organized. "The Young Comrade," our official organ, is being disposed of in considerable numbers and generally the whole movement is progressing in a satisfactory way.

THE FORK-TAILED MONKEY

The New York Times states that a terrible misfortune afflicts the remote province of Kweichow, China. The 5,000,000 inhabitants are so ignorant that "they do not know that the world war was fought!" Disconsolate Kweichowans! Never to know of Pershing, Hard-Boiled Smith and John Spargo!

But there are compensations! If they don't know of the war, then—by jingo—they never heard of the Peace which, as the Freeman says, "passeth all understanding! But this unhappily happy tribe has other gifts, visited upon it. The National Geographical Society asserts that there dwells in far Kweichow the rhinopithecus brelich, alias The Forked Monkey, which likewise to the Kweichowans, may live in ignorance of the world war.

The Society is going after the Fork Tails; however, With a Standard Oil Scout in the party, doubtless. While the Society does not announce what they will do with the fork-tailed monkeys when they find 'em. Probably capitalism will insist on them going into the ocean-grinders' employ. Perhaps this biological remnant is wanted to perpetuate the race of those who oppose amalgamation and a labor party in the U. S. A. The ways of providence are past finding out! Perhaps similarity to the antics and physiognomy of Gompers may entitle the Chief of the Fork Tails to be an understudy for the head of the A. F. of L. But it may be an improvement after all!

TEN WORKERS SHOULD READ THIS COPY OF THE WORKER; KEEP IT IN CIRCULATION.



"ON THE ROCKS." "Although wages have been reduced and hours lengthened, prices have continued to rise."—Judge Beeby.

The Price of Food Is Increasing

An Associated Press report from Washington, D. C., declares that retail food prices, on the average of reports of 51 cities to the bureau of labor statistics, crawled up another 2 per cent during the month from August to Sept. 15.

Los Angeles, Louisville and St. Louis, with 4 per cent, were the highest group out of forty-six cities showing an increase. Among others were Buffalo, Cincinnati, Columbus, O., New Haven, New Orleans, Portland, Ore., San Francisco and Seattle, 3 per cent; Chicago, Cleveland, Dallas, De Moines, Kansas City, Little Rock, Milwaukee, Minneapolis, Newark, New York, St. Paul and Springfield, Ill., 2 per cent; Denver, Indianapolis, Peoria, Philadelphia and Washington, 1 per cent.

Manchester, N. H., Charleston, S. C., and Portland, Me., showed a decrease of less than one-half of 1 per cent, while no change was reported at Boston and Butte.

Retail food price increases for the fifty-one cities, during the year ending Sept. 15 ranged from 11 per cent at Cleveland to 3 per cent at Seattle.

And still the bosses say the workers do not need an increase in wages.

Burst Gompers Terror Bubble

That Sam Gompers is not succeeding in frightening great masses of the progressives into his reactionary camp, thru his red raiding activities, seen in editorial declarations appearing in a large number of labor papers last week we published the views of the Minneapolis, Minn., Labor Review, the official organ of the Minneapolis Trades and Labor Assembly. This we published an interesting editorial from the Minnesota Union Advocate, the official organ not only of the St. Paul Trades and Labor Assembly, but also of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor. Its editor is William Mahone, one of the active workers for the creation of a class political movement, the farmers and industrial workers in his state. The editorial declares:

THE MARTYRIZATION OF WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

Between the public press, the courts and the labor officials, William Foster manages to occupy the center of the stage, and is gaining in popularity each day. An increasing number of persons, particularly members organized labor, are asking just what this "terrible" man is advocating that everyone seems to be jumping on him.

Everything he touches or advocates is shunned as a plague by the prominent labor leaders, and regardless of their virtue worthy measures are fought viciously when espoused by Foster.

The idea of industrial unionism was considered and advocated and even embraced long before Foster was heard of, yet men who have long been classed as progressives have renounced their advanced views to oppose Foster.

Foster advocates an independent political party of the farmers and workers; now this movement is taboo. We suppose some of these reactionaries will change their costumes because Foster wears pants!

We do not know what Foster has in the back of his head as to future plans and forms of working class activity; but we do not see anything about the program of the present that any sensible person should shy at.

We believe in the industrial form of labor organization, and, which we like it or not, it must come. It may be retarded but cannot be averted, and the longer it is delayed the greater disadvantage the workers will suffer. But we are not so foolish as to believe that it is the solution of labor's difficulties—it is just a step towards the goal, and a necessary one.

We favor independent political action by and for the producing class, and believe it to be the shortest route to freedom. Success politically does not consist in electing representatives to office so much as in forcing thru progressive legislation.

Sometimes it is absolutely a misfortune to have control, when the ability to "deliver the goods" is missing. It is better to reach this point

perhaps no.

French Workers Realize Their Duty in the Present Revolutionary Crisis in Germany

By BORIS SOUVARINE.

The first German revolution was crushed, and this was not only due to the treachery of the social democracy, which took sides with the defenders of capital, and joined forces with the bourgeoisie, for the purpose of accomplishing the bloody suppression of the working class vanguard gathered around the Spartacus group, but it was also due to the fact that the foreign aid which could have freed it from the pressure of the imperialist armies of the Entente was not given.

In the years 1918 and 1919 the then majority of the French Socialists Party still made common cause with the bourgeoisie. And the then left wing of the party, which gained the majority later on and developed into the Communist Party, was incapable

of any foreign political action. Things were practically the same in the trade unions, although here the left wing was considerably more powerful.

Neither the party nor the C. G. T. (General Confederation of Labor) was at that time inclined to manifest practically its solidarity with the German working class, although, theoretically, they proclaimed such solidarity very eloquently in their congress resolutions.

But even had they been so inclined, they were not in a position to do so. As to the proletariat as a whole, the great majority of this class was completely under the influence of every kind of nationalist feeling.

It was tired of war, in need of rest, and remained for the most part deaf to the warnings and appeals issued

by the revolutionary minorities in the party and the trade unions.

Five years have passed since then, and the tide of revolution is rising again in Germany. But now the small Spartacus group has become a great Communist Party, counting over 800,000 members. The German bourgeoisie is divided against itself, social democracy becomes weaker from day to day, falls more and more into discredit, and loses more and more the confidence of the broad masses of the workers.

The impending civil war begins under very different conditions to those of the years 1918 and 1919. But what changes have taken place since then, outside of Germany, and, in particular, in France?

One striking fact, at once forces itself upon our attention—the existence of a Communist Party which did

not exist at all five years ago, a proletarian party well disciplined and led as no labor party in France has been led since the Commune. A party which has been taught and tempered by several internal crises, which has already given many proofs of its fighting capacity and initiative, and which is developing from day to day into a really militant section of the Communist International.

Without doubt, this fact is in itself an excellent witness to the awakening of revolutionary consciousness, in an important part of the French proletariat, and is at the same time a guarantee of its real solidarity with the German proletariat. Neither friend nor foe has any right to doubt that the Communist Party of France will at all costs do its duty when the time comes.

But what can this party, with its 600,000 members, do against the powerful, rich and well organized bourgeoisie, unless it finds allies among the other political or so-called non-political tendencies of the French working class, particularly of the revolutionary trade unions?

What role does the C. G. T. U. think to play in the coming struggle? Up to now our comrades in the C. G. T. U., or at least a part of them, do not seem to have clearly recognized the situation in Central Europe. While at the present time there could be nothing more important than the solution of the question as to how best and most effectively to aid the German proletariat, it is a hard struggle, the latest conference of the national committee of the C. G. T. U. did not even adopt any definite atti-

tude with regard to this problem, but permitted itself to be completely dominated by internal conflicts.

There is no doubt that the C. G. T. U. possesses a large majority fully aware of its duties and responsibilities, and this will not allow itself to be led astray by the immoral anti-Communist coalition.

And France possesses today a Communist Party which has already shown itself capable of taking the initiative against reaction and imperialism under the united front of the proletariat. The influence of this party on the unorganized masses increases from day to day, and it will be able to mobilize a magnificent army for the defence of the German revolution.

This task is doubtless very difficult.

cult in a country where the working class has not yet suffered in its own person the effects of the post-war crisis, where natural egoism easily gains the upper hand over the spirit of solidarity and self-sacrifice, where the reformists of the Socialist Party and of the C. G. T. increase the inertia of the masses by every available means, and the demagogues of every shade of opinion are united in throwing dirt at every truly revolutionary fighter and in spreading confusion.

But events have also an eloquent light on the actual situation—that attempt to sabotage the struggle carried on by the Communist Party is bound to appear to the conscious workers in its true color as a purely counter-revolutionary action.